

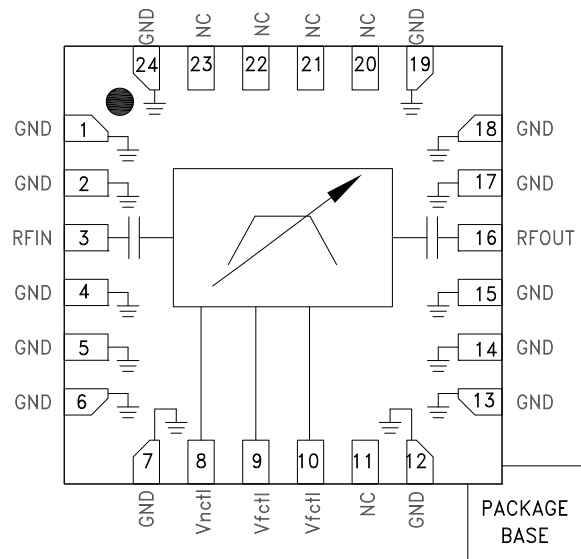


### Typical Applications

The HMC895LP4E is ideal for:

- Test & Measurement Equipment
- Military RADAR & EW/ECM
- SATCOM & Space
- Industrial & Medical Equipment

### Functional Diagram



### Features

- Fast Tuning Response
- Excellent Wideband Rejection
- Tunable low side/high side rejection “notch”
- Single Chip Replacement for Mechanically Tuned Designs
- 24 Lead 4x4 mm SMT Package

### General Description

The HMC895LP4E is a MMIC band pass filter which features a user selectable passband frequency. The 3 dB filter bandwidth is approximately 10%. The 20 dB filter bandwidth is approximately 22%. The center frequency can be varied between 6.8 and 12.6 GHz by applying an analog tune voltage between 0 and 14V. This tunable filter can be used as a much smaller alternative to physically large switched filter banks and cavity tuned filters. The HMC895LP4E has excellent microphonics due to the monolithic design, and provides a dynamically adjustable solution in advanced communications applications.

### Electrical Specifications, $T_A = +25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{fctl} = V_{nctl}$ Unless Otherwise Stated

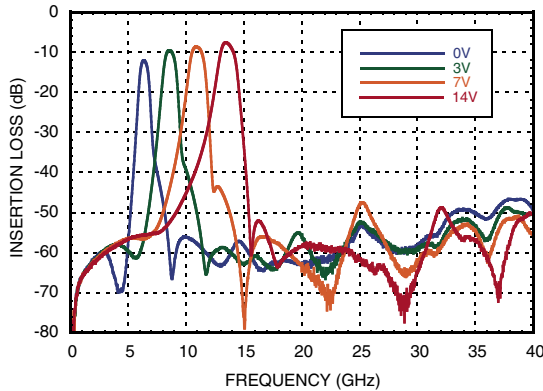
Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$F_{center}$ Tuning Range	6.8		12.6	GHz
3 dB Bandwidth		10		%
Low Side Rejection Frequency (Rejection >20 dB)		$0.88 * F_{center}$		GHz
High Side Rejection Frequency (Rejection >20 dB)		$1.10 * F_{center}$		GHz
Low Side Sub-Harmonic Rejection (Rejection >40 dB)		$0.75 * F_{center}$		GHz
High Side Sub-Harmonic Rejection (Rejection >40 dB)		$1.22 * F_{center}$		GHz
Re-entry Frequency (Rejection <30 dB)		>40		GHz
Insertion Loss		9		dB
Return Loss (2 dB bandwidth)		12		dB
Input IP3 (Pin = 0 to +15 dBm)		28		dBm
Input Power @ 5° Shift In Insertion Phase ( $V_{fctl} = 0V$ )		8		dBm
Input Power @ 5° Shift In Insertion Phase ( $V_{fctl} = 1V$ )		16.5		dBm
Frequency Control Voltage ( $V_{fctl}$ )	0		14	V
Source/Sink Current ( $I_{fctl}$ )			±1	mA
Low Side/High Side Rejection Control Voltage ( $V_{nctl}$ )	0		14	V
Source/Sink current ( $I_{nctl}$ )			±1	mA
Residual Phase Noise [1] (100 kHz Offset)		-155		dBc/Hz
$F_{center}$ Drift Rate		-1.0		MHz/°C
Tuning Speed, Phase Settling to within $10^\circ$ [2]		<200		ns

[1] Optimum residual phase noise performance requires the use of a low noise driver circuit.

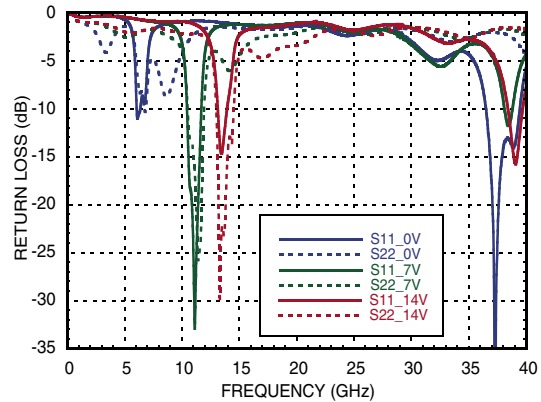
[2] Tuning speed includes 40 ns tuning voltage ramp from driver.

## FILTER - TUNABLE, BAND PASS SMT 6.8 - 12.6 GHz

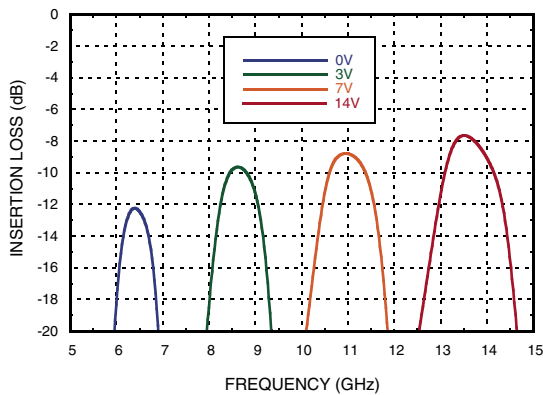
**Broadband Insertion Loss, Vfctl = Vnctl**



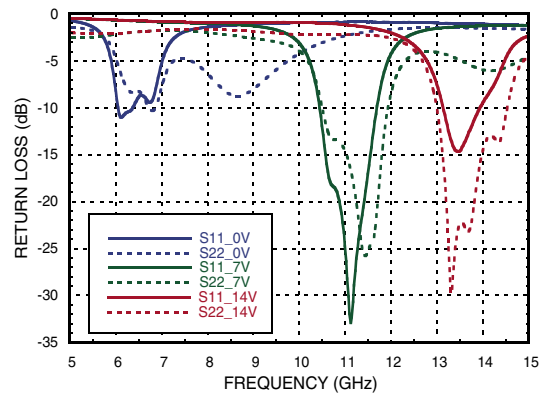
**Broadband Return Loss, Vfctl = Vnctl**



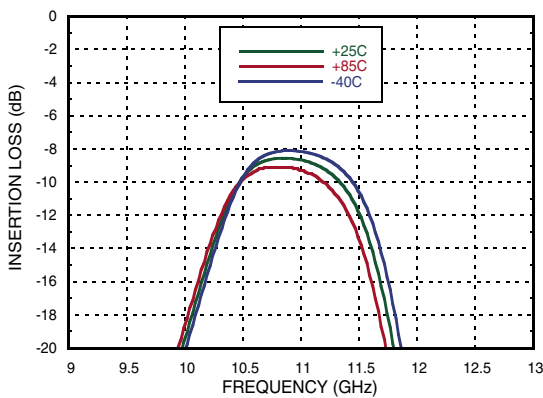
**Insertion Loss, Vfctl = Vnctl**



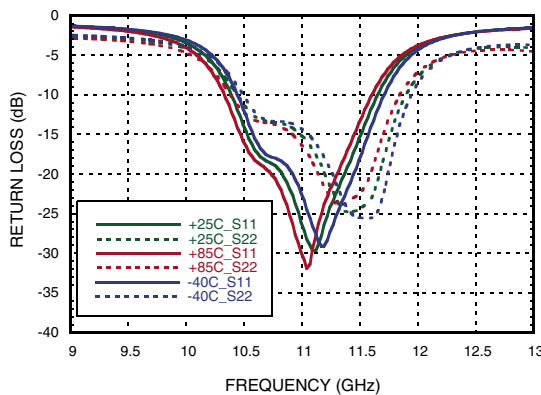
**Return Loss Vfctl, = Vnctl**



**Insertion Loss vs. Temperature  
Vfctl = Vnctl = 7V**



**Return Loss vs. Temperature  
Vfctl = Vnctl = 7V**



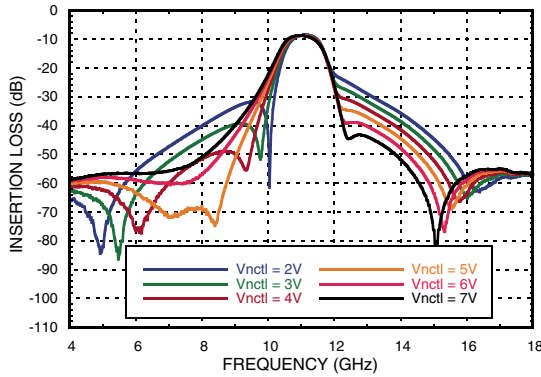
## FILTER - TUNABLE, BAND PASS SMT 6.8 - 12.6 GHz



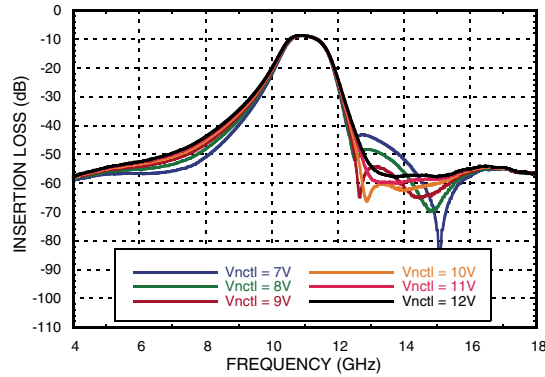
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FILTERS - TUNABLE - SMT

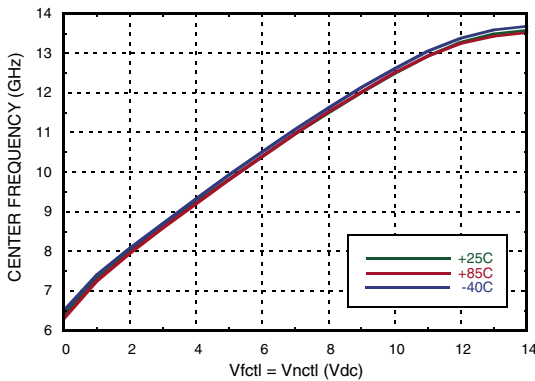
**Insertion Loss vs. Vnctl, Low Side**  
Vfctl = 7V



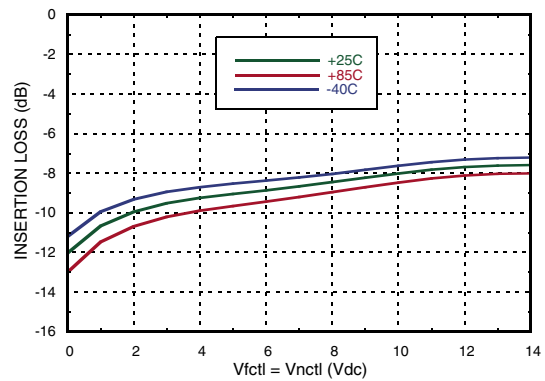
**Insertion Loss vs. Vnctl, High Side**  
Vfctl = 7V



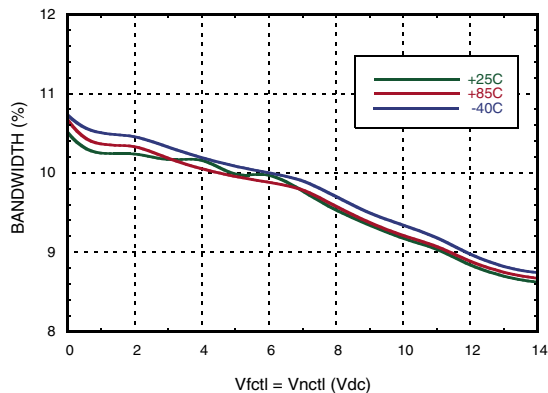
**Center Frequency vs. Temperature,**  
Vfctl = Vnctl



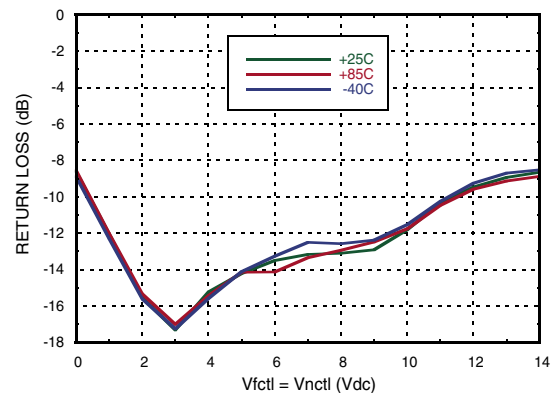
**Insertion Loss vs. Temperature,**  
Vfctl = Vnctl



**3 dB Bandwidth vs. Temperature,**  
Vfctl = Vnctl



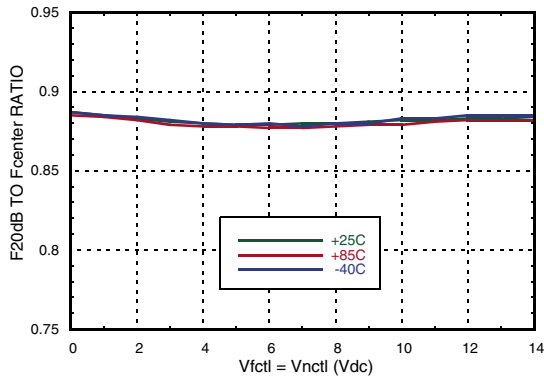
**Input Return Loss in a 2 dB Bandwidth**  
vs. Temperature, Vfctl = Vnctl



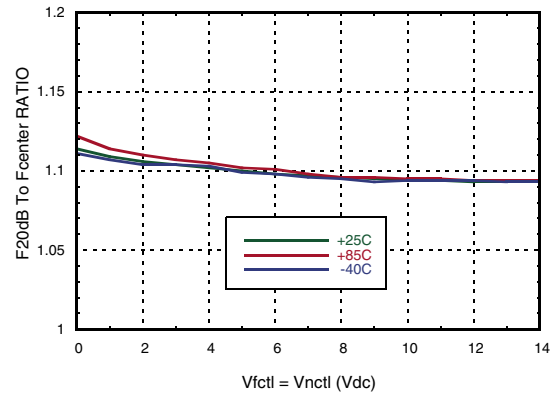


## FILTER - TUNABLE, BAND PASS SMT 6.8 - 12.6 GHz

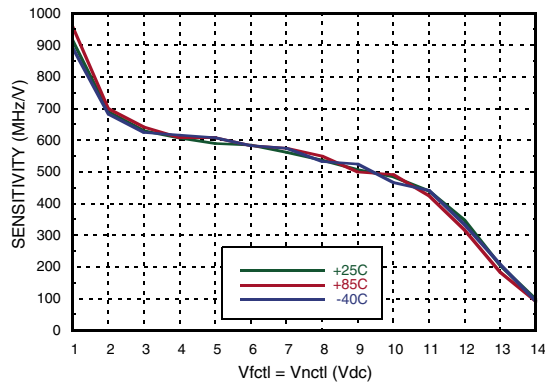
**Low Side Rejection Ratio vs. Temperature [1]**



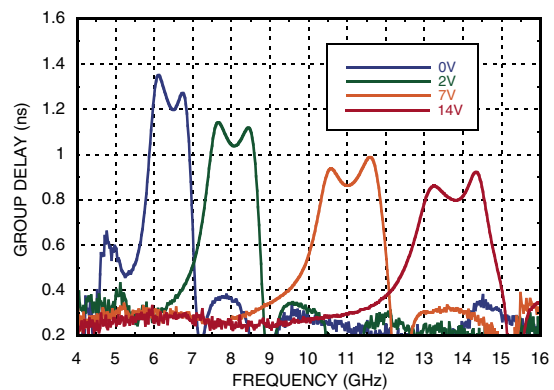
**High Side Rejection Ratio vs. Temperature [1]**



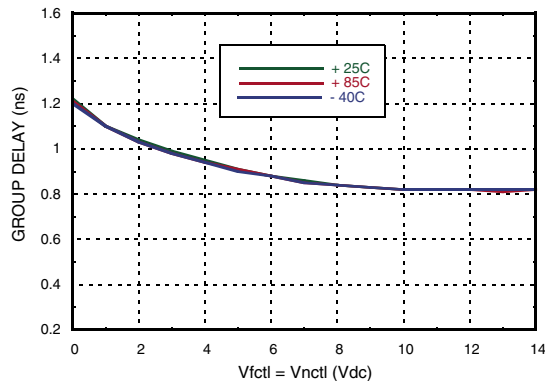
**Tuning Sensitivity vs. Temperature**



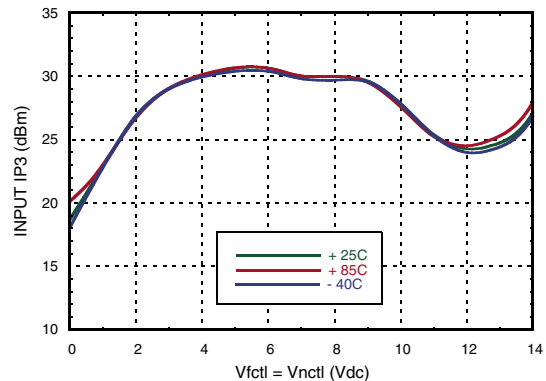
**Group Delay vs. Frequency**



**Group Delay vs. Fcenter vs. Temperature**

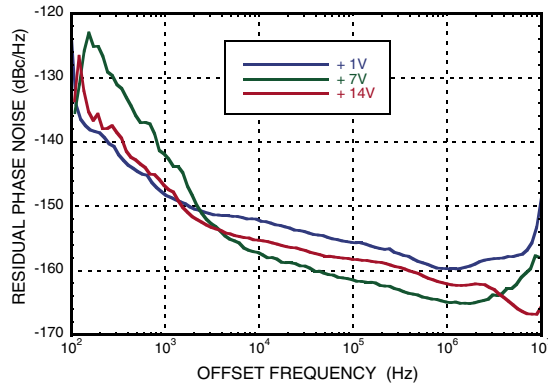


**Input IP3 vs. Temperature**

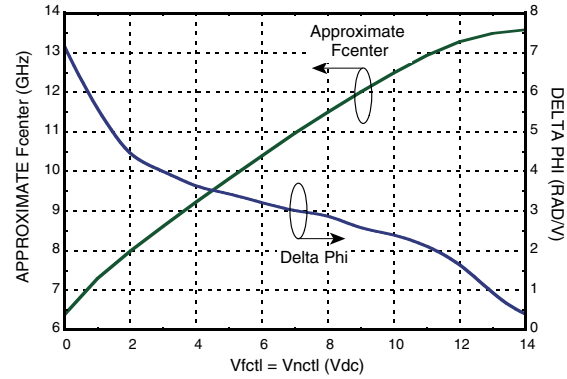


[1] Rejection ratio is defined as the ratio of the frequency at which the relative insertion loss is 20 dB to  $f_{center}$

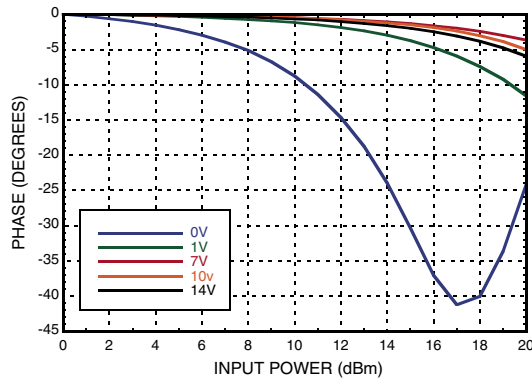
### Residual Phase Noise, Vfctl = Vnctl



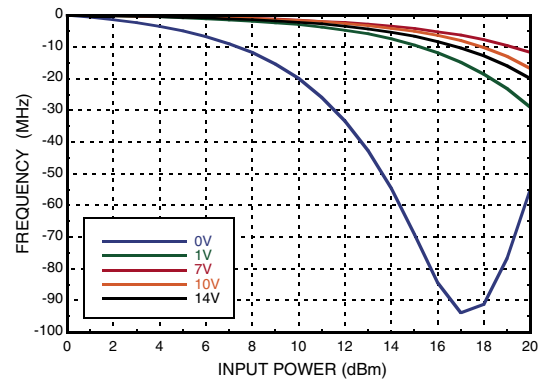
### Phase Sensitivity vs. Vfctl



### Insertion Phase Shift vs. Input Power Vfctl = Vnctl



### Fcenter vs. Input Power Vfctl = Vnctl



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

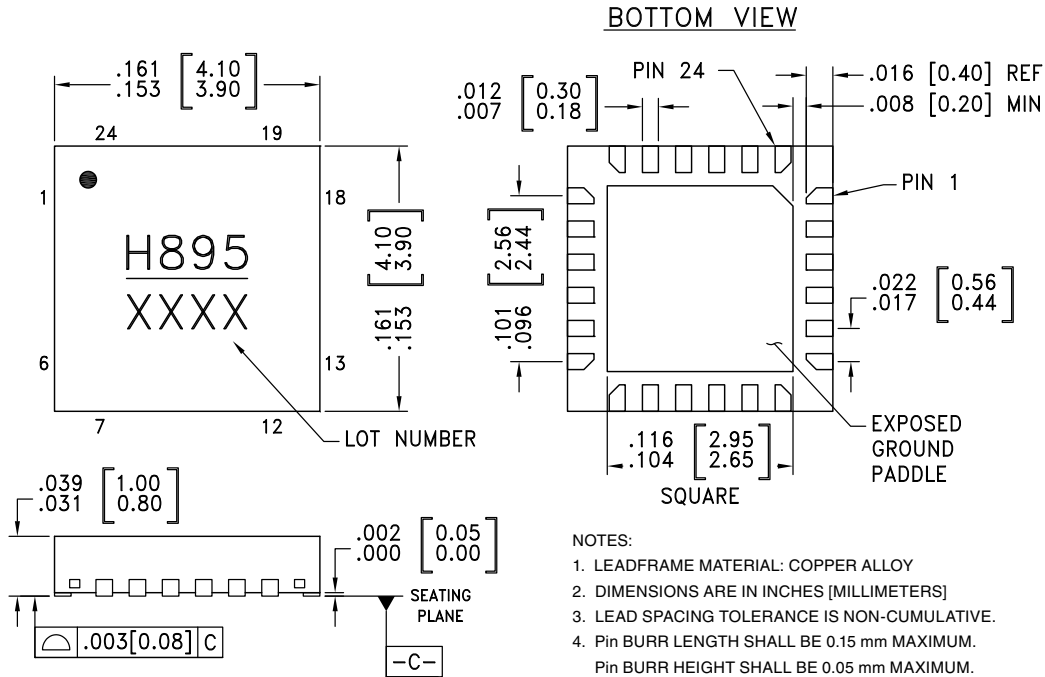
Frequency Control Voltage (Vfctl)	-0.5 to +15V
Notch Control Voltage (Vnctl)	-0.5 to +15V
RF Power Input	27 dBm
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150 °C
ESD Sensitivity (HBM)	150V

### Reliability Information

Junction Temperature to Maintain 1 Million Hour MTTF	150 °C
Nominal Junction Temperature (T= 85 °C and Pin = 27 dBm)	103 °C
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85 °C



**ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICE  
OBSERVE HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

**Outline Drawing**

**Package Information**

Part Number	Package Body Material	Lead Finish	MSL Rating	Package Marking <sup>[1]</sup>
HMC895LP4E	RoHS-compliant Low Stress Injection Molded Plastic	100% matte Sn	MSL1 <sup>[2]</sup>	H895 XXXX

[1] 4-Digit lot number XXXX

[2] Max peak reflow temperature of 260 °C



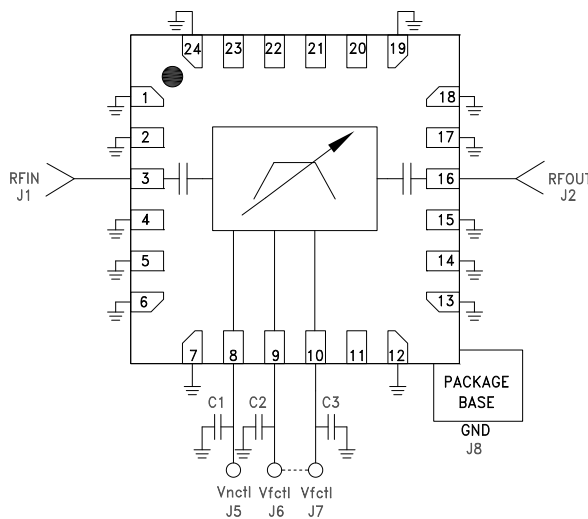
## FILTER - TUNABLE, BAND PASS SMT 6.8 - 12.6 GHz

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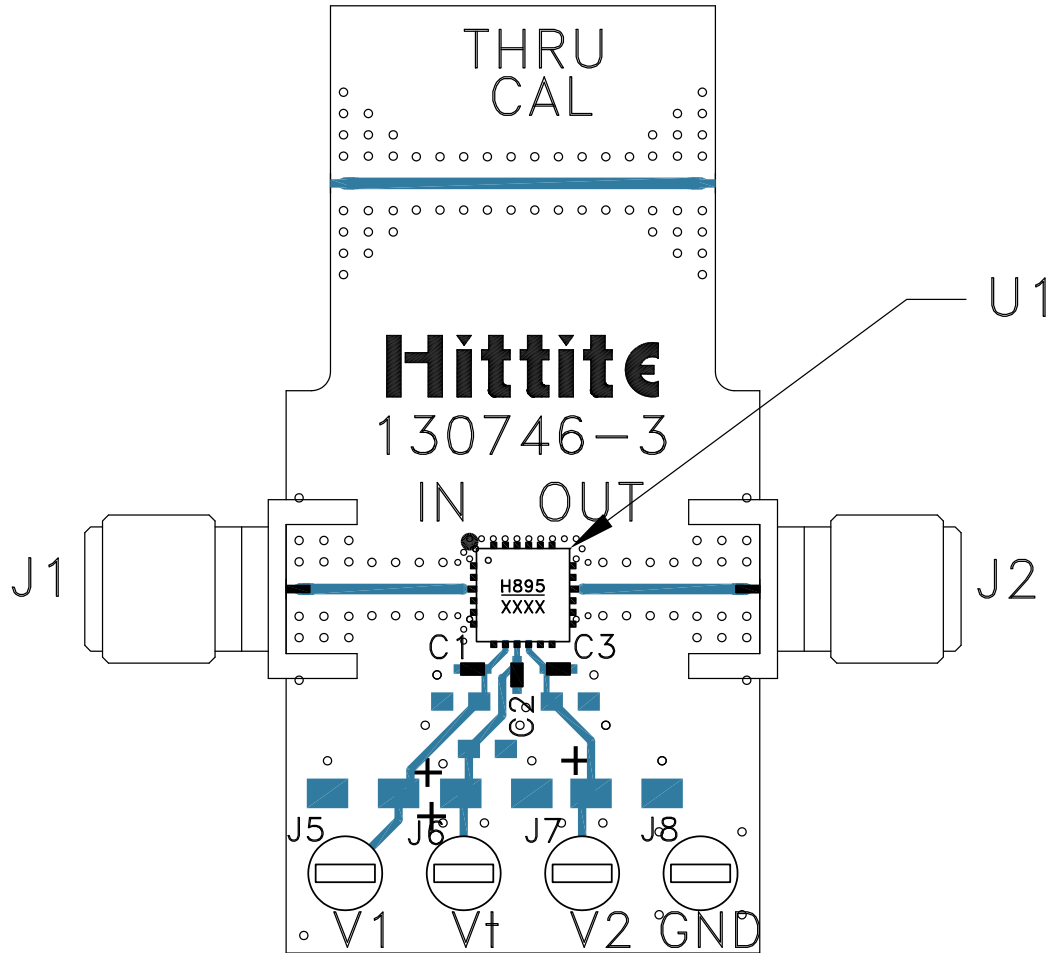
### Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1, 2, 4 - 7, 12 - 15, 17 - 19, 24	GND	These pins and exposed paddle must be connected to RF/DC ground.	
11, 20 - 23	NC	The pins are not connected internally; however, all data shown herein was measured with these pins connected to RF/DC ground externally	
3	RFIN	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms.	
8	Vnctl	Low side/high side notch control voltage	
9	Vfctl	Center frequency control voltage. For proper operation Pins 9 and 10 must be connected together externally.	
10	Vfctl	Center frequency control voltage. For proper operation Pins 9 and 10 must be connected together externally.	
16	RFOUT	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms.	

### Application Circuit



NOTE: FOR PROPER OPERATION PINS 9 AND 10 MUST BE CONNECTED TOGETHER EXTERNALLY.

**Evaluation PCB**

**List of Materials for Evaluation PCB 129736 [1]**

Item	Description
J1, J2	Connector, SMA, Female
J5, J6, J7, J8	DC Pin
C1, C2, C3	100 pF Capacitor, 0402 Pkg.
U1	HMC895LP4E Filter - Tunable
PCB [2]	130746 Evaluation PCB

[1] Reference this number when ordering complete evaluation PCB

[2] Circuit Board Material: Arlon 25FR or Rogers 25FR

The circuit board used in the application should use RF circuit design techniques. Signal lines should have 50 Ohms impedance while the package ground leads and exposed paddle should be connected directly to the ground plane similar to that shown. A sufficient number of via holes should be used to connect the top and bottom ground planes. The evaluation circuit board shown is available from Hittite upon request.