4-Mbit (256K words × 16 bit) Static RAM with PowerSnooze™ and Error Correcting Code (ECC)

Features

- High speed
  - Access time (t_{AA}) = 10 ns / 15 ns
- Ultra-low power Deep-Sleep (DS) current
  - I_{DS} = 15 µA
- Low active and standby currents
  - Active Current I_{CC} = 38-mA typical
  - Standby Current I_{SB2} = 6-mA typical
- Wide operating voltage range: 1.65 V to 2.2 V, 2.2 V to 3.6 V, 4.5 V to 5.5 V
- Embedded ECC for single-bit error correction[1]
- 1.0-V data retention
- TTL- compatible inputs and outputs
- Error indication (ERR) pin to indicate 1-bit error detection and correction
- Available in Pb-free 44-pin TSOP II, 44-SOJ and 48-ball VFBGA

Functional Description

The CY7S1041G is a high-performance PowerSnooze™ static RAM organized as 256K words × 16 bits. This device features fast access times (10 ns) and a unique ultra-low power Deep-Sleep mode. With Deep-Sleep mode currents as low as 15 µA, the CY7S1041G/ CY7S1041GE devices combine the best features of fast and low- power SRAMs in industry-standard package options. The device also features embedded ECC. logic which can detect and correct single-bit errors in the accessed location.

Deep-Sleep input ($\overline{DS}$) must be deasserted HIGH for normal operating mode.

To perform data writes, assert the Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$) and Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) inputs LOW, and provide the data and address on device data pins (I/O$_0$ through I/O$_{15}$) and address pins (A$_0$ through A$_{17}$) respectively. The Byte High Enable ($\overline{BHE}$) and Byte Low Enable ($\overline{BLE}$) inputs control byte writes, and write data on the corresponding I/O lines to the memory location specified. $\overline{BHE}$ controls I/O$_8$ through I/O$_{15}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ controls I/O$_0$ through I/O$_7$.

To perform data reads, assert the Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$) and Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$) inputs LOW and provide the required address on the address lines. Read data is accessible on the I/O lines (I/O$_0$ through I/O$_{15}$). You can perform byte accesses by asserting the required byte enable signal ($\overline{BHE}$ or $\overline{BLE}$) to read either the upper byte or the lower byte of data from the specified address location

The device is placed in a low-power Deep-Sleep mode when the Deep-Sleep input ($\overline{DS}$) is asserted LOW. In this state, the device is disabled for normal operation and is placed in a low power data retention mode. The device can be activated by deasserting the Deep-Sleep input ($\overline{DS}$) to HIGH.

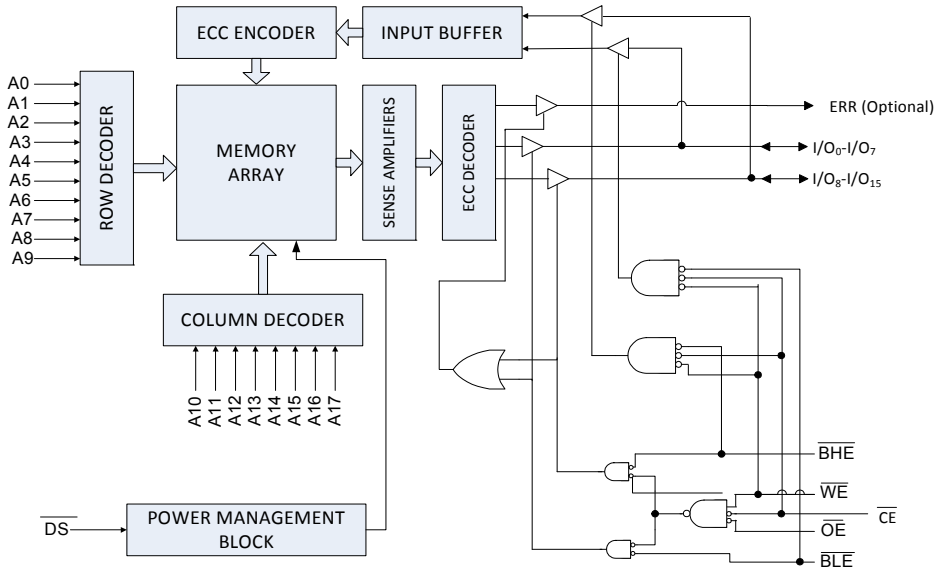The CY7S1041G is available in 44-pin TSOP II, 48-ball VFBGA and 44-pin (400-mil) Molded SOJ.

Product Portfolio

Product [2]	Range	V_{CC} Range (V)	Speed (ns)	Operating I_{CC}, (mA) $f = f_{max}$		Standby, I_{SB2} (mA)		Deep-Sleep current (µA)	
				Typ [3]	Max	Typ [3]	Max	Typ [3]	Max
CY7S1041G(E)18		1.65 V–2.2 V	15	–	40	6	8	–	15
CY7S1041G(E)30	Industrial	2.2 V–3.6 V	10	38	45				
CY7S1041G(E)		4.5–5.5 V	10	38	45				

Notes
1. This device does not support automatic write back on error detection.
2. ERR pin is available only for devices which have ERR option "E" in the ordering code. Refer Ordering Information for details.
3. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = 1.8 V (for V_{CC} range of 1.65 V – 2.2 V), V_{CC} = 3 V (for V_{CC} range of 2.2 V – 3.6 V), and V_{CC} = 5 V (for V_{CC} range of 4.5 V – 5.5 V), T_A = 25 °C.

Logic Block Diagram – CY7S1041G / CY7S1041GE

Contents

Pin Configurations

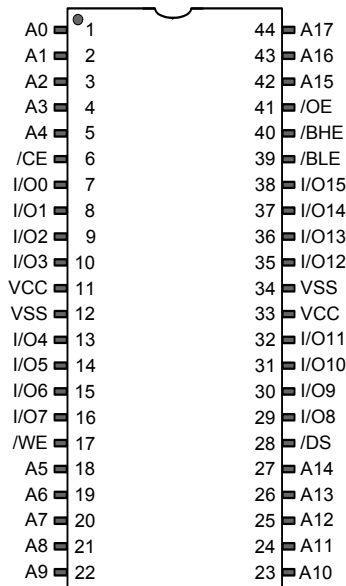### Figure 1. 44-pin TSOP II / 44-SOJ pinout, CY7S1041G

Figure 2. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) pinout,
Single Chip Enable without ERR, CY7S1041G [4],
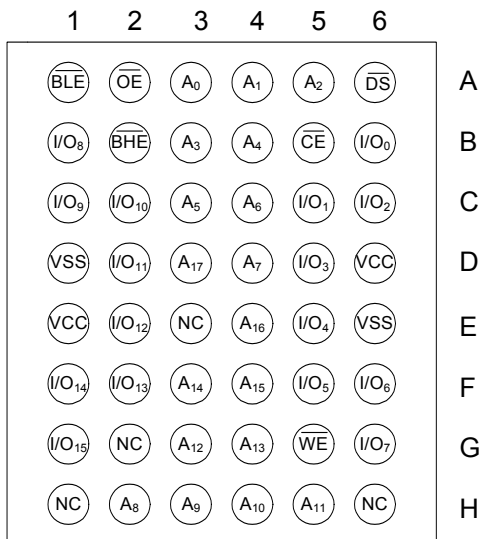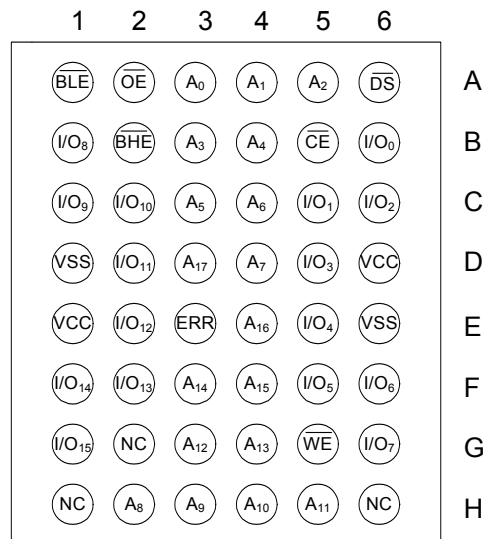Package/Grade ID: BVJXI [6]

Figure 3. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) pinout,
Single Chip Enable with ERR, CY7S1041GE [4, 5],
Package/Grade ID: BVJXI [6]

Notes
4. NC pins are not connected internally to the die.
5. ERR is an output pin.
6. Package type BVJXI is JEDEC compliant compared to package type BVXI. The difference between the two is that the higher and lower byte I/Os (I/O$_{[7:0]}$ and I/O$_{[15:8]}$) balls are swapped.

Pin Configurations (continued)

Figure 4. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) pinout, Single Chip Enable without ERR, CY7S1041G [7], Package/Grade ID: BVXI [9]
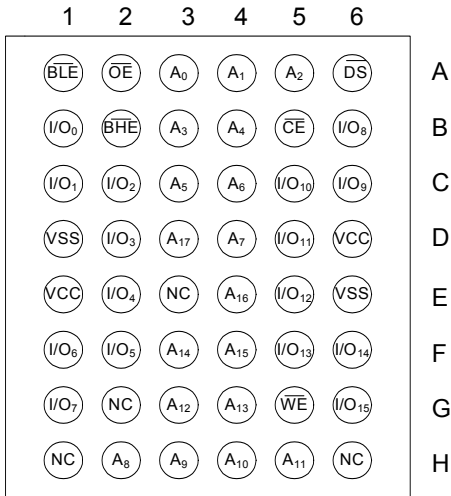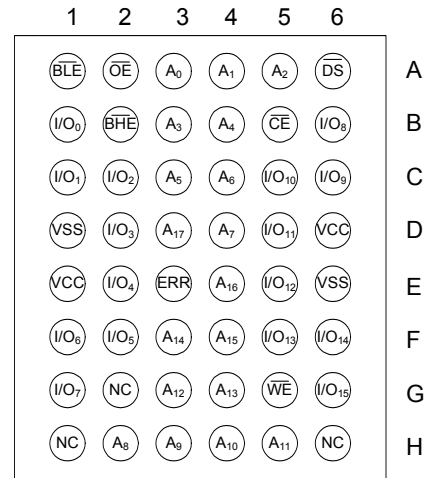
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
A	$\overline{BLE}$	$\overline{OE}$	A_0	A_1	A_2	$\overline{DS}$	A
B	I/O$_0$	$\overline{BHE}$	A_3	A_4	$\overline{CE}$	I/O$_8$	B
C	I/O$_1$	I/O$_2$	A_5	A_6	I/O$_{10}$	I/O$_9$	C
D	VSS	I/O$_3$	A_{17}	A_7	I/O$_{11}$	VCC	D
E	VCC	I/O$_4$	NC	A_{16}	I/O$_{12}$	VSS	E
F	I/O$_6$	I/O$_5$	A_{14}	A_{15}	I/O$_{13}$	I/O$_{14}$	F
G	I/O$_7$	NC	A_{12}	A_{13}	$\overline{WE}$	I/O$_{15}$	G
H	NC	A_8	A_9	A_{10}	A_{11}	NC	H

Figure 5. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) pinout, Single Chip Enable with ERR, CY7S1041GE [7, 8], Package/Grade ID: BVXI [9]

	1	2	3	4	5	6	
A	$\overline{BLE}$	$\overline{OE}$	A_0	A_1	A_2	$\overline{DS}$	A
B	I/O$_0$	$\overline{BHE}$	A_3	A_4	$\overline{CE}$	I/O$_8$	B
C	I/O$_1$	I/O$_2$	A_5	A_6	I/O$_{10}$	I/O$_9$	C
D	VSS	I/O$_3$	A_{17}	A_7	I/O$_{11}$	VCC	D
E	VCC	I/O$_4$	ERR	A_{16}	I/O$_{12}$	VSS	E
F	I/O$_6$	I/O$_5$	A_{14}	A_{15}	I/O$_{13}$	I/O$_{14}$	F
G	I/O$_7$	NC	A_{12}	A_{13}	$\overline{WE}$	I/O$_{15}$	G
H	NC	A_8	A_9	A_{10}	A_{11}	NC	H

Notes
7. NC pins are not connected internally to the die.
8. ERR is an output pin.
9. Package type BVJXI is JEDEC compliant compared to package type BVXI. The difference between the two is that the higher and lower byte I/Os (I/O$_{[7:0]}$ and I/O$_{[15:8]}$ balls are swapped.

Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature .... –65 °C to +150 °C

Ambient temperature
with power applied .... –55 °C to +125 °C

Supply voltage
on V_{CC} relative to GND [10] ....–0.5 V to + 6.0 V

DC voltage applied to outputs
in HI-Z State [10] .... –0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V

DC input voltage [10] .... –0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V

Current into outputs (LOW) .... 20 mA

Static discharge voltage
(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015) .... > 2001 V

Latch-up current .... > 140 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}
Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	1.65 V to 2.2 V, 2.2 V to 3.6 V, 4.5 V to 5.5 V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range of –40 °C to +85 °C

Parameter	Description		Test Conditions		10 ns / 15 ns			Unit
					Min	Typ [11]	Max	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH voltage	1.65 V to 2.2 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = –0.1 mA		1.4	–	–	V
		2.2 V to 2.7 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = –1.0 mA		2	–	–	
		2.7 V to 3.0 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = –4.0 mA		2.2	–	–	
		3.0 V to 3.6 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = –4.0 mA		2.4	–	–	
		4.5 V to 5.5 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = –4.0 mA		2.4	–	–	
		4.5 V to 5.5 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = –0.1 mA		V_{CC} – 0.5[13]	–	–	
V_{OL}	Output LOW voltage	1.65 V to 2.2 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OL} = 0.1 mA		–	–	0.2	V
		2.2 V to 2.7 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OL} = 2 mA		–	–	0.4	
		2.7 V to 3.6 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OL} = 8 mA		–	–	0.4	
		3.6 V to 5.5 V	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OL} = 8 mA		–	–	0.4	
V_{IH}[10, 12]	Input HIGH voltage	1.65 V to 2.2 V			1.4	–	V_{CC} + 0.2	V
		2.2 V to 2.7 V			2	–	V_{CC} + 0.3	
		2.7 V to 3.6 V			2	–	V_{CC} + 0.3	
		3.6 V to 5.5 V			2	–	V_{CC} + 0.5	
V_{IL}[10, 12]	Input LOW voltage	1.65 V to 2.2 V			–0.2	–	0.4	V
		2.2 V to 2.7 V			–0.3	–	0.6	
		2.7 V to 3.6 V			–0.3	–	0.8	
		3.6 V to 5.5 V			–0.5	–	0.8	
I_{IX}	Input leakage current	GND ≤ V_{IN} ≤ V_{CC}			–1	–	+1	μA
I_{OZ}	Output leakage current	GND ≤ V_{OUT} ≤ V_{CC}, Output disabled			–1	–	+1	μA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} operating supply current	V_{CC} = Max, I_{OUT} = 0 mA, CMOS levels	f = 100 MHz		–	38	45	mA
			f = 66.7 MHz		–	40	40	
I_{SB1}	Standby current – TTL inputs	Max V_{CC}, $\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{IH}, V_{IN} ≥ V_{IH} or V_{IN} ≤ V_{IL}, f = f_{MAX}			–	–	15	mA

Notes
10. V_{IL} (min) = –2.0 V and V_{IH} (max) = V_{CC} + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
11. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = 1.8 V (for V_{CC} range of 1.65 V – 2.2 V), V_{CC} = 3 V (for V_{CC} range of 2.2V – 3.6 V), and V_{CC} = 5 V (for V_{CC} range of 4.5 V – 5.5 V), T_A = 25 °C.
12. For the $\overline{DS}$ pin, V_{IH} (min) is V_{CC} – 0.2 V and V_{IL} (max) is 0.2 V.
13. This parameter is guaranteed by design and not tested.

DC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Over the Operating Range of –40 °C to +85 °C

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	10 ns / 15 ns			Unit
			Min	Typ [11]	Max	
I_{SB2}	Standby current – CMOS inputs	Max V_{CC}, $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC}$ – 0.2 V, $DS \geq V_{CC}$ – 0.2 V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC}$ – 0.2 V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V, f = 0	–	6	8	mA
I_{DS}	Deep-Sleep current	Max V_{CC}, $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC}$ – 0.2 V, $\overline{DS} \leq 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC}$ – 0.2 V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V, f = 0	–	–	15	µA

Capacitance

Parameter [14]	Description	Test Conditions	All packages	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	T_A = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz, $V_{CC(typ)}$	10	pF
C_{OUT}	I/O capacitance		10	pF

Thermal Resistance

Parameter [14]	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball VFBGA	44-pin SOJ	44-pin TSOP II	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four-layer printed circuit board	31.35	55.37	68.85	°C/W
Θ_{JC}	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		14.74	30.41	15.97	°C/W

AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 6. AC Test Loads and Waveforms [15]
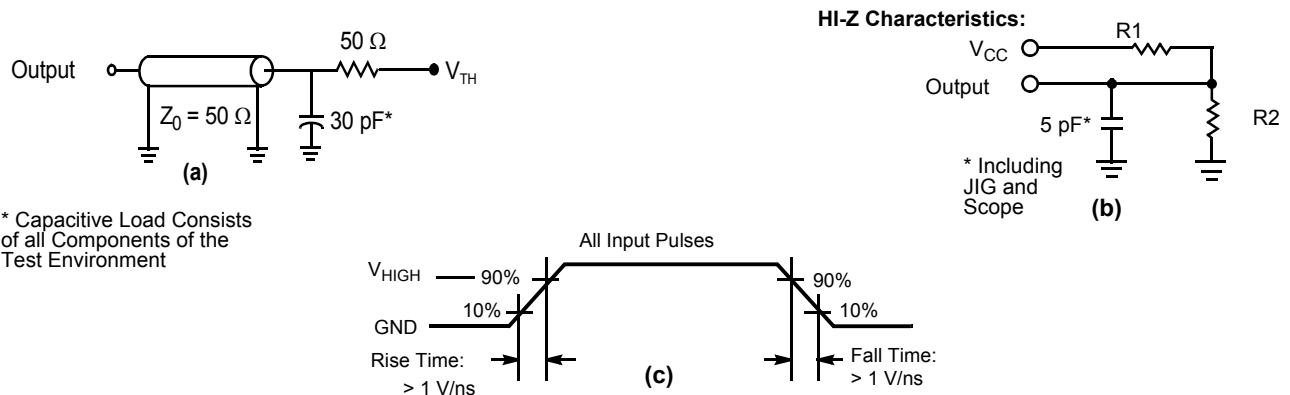
Parameters	1.8 V	3.0 V	5.0 V	Unit
R1	1667	317	317	Ω
R2	1538	351	351	Ω
V_{TH}	V_{CC}/2	1.5	1.5	V
V_{HIGH}	1.8	3.0	3.0	V

Notes
14. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
15. Full-device AC operation assumes a 100-µs ramp time from 0 to $V_{CC(min)}$ or 100-µs wait time after V_{CC} stabilization.
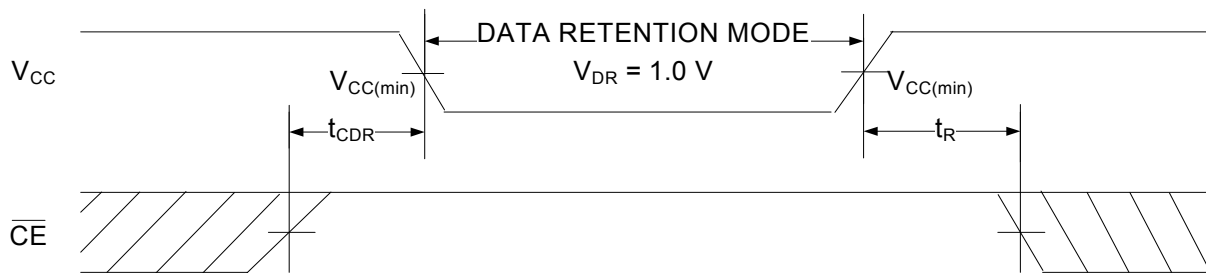
Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range of –40 °C to +85 °C

Parameter	Description	Conditions[16]	Min	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for data retention		1.0	–	V
I_{CCDR}	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = V_{DR}$, $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $\overline{DS} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V	–	8	mA
t_{CDR} [17]	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	–	ns
t_R [17, 18]	Operation recovery time	2.2 V < $V_{CC} \leq 5.5$ V	10	–	ns
		$V_{CC} \leq 2.2$ V	15	–	ns

Data Retention Waveform

Figure 7. Data Retention Waveform [18]

Notes
16. $\overline{DS}$ signal must be HIGH during Data Retention Mode.
17. These parameters are guaranteed by design
18. Full-device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100$ μs or stable at $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100$ μs.

Deep-Sleep Mode Characteristics

Over the Operating Range of –40 °C to +85 °C

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
I_{DS}	Deep-Sleep mode current	$V_{CC} = V_{CC}$ (max), $\overline{DS} \leq 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V	–	15	µA
t_{PDS}[19]	Minimum time for $\overline{DS}$ to be LOW for part to successfully exit Deep-Sleep mode		100	–	ns
t_{DS}[20]	$\overline{DS}$ assertion to Deep-Sleep mode transition time		–	1	ms
t_{DSCD}[19]	$\overline{DS}$ deassertion to chip disable	If $t_{PDS} \geq t_{PDS(min)}$	–	100	µs
		If $t_{PDS} < t_{PDS(min)}$	–	0	µs
t_{DSCA}	$\overline{DS}$ deassertion to chip access (Active/Standby)	If $t_{PDS} \geq t_{PDS(min)}$	300	–	µs
		If $t_{PDS} < t_{PDS(min)}$			

Figure 8. Active, Standby, and Deep-Sleep Operation Modes
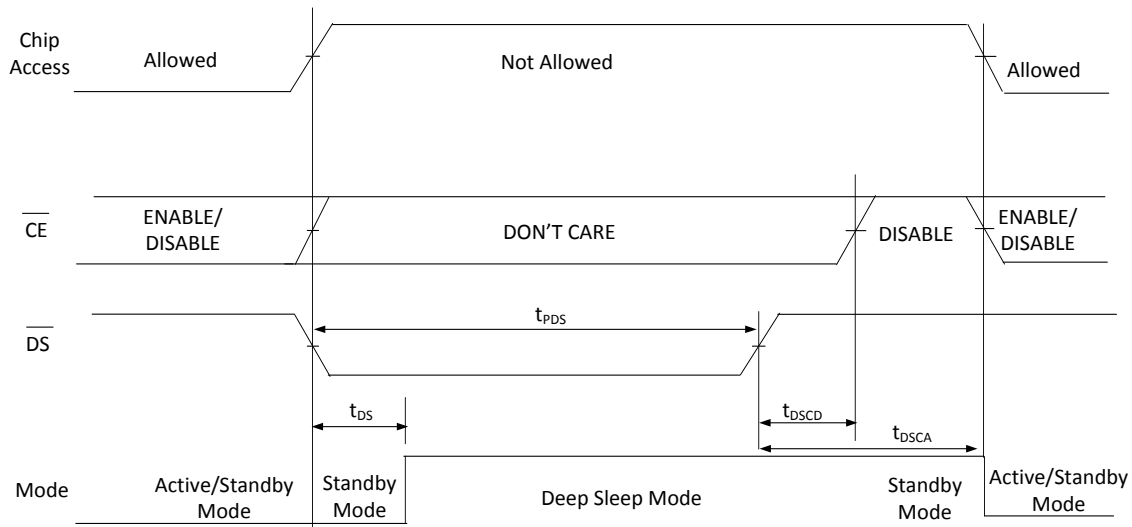
Note
19. $\overline{CE}$ must be pulled HIGH within t_{DSCD} time of $\overline{DS}$ deassertion to avoid SRAM data loss.

20. After assertion of $\overline{DS}$ signal, device will take a maximum of t_{DS} time to stabilize to Deep-Sleep current I_{DS}. During this period, $\overline{DS}$ signal must continue to be asserted to logic level LOW to keep the device in Deep-Sleep mode.

AC Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range of –40 °C to +85 °C

Parameter [21]	Description	10 ns		15 ns		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read Cycle						
t_{RC}	Read cycle time	10	–	15	–	ns
t_{AA}	Address to data valid	–	10	–	15	ns
t_{OHA}	Data hold from address change	3	–	3	–	ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to data valid	–	10	–	15	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to data valid	–	4.5	–	8	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to low impedance [22, 23, 24]	0	–	0	–	ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to HI-Z [22, 23, 24]	–	5	–	8	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to low impedance [22, 23, 24]	3	–	3	–	ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to HI-Z [22, 23, 24]	–	5	–	8	ns
t_{PU}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to power-up [24]	0	–	0	–	ns
t_{PD}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to power-down [24]	–	10	–	15	ns
t_{DBE}	Byte enable to data valid	–	4.5	–	8	ns
t_{LZBE}	Byte enable to low impedance [22, 23, 24]	0	–	0	–	ns
t_{HZBE}	Byte disable to HI-Z [22, 23, 24]	–	6	–	8	ns
Write Cycle [25, 26]						
t_{WC}	Write cycle time	10	–	15	–	ns
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to write end	7	–	12	–	ns
t_{AW}	Address setup to write end	7	–	12	–	ns
t_{HA}	Address hold from write end	0	–	0	–	ns
t_{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	–	0	–	ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ pulse width	7	–	12	–	ns
t_{SD}	Data setup to write end	5	–	8	–	ns
t_{HD}	Data hold from write end	0	–	0	–	ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to low impedance [22, 23, 24]	3	–	3	–	ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to HI-Z [22, 23, 24]	–	5	–	8	ns
t_{BW}	Byte Enable to End of Write	7	–	12	–	ns

Notes
21. Test conditions assume a signal transition time (rise/fall) of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V (for $V_{CC} \geq 3$ V) and $V_{CC}/2$ (for $V_{CC} < 3$ V), and input pulse levels of 0 to 3 V (for $V_{CC} \geq 3$ V) and 0 to V_{CC} (for $V_{CC} < 3$ V). Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading shown in part (a) of Figure 6 on page 7, unless specified otherwise.
22. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZWE}, t_{HZBE}, t_{LZOE}, t_{LZCE}, t_{LZWE}, and t_{LZBE} are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in (b) of Figure 6 on page 7. Transition is measured ±200 mV from steady state voltage.
23. At any temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZBE}, t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any device.
24. These parameters are guaranteed by design
25. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{DS} = V_{IH}$ and $\overline{BHE}$ or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$. $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ signals must be LOW and $\overline{DS}$ must be HIGH to initiate a write, and a HIGH transition of any of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ signals or LOW transition on $\overline{DS}$ signal can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
26. The minimum write pulse width for Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) should be the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.

Switching Waveforms

Figure 9. Read Cycle No. 1 of CY7S1041G (Address Transition Controlled) [27, 28, 29]
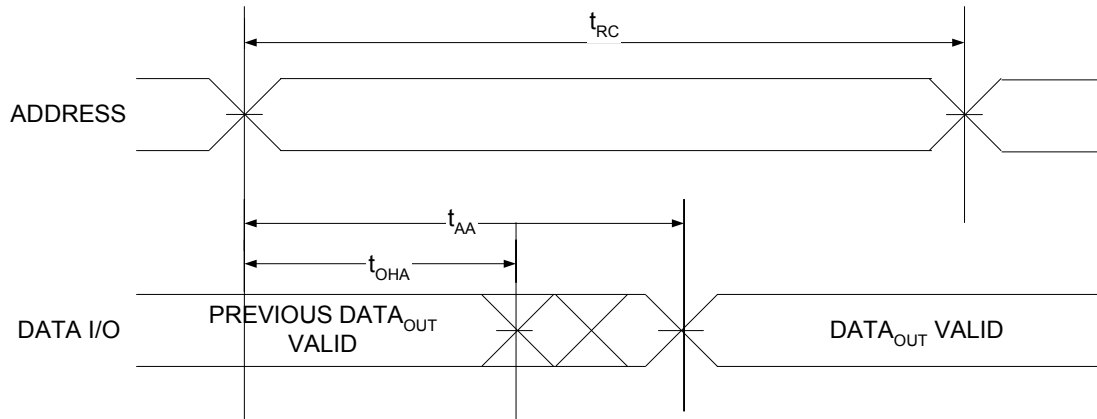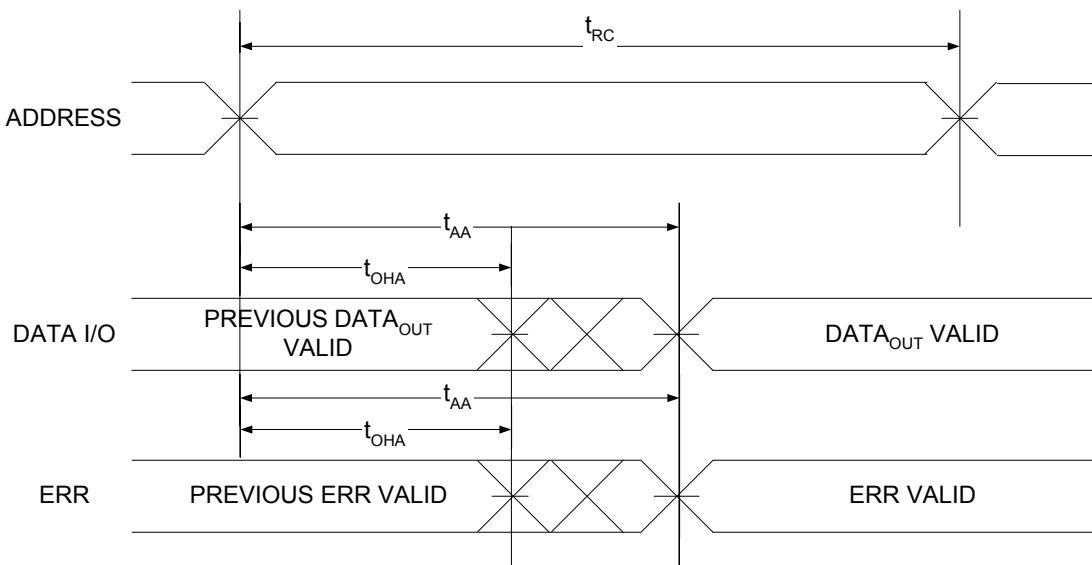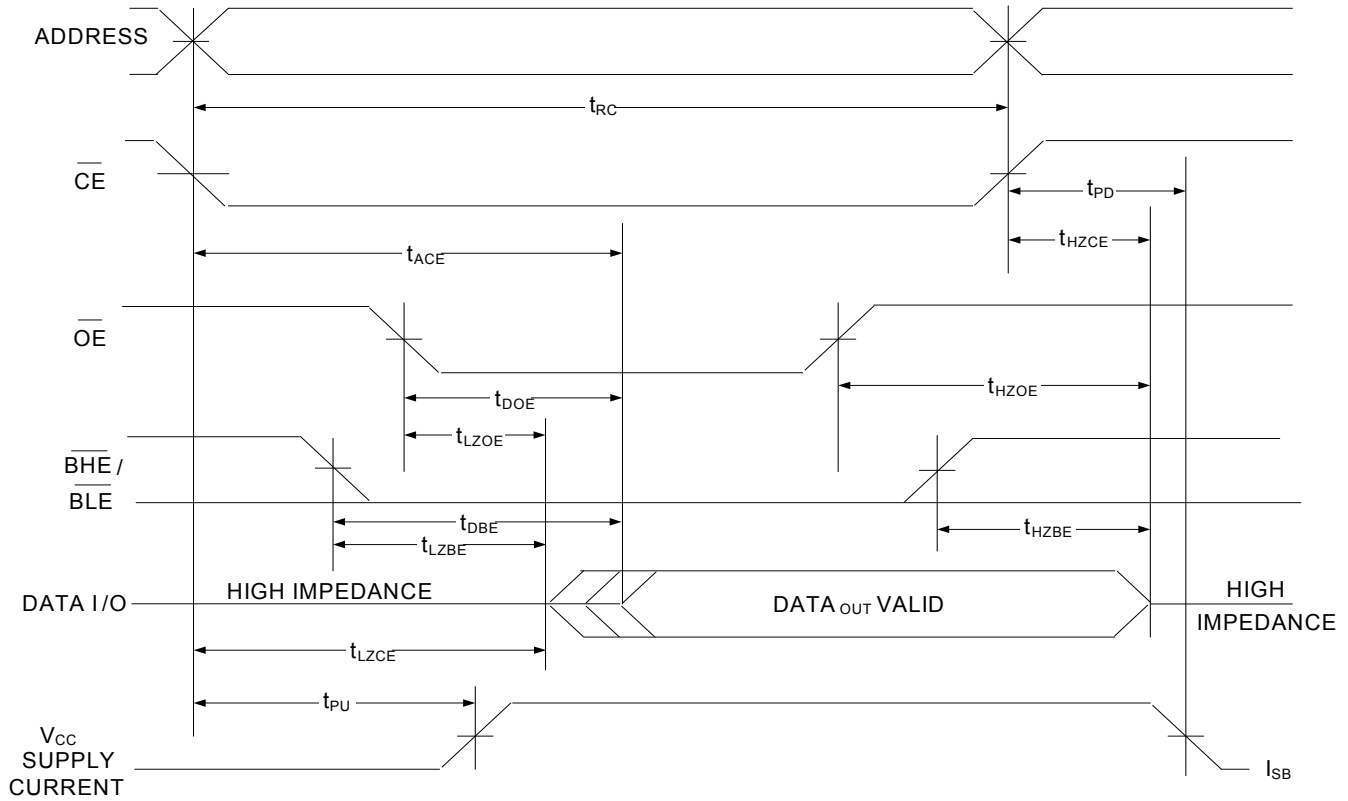

Figure 10. Read Cycle No. 2 of CY7S1041GE (Address Transition Controlled) [27, 28, 29]

Notes
27. The device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{BHE}$ or $\overline{BLE}$ or both = V_{IL}.
28. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.
29. $\overline{DS}$ is HIGH for chip access.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 11. Read Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{OE}$ Controlled) [30, 31, 32]

Notes

30. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.

31. Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CE}$ LOW transition.

32. $\overline{DS}$ must be HIGH for chip access

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 12. Write Cycle No. 1 ($\overline{CE}$ Controlled) [33, 34, 35]
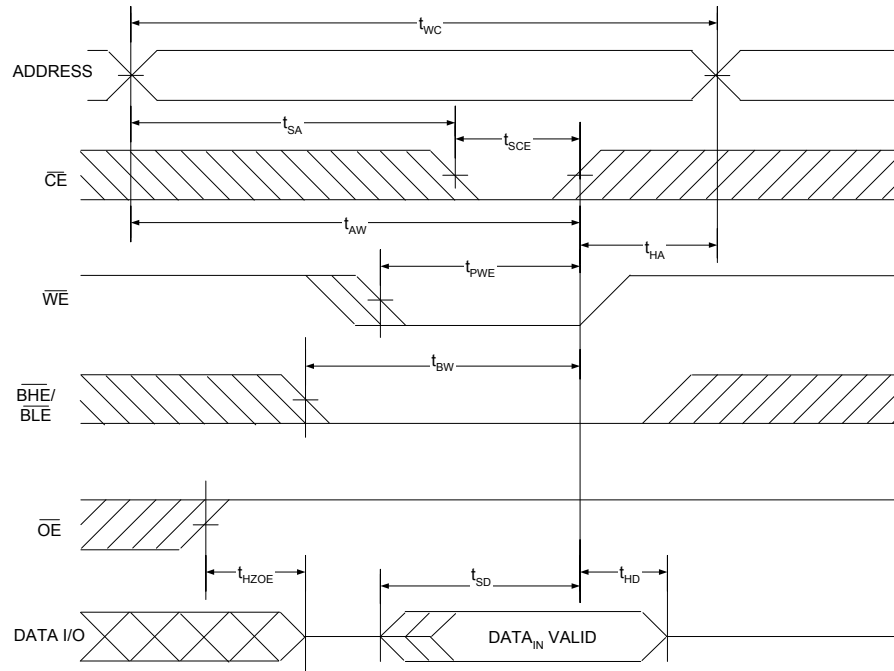
Figure 13. Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) [33, 34, 35, 36]
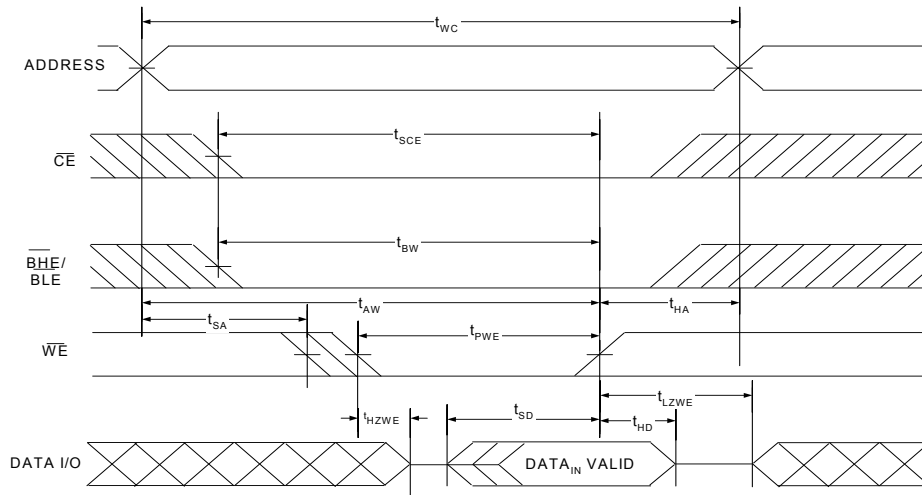
Notes
33. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{DS} = V_{IH}$ and $\overline{BHE}$ or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$. $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ signals must be LOW and $\overline{DS}$ must be HIGH to initiate a write, and a HIGH transition of any of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ signals or LOW transition on $\overline{DS}$ signal can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
34. Data I/O is in HI-Z state if $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$, or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{BHE}$, and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$.
35. $\overline{DS}$ must be HIGH for chip access.
36. The minimum write pulse width for Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) should be sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 14. Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled) [37, 38, 39]
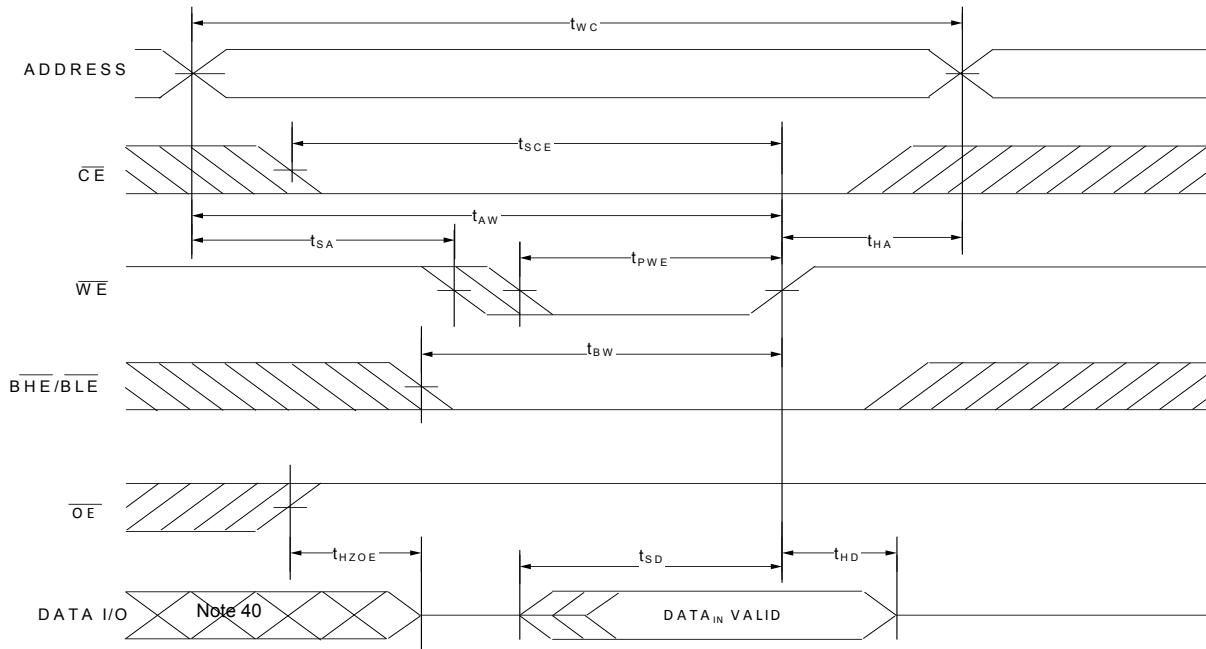
Figure 15. Write Cycle No. 4 ($\overline{BLE}$ or $\overline{BHE}$ Controlled) [37, 38, 39]
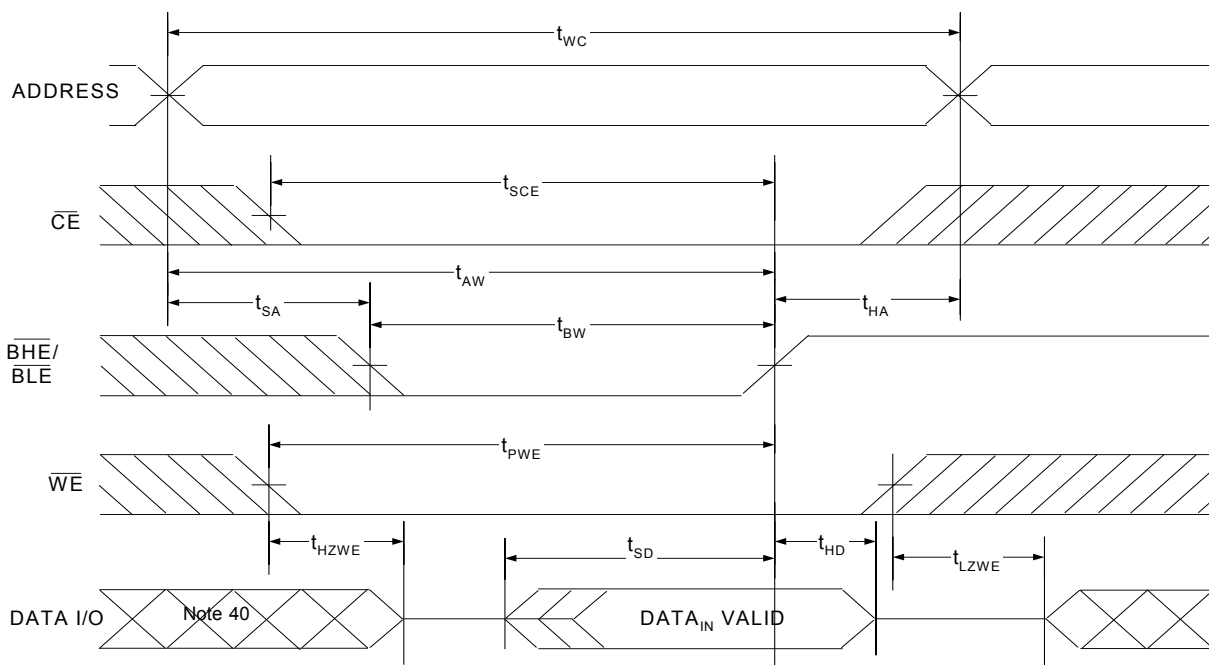
Notes

37. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{DS}$ = V_{IH} and $\overline{BHE}$ or $\overline{BLE}$ = V_{IL}. $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ signals must be LOW and $\overline{DS}$ must be HIGH to initiate a write, and a HIGH transition of any of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ signals or LOW transition on $\overline{DS}$ signal can terminate the operation. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
38. Data I/O is in HI-Z state if $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IH}, or $\overline{OE}$ = V_{IH} or $\overline{DS}$ = V_{IL} or $\overline{BHE}$, and/or $\overline{BLE}$ = V_{IH}.
39. $\overline{DS}$ must be HIGH for chip access.
40. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

Truth Table

$\overline{DS}$	$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{BLE}$	$\overline{BHE}$	$I/O_0–I/O_7$	$I/O_8–I/O_{15}$	Mode	Power
H	H	X[41]	X[41]	X[41]	X[41]	HIGH-Z	HIGH-Z	Standby	Standby (I_{SB})
H	L	L	H	L	L	Data out	Data out	Read all bits	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	L	H	L	H	Data out	HI-Z	Read lower bits only	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	L	H	H	L	HI-Z	Data out	Read upper bits only	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	X	L	L	L	Data in	Data in	Write all bits	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	X	L	L	H	Data in	HI-Z	Write lower bits only	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	X	L	H	L	HI-Z	Data in	Write upper bits only	Active (I_{CC})
H	L	H	H	X	X	HI-Z	HI-Z	Selected, outputs disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L[42]	X	X	X	X	X	HI-Z	HI-Z	Deep-Sleep	Deep-Sleep Ultra Low Power (I_{DS})

ERR Output – CY7S1041GE

Output [43]	Mode
0	Read operation, no single-bit error in the stored data.
1	Read operation, single-bit error detected and corrected.
HI-Z	Device deselected or outputs disabled or Write operation.

Notes
41. The input voltage levels on these pins should be either at V_{IH} or V_{IL}.
42. V_{IL} on $\overline{DS}$ must be $\leq$ 0.2 V.
43. ERR is an Output pin. If not used, this pin should be left floating.

Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Voltage Range	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type (All Pb-free)	Operating Range
10	2.2 V–3.6 V	CY7S1041GE30-10BVXI	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm), ERR output	Industrial
		CY7S1041GE30-10BVXIT	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm), ERR output, Tape and Reel	
		CY7S1041G30-10BVXI	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm)	
		CY7S1041G30-10BVXIT	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm), Tape and Reel	
		CY7S1041G30-10VXI	51-85082	44-pin SOJ (400 Mils)	
		CY7S1041G30-10VXIT	51-85082	44-pin SOJ (400 Mils), Tape and Reel	
		CY7S1041G30-10ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II	
		CY7S1041G30-10ZSXIT	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II, Tape and Reel	
	4.5 V–5.5 V	CY7S1041G-10ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II	
		CY7S1041G-10ZSXIT	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II, Tape and Reel	

Ordering Code Definitions

```
CY 7 S 1 04 1 G X 30 - 10 XX X I X
```

X = blank or T
blank = Bulk; T = Tape and Reel

Temperature Range:
I = Industrial

Pb-free

Package Type: XX = BV or V or ZS
BV = 48-ball VFBGA;
V = 44-pin Molded SOJ;
ZS = 44-pin TSOP II

Speed: 10 ns

Voltage Range: No digits or 30 or 18
No digits = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; 30 = 2.2 V to 3.6 V; 18 = 1.65 V to 2.2 V

X = blank or E
blank = without ERR output;
E = with ERR output

Process Technology: Revision Code "G" = 65 nm Technology

Data Width: 1 = × 16-bits

Density: 04 = 4-Mbit

Family Code: 1 = Fast Asynchronous SRAM family

S = Deep-Sleep feature

Marketing Code: 7 = SRAM

Company ID: CY = Cypress

Package Diagrams

Figure 16. 44-pin TSOP II Package Outline, 51-85087

TOP VIEW

BOTTOM VIEW

EJECTOR MARK (OPTIONAL) CAN BE LOCATED ANYWHERE IN THE BOTTOM PKG

DIMENSION IN MM (INCH) MAX/MIN.
PKG WEIGHT: REFER TO PMDD SPEC
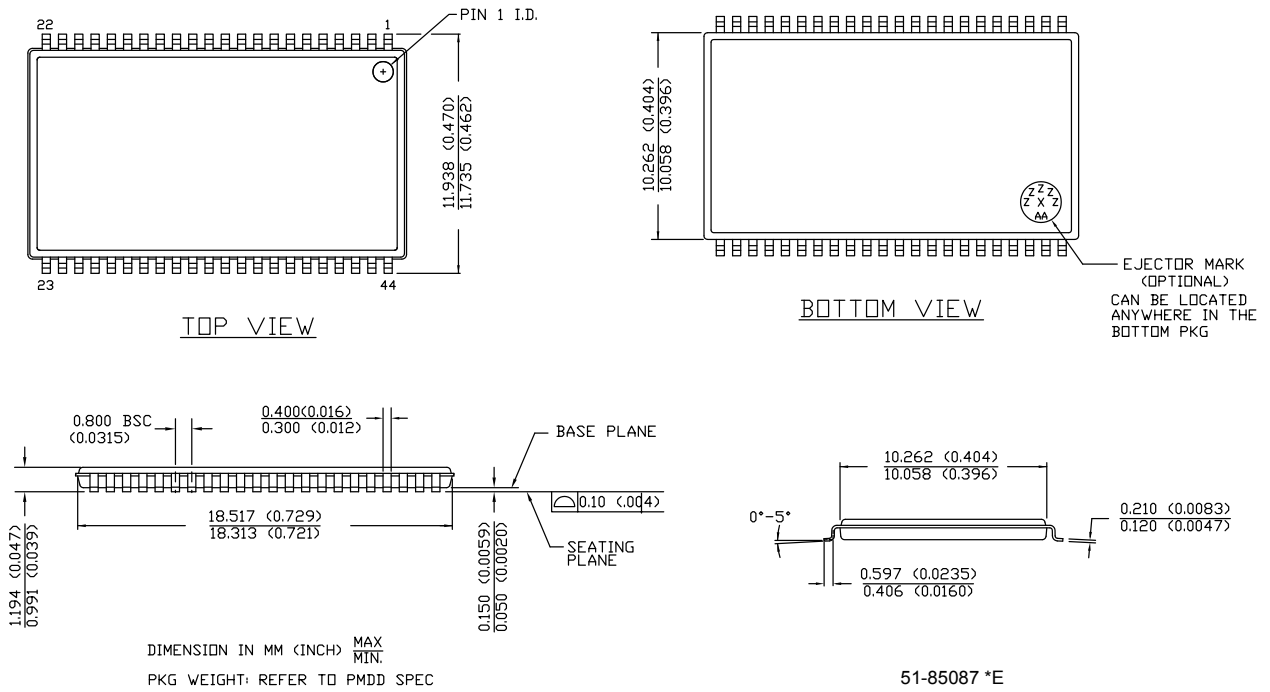
51-85087 *E

Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 17. 44-pin SOJ (400 Mils) Package Outline, 51-85082

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES $\frac{\text{MIN.}}{\text{MAX.}}$

Package Weight – Refer to PMDD spec.
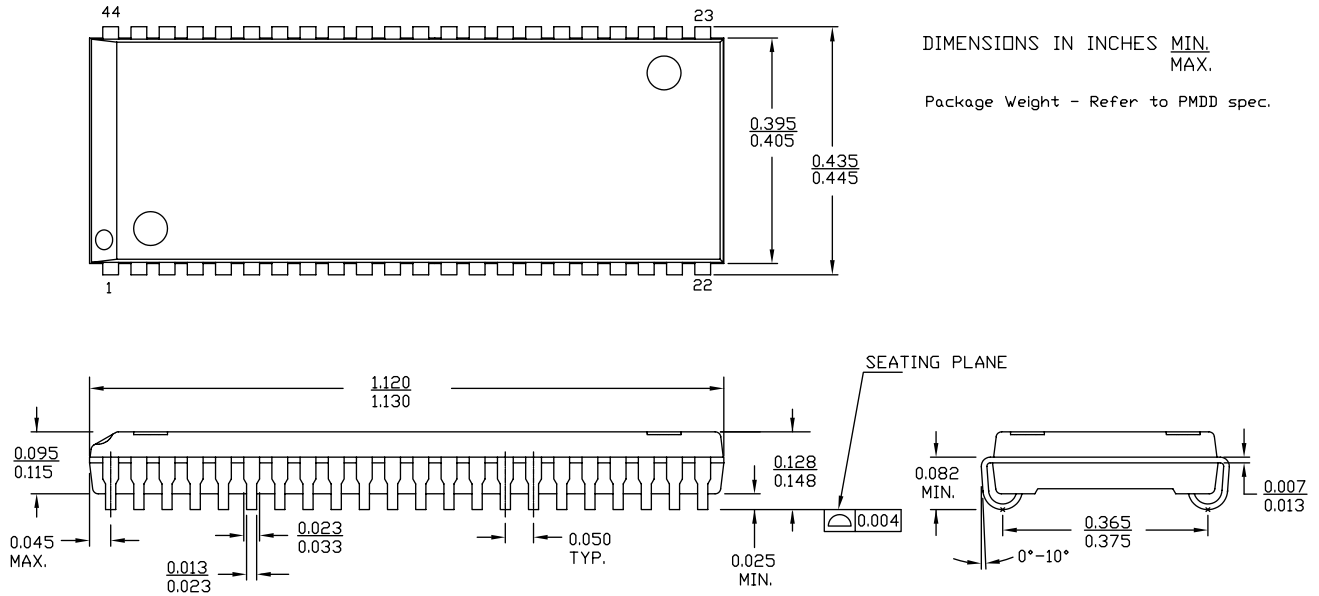
51-85082 *E

Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 18. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) BV48/BZ48 Package Outline, 51-85150
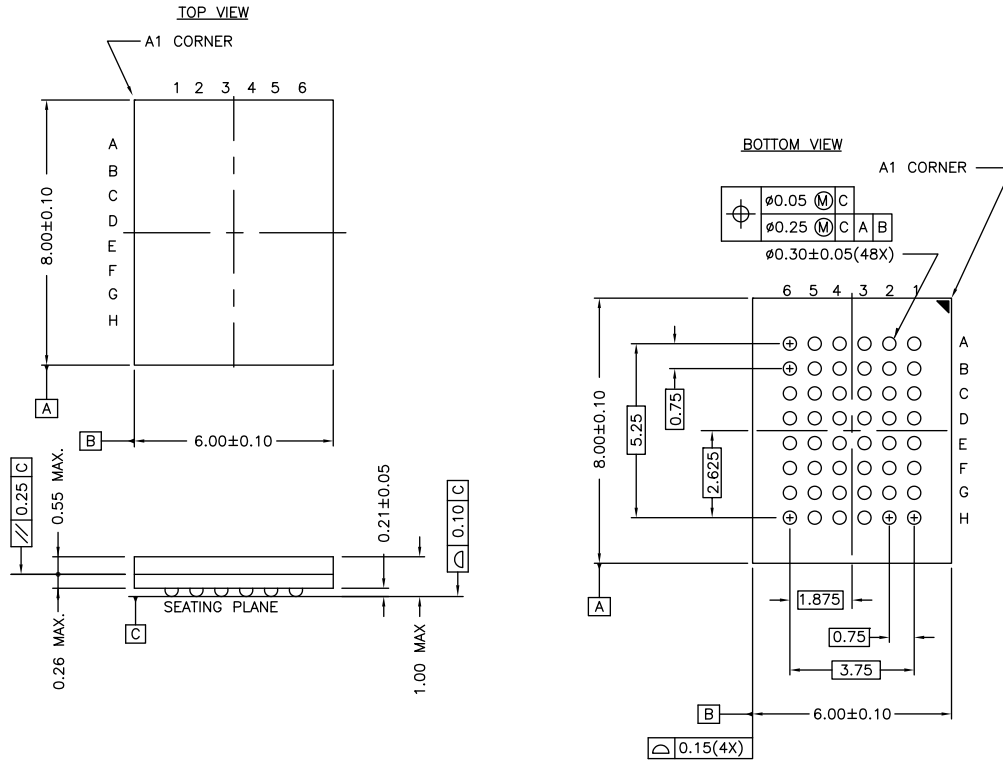
NOTE:
PACKAGE WEIGHT: See Cypress Package Material Declaration Datasheet (PMDD) posted on the Cypress web.

51-85150 *H

Acronyms

Acronym	Description
$\overline{\text{BHE}}$	Byte High Enable
$\overline{\text{BLE}}$	Byte Low Enable
$\overline{\text{CE}}$	Chip Enable
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
ECC	Error Correcting Code
I/O	Input/Output
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
TSOP	Thin Small Outline Package
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic
VFBGA	Very Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Write Enable

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degrees Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μA	microampere
μs	microsecond
mA	milliampere
mm	millimeter
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
%	percent
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt

Document History Page

Document Title: CY7S1041G/CY7S1041GE, 4-Mbit (256K words × 16 bit) Static RAM with PowerSnooze™ and Error Correcting Code (ECC) Document Number: 001-92576				
Rev.	**ECN No.**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
*D	4867081	NILE	07/31/2015	Changed status from Preliminary to Final.
*E	5020880	VINI	11/19/2015	Updated Pin Configurations: Removed 44-pin SOJ package related information. Updated Thermal Resistance: Removed 44-pin SOJ package related information. Added 48-ball VFBGA package related information. Updated Ordering Information: Updated part numbers. Updated Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Package Diagrams: Removed spec 51-85082 *E.
*F	5432554	NILE	09/10/2016	Added 44-pin SOJ package related information in all instances across the document. Updated Logic Block Diagram – CY7S1041G / CY7S1041GE. Updated Maximum Ratings: Updated Note 10 (Replaced "2 ns" with "20 ns"). Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: Removed Operating Range "2.7 V to 3.6 V" and all values corresponding to V_{OH} parameter. Included Operating Ranges "2.7 V to 3.0 V" and "3.0 V to 3.6 V" and all values corresponding to V_{OH} parameter. Changed minimum value of V_{IH} parameter from 2.2 V to 2 V corresponding to Operating Range "3.6 V to 5.5 V". Updated Ordering Information: Updated part numbers. Updated Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Package Diagrams: Added spec 51-85082 *E. Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.
*G	6015058	AESATMP9	01/05/2018	Updated logo and copyright.

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