18Mb DDRII SRAM Specification

165FBGA with Pb & Pb-Free (RoHS compliant)

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Document Title

512Kx36-bit, 1Mx18-bit DDR II SIO b2 SRAM

Revision History

Rev. No.	<u>History</u>				Draft Date	<u>Remark</u>
0.0	1. Initial documen	t.			Dec. 16, 2002	Advance
0.1	1. Change the JT/	AG Block diagran	n		Dec. 26, 2002	Preliminary
0.2	1. Add the speed	bin (-25)		Jan. 27, 2003	Preliminary	
0.3	Correct the JTA Correct the AC		Max value)	Mar. 20, 2003	Preliminary	
0.4	1. Change the Ma 2. Correct the 165	•		April. 4, 2003	Preliminary	
0.5	1. Add the power 2. Update the DC 3. Change the Ma	current paramete	er (Icc and Isb).		June. 20, 2003	Preliminary
0.6	1. Change the ISE	31.			Oct. 20. 2003	Preliminary
	Speed Bin	From	То			
	-30	200	230			
	-25	180	210			
	-20	160	190			
	-16	140	170			
1.0	1. Final spec relea	ase			Oct. 31, 2003	Final
2.0	1. Delete the x8 C 2. Delete the 300l	•		Nov. 28, 2003	Final	
3.0	1. Add the Industr	rial temp. & Lead		Nov. 10. 2004	Final	
4.0	1. Add the 300MH	Iz speed bin			Mar. 29. 2006	Final
5.0	1. Change Vss/S/	A to NC/SA in Pin	Configuration		Jul. 26 2006	Final

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512Kx36-bit, 1Mx18-bit DDR II SIO b2 SRAM

FEATURES

- 1.8V+0.1V/-0.1V Power Supply.
- DLL circuitry for wide output data valid window and future frequency scaling.
- I/O Supply Voltage 1.5V+0.1V/-0.1V for 1.5V I/O, 1.8V+0.1V/ -0.1V for 1.8V I/O.
- · Separate independent read and write data ports
- · HSTL I/O
- Synchronous pipeline read with self timed late write.
- · Registered address, control and data input/output.
- · Full data coherency, providing most current data.
- DDR (Double Data Rate) Interface on read and write ports.
- Fixed 2-bit burst for both read and write operation.
- · Clock-stop supports to reduce current.
- Two input clocks (K and \overline{K}) for accurate DDR timing at clock rising edges only.
- Two input clocks for output data (C and C) to minimize clock-skew and flight-time mismatches.
- Two echo clocks (CQ and CQ) to enhance output data traceability.
- · Single address bus.
- Byte write (x18, x36) function.
- Simple depth expansion with no data contention.
- Programmable output impedance.
- JTAG 1149.1 compatible test access port.
- 165FBGA(11x15 ball array) with body size of 13mmx15mm.
 & Lead Free
- Operating in commercial and industrial temperature range.

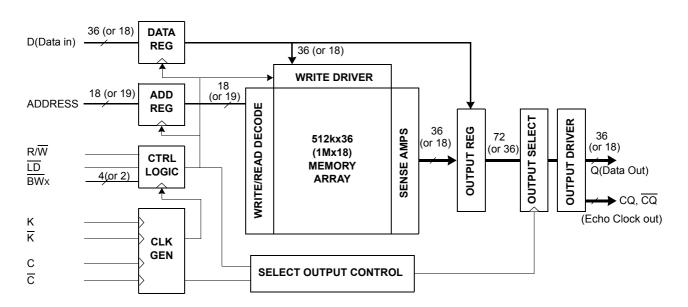
Organization	Part Number	Cycle Time	Access Time	Unit
	K7J163682B-E(F)C(I)25	4.0	0.45	ns
X36	K7J163682B-E(F)C(I)25	4.0	0.45	ns
	K7J163682B-E(F)C(I)20	5.0	0.45	ns
	K7J163682B-E(F)C(I)16	6.0	0.50	ns
	K7J161882B-E(F)C(I)25	4.0	0.45	ns
X18	K7J161882B-E(F)C(I)25	4.0	0.45	ns
	K7J161882B-E(F)C(I)20	5.0	0.45	ns
	K7J161882B-E(F)C(I)16	6.0	0.50	ns

* -E(F)C(I)

E(F) [Package type]: E-Pb Free, F-Pb

C(I) [Operating Temperature]: C-Commercial, I-Industrial

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Notes: 1. Numbers in () are for x18 device



PIN CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW) K7J163682B(512Kx36)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	CQ	NC/SA*	NC/SA*	R/W	BW ₂	K	BW ₁	LD	NC/SA*	NC/SA*	CQ
В	Q27	Q18	D18	SA	BW ₃	K	BW ₀	SA	D17	Q17	Q8
С	D27	Q28	D19	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	D16	Q7	D8
D	D28	D20	Q19	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Q16	D15	D7
E	Q29	D29	Q20	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vddq	Q15	D6	Q6
F	Q30	Q21	D21	VDDQ	Vdd	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	D14	Q14	Q5
G	D30	D22	Q22	VDDQ	Vdd	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	Q13	D13	D5
Н	Doff	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	Vdd	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	D31	Q31	D23	VDDQ	Vdd	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	D12	Q4	D4
K	Q32	D32	Q23	VDDQ	Vdd	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	Q12	D3	Q3
L	Q33	Q24	D24	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	D11	Q11	Q2
М	D33	Q34	D25	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	D10	Q1	D2
N	D34	D26	Q25	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	Q10	D9	D1
Р	Q35	D35	Q26	SA	SA	С	SA	SA	Q9	D0	Q0
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	C	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. * Checked No Connect (NC) pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 3A for 72Mb, 9A for 36Mb, 10A for 144Mb and 2A for 288Mb. 2. \overline{BW}_0 controls write to D0:D8, \overline{BW}_1 controls write to D9:D17, \overline{BW}_2 controls write to D18:D26 and \overline{BW}_3 controls write to D27:D35.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE	
K, K	6B, 6A	Input Clock		
C, C	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1	
CQ, CQ	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock		
Doff	1H	DLL Disable when low		
SA	4B,8B,5C-7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs		
D0-35	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,10N,9M,9L 9J,10G,9F,10D,9C,9B,3B,3C,2D,3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N 1C,1D,2E,1G,1J,2K,1M,1N,2P	Data Inputs		
Q0-35	11P,10M,11L,11K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,9P,9N,10L 9K,9G,10F,9E,9D,10B,2B,3D,3E,2F,3G,3K,2L,3N 3P,1B,2C,1E,1F,2J,1K,1L,2M,1P	·		
R/W	4A	Read, Write Control Pin, Read active when high		
LD	8A	Synchronous Load Pin, bus Cycle sequence is to be defined when low		
BW0, BW1,BW2, BW3	7B,7A,5A,5B	Block Write Control Pin, active when low		
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage		
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2	
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)		
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)		
Vss	4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M, 8M,4N,8N	Ground		
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select		
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input		
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock		
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output		
NC	2A,3A,10A,9A	No Connect	3	

Notes: 1. C, \overline{C} , K or \overline{K} cannot be set to VREF voltage.

^{3.} Not connected to chip pad internally.



 $^{2. \} When \ ZQ \ pin \ is \ directly \ connected \ to \ VDD \ output \ impedance \ is \ set \ to \ minimum \ value \ and \ it \ cannot \ be \ connected \ to \ ground \ or \ left \ unconnected.$

PIN CONFIGURATIONS (TOP VIEW) K7J161882B(1Mx18)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	CQ	Vss/SA*	NC/SA*	R/W	BW ₁	K	NC	LD	SA	Vss/SA*	CQ
В	NC	Q9	D9	SA	NC	K	BW ₀	SA	NC	NC	Q8
С	NC	NC	D10	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	Q7	D8
D	NC	D11	Q10	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	NC	D7
Е	NC	NC	Q11	Vddq	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	D6	Q6
F	NC	Q12	D12	Vddq	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q5
G	NC	D13	Q13	Vddq	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	D5
Н	Doff	VREF	Vddq	Vddq	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	NC	NC	D14	Vddq	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	Q4	D4
K	NC	NC	Q14	Vddq	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	D3	Q3
L	NC	Q15	D15	Vddq	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q2
М	NC	NC	D16	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	Q1	D2
N	NC	D17	Q16	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	NC	D1
Р	NC	NC	Q17	SA	SA	С	SA	SA	NC	D0	Q0
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	C	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. * Checked No Connect (NC) pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 3A for 36Mb, 10A for 72Mb and 2A for 144Mb. 2. $\overline{BW_0}$ controls write to D0:D8 and $\overline{BW_1}$ controls write to D9:D17.

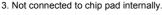
PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, K	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
C, C	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1
CQ, \overline{CQ}	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
Doff	1H	DLL Disable when low	
SA	9A,4B,8B,5C-7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-17	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,3B,3C,2D, 3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N	Data Inputs	
Q0-17	11P,10M,11L,11K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,2B,3D,3E, 2F,3G,3K,2L,3N,3P	Data Outputs	
R/W	4A	Read, Write Control Pin, Read active when high	
LD	8A	Synchronous Load Pin, bus Cycle sequence is to be defined when low	
BW ₀ , BW ₁	7B, 5A	Block Write Control Pin,active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)	
Vss	4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M-8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	2A,3A,7A,10A,1B,5B,9B,10B,1C,2C,9C,1D,9D,10D,1E,2E,9E,1F,9 F,10F,1G,9G,10G,1J,2J,9J,1K,2K,9K,1L,9L,10L,1M,2M, 9M,1N,9N,10N,1P,2P,9P	No Connect	3

Notes: 1. C, \overline{C} , K or \overline{K} cannot be set to VREF voltage.

2. When ZQ pin is directly connected to VDD output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected.

3. Not connected to chip pad internally.





GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The K7J163682B and K7J161882B are 18,874,368-bits DDR Separate I/O $\,$

Synchronous Pipelined Burst SRAMs.

They are organized as 524,288 words by 36bits for K7J163682B and 1,048,576 words by 18 bits for K7J161882B.

The DDR SIO operation is possible by supporting DDR read and write operations through separate data output and input ports. Memory bandwidth is higher than DDR SRAM without separate input output as separate read and write ports eliminate bus turn around cycle.

Address, data inputs, and all control signals are synchronized to the input clock (K or \overline{K}).

Normally data outputs are synchronized to output clocks (C and \overline{C}), but when C and \overline{C} are tied high,

the data outputs are synchronized to the input clocks (K and \overline{K}).

Read data are referenced to echo clock (CQ or CQ) outputs.

Read address and write address are registered on rising edges of the input K clocks.

Common address bus is used to access address both for read and write operations.

The internal burst counter is fixed to 2-bit sequential for both read and write operations.

Synchronous pipeline read and late write enable high speed operations.

Simple depth expansion is accomplished by using \overline{LD} for port selection.

Byte write operation is supported with BWo and BW1 (BW2 and BW3) pins for x18 (x36) device.

Nibble write operation is supported with $\overline{NW_0}$ and $\overline{NW_1}$ pins for x8 device.

IEEE 1149.1 serial boundary scan (JTAG) simplifies monitoring package pads attachment status with system.

The K7J163682B and K7J161882B are implemented with SAMSUNG's high performance 6T CMOS technology and is available in 165pin FBGA packages. Multiple power and ground pins minimize ground bounce.

READ OPERATIONS

Read cycles are initiated by initiating R/\overline{W} as high at the rising edge of the positive input clock K. Address is presented and stored in the read address register synchronized with K clock.

For 2-bit burst DDR operation, it will access two 36-bit or 18-bit or 8-bit data words with each read command. The first pipelined data is transferred out of the device triggered by \overline{C} clock following next \overline{K} clock rising edge. Next burst data is triggered by the rising edge of following C clock rising edge.

Continuous read operations are initiated with K clock rising edge.

And pipelined data are transferred out of device on every rising edge of both C and \overline{C} clocks. In case C and \overline{C} tied to high, output data are triggered by K and \overline{K} instead of C and \overline{C} .

When the $\overline{\text{LD}}$ is disabled after a read operation, the K7J163682B and K7J161882B will first complete burst read operation before entering into deselect mode at the next K clock rising edge. Then output drivers disabled automatically to high impedance state.

ECHO CLOCK OPERATION

To assure the output traceability, the SRAM provides the output Echo clock, pair of compliment clock CQ and \overline{CQ} , which are synchronized with internal data output.

Echo clocks run free during normal operation.

The Echo clock is triggered by internal output clock signal, and transferred to external through same structures as output driver.

POWER-UP/POWER-DOWN SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCING

The following power-up supply voltage application is recommended: Vss, Vdd, VddQ, VREF, then VIN. Vdd and VddQ can be applied simultaneously, as long as VddQ does not exceed Vdd by more than 0.5V during power-up. The following power-down supply voltage removal sequence is recommended: VIN, VREF, VddQ, Vdd, Vdd, Vdd and VddQ can be removed simultaneously, as long as VddQ does not exceed Vdd by more than 0.5V during power-down.



WRITE OPERATIONS

Write cycles are initiated by activating R/\overline{W} as low at the rising edge of the positive input clock K. Address is presented and stored in the write address register synchronized with next K clock.

For 2-bit burst DDR operation, it will write two 36-bit or 18-bit or 8-bit data words with each write command.

The first "late writed" data is transferred and registered in to the device synchronous with next K clock rising edge.

Next burst data is transferred and registered synchronous with following \overline{K} clock rising edge.

Continuous write operations are initiated with K rising edge.

And "late writed" data is presented to the device on every rising edge of both K and \overline{K} clocks.

When the \overline{LD} is disabled, the K7J163682B and K7J161882B will enter into deselect mode.

The device disregards input data presented on the same cycle \overline{W} disabled.

The K7J163682B and K7J161882B support byte write operations.

With activating $\overline{BW_0}$ or $\overline{BW_1}$ ($\overline{BW_2}$ or $\overline{BW_3}$) in write cycle, only one byte of input data is presented.

In K7J161882B, BWo controls write operation to D0:D8, BW1 controls write operation to D9:D17.

And in K7J163682B BW2 controls write operation to D18:D26, BW3 controls write operation to D27:D35.

PROGRAMMABLE IMPEDANCE OUTPUT BUFFER OPERATION

The designer can program the SRAM's output buffer impedance by terminating the ZQ pin to Vss through a precision resistor (RQ). The value of RQ (within 15%) is five times the output impedance desired.

For example, 250 Ω resistor will give an output impedance of 50 Ω .

Impedance updates occur early in cycles that do not activate the outputs, such as deselect cycles.

In all cases impedance updates are transparent to the user and do not produce access time "push-outs" or other anomalous behavior in the SRAM

There are no power up requirements for the SRAM. However, to guarantee optimum output driver impedance after power up, the SRAM needs 1024 non-read cycles.

CLOCK CONSIDERATION

K7J163682B and K7J161882B utilizes internal DLL (Delay-Locked Loops) for maximum output data valid window. It can be placed into a stopped-clock state to minimize power with a modest restart time of 1024 clock cycles. Circuitry automatically resets the DLL when absence of input clock is detected.

SINGLE CLOCK MODE

K7J163682B and K7J161882B can be operated with the single clock pair K and \overline{K} , instead of C or \overline{C} for output clocks.

To operate these devices in single clock mode, C and \overline{C} must be tied high during power up and must be maintained high during operation.

After power up, this device can't change to or from single clock mode.

System flight time and clock skew could not be compensated in this mode.

DEPTH EXPANSION

Separate input and output ports enables easy depth expansion.

Each port can be selected and deselected independently with R/W be shared among all SRAMs and provide a new LD signal for each bank

Before chip deselected, all read and write pending operations are completed.



NOP LOAD LOAD LOAD LOAD LOAD LOAD READ DDR READ DDR WRITE DDR WRITE

Notes: 1. Internal burst counter is fixed as 2-bit linear, i.e. when first address is A0+0, next internal burst address is A0+1.

- 2. "LOAD" refers to read new address active status with $\overline{\text{LD}}$ =Low, " $\overline{\text{LOAD}}$ " refers to read new address inactive status with $\overline{\text{LD}}$ =High.
- 3. "READ" refers to read active read status with R/\overline{W} =High, "WRITE" refers to write active status with R/\overline{W} =Low



TRUTH TABLES

SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

К	LD R/W			D		OPERATION	
N.	ם	R/VV	D(A0)	D(A1)	Q(A0)	Q(A1)	OPERATION
Stopped	Х	Х	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Clock Stop
1	Н	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	No Operation
↑	L	Н	Х	X	Dou⊤ at C(t+1)	Douт at C(t+2)	Read
↑	L	L	Din at K(t+1)	Din at K(t+1)	High-Z	High-Z	Write

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. The rising edge of clock is symbolized by (\uparrow).
- 3. Before enter into clock stop status, all pending read and write operations will be completed.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x18)

K	K	BW ₀	BW ₁	OPERATION
↑		L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
	↑	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
↑		L	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
	↑	L	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
1		Н	L	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
	↑	Н	L	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
↑		Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	↑	Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or \overline{K} (\uparrow).
- 3. Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.
- 4. This table illustrates operation for x18 devices.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x36)

K	K	BW ₀	BW ₁	BW ₂	BW ₃	OPERATION
↑		L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
	1	L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
↑		L	Н	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
	↑	L	Н	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
↑		Н	L	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
	↑	Н	L	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
↑		Н	Н	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 (K↑)
	1	Н	Н	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 (K↑)
↑		Н	Н	Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	↑	Н	Н	Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or \overline{K} (\uparrow).
- 3. Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT	
Voltage on VDD Supply Relative to Vss	VDD	-0.5 to 2.9	V	
Voltage on VDDQ Supply Relative to Vss	VDDQ	-0.5 to VDD	V	
Voltage on Input Pin Relative to Vss	Vin	-0.5 to VDD+0.3	V	
Storage Temperature		Тѕтс	-65 to 150	°C
Operating Temperature	Commercial	Topr	0 to 70	°C
Operating Temperature	Industrial	Topr	-40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range Under Bias	TBIAS	-10 to 85	°C	

^{*}Note: 1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(VDD=1.8V ±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Input Leakage Current	lıL	VDD=Max; VIN=Vss to VDDQ		-2	+2	μА	
Output Leakage Current	lol	Output Disabled,		-2	+2	μА	
			-30	-	600		4.5
Operating Current (x36): DDR	Icc	VDD=Max , IOUT=0mA	-25	-	550	mA	
	ICC	Cycle Time ≥ tкнкн Min	-20	-	500	IIIA	1,5
			-16		450		
			-30	-	500		1,5
Operating Current (x18) : DDR	Icc	VDD=Max , Iouт=0mA Cycle Time ≥ tкнкн Min	-25	-	450	mΛ	
			-20	-	400	IIIA	
			-16		350		
	lan		-30	-	230	- mA	1,6
Standby Current (NOP): DDR		,	-25	-	210		
Standby Current (NOP). DDR	ISB1	, ,	-20	-	190		
		C VDD=Max , IOUT=0mA Cycle Time ≥ tkHkH Min -25					
Output High Voltage	Vo _{H1}			VDDQ/2-0.12	VDDQ/2+0.12	V	2,7
Output Low Voltage	Vol1			VDDQ/2-0.12	VDDQ/2+0.12	V	3,7
Output High Voltage	Voh2	Iон=-1.0mA		VDDQ-0.2	VDDQ	V	4
Output Low Voltage	VOL2	IoL=1.0mA		Vss	0.2	V	4
Input Low Voltage	VIL			-0.3	VREF-0.1	V	8,9
Input High Voltage	ViH			VREF+0.1	VDDQ+0.3	V	8,10

Notes: 1. Minimum cycle. IouT=0mA.

- 2. $|IOH|=(VDDQ/2)/(RQ/5)\pm15\%$ for $175\Omega \le RQ \le 350\Omega$.
- 3. $|IoL| = (VDDQ/2)/(RQ/5) \pm 15\%$ for $175\Omega \le RQ \le 350\Omega$.
- 4. Minimum Impedance Mode when ZQ pin is connected to VDDQ.
- 5. Operating current is calculated with 50% read cycles and 50% write cycles.
 6. Standby Current is only after all pending read and write burst operations are completed.
 7. Programmable Impedance Mode.
- 8. These are DC test criteria. DC design criteria is VREF±50mV. The AC VIH/VIL levels are defined separately for measuring timing parameters.
- 9. VIL (Min)DC=-0.3V, VIL (Min)AC=-1.5V(pulse width \leq 3ns).
- 10. VIH (Max)DC=VDDQ+0.3, VIH (Max)AC=VDDQ+0.85V(pulse width \leq 3ns).



^{2.} VDDQ must not exceed VDD during normal operation.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=1.8V ±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

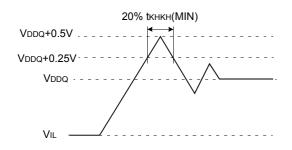
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
Input High Voltage	VIH (AC)	VREF + 0.2	-	V	1,2
Input Low Voltage	VIL (AC)	-	VREF - 0.2	V	1,2

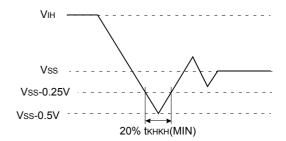
Notes: 1. This condition is for AC function test only, not for AC parameter test.

- 2. To maintain a valid level, the transition edge of the input must:
- a) Sustain a constant slew rate from the current AC level through the target AC level, VIL(AC) or VIH(AC)
- b) Reach at least the target AC level
- c) After the AC target level is reached, continue to maintain at least the target DC level, VIL(DC) or VIH(DC)

Overershoot Timing

Undershoot Timing





Note: For power-up, $V_{IH} \le V_{DDQ} + 0.3V$ and $V_{DD} \le 1.7V$ and $V_{DDQ} \le 1.4V$ $t \le 200ms$

OPERATING CONDITIONS $(0^{\circ}C \le TA \le 70^{\circ}C)$

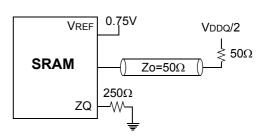
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vdd	1.7	1.9	V
	VDDQ	1.4	1.9	V
Reference Voltage	VREF	0.68	0.95	V
Ground	Vss	0	0	V

AC TEST CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core Power Supply Voltage	VDD	1.7~1.9	V
Output Power Supply Voltage	VDDQ	1.4~1.9	V
Input High/Low Level	VIH/VIL	1.25/0.25	V
Input Reference Level	VREF	0.75	V
Input Rise/Fall Time	Tr/Tr	0.3/0.3	ns
Output Timing Reference Level		VDDQ/2	V

Note: Parameters are tested with RQ=250 Ω

AC TEST OUTPUT LOAD



AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS(VDD=1.8V±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

DADAMETED	CVMDC	-30		-25		-20		-1	16		
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII	NOTE
Clock											
Clock Cycle Time (K, \overline{K} , C, \overline{C})	tкнкн	3.30	8.40	4.00	8.40	5.00	8.40	6.00	8.40	ns	
Clock Phase Jitter (K, K, C, C)	tKC var		0.20		0.20		0.20		0.20	ns	5
Clock High Time (K, K, C, C)	tkhkl	1.32		1.60		2.00		2.40		ns	
Clock Low Time $(K, \overline{K}, C, \overline{C})$	tklkh	1.32		1.60		2.00		2.40		ns	
Clock to $\overline{\text{Clock}}$ (K $\uparrow \rightarrow \overline{\text{K}}\uparrow$, C $\uparrow \rightarrow \overline{\text{C}}\uparrow$)	tĸн к н	1.49		1.80		2.20		2.70		ns	
Clock to data clock $(K\uparrow \to C\uparrow, \overline{K}\uparrow \to \overline{C}\uparrow)$	tкнсн	0.00	1.45	0.00	1.80	0.00	2.30	0.00	2.80	ns	
DLL Lock Time (K, C)	tKC lock	1024		1024		1024		1024		cycle	6
K Static to DLL reset	tKC reset	30		30		30		30		ns	
Output Times								•	•	•	
C, C High to Output Valid	tchqv		0.45		0.45		0.45		0.50	ns	3
C, C High to Output Hold	tchqx	-0.45		-0.45		-0.45		-0.50		ns	3
C, C High to Echo Clock Valid	tchcqv		0.45		0.45		0.45		0.50	ns	
C, C High to Echo Clock Hold	tснсах	-0.45		-0.45		-0.45		-0.50		ns	
CQ, CQ High to Output Valid	tсанаv		0.27		0.30		0.35		0.40	ns	7
CQ, CQ High to Output Hold	tсанах	-0.27		-0.30		-0.35		-0.40		ns	7
C, High to Output High-Z	tchqz		0.45		0.45		0.45		0.50	ns	3
C, High to Output Low-Z	tcHQX1	-0.45		-0.45		-0.45		-0.50		ns	3
Setup Times								•	•	•	
Address valid to K rising edge	tavkh	0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		ns	
Control inputs valid to K rising edge	tıvkh	0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		ns	2
Data-in valid to K, K rising edge	tdvkh	0.30		0.35		0.40		0.50		ns	
Hold Times			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
K rising edge to address hold	tkhax	0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		ns	
K rising edge to control inputs hold	tkhix	0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		ns	
K, K rising edge to data-in hold	tkhdx	0.30		0.35		0.40		0.50		ns	

Notes: 1. All address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for all latching clock edges.

3. If C,\overline{C} are tied high, K,\overline{K} become the references for C,\overline{C} timing parameters.

It is not possible for two SRAMs on the same board to be at such different voltage and temperature. 5. Clock phase jitter is the variance from clock rising edge to the next expected clock rising edge.



^{2.} Control signal are R and W.

In case of BWo,BW1 (BW2, BW3, also for x36) signal follow the data setup/hold times.

^{4.} To avoid bus contention, at a given voltage and temperature tCHQX₁ is bigger than tCHQZ. The specs as shown do not imply bus contention because tCHQX₁ is a MIN parameter that is worst case at totally different test conditions (0°C, 1.9V) than tCHQZ, which is a MAX parameter (worst case at 70°C, 1.7V)

^{6.} Vdd slew rate must be less than 0.1V DC per 50 ns for DLL lock retention. DLL lock time begins once Vdd and input clock are stable.

PIN CAPACITANCE

PRMETER	SYMBOL	TESTCONDITION	Тур	MAX	Unit	NOTES
Address Control Input Capacitance	CIN	VIN=0V	4	5	pF	
Input and Output Capacitance	Соит	Vout=0V	6	7	pF	
Clock Capacitance	Сськ	-	5	6	pF	

Note: 1. Parameters are tested with RQ=250 Ω and VDDQ=1.5V.

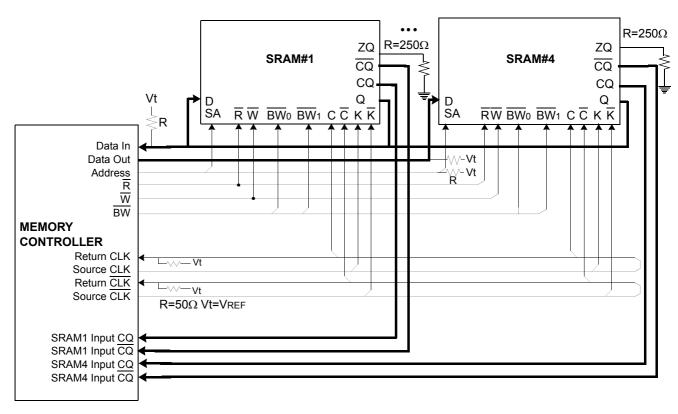
2. Periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

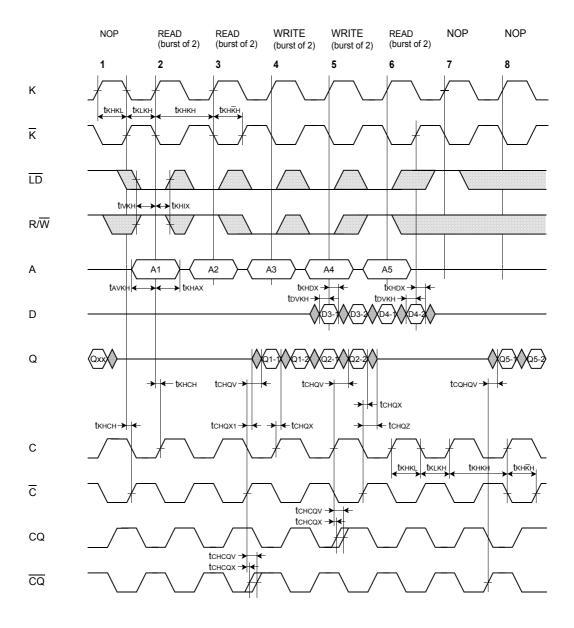
PRMETER	SYMBOL	TYP	Unit	NOTES
Junction to Ambient	θЈА	17.1	°C/W	
Junction to Case	θЈС	3.3	°C/W	

Note: Junction temperature is a function of on-chip power dissipation, package thermal impedance, mounting site temperature and mounting site thermal impedance. T_J=T_A + P_D x θ_{JA}

APPLICATION INRORMATION



TIMING WAVE FORMS OF READ, WRITE AND NOP



Note: 1. Q1-1 refers to output from address A1+0, Q1-2 refers to output from address A1+1 i.e. the next internal burst address following A1+0.

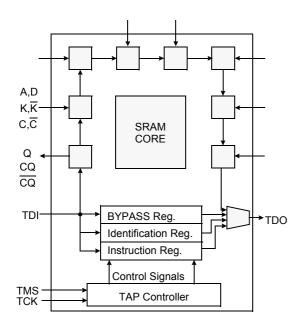
- 2. Outputs are disabled one cycle after a NOP.
- 3. D3-1 refers to input to address A3+0, D3-2 refers to input to address A3+1, i.e the next internal burst address following A3+0.
- 4. If address A4=A5, data Q5-1=D4-1, data Q5-2=D4-2. Write data is forwarded immediately as read results.



IEEE 1149.1 TEST ACCESS PORT AND BOUNDARY SCAN-JTAG

This part contains an IEEE standard 1149.1 Compatible Test Access Port (TAP). The package pads are monitored by the Serial Scan circuitry when in test mode. This is to support connectivity testing during manufacturing and system diagnostics. Internal data is not driven out of the SRAM under JTAG control. In conformance with IEEE 1149.1, the SRAM contains a TAP controller, Instruction Register, Bypass Register and ID register. The TAP controller has a standard 16-state machine that resets internally upon power-up, therefore, TRST signal is not required. It is possible to use this device without utilizing the TAP. To disable the TAP controller without interfacing with normal operation of the SRAM, TCK must be tied to Vss to preclude mid level input. TMS and TDI are designed so an undriven input will produce a response identical to the application of a logic 1, and may be left unconnected. But they may also be tied to VDD through a resistor. TDO should be left unconnected.

JTAG BLOCK DIAGRAM



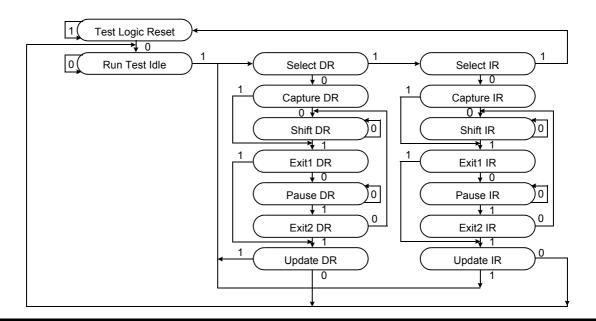
JTAG INSTRUCTION CODING

IR2	IR1	IR0	Instruction	TDO Output	Notes
0	0	0	EXTEST	Boundary Scan Register	1
0	0	1	IDCODE	Identification Register	3
0	1	0	SAMPLE-Z	Boundary Scan Register	2
0	1	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	0	0	SAMPLE	Boundary Scan Register	5
1	0	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	0	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	1	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4

NOTE -

- Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs. This instruction is not IEEE 1149.1 compliant.
- Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs.
- TDI is sampled as an input to the first ID register to allow for the serial shift of the external TDI data.
- Bypass register is initiated to Vss when BYPASS instruction is invoked. The Bypass Register also holds serially loaded TDI when exiting the Shift DR states.
- 5. SAMPLE instruction dose not places DQs in Hi-Z.
- 6. This instruction is reserved for future use.

TAP CONTROLLER STATE DIAGRAM





SCAN REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Instruction Register	Bypass Register	ID Register	Boundary Scan
512Kx36	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	107 bits
1Mx18	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	107 bits

ID REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Revision Number (31:29)	Part Configuration (28:12)	Samsung JEDEC Code (11: 1)	Start Bit(0)
512Kx36	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00001001110	1
1Mx18	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00001001110	1

Note: Part Configuration

/def=001 for 18Mb, /wx=11 for x36, 10 for x18

/t=1 for DLL Ver., 0 for non-DLL Ver. /q=1 for QDR, 0 for DDR /b=1 for 4Bit Burst, 0 for 2Bit Burst /s=1 for Separate I/O, 0 for Common I/O

PIN ID

ORDER

BOUNDARY SCAN EXIT ORDER

ORDER	PIN ID
1	6R
2	6P
3	6N
4	7P
5	7N
6	7R
7	8R
8	8P
9	9R
10	11P
11	10P
12	10N
13	9P
14	10M
15	11N
16	9M
17	9N
18	11L
19	11M
20	9L
21	10L
22	11K
23	10K
24	9J
25	9K
26	10J
27	11J
28	11H
29	10G
30	9G
31	11F
32	11G
33	9F
34	10F
35	11E
36	10E

OKDEK	TINID			
37	10D			
38	9E			
39	10C			
40	11D			
41	9C			
42	9D			
43	11B			
44	11C			
45	9B			
46	10B			
47	11A			
48	Internal			
49	9A			
50	8B			
51	7C			
52	6C			
53	8A			
54	7A			
55	7B			
56	6B			
57	6A			
58	5B			
59	5A			
60	4A			
61	5C			
62	4B			
63	3A			
64	1H			
65	1A			
66	2B			
67	3B			
68	1C			
69	1B			
70	3D			
71	3C			
72	1D			
	<u> </u>			

ORDER	PIN ID			
73	2C			
74	3E			
75	2D			
76	2E			
77	1E			
78	2F			
79	3F			
80	1G			
81	1F			
82	3G			
83	2G			
84	1J			
85	2J			
86	3K			
87	3J			
88	2K			
89	1K			
90	2L			
91	3L			
92	1M			
93	1L			
94	3N			
95	3M			
96	1N			
97	2M			
98	3P			
99	2N			
100	2P			
101	1P			
102	3R			
103	4R			
104	4P			
105	5P			
106	5N			
107	5R			

Note: 1. NC pins are read as "X" (i.e. don't care.)



JTAG DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
Input High Level	ViH	1.3	-	VDD+0.3	V	
Input Low Level	VIL	-0.3	-	0.5	V	
Output High Voltage(Ioн=-2mA)	Vон	1.4	-	VDD	V	
Output Low Voltage(IoL=2mA)	Vol	Vss	-	0.4	V	

Note: 1. The input level of SRAM pin is to follow the SRAM DC specification.

JTAG AC TEST CONDITIONS

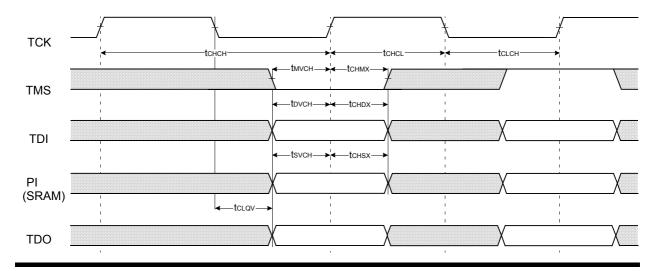
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit	Note
Input High/Low Level	VIH/VIL	1.8/0.0	V	
Input Rise/Fall Time	TR/TF	1.0/1.0	ns	
Input and Output Timing Reference Level		0.9	٧	1

Note: 1. See SRAM AC test output load on page 11.

JTAG AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
TCK Cycle Time	tснсн	50	-	ns	
TCK High Pulse Width	tchcl	20	-	ns	
TCK Low Pulse Width	tclch	20	-	ns	
TMS Input Setup Time	tmvch	5	-	ns	
TMS Input Hold Time	tснмх	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Setup Time	tdvch	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Hold Time	tchdx	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Setup Time	tsvcн	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Hold Time	tchsx	5	-	ns	
Clock Low to Output Valid	tclqv	0	10	ns	

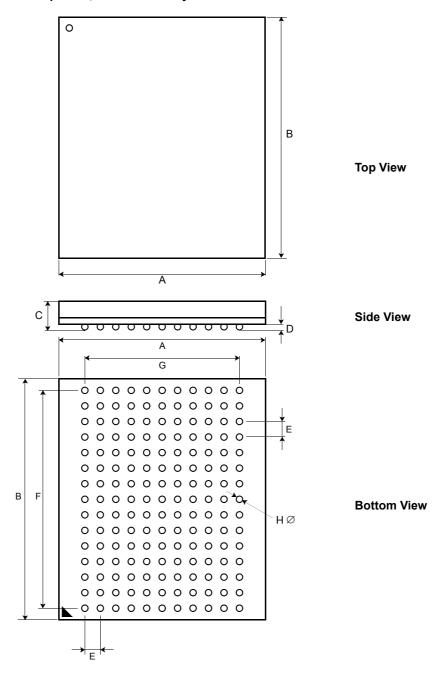
JTAG TIMING DIAGRAM





165 FBGA PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

13mm x 15mm Body, 1.0mm Bump Pitch, 11x15 Ball Array



Symbol	Value	Units	Note	Symbol	Value	Units	Note
Α	13 ± 0.1	mm		E	1.0	mm	
В	15 ± 0.1	mm		F	14.0	mm	
С	1.3 ± 0.1	mm		G	10.0	mm	
D	0.35 ± 0.05	mm		Н	0.5 ± 0.05	mm	

