

## Descriptions

The S1117 series of positive adjustable and fixed regulators are designed to provide 1A output differential. All internal circuitry is designed to operate down to 1.3V input to output differential. On-chip trimming adjusts reference voltage to 2%

## Features

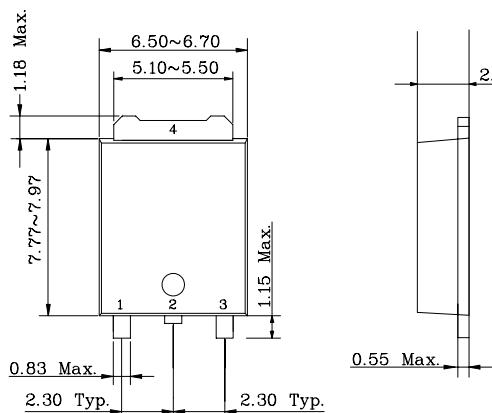
- Adjustable or Fixed output
- Output Current of 1A
- Low Dropout, 1.3V maximum at 1A Output Current
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Fast Transient Response

## Ordering Information

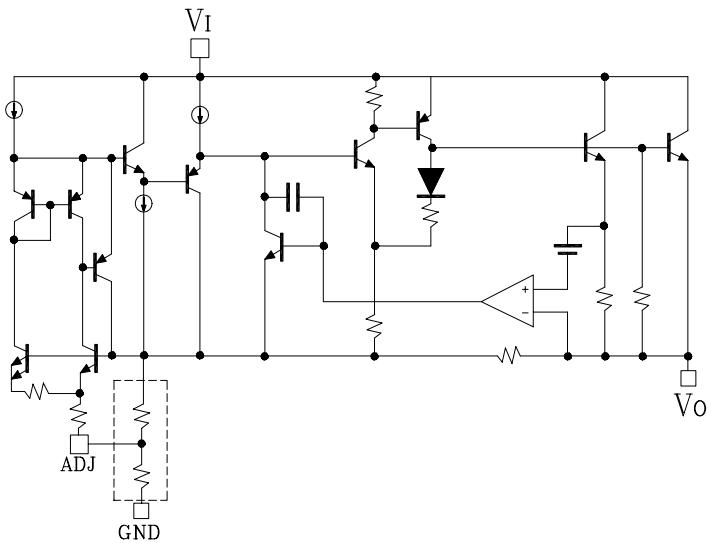
Type NO.	Marking	Package Code
S1117AD/S1117xxD	S1117□□D/S1117□□□D	D-PAK

□□:Voltage Code (Aj : 1.25V, 15:1.5V,:18: 1.8V, 25:2.5V, 33:3.3V, 50:5.0V)  
□□□:Voltage Code (285:2.85V)

**Outline Dimensions** (Unit : mm )



**BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### PIN Connections

1. GND/ADJ
- 2,4 Output voltage
3. Input voltage

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Ta=25°C

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	16	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D1</sub> (Note1)	4.5	W
	P <sub>D2</sub> (Note2)	1.5	
Junction Temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 ~ 150	°C

Note 1 : Mounted on a glass epoxy circuit board of 50.8 x 50.8mm. (at 1oz copper area)

Note 2 : No Heat sink

**Device Selection Guide (NOTE3)**

Device	Output Voltage
S1117-AD	Adjustable
S1117-15D	1.5V
S1117-18D	1.8V
S1117-25D	2.5V
S1117-285D	2.85V
S1117-33D	3.3V
S1117-50D	5.0V

Note 3 : Other fixed versions are available Vo=1.5V to 5V

## Electrical Characteristics

(Electrical Characteristics at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V})$ ,  $I_L = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,  $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$  unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Device	Test Condition		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage	$V_O$	S1117A	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}), I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$		1.225	1.25	1.275	V
			$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}) \text{ to } 7\text{V}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 1000 \text{ mA}$	*	1.200		1.300	
		S1117-15	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}), I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$		1.470	1.5	1.530	
			$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}) \text{ to } 7\text{V}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 1000 \text{ mA}$	*	1.440		1.560	
		S1117-18	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}), I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$		1.764	1.8	1.836	
			$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}) \text{ to } 7\text{V}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 1000 \text{ mA}$	*	1.728		1.872	
		S1117-25	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}), I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$		2.450	2.5	2.550	
			$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}) \text{ to } 7\text{V}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 1000 \text{ mA}$	*	2.400		2.600	
		S1117-285	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}), I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$		2.793	2.85	2.907	
			$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}) \text{ to } 7\text{V}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 1000 \text{ mA}$	*	2.736		2.964	
		S1117-33	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}), I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$		3.234	3.3	3.366	
			$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}) \text{ to } 7\text{V}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 1000 \text{ mA}$	*	3.168		3.432	
		S1117-50	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}), I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$		4.900	5.0	5.100	
			$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}) \text{ to } 7\text{V}$ $I_O = 0 \text{ to } 1000 \text{ mA}$	*	4.800		5.200	
Line Regulation (Note4)	$\Delta V_O(\Delta V_I)$	All	$1.5\text{V} \leq V_I - V_O \leq 7\text{V}$ $I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$		-	5	10	mV
Load Regulation (Note4)	$\Delta V_O(\Delta I_L)$	All	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V})$ $I_O = 10 \text{ mA} \sim 1000 \text{ mA}$		-	10	30	mV
Quiescent Current	$I_{QC}$	All	$V_I = V_O + 1.5\text{V}$ $V_{ADJ} = 0\text{V}$	*	-	7	13	mA
Minimum Load Current	$I_{L(MIN)}$	S1117A	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}), V_O = 0\text{V}$	*		3	7	mA
Adjust Pin Current	$I_{ADJ}$	S1117A	$V_I = (V_O + 1.5\text{V}) \text{ to } 7\text{V}$ $I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$	*		55	90	µA
Dropout Voltage (Note6)	$V_{DROP}$	All	$I_O = 1000 \text{ mA}$	*	-	1.2	1.3	V
Ripple Rejection (Note5)	RR	All	$V_I - V_O = 1.5\text{V}, I_O = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $V_{Ripple} = 1\text{V}_{P-P}, f = 120 \text{ Hz}$		60	72	-	dB
Current Limit	$I_{LIMIT}$	All	$(V_I - V_O) = 1.5\text{V}$	*	1			A

The \* denotes the specifications which apply over the full temperature range.

Note 4: Low duty pulse testing with Kelvin connections required.

Note 5: 120 Hz input ripple ( $C_{ADJ}$  for  $ADJ=25 \mu\text{F}$ )

Note 6:  $\Delta V_O = 1\%$

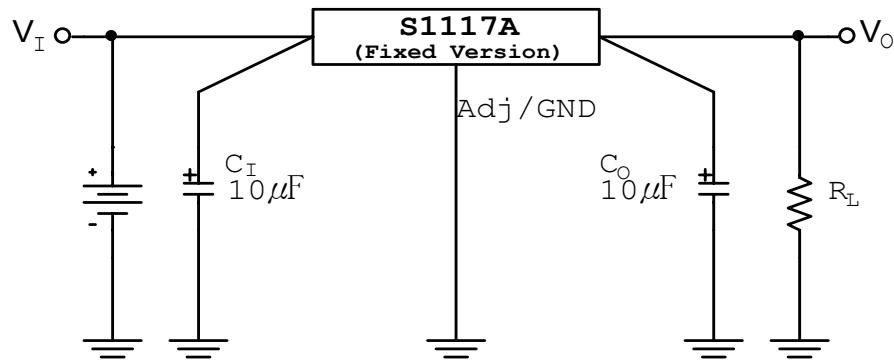
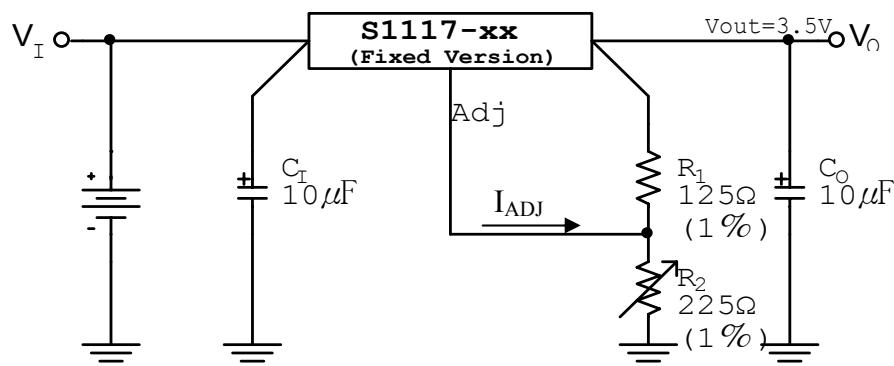
**■ Typical Applications**

Fig. 1 Fixed Voltage Regulator



$$V_O = V_{ADJ} * (1 + R_2/R_1) + I_{ADJ} * R_2$$

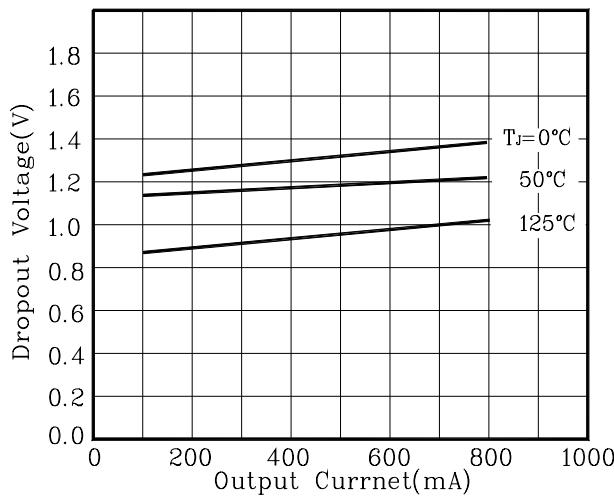
Fig. 2 Adjustable Voltage Regulator

Notes:

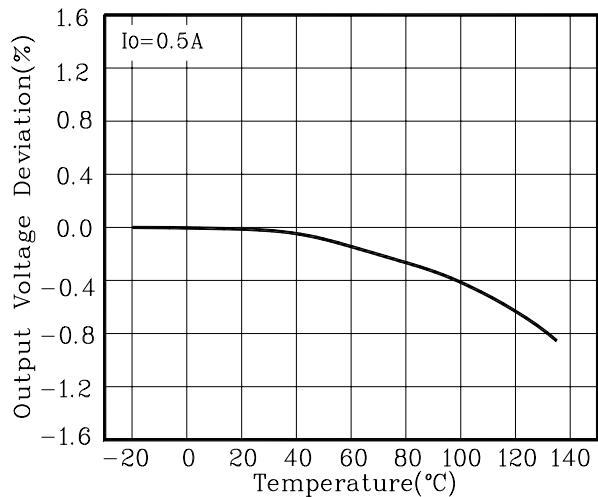
- 1)  $C_I$  needed if device is far from filter capacitors
- 2)  $C_O$  minimum value required for stability

## Electrical Characteristic Curves

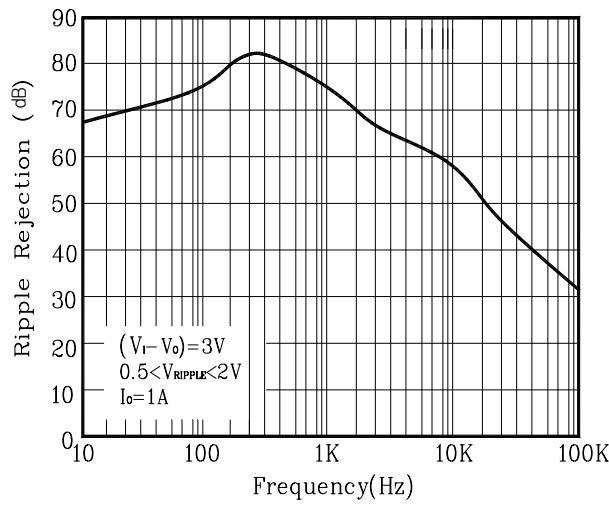
**Fig. 3**  $V_{DROP}$  vs.  $I_{OUT}$



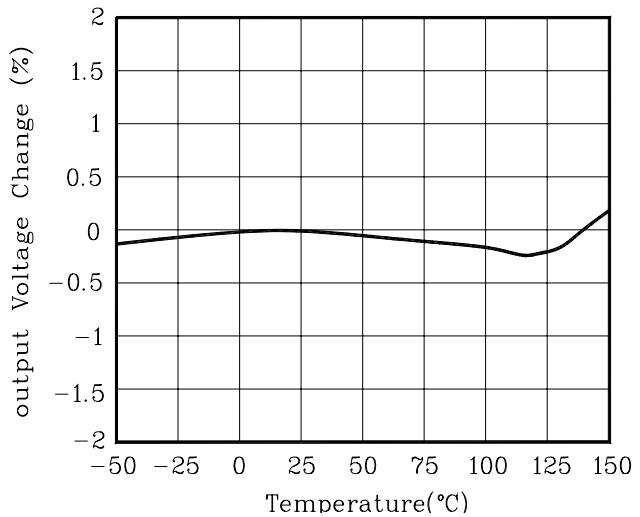
**Fig. 4**  $\Delta V_{OUT}$  vs.  $T_a$



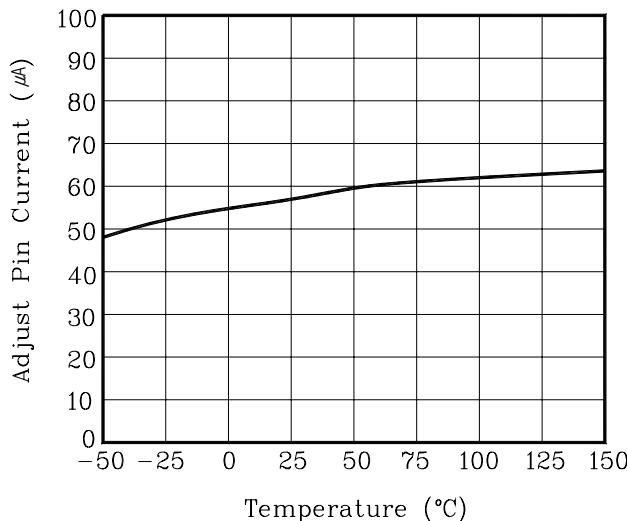
**Fig. 5** RR vs. Frequency



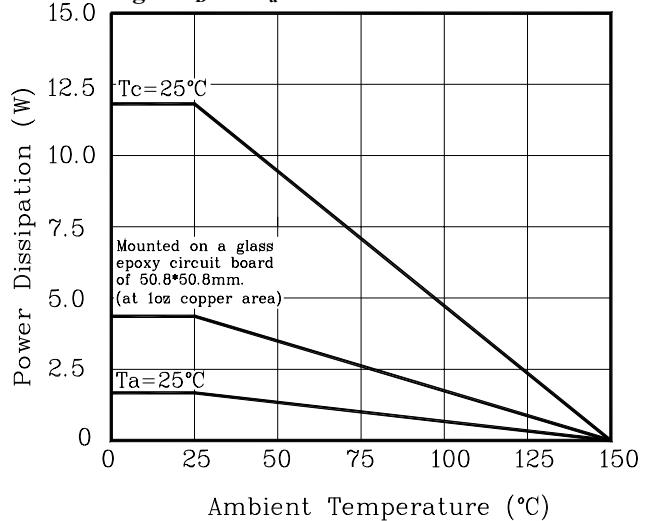
**Fig. 6** Temperature Stability



**Fig. 7**  $I_{ADJ}$  vs.  $T_a$



**Fig. 8**  $P_D$  vs.  $T_a$



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