## $\propto \operatorname{New}_{\text {I }} \mathcal{I}_{\text {eris }} S_{\varepsilon m i-C o n d u c t o r ~} \mathfrak{P}_{\text {roduct }}$, Inc.

## Ultra fast low-loss <br> controlled avalanche rectifiers

## FEATURES

- Glass passivated
- High maximum operating temperature
- Low leakage current
- Excellent stability
- Guaranteed avalanche energy absorption capability
- Available in ammo-pack.


## DESCRIPTION

Rugged glass SOD 57 package, using a high temperature alloyed construction.

This package is hermetically sealed and fatigue free as coefficients of expansion of all used parts are matched.


Fig. 1 Simplified outline (SOD57) and symbol.

LIMITING VALUES
In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).


## Ultra fast low-loss

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IFRM | repetitive peak forward current <br> BYV27-50 to 400 <br> BYV27-500 and 600 | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {tp }}=85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; see Figs 8,9 and 10 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |
| IFRM | repetitive peak forward current <br> BYV27-50 to 200 <br> BYV27-300 and 400 <br> BYV27-500 and 600 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \\ & \text { see Figs } 11,12 \text { and } 13 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 13 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & A \\ & A \\ & A \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {FSM }}$ | non-repetitive peak forward current BYV27-50 to 400 BYV27-500 and 600 | $\mathrm{t}=10 \mathrm{~ms}$ half sine wave; $T_{j}=T_{j \text { max }}$ prior to surge; $V_{R}=V_{R R M \text { max }}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & A \\ & A \end{aligned}$ |
| $E_{\text {RSM }}$ | non-repetitive peak reverse avalanche energy | $\mathrm{L}=120 \mathrm{mH} ; \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j} \text { max }}$ prior to surge; inductive load switched off | - | 20 | mJ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | storage temperature |  | -65 | +175 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | junction temperature | see Fig. 17 | -65 | +175 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | forward voltage BYV27-50 to 200 BYV27-300 and 400 BYV27-500 and 600 | $\begin{aligned} & I_{F}=2 A ; T_{j}=T_{j \text { max; }} \\ & \text { see Figs } 18,19 \text { and } 20 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.78 \\ & 0.82 \\ & 1.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & v \\ & v \\ & v \end{aligned}$ |
| $V_{F}$ | forward voltage <br> BYV27-50 to 200 <br> BYV27-300 and 400 <br> BYV27-500 and 600 | $I_{F}=2 A_{i}$ <br> see Figs 18, 19 and 20 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.98 \\ & 1.05 \\ & 1.25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & v \\ & v \\ & v \end{aligned}$ |
| $V_{(B R) R}$ | reverse avalanche breakdown voltage <br> BYV27-50 <br> BYV27-100 <br> BYV27-150 <br> BYV27-200 <br> BYV27-300 <br> BYV27-400 <br> BYV27-500 <br> BYV27-600 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}=0.1 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ 110 \\ 165 \\ 220 \\ 330 \\ 440 \\ 560 \\ 675 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & v \\ & v \\ & v \\ & v \\ & v \\ & v \\ & v \\ & v \\ & v \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | reverse current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RRMmax}}$; see Fig. 21 | - | - | 5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {RRMmax }}$; <br> $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}=165^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; see Fig. 21 | - | - | 150 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |


| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {rr }}$ | reverse recovery time BYV27-50 to 200 BYV27-300 to 600 | when switched from $I_{F}=0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ to $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}=1 \mathrm{~A}$; measured at $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}=0.25 \mathrm{~A}$; see Fig. 27 | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{d}}$ | diode capacitance <br> BYV27-50 to 200 <br> BYV27-300 and 400 <br> BYV27-500 and 600 | $\begin{aligned} & f=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; V_{R}=0 ; \\ & \text { see Figs } 22,23 \text { and } 24 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ 80 \\ 65 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | - | pF <br> pF <br> pF |
| $\left\|\frac{d l_{\mathrm{R}}}{\mathrm{dt}}\right\|$ | maximum slope of reverse recovery current | when switched from $I_{F}=1 \mathrm{~A}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}} \geq 30 \mathrm{~V}$ and dif/dt $=-1 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$; see Fig. 26 | - | - | 4 | A $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | VALUE | UNIT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $R_{\text {th }} \mathrm{j}$ tp | thermal resistance from junction to tie-point | lead length $=10 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 46 | KW |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {th } \mathrm{j} \text { a }}$ | thermal resistance from junction to ambient | note 1 | 100 | KW |

