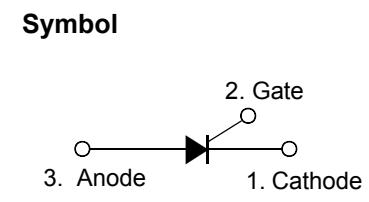


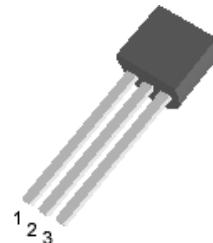
## **Sensitive Gate Silicon Controlled Rectifiers**

### **Features**

- ◆ Repetitive Peak Off-State Voltage : 600V
- ◆ R.M.S On-State Current (  $I_{T(RMS)} = 1.5 \text{ A}$  )
- ◆ Low On-State Voltage (1.2V(Typ.)@ $I_{TM}$ )



**TO-92**



### **General Description**

Sensitive triggering SCR is suitable for the application where gate current limited such as small motor control, gate driver for large SCR, sensing and detecting circuits.

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified )**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Ratings</b>	<b>Units</b>
$V_{DRM}$	Repetitive Peak Off-State Voltage		600	V
$I_{T(AV)}$	Average On-State Current	Half Sine Wave : $T_C = 45^\circ\text{C}$	1.0	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	R.M.S On-State Current	All Conduction Angle	1.5	A
$I_{TSM}$	Surge On-State Current	1/2 Cycle, 60Hz, Sine Wave Non-Repetitive	15	A
$I^2t$	$I^2t$ for Fusing	$t = 8.3\text{ms}$	0.9	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$P_{GM}$	Forward Peak Gate Power Dissipation	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ , Pulse Width $\leq 1.0\mu\text{s}$	2	W
$P_{G(AV)}$	Forward Average Gate Power Dissipation	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $t = 8.3\text{ms}$	0.1	W
$I_{FGM}$	Forward Peak Gate Current		1	A
$V_{RGM}$	Reverse Peak Gate Voltage		5.0	V
$T_J$	Operating Junction Temperature		- 40 ~ 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature		- 40 ~ 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

# SCN2C60

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## Electrical Characteristics ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted )

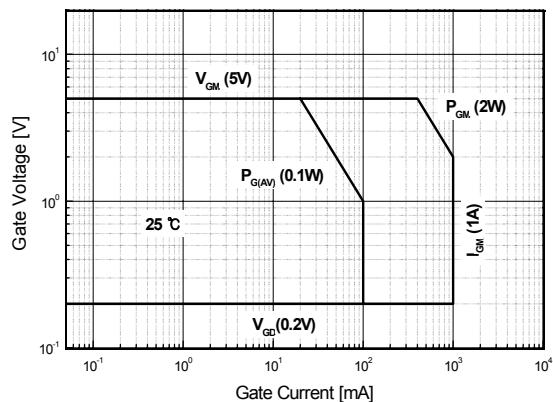
Symbol	Items	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$I_{DRM}$	Repetitive Peak Off-State Current	$V_{AK} = V_{DRM}$ or $V_{RRM}$ ; $R_{GK} = 1000 \Omega$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	— —	— —	10 200	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{TM}$	Peak On-State Voltage (1)	( $I_{TM} = 3 \text{ A}$ , Peak )	—	1.2	1.7	V
$I_{GT}$	Gate Trigger Current (2)	$V_{AK} = 6 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100 \Omega$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$	— —	— —	200 500	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{GT}$	Gate Trigger Voltage (2)	$V_D = 7 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100 \Omega$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$	— —	— —	0.8 1.2	V
$V_{GD}$	Non-Trigger Gate Voltage (1)	$V_{AK} = 12 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100 \Omega$ $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.2	—	—	V
$dv/dt$	Critical Rate of Rise Off-State Voltage	$V_{GM} = 0.67V_{DRM}$ , Exponential waveform, $R_{GK} = 1000 \Omega$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	200	—	—	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
$di/dt$	Critical Rate of Rise On-State Current	$I_{TM} = 3 \text{ A}$ , $I_g = 10 \text{ mA}$			50	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$I_H$	Holding Current	$V_{AK} = 12 \text{ V}$ , Gate Open $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = -40^\circ\text{C}$	— —	2 —	5.0 10	mA
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Thermal Impedance	Junction to case	—	—	50	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{th(j-a)}$	Thermal Impedance	Junction to Ambient	—	—	160	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

### \* Notes :

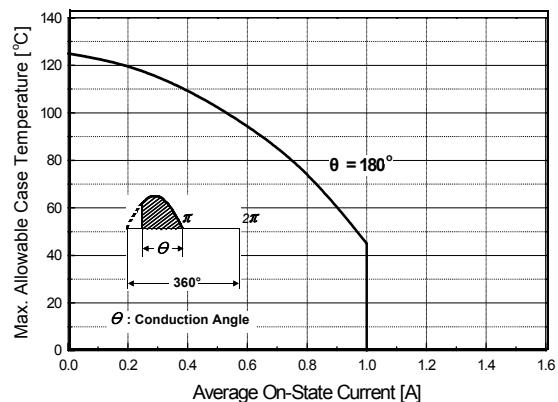
1. Pulse Width  $\leq 1.0 \text{ ms}$ , Duty cycle  $\leq 1\%$
2. Does not include  $R_{GK}$  in measurement.



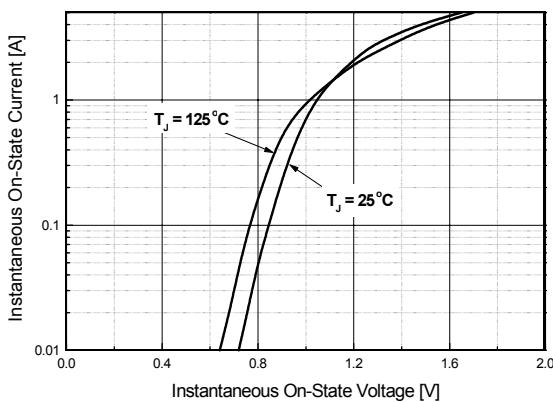
**Fig 1. Gate Characteristics**



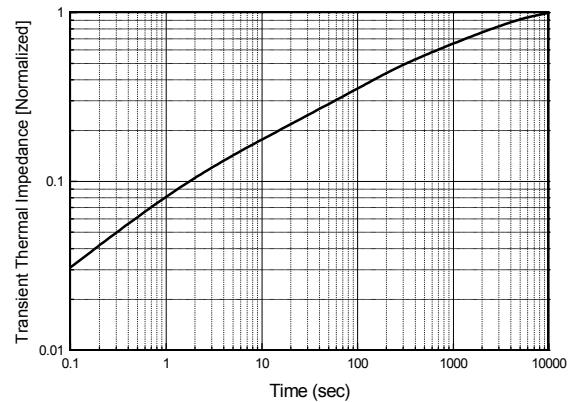
**Fig 2. Maximum Case Temperature**



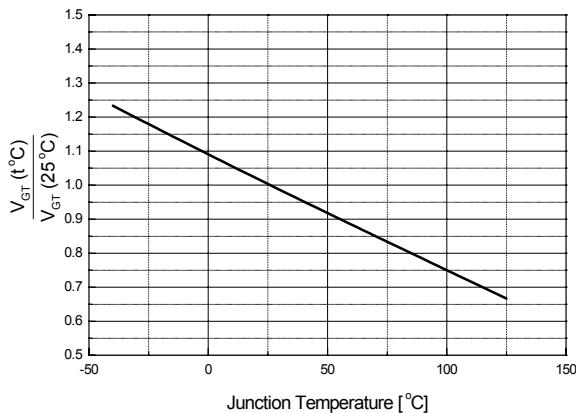
**Fig 3. Typical Forward Voltage**



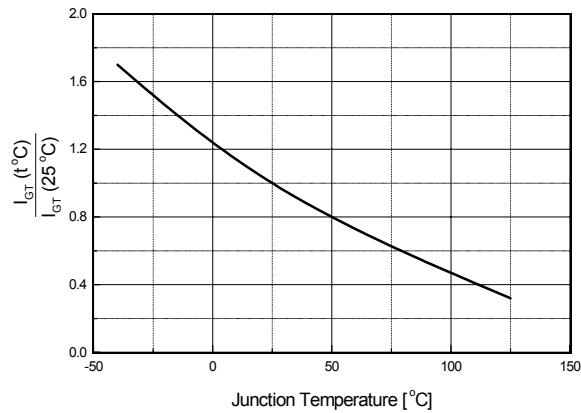
**Fig 4. Thermal Response**



**Fig 5. Typical Gate Trigger Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**



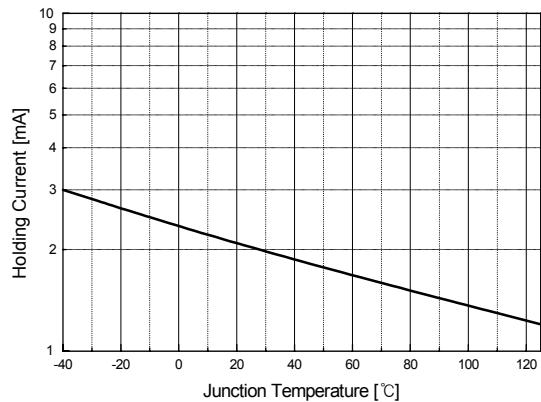
**Fig 6. Typical Gate Trigger Current vs. Junction Temperature**



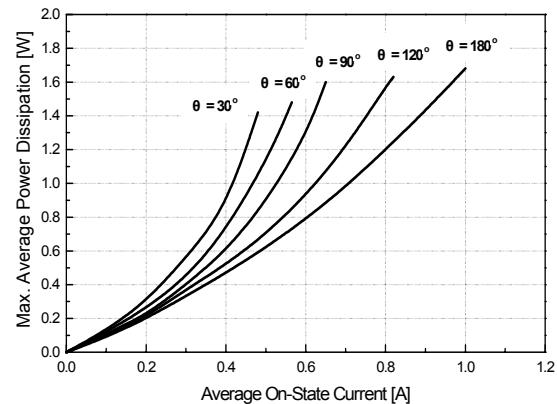
# SCN2C60

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**Fig 7. Typical Holding Current**



**Fig 8. Power Dissipation**



# SCN2C60

## TO-92 Package Dimension

Dim.	mm			Inch		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A		4.2			0.165	
B			3.7			0.146
C	4.43		4.83	0.174		0.190
D	14.07		14.87	0.554		0.585
E			0.4			0.016
F	4.43		4.83	0.174		0.190
G			0.45			0.017
H		2.54			0.100	
I		2.54			0.100	
J	0.33		0.48	0.013		0.019

