

# PC813 Series

## AC Input Type & High Noise Reduction Type Photocoupler

### ■ Features

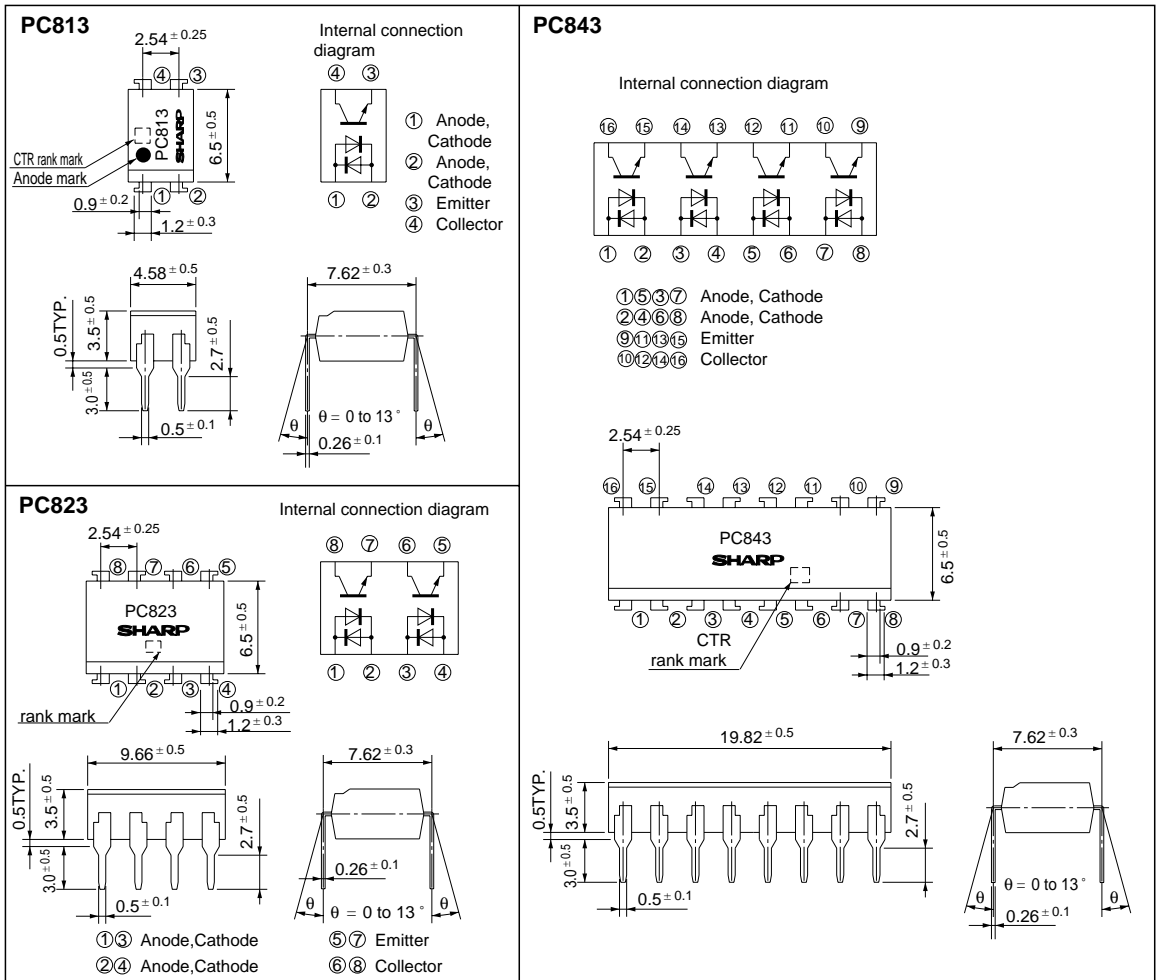
1. High instantaneous common mode rejection voltage  
( $CM_H$  : TYP.2kV/ $\mu$ s)
2. AC input response
3. Compact dual-in-line package  
**PC813** (1ch), **PC823** (2ch), **PC843** (4ch)
4. High isolation voltage between input and output  
( $V_{iso}$  : 5 000V<sub>rms</sub>)
5. Recognized by UL, file No. E64380

### ■ Applications

1. Telephones (**PC813**)
2. Programmable controllers  
(**PC823/PC843**)
3. System appliances, measuring instruments
4. Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

### ■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	± 50	mA
	*1Peak forward current	I <sub>FM</sub>	± 1	A
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V <sub>ECO</sub>	6	V
	Collector current	I <sub>C</sub>	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P <sub>C</sub>	150	mW
Total power dissipation		P <sub>tot</sub>	200	mW
*2Isolation voltage		V <sub>iso</sub>	5 000	V <sub>rms</sub>
Operating temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	- 30 to + 100	°C
Storage temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to + 125	°C
*3Soldering temperature		T <sub>sol</sub>	260	°C

\*1 Pulse width ≤ 100 μs, Duty ratio : 0.001

\*2 40 to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute

\*3 For 10 seconds

## ■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input	Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = ± 20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V	
	Peak forward voltage	V <sub>FM</sub>	I <sub>FM</sub> = ± 0.5A	-	-	3.0	V	
	Terminal capacitance	C <sub>t</sub>	V = 0, f = 1kHz	-	50	250	pF	
Output	Collector dark current	I <sub>CEO</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 20V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0	-	-	10 <sup>-7</sup>	A	
Transfer characteristics	*4Current transfer ratio	CTR	I <sub>F</sub> = ± 1mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V	20	-	200	%	
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = ± 20mA, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA	-	0.1	0.2	V	
	Isolation voltage	R <sub>ISO</sub>	DC500V, 40 to 60% RH	5 x 10 <sup>10</sup>	10 <sup>11</sup>	-	Ω	
	Floating capacitance	C <sub>f</sub>	V = 0, f = 1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF	
	Cut-off frequency	f <sub>c</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 5V, I <sub>C</sub> = 2mA, R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω, -3dB	15	80	-	kHz	
	Response time	Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 2V, I <sub>C</sub> = 2mA R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω	-	4	18	μs
		Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>		-	5	20	μs
	*5Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage "Output : high level"		CM <sub>H</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 600V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0 V <sub>O</sub> = 2V, R <sub>L</sub> = 1.9kΩ, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	-	2	-	kV/μs
*5Instantaneous common mode rejection voltage "Output : low level"		CM <sub>L</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 600V, I <sub>F</sub> = 16mA V <sub>O</sub> = 0.8V, R <sub>L</sub> = 1.9kΩ, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	-	2	-	kV/μs	

\*4 Classification table of current transfer ratio is shown below

Model No.	Rank Mark	CTR (%)
<b>PC813A</b>	A	50 to 150%
<b>PC823A</b>		
<b>PC843A</b>		
<b>PC813</b>	A or no mark	20 to 200%
<b>PC823</b>		
<b>PC843</b>		

\*5 Test Circuit for instantaneous common mode rejection voltage

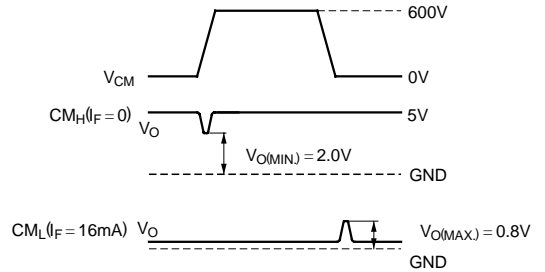
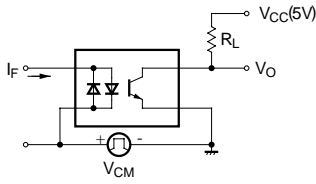


Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

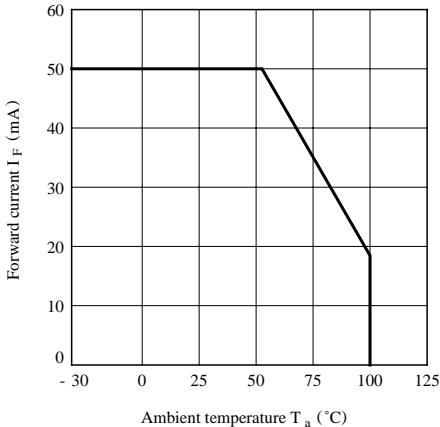


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

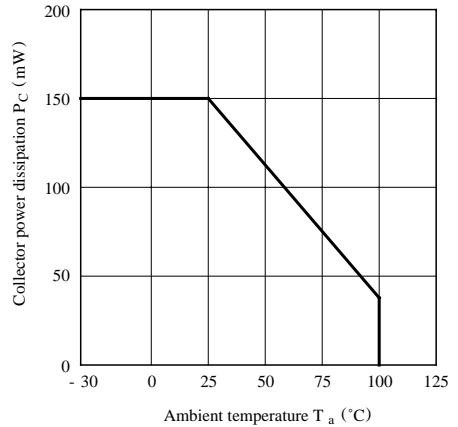


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

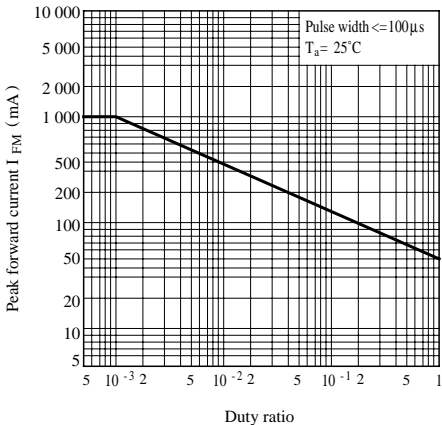
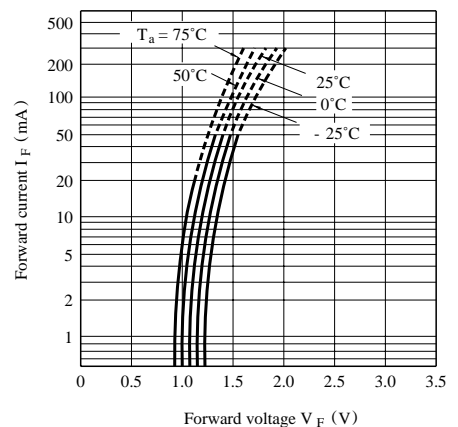
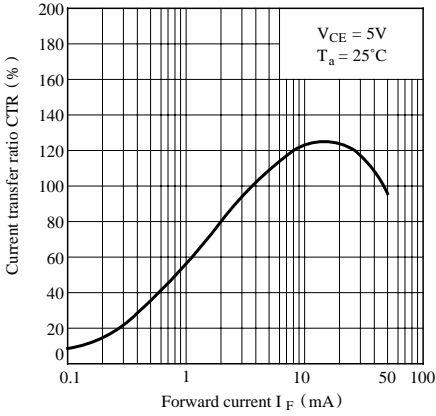


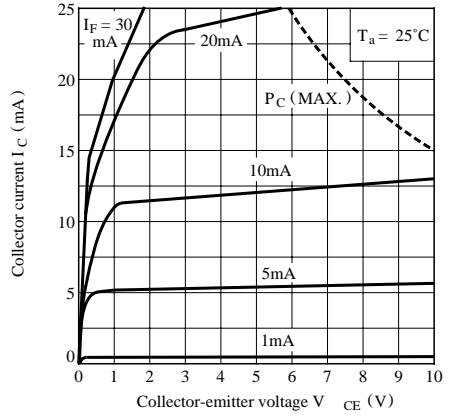
Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



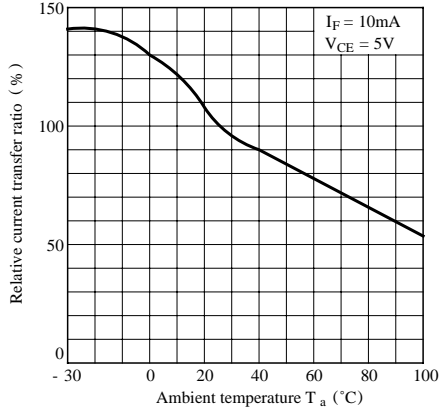
**Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current**



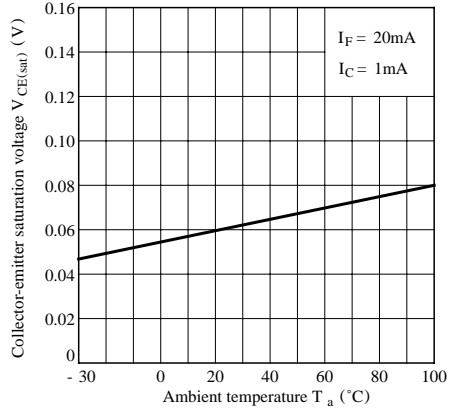
**Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage**



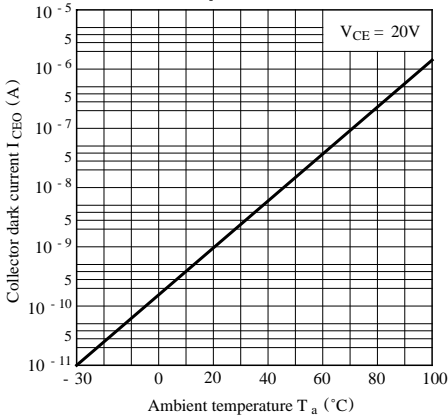
**Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature**



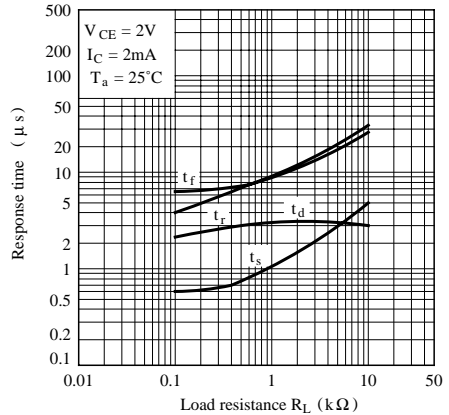
**Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



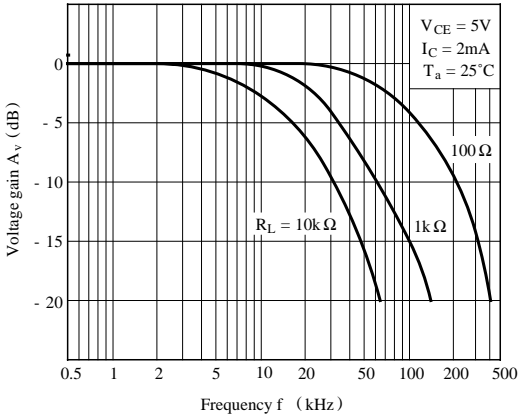
**Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



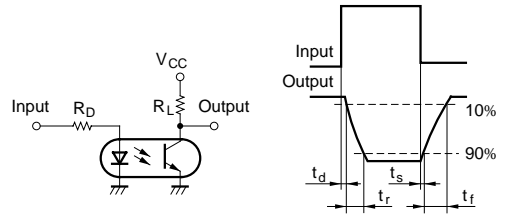
**Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance**



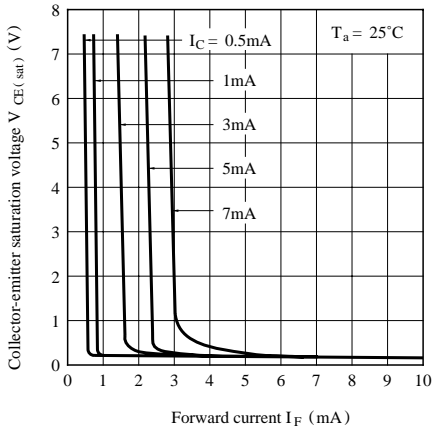
**Fig.11 Frequency Response**



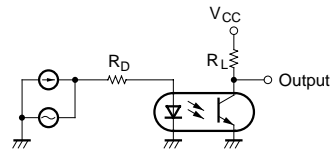
**Test Circuit for Response Time**



**Fig.12 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current**



**Test Circuit for Frequency Response**



●Please refer to the chapter “Precautions for Use ”

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