

DS1647/DS3647, DS1677/DS3677, DS16147/DS36147, DS16177/DS36177 Quad TRI-STATE® MOS Memory I/O Registers

General Description

The DS1647/DS3647 series are 4-bit I/O buffer registers intended for use in MOS memory systems. The circuits employ a fall-through latch for data storage. This method of latching captures the data in parallel with the output, thus eliminating the delays encountered in other designs. The circuits use Schottky-clamped transistor logic for minimum propagation delay and employ PNP input transistors-so that input currents are low, allowing large fan-out to these circuits needed in a memory system.

Two pins per bit are provided, and data transfer is bidirectional so that the register can handle both input and output data. The direction of data flow is controlled through the input enables. The latch control, when taken low, will cause the register to hold the data present at that time and display it at the outputs. Data can be latched into the register independent of the output disables or EXPANSION input. Either or both of the outputs may be taken to the high-impedance state with the output disables. The EXPANSION pin disables both outputs to facilitate multiplexing with other I/O registers on the same data lines.

The "B" port outputs in the DS16147/DS36147 and DS16177/DS36177 are open collectors, and in the

DS1647/DS3647 and DS1677/DS3677 they are TRI-STATE. The "B" port outputs are also designed for use in bus organized data transmission systems and can sink 80 mA and source -5.2 mA. The "A" port outputs in all four types are TRI-STATE.

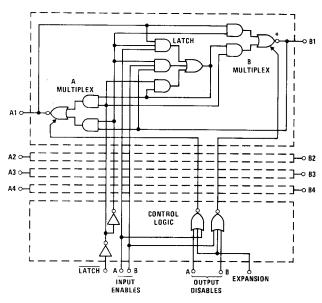
Memory Support

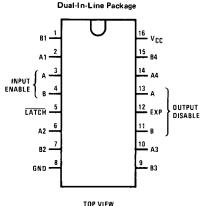
Data going from port "A" to port "B" is inverted in the DS1647/DS3647 and DS16147/DS36147 and is not inverted in the DS1677/DS3677 and DS16177/DS36177. Data going from port "B" to port "A" is inverted in all four types.

Features

- PNP inputs minimize loading
- Fall-through latch design
- Propagation delay of only 15 ns
- TRI-STATE outputs
- EXPANSION control
- Bi-directional data flow
- TTL compatible
- Transmission line driver output

Logic and Connection Diagrams





Order Number DS1647D, DS3647D, DS1677D, DS3677D, DS16147D, DS36147D, DS16177D, DS36177D, DS3647N, DS3677N, DS36147N or DS36177N
See NS Package D16A or N16A

^{*}Inverting DS1647/DS3647 and DS16147/DS36147 only

Absolute Maximum F	Operating Conditions					
			MIN	MAX	UNITS	
Supply Voltage	7 V	Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	4.5	5.5	V	
Input Voltage	-1.5V to +7V	Temperature (TA)				
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	DS1647, DS1677, DS16147,	-5 5	+125	°C	
Maximum Power Dissipation* at 25°C		DS16177				
Cavity Package	1509 mW	DS3647, DS3677, DS36147,	0	+70	°C	
Molded Package	1476 mW	D\$36177				

300° C

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)

Electrical Characteristics (Notes 2 and 3)

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
VIN(1) Logic "1" Input Voltage				2.0			V
VIN(0)	Logic "0" Input Voltage					0.8	٧
JIN(1)	Logic "1" Input Current		Latch, Disable Inputs		0.1	40	μΑ
		V 55V V 55V	Expansion		0.2	80	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 5.5V, V_{IN} = 5.5V$	A Ports, B Ports		0.2	100	μА
			Enable Inputs		0.4	200	μΑ
¹ IN(0)	Logic "0" Input Current		Latch, Disable Inputs		-25	-250	μΑ
11110)			Expansion		-50	-500	μΑ
	,	$V_{CC} = 5.5V, V_{IN} = 0.5V$	A Ports, B Ports		<i>-</i> -50	-500	μΑ
			Enable, Inputs		− 0.1	-1.25	mA
VCLAMP	Input Clamp Voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5V, I _{IN} = -18 mA			-0.6	-1.2	٧
VOL(A)	Logic "0" Output Voltage A Ports	V _{CC} = 4.5V, I _{OL} = 20 mA			0.4	0.5	٧
VOL(B)	Logic "0" Output Voltage		IOL = 30 mA		0.3	0.4	٧
*OL(B)	B Ports	V _{CC} = 4.5V	I _{OL} = 50 mA		0.4	0.5	V
Voh(A)	Logic "1" Output Voltage		V _{CC} = 5V	3.0	3.4		V
0.11,71,7	A Ports	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{CC} = 4.5V	2.5	3.4		· V
Vон(в)	Logic "1" Output Voltage		V _{CC} = 5V	2.9	3.3		٧
VOH(B)	B Ports	IOH = -5.2 mA, (Note 4)	V _{CC} = 4.5V	2.4	3.3		V
IOS(A)	Output Short-Circuit Current A Port	V _{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V, V _{OUT} = 0V, (Note 5)		-30	50	-100	mA
IOS(B)	Output Short-Circuit Current B Port	V _{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V, V _{OUT} = 0V, (Notes 4 and 5)			-60	-100	mA
¹cc	Power Supply Current	Exp = 3V. A Ports = 0V.	DS1647, DS16147		100	110	mA
,,,,	Total Supply Surrout	B Ports Open, All Other Pins = 0V	DS3647, DS36147		100	140	mA
		Enable A, Latch = 3V, A Ports =	DS1647, DS16147		70	80	mA
		0V, B Ports Open, All Other Pins = 0V	DS3647, DS36147		70	105	mA
		Exp = 3V, A Ports = 0V,	DS1677, DS16177		105	115	mA
		B Ports Open, All Other Pins = 0V	DS3677, DS36177		105	145	mA
		Enable A, Latch, A Ports = 3V,	DS1677, DS16177		75	85	mA
		B Ports Open, All Other Pins = 0V	DS3677, DS36177		75	110	mA

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. Except for "Operating Temperature Range" they are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" provides conditions for actual device operation.

^{*}Derate cavity package 10.1 mW/° C above 25° C; derate molded package 11.8 mW/° C above 25° C.

Note 2: Unless otherwise specified min/max limits apply across the -55°C to +125°C temperature range for the DS1647, DS1677, DS16147, DS16177 and across the 0°C to +70°C range for the DS3647, DS3677, DS36147, DS36177. All typicals are given for V_{CC} = 5V and T_A = 25°C.

Note 3: All currents into device pins shown as positive, out of device pins as negative, all voltages referenced to ground unless otherwise noted.

Note 4: Not applicable to DS16147/DS36147 or DS16177/DS36177.

Note 5: Only one output at a time should be shorted.

Switching Characteristics ($V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$)

DATA	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	TRANSFER B PORT TO A PORT, A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
tpd0	Propagation Delay to a Logic "0"	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 280 \Omega,$ (Figures 1 and 4)		7.5	15	ns
^t pd1	Propagation Delay to a Logic "1"	C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 280 Ω , (Figures 1 and 4)		6.0	12	ns
A POR	T CONTROL FROM OUTPUT DISA		-L		I	
tLZ	Delay to High Impedance from	(Figures 1 and 5)	1	12	20	
	Logic "0"	ir igui es i aiiu 3)		13	20	ns
tHZ	Delay to High Impedance from Logic "1"	(Figures 1 and 6)		14	20	ns
tZL	Delay to Logic "0" from High Impedance	(Figures 1 and 7)		10	15	ns
tZH	Delay to Logic "1" from High Impedance	(Figures 1 and 8)		25	35	ns
DATA	TRANSFER A PORT TO B PORT, D	S1647/DS3647	1	L	1	
t _{pd} 0	Propagation Delay to a Logic "0"	$C_L = 50 pF, R_L = 100 \Omega,$ (Figures 2 and 4)		6.5	12	ns
^t pd1	Propagation Delay to a Logic "1"	CL = 50 pF, RL = 100 Ω , (Figures 2 and 4)		8.0	15	ns
DATA	TRANSFER A PORT TO B PORT, D	\$1677/D\$3677		-		
[†] pd0	Propagation Delay to a Logic "0"	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 100 \Omega,$ (Figures 2 and 4)		12.5	20	ns
^t pd1	Propagation Delay to a Logic "1"	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 100 \Omega,$ (Figures 2 and 4)		8.5	15	ns
DATA	TRANSFER A PORT TO B PORT DS		1	<u></u>	<u> </u>	
tpd0	Propagation Delay to a Logic "0"	C _L = 50 pF, (Figures 3 and 4)		18	25	ns
t _{pd1}	Propagation Delay to a Logic "1"	C _L = 50 pF, (Figures 3 and 4)	 			
	TRANSFER A PORT TO B PORT, D		<u> </u>	7.0	15	ns
t _{pd} 0	Propagation Delay to a Logic "0"	C _L = 50 pF, (Figures 3 and 4)		13.5	21	ns
^t pd1	Propagation Delay to a Logic "1"	C _L = 50 pF, (Figures 3 and 4)	L	18	25	ns
B POR	CONTROL FROM OUTPUT DISAB	LE B INPUT, DS1647/DS3647, DS	S1677/DS36	77		
tLZ	Delay to High Impedance from Logic "0"	(Figures 2 and 5)		15	25	ns
[†] HZ	Delay to High Impedance from Logic "1"	(Figures 2 and 6)		14	20	ns
[†] ZL	Delay to Logic "0" from High Impedance	(Figures 2 and 7)		10	16	ns
^t ZH	Delay to Logic "1" from High Impedance	(Figures 2 and 8)		25	35	ns
B PORT	CONTROL FROM OUTPUT DISAB	LE B INPUT, DS16147/DS36147,	DS16177/D	36177		
tLZ	Delay to High Impedance from Logic "O"	(Figures 3 and 5)		15	25	ns
^t ZL	Delay to Logic "0" from High Impedance	(Figures 3 and 7)		11	17	ns
LATCH	SET-UP AND HOLD TIMES, ALL D	EVICES	·	I		
SET-UP	Set-Up Time of Data Input Before Latch Goes Low		10	0		ns
HOLD	Hold Time of Data Input After Latch Goes Low		0			ns

Product Description

DEVICE NUMBER	B PORT TO A PORT FUNCTION	A PORT TO B PORT FUNCTION	A PORT OUTPUTS	B PORT OUTPUTS	
DS1647/DS3647	Inverting	Inverting	TRI-STATE	TRI-STATE	
DS1677/DS3677	Inverting	Non-Inverting	TRI-STATE	TRI-STATE	
DS16147/DS36147	Inverting	Inverting	TRI-STATE	Open-Collector	
DS16177/DS36177	Inverting	Non-Inverting	TRI-STATE	Open-Collector	

Truth Table

INPUT E	NABLES	LATCH	OUTPUT	DISABLES		A PORTS	B PORTS B1-B4	B PORTS B1-B4	
А	В	LAICH	А	В	EXPANSION	ALL DEVICES	DS1647, DS16147 DS3647, DS36147	D\$1677, D\$16177 D\$3677, D\$36177	COMMENTS
1	0	1	0	0	0	Hi-Z	Ā	A	Data In on A, output to B
0	1	1	0	0	0	B	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Data In on B, output to A
1	0	0	0	0	0	Hi-Z	Ā	A	Data stored which is present when latch goes low
0	1	0	0	0	0	B	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Data stored which is present when latch goes low
1	0	×	0	1	0	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Both A and B in Hi-Z state, Data In on A, may be latched
0	1	х	1	0	0	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Both A and B in Hi-Z state, Data In on B, may be latched
×	×	х	×	×	1	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Both A and B in Hi-Z state

AC Test Circuits

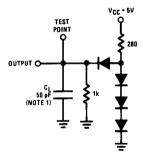


FIGURE 1. A Port Load, All Circuits

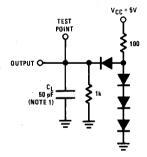


FIGURE 2. B Port Load, DS3647, DS3677

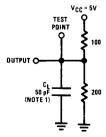
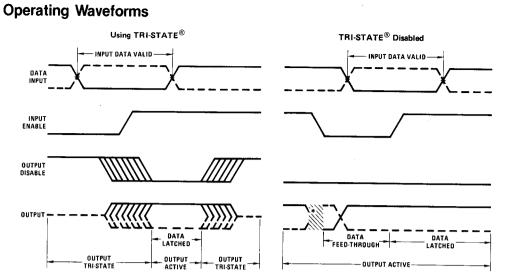


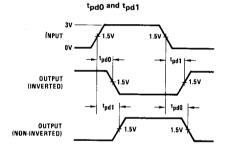
FIGURE 3. B Port Load, DS36147, DS36177

Note 1: C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.



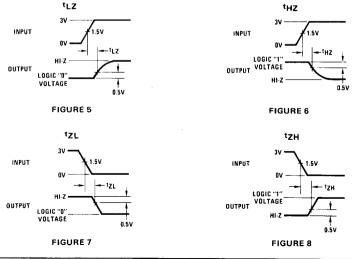
^{*}When the Input Enable makes a negative transition, the output will be indeterminate for a short duration. The negative transition of the Input Enable normally occurs during a don't-care timing state at the output.

Switching Time Waveforms



Input Characteristics: f = 1 MHz, t_R = $t_F \le 5$ ns (10% to 90% points), duty cycle = 50%, Z_{OUT} = 50 Ω

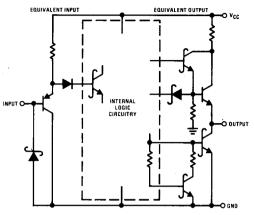
FIGURE 4



Schematic Diagram

Typical Application

The diagram below shows how the DS3677 can be used as a register capable of multiplexing data lines.



Note. Data pins A1—A4 and B1—B4 consist of an input and an output tied together.

