

DESCRIPTION

The PT2481 is a brushed-DC motor driver for printers, home appliances, industrial equipment, and other small machines. Dual pin logic inputs controls the H-bridge driver output current flows to manipulate the motor rotation in forward or reverse direction. With sufficient heat dissipation PCB area or add-on heatsinking, the peak output current may up to 3.6 Amps.

The PT2481 has built-in PWM current regulation circuits; it's a very useful function to limiting average current draws from power supply during motor rotates starts up and stalled. The PWM current regulation level is determinates by an external resistor connects on ILIM pin, and no current sense resistor is required.

The PT2481 is protected from many fault conditions, including under voltage (UVLO), across-load short circuits (SCP) and over temperature shut down (TSD). The drive will disable the H-bridge output during fault condition is met, and device will automatically recovery when fault phenomena is removed.

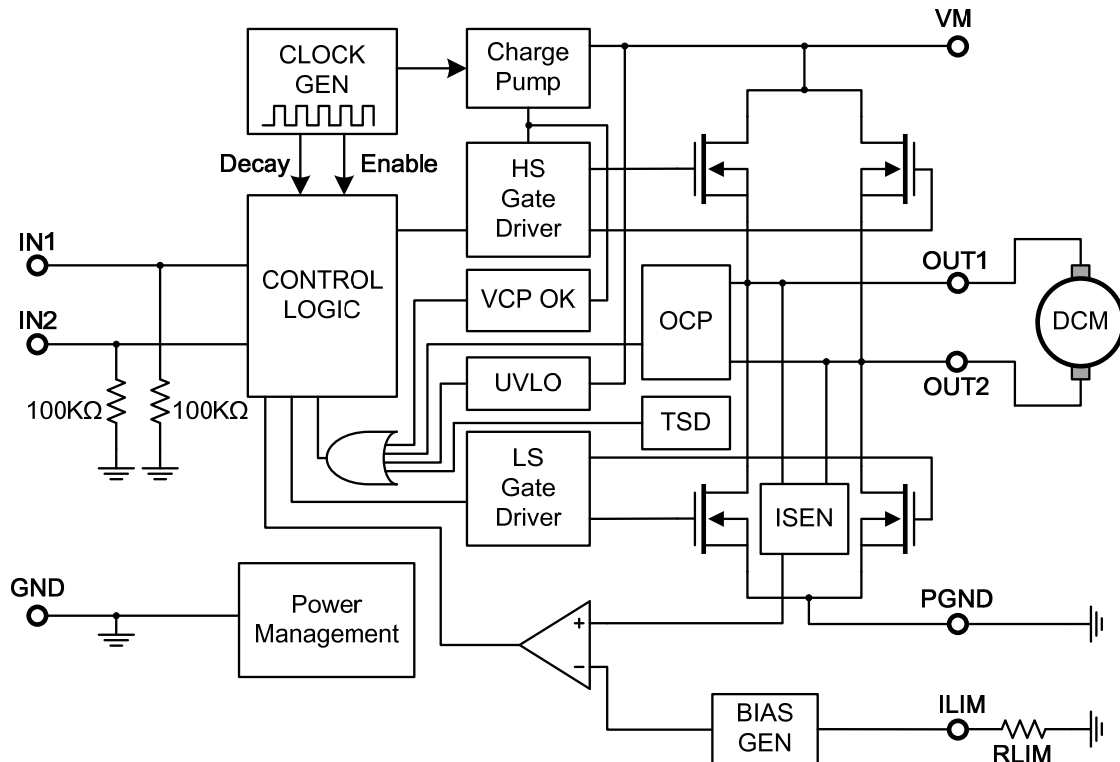
FEATURES

- H-Bridge Motor Driver for:
 - Single brushed DC Motor,
 - Single Winding of a Bipolar Stepping Motor
 - Solenoid High Side Driver
- Wide Operating Voltage : 6.5V to 45V
- Low Switches $R_{DS(on)}$ (HS+LS) : 500mΩ(typ)
- Peak Current Output : 3.6 Amps
- H-bridge Control Interface
- PWM Current Regulation
- Low-Power Sleep Mode
- Small Package and Footprint
 - 8-Pin HSOP With Thermal PAD
- **Protection Features**
 - VM Under voltage Lockout (UVLO)
 - Over Current Protection (OCP)
 - Over Thermal Shutdown (TSD)
 - Automatic Fault Recovery

APPLICATIONS

- Printers
- Home Appliances
- Industrial Equipment

BLOCK DIAGRAM



APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Drives brushed DC motor with PWM current regulation function.

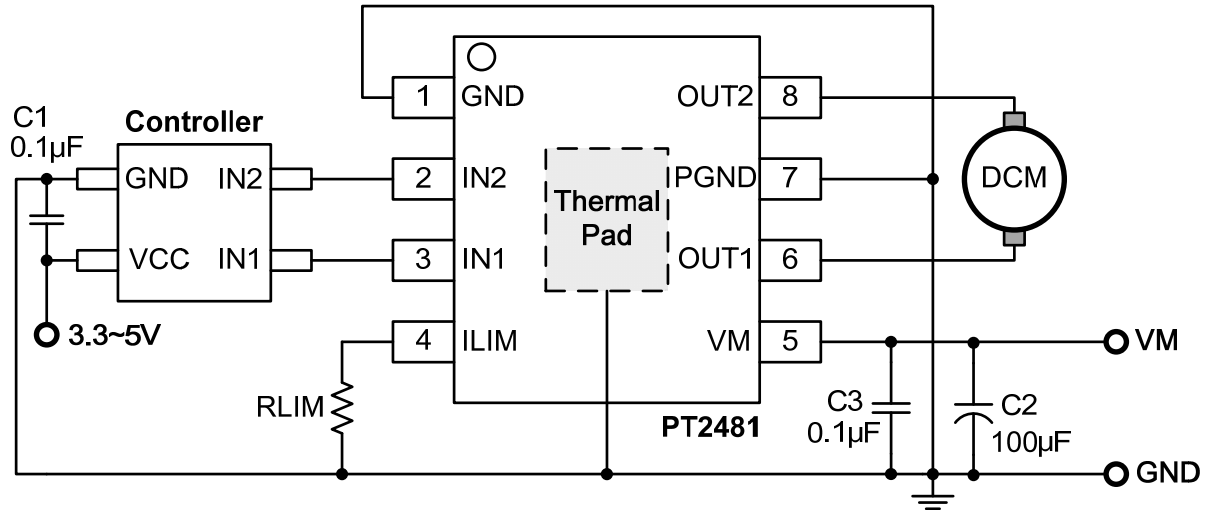


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

note(1) : The recommend value of RLIM is from 18KΩ to 180KΩ (3.55A ~ 0.35A).

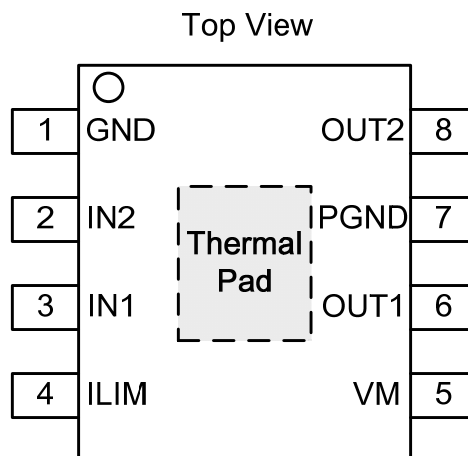
note(2) : If RLIM sets to 15KΩ(4.24A), the SCP circuit may be triggered before Itrip threshold is reached.

note(3) : PGND pin should be connected to power ground directly to enhance heat dissipation and current sensing accuracy..

ORDER INFORMATION

Valid Part Number	Package Type	Top Code
PT2481-HS	8-PIN, HSOP, 150MIL	PT2481-HS

PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Name	Type	Description	Pin No.
GND	POWER	Ground for internal circuits, connects to power ground.	1
IN2	I	Control logic input 2, with 100KΩ internal pulldown.	2
IN1	I	Control logic input 1, with 100KΩ internal pulldown.	3
ILIM	I	PWM current regulation I_{TRIP} setting; connects a resistor (RLIM) to ground.	4
VM	POWER	Main power supply input for the IC.	5
OUT1	O	H-bridge output 1.	6
PGND	POWER	Ground for H-bridge, connects to power ground.	7
OUT2	O	H-bridge output 2.	8
THERMAL PAD	-	Thermal pad; must be soldered to the PCB ground plane. For improves thermal dissipation, a broad, multiple layer ground planes with multiple via connection is recommended.	-

FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

H-BRIDGE OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

The motor winding current direction is determinate by H-bridge output configuration, and it is maniples by control logic interface. Please refer to Table 1 for corresponds between input and output.

IN1	IN2	OUT1	OUT2	DESCRIPTION
0	0	HiZ	HiZ	Coast mode. The H-bridge is disabled and whole chip entering sleep mode after T_{slp} time (~1mS).
0	1	L	H	Reverse mode (Output current from OUT2 to OUT1)
1	0	H	L	Forward mode (Output current from OUT1 to OUT2)
1	1	L	L	Brake mode; motor winding current flowing in between both low side MOSFETs.(slow decay)

Table 1. H-Bridge Output Operation

SLEEP MODE

If both control logic input pin sets to low state(or float connection) from forward/reverse mode, the H-bridge will disabled immediately, after a short delay time (T_{slp} , approximately 1mS) the internal circuit also disabled and whole chip will entering sleep mode, the current consumption will drops to I_{slp} level and outputs remains in HiZ.

The internal circuit needs an enable time (T_{ena} , approximately 50μS) to wakes up the H-bridge from sleep mode or UVLO released. During sleep mode actives, whatever the IN1 or IN2 pin are pull-high for at least 5μS, the chip will quit from sleep mode and H-bridge will operates after T_{ena} time.