

# **Rochester Electronics Manufactured Components**

Rochester branded components are manufactured using either die/wafers purchased from the original suppliers or Rochester wafers recreated from the original IP. All recreations are done with the approval of the OCM.

Parts are tested using original factory test programs or Rochester developed test solutions to guarantee product meets or exceed the OCM data sheet.

# **Quality Overview**

- ISO-9001
- AS9120 certification
- Qualified Manufacturers List (QML) MIL-PRF-35835
  - Class Q Military
  - Class V Space Level
- Qualified Suppliers List of Distributors (QSLD)

• Rochester is a critical supplier to DLA and meets all industry and DLA standards.

Rochester Electronics, LLC is committed to supplying products that satisfy customer expectations for quality and are equal to those originally supplied by industry manufacturers.

The original manufacturer's datasheet accompanying this document reflects the performance and specifications of the Rochester manufactured version of this device. Rochester Electronics guarantees the performance of its semiconductor products to the original OEM specifications. 'Typical' values are for reference purposes only. Certain minimum or maximum ratings may be based on product characterization, design, simulation, or sample testing.

March 1990 Revised September 2000 74ACTQ843 Quiet Series™ 9-Bit Transparent Latch with 3-STATE Outputs

## FAIRCHILD

SEMICONDUCTOR

# 74ACTQ843 Quiet Series<sup>™</sup> 9-Bit Transparent Latch with 3-STATE Outputs

#### **General Description**

The ACTQ843 bus interface latch is designed to eliminate the extra packages required to buffer existing latches and provide extra data width for wider address/data paths. The ACTQ843 utilizes Fairchild FACT Quiet Series™ technology to guarantee quiet output switching and improved dynamic threshold performance. FACT Quiet Series features GTO™ output control and undershoot corrector in addition to a split ground bus for superior performance.

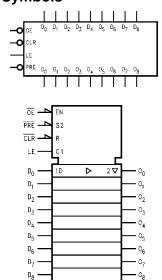
#### **Features**

- Guaranteed simultaneous switching noise level and dynamic threshold performance
- Guaranteed pin-to-pin skew AC performance
- Inputs and outputs on opposite sides of package for easy interface with microprocessors
- Improved latch-up immunity
- Outputs source/sink 24 mA
- 3-STATE outputs for bus interfacing
- TTL compatible inputs

#### **Ordering Code:**

| Order Number  | Package Number   | Package Description   |  |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| 74ACTQ843SC   | M24B   | 24-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300 Wide |  |  |  |
| 74ACTQ843SPC N24C 24-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300 Wide |  |   |  |  |  |
| Device also available i   | Device also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code. |   |  |  |  |

#### Logic Symbols



#### **Connection Diagram**



#### **Pin Descriptions**

| Description   |
|---------------|
| Data Inputs   |
| Data Outputs  |
| Output Enable |
| Latch Enable  |
| Clear         |
| Preset        |
|               |

FACT™, Quiet Series™, FACT Quiet Series™ and GTO™ are trademarks of Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation.

© 2000 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation DS010689

www.fairchildsemi.com

#### **Functional Description**

The ACTQ843 consists of nine D-type latches with 3-STATE outputs. The flip-flops appear transparent to the data when Latch Enable (LE) is HIGH. This allows asynchronous operation, as the output transition follows the data in transition. On the LE HIGH-to-LOW transition, the data that meets the setup times is latched. Data appears on the bus when the Output Enable (OE) is LOW. When  $\overline{OE}$  is HIGH, the bus output is in the high impedance state. In addition to the LE and  $\overline{OE}$  pins, the ACTQ843 has a Clear (CLR) pin and a Preset (PRE) pin. These pins are ideal for parity bus interfacing in high performance systems. When  $\overline{CLR}$  is LOW, the outputs are LOW if  $\overline{OE}$  is LOW. When  $\overline{DRE}$  is HIGH, data can be entered into the latch. When  $\overline{PRE}$  is LOW, the outputs are HIGH if  $\overline{OE}$  is LOW. Preset overrides CLR.

#### **Function Table**

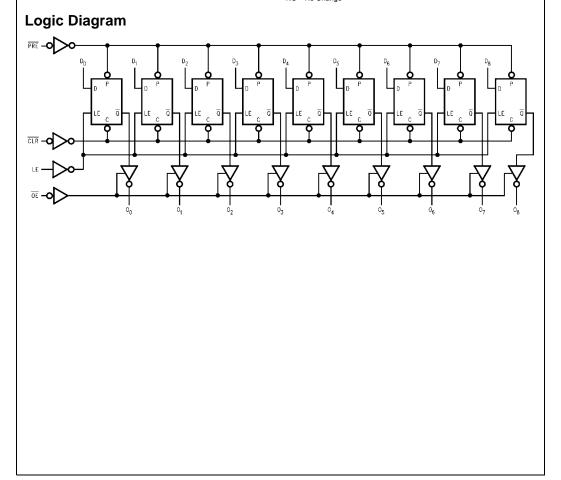
|     | In  | puts |    |   | Internal Outputs |    | Function      |
|-----|-----|------|----|---|------------------|----|---------------|
| CLR | PRE | OE   | LE | D | Q                | 0  | Function      |
| Н   | Н   | Н    | Н  | L | L                | Z  | High Z        |
| н   | н   | н    | н  | н | н                | Z  | High Z        |
| н   | н   | н    | L  | х | NC               | Z  | Latched       |
| н   | н   | L    | н  | L | L                | L  | Transparent   |
| н   | н   | L    | н  | н | н                | н  | Transparent   |
| н   | н   | L    | L  | Х | NC               | NC | Latched       |
| н   | L   | L    | Х  | х | н                | н  | Preset        |
| L   | н   | L    | Х  | х | L                | L  | Clear         |
| L   | L   | L    | Х  | х | н                | н  | Preset        |
| L   | н   | н    | L  | х | L                | Z  | Clear/High Z  |
| Н   |     | Н    | L  | Х | Н                | Z  | Preset/High Z |

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level X = Immaterial

Z = High Impedance

NC = No Change



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

| Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )                     | -0.5V to +7.0V                    |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| DC Input Diode Current (I <sub>IK</sub> )             |                                   |
| $V_{I} = -0.5V$                                       | –20 mA                            |
| $V_I = V_{CC} + 0.5V$                                 | +20 mA                            |
| DC Input Voltage (V <sub>I</sub> )                    | $-0.5 V$ to $V_{CC} + 0.5 V$      |
| DC Output Diode Current (I OK)                        |                                   |
| $V_{O} = -0.5V$                                       | –20 mA                            |
| $V_O = V_{CC} + 0.5V$                                 | +20 mA                            |
| DC Output Voltage (V <sub>O</sub> )                   | $-0.5V$ to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$        |
| DC Output Source                                      |                                   |
| or Sink Current (I <sub>O</sub> )                     | ±50 mA                            |
| DC V <sub>CC</sub> or Ground Current                  |                                   |
| per Output Pin (I <sub>CC</sub> or I <sub>GND</sub> ) | ±50 mA                            |
| Storage Temperature (T <sub>STG</sub> )               | $-65^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$ |
| DC Latch-Up Source                                    |                                   |
| or Sink Current                                       | $\pm$ 300 mA                      |
| Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )                |                                   |
| PDIP  | 140°C                             |
|   |                                   |

# Recommended Operating Conditions

| Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )           | 4.5V to 5.5V                   |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Input Voltage (V <sub>I</sub> )             | 0V to $V_{CC}$                 |
| Output Voltage (V <sub>O</sub> )            | 0V to $V_{CC}$                 |
| Operating Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )     | $-40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ |
| Minimum Input Edge Rate $\Delta V/\Delta t$ | 125 mV/ns                      |
| V <sub>IN</sub> from 0.8V to 2.0V           |                                |
| V <sub>CC</sub> @ 4.5V, 5.5V                |                                |

74ACTQ843

Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. The databook specifications should be met, without exception, to ensure that the system design is reliable over its power supply, temperature, and output/input loading variables. Fairchild does not recommend operation of FACT<sup>™</sup> circuits outside databook specifications.

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

| Symbol           | Parameter                       | v <sub>cc</sub> | T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C |       | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ | Units | Conditions                           |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------|--|-------|--------------------------------------|
| Symbol           | i arameter                      | (V)             | Тур Gi                 |       | aranteed Limits                        | Units | conditions                           |
| / <sub>IH</sub>  | Minimum HIGH Level              | 4.5             | 1.5                    | 2.0   | 2.0                                    | V     | $V_{OUT} = 0.1V$                     |
|                  | Input Voltage                   | 5.5             | 1.5                    | 2.0   | 2.0                                    | v     | or $V_{CC} - 0.1V$                   |
| V <sub>IL</sub>  | Maximum LOW Level               | 4.5             | 1.5                    | 0.8   | 0.8                                    | V     | $V_{OUT} = 0.1V$                     |
|                  | Input Voltage                   | 5.5             | 1.5                    | 0.8   | 0.8                                    | v     | or $V_{CC} - 0.1V$                   |
| V <sub>он</sub>  | Minimum HIGH Level              | 4.5             | 4.49                   | 4.4   | 4.4                                    | V     | I <sub>OUT</sub> = -50 μA            |
|                  | Output Voltage                  | 5.5             | 5.49                   | 5.4   | 5.4                                    | v     | $I_{OUT} = -50 \mu A$                |
|                  |                                 |                 |                        |       |  |       | $V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$ |
|                  |                                 | 4.5             |                        | 3.86  | 3.76                                   | V     | I <sub>OH</sub> = 24 mA              |
|                  |                                 | 5.5             |                        | 4.86  | 4.76                                   |       | I <sub>OH</sub> = 24 mA (Note 2)     |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Maximum LOW Level               | 4.5             | 0.001                  | 0.1   | 0.1                                    | V     | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50 μA             |
|                  | Output Voltage                  | 5.5             | 0.001                  | 0.1   | 0.1                                    | v     | $I_{OUT} = 50 \mu A$                 |
|                  |                                 |                 |                        |       |  |       | $V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$ |
|                  |                                 | 4.5             |                        | 0.36  | 0.44                                   | V     | I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA              |
|                  |                                 | 5.5             |                        | 0.36  | 0.44                                   |       | I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA (Note 2)     |
| I <sub>IN</sub>  | Maximum Input                   | 5.5             |                        | ± 0.1 | ± 1.0                                  | μA    | $V_I = V_{CC},$                      |
|                  | Leakage Current                 | 5.5             |                        | 10.1  | 1.0                                    | μΛ    | GND                                  |
| oz               | Maximum 3-STATE                 | 5.5             |                        | ± 0.5 | ± 5.0                                  | μA    | $V_I = V_{IL}, V_{IH}$               |
|                  | Leakage Current                 | 5.5             |                        | 1 0.5 | 1 5.0                                  | μΛ    | $V_O = V_{CC}$ , GND                 |
| I <sub>CCT</sub> | Maximum                         | 5.5             | 0.6                    |       | 1.5                                    | mA    | $V_{I} = V_{CC} - 2.1V$              |
|                  | I <sub>CC</sub> /Input          | 5.5             | 0.0                    |       | 1.5                                    | ШA    | v] = v <sub>CC</sub> = 2.1v          |
| I <sub>OLD</sub> | Minimum Dynamic                 | 5.5             |                        |       | 75                                     | mA    | V <sub>OLD</sub> = 1.65V Max         |
| I <sub>OHD</sub> | Output Current (Note 3)         | 5.5             |                        |       | -75                                    | mA    | V <sub>OHD</sub> = 3.85V Min         |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | Maximum Quiescent               | 5.5             |                        | 8.0   | 80.0                                   | μA    | $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$                    |
|                  | Supply Current                  | 5.5             |                        | 0.0   | 00.0                                   | μΛ    | or GND                               |
| V <sub>OLP</sub> | Quiet Output                    | 5.0             | 1.1                    | 1.5   |  | V     | Figures 1, 2                         |
|                  | Maximum Dynamic V <sub>OL</sub> | 5.0             | 1.1                    | 1.5   |  | v     | (Note 4)(Note 5)                     |
| / <sub>OLV</sub> | Quiet Output                    | 5.0             | -0.6                   | -1.2  |  | V     | Figures 1, 2                         |
|                  | Minimum Dynamic V <sub>OL</sub> | 5.0             | -0.0                   | -1.2  |  | v     | (Note 4)(Note 5)                     |
| V <sub>IHD</sub> | Minimum HIGH Level              | 5.0             | 1.9                    | 2.0   |  | V     | (Note 4)(Note 6)                     |
|                  | Dynamic Input Voltage           | 5.0             | 1.9                    | 2.0   |  | V     | (11018 4)(11018 0)                   |

#### DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

| Symbol           | Parameter                                  | V <sub>CC</sub> | <b>T</b> <sub>A</sub> = - | ⊦25°C | $\textbf{T}_{\textbf{A}}=-40^{\circ}\textbf{C} \text{ to }+85^{\circ}\textbf{C}$ | Units | Conditions       |
|------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|-------|--|-------|------------------|
| .,               |  | (V)             | Тур                       | Gu    | aranteed Limits  |       |                  |
| V <sub>ILD</sub> | Maximum LOW Level<br>Dynamic Input Voltage | 5.0             | 1.2                       | 0.8   |  | V     | (Note 4)(Note 6) |

Note 2: All outputs loaded; thresholds on input associated with output under test.

Note 3: Maximum test duration 2.0 ms, one output loaded at a time.

Note 4: DIP package.

Note 5: Max number of outputs defined as (n). Data inputs are driven 0V to 3V. One output @ GND.

Note 6: Max number of data inputs (n) switching. (n – 1) inputs switching 0V to 3V. Input-under-test switching: 3V to threshold ( $V_{ILD}$ ), 0V to threshold ( $V_{IHD}$ ), f = 1 MHz.

#### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

|  |  | V <sub>CC</sub> |                        | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ |      | $T_A = -40^\circ$       | C to +85°C |    |
|--|--|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------|------|-------------------------|------------|----|
| Symbol                                 | Parameter  | (V)             | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF |                      |      | <b>C</b> <sub>L</sub> = | Units      |    |
|  |  | (Note 7)        | Min                    | Тур                  | Max  | Min                     | Max        |    |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>                       | Propagation Delay<br>D <sub>n</sub> to O <sub>n</sub>              | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 6.2                  | 9.5  | 2.0                     | 10.0       | ns |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>                       | Propagation Delay<br>D <sub>n</sub> to O <sub>n</sub>              | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 6.7                  | 9.5  | 2.0                     | 10.0       | ns |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>                       | Propagation Delay<br>LE to O <sub>n</sub>                          | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 7.1                  | 9.0  | 2.0                     | 10.0       | ns |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>                       | Propagation Delay<br>LE to O <sub>n</sub>                          | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 6.9                  | 9.0  | 2.0                     | 10.0       | ns |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>                       | Propagation Delay<br>PRE to O <sub>n</sub>                         | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 7.3                  | 10.0 | 2.0                     | 11.0       | ns |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>                       | Propagation Delay<br>CLR to O <sub>n</sub>                         | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 7.2                  | 11.0 | 2.0                     | 12.0       | ns |
| t <sub>PZH</sub>                       | Output Enable Time<br>OE to O <sub>n</sub>                         | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 7.2                  | 9.5  | 2.0                     | 10.5       | ns |
| t <sub>PZL</sub>                       | Output Enable Time<br>OE to O <sub>n</sub>                         | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 7.5                  | 9.5  | 2.0                     | 10.5       | ns |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub>                       | Output Disable Time<br>OE to O <sub>n</sub>                        | 5.0             | 1.5                    | 5.0                  | 8.0  | 1.0                     | 8.5        | ns |
| t <sub>PLZ</sub>                       | Output Disable Time<br>OE to O <sub>n</sub>                        | 5.0             | 1.5                    | 5.1                  | 8.0  | 1.0                     | 8.5        | ns |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>                       | Propagation Delay<br>PRE to O <sub>n</sub>                         | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 6.7                  | 10.0 | 2.0                     | 11.0       | ns |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>                       | Propagation Delay<br>CLR to O <sub>n</sub>                         | 5.0             | 2.5                    | 7.3                  | 11.0 | 2.0                     | 12.0       | ns |
| t <sub>OSLH</sub><br>t <sub>OSHL</sub> | Output to Output Skew (Note 8)<br>D <sub>n</sub> to O <sub>n</sub> | 5.0             |                        | 0.5                  | 1.5  |                         | 1.5        | ns |

Note 7: Voltage Range 5.0 is 5.0V  $\pm$  0.5V.

Note 8: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two outputs within the same packaged device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (toSHL) or LOW-to-HIGH (toSLH). Parameter guaranteed by design. Not tested.

|                  |   | V <sub>cc</sub> | $T_A = $              | +25°C | $\textbf{T}_{\textbf{A}}=-40^{\circ}\textbf{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\textbf{C}$ |       |
|------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------------|-------|--|-------|
| Symbol           | Parameter                                       | (V)             | $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ |       | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF   | Units |
|                  |   | (Note 9)        | Тур                   | Guar  | anteed Minimum   |       |
| t <sub>S</sub>   | Setup Time, HIGH or LOW<br>D <sub>n</sub> to LE | 5.0             |                       | 3.0   | 3.0  | ns    |
| t <sub>H</sub>   | Hold Time, HIGH or LOW<br>D <sub>n</sub> to LE  | 5.0             |                       | 1.5   | 1.5  | ns    |
| t <sub>W</sub>   | LE Pulse Width, HIGH                            | 5.0             |                       | 4.0   | 4.0  | ns    |
| t <sub>W</sub>   | PRE Pulse Width, LOW                            | 5.0             |                       | 4.0   | 4.0  | ns    |
| t <sub>W</sub>   | CLR Pulse Width, LOW                            | 5.0             |                       | 4.0   | 4.0  | ns    |
| t <sub>REC</sub> | PRE Recovery Time                               | 5.0             |                       | 2.0   | 2.0  | ns    |
| t <sub>rec</sub> | CLR Recovery Time                               | 5.0             |                       | 2.0   | 2.0  | ns    |

# Capacitance

| Symbol          | Parameter                     | Тур | Units | Conditions             |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----|-------|------------------------|
| C <sub>IN</sub> | Input Capacitance             | 4.5 | pF    | V <sub>CC</sub> = OPEN |
| C <sub>PD</sub> | Power Dissipation Capacitance | 52  | pF    | $V_{CC} = 5.0V$        |

# 74ACTQ843

#### **FACT Noise Characteristics**

The setup of a noise characteristics measurement is critical to the accuracy and repeatability of the tests. The following is a brief description of the setup used to measure the noise characteristics of FACT.

Equipment:

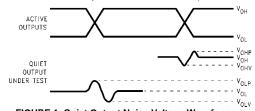
Hewlett Packard Model 8180A Word Generator

PC-163A Test Fixture

Tektronics Model 7854 Oscilloscope

Procedure:

- 1. Verify Test Fixture Loading: Standard Load 50 pF,  $500\Omega.$
- Deskew the HFS generator so that no two channels have greater than 150 ps skew between them. This requires that the oscilloscope be deskewed first. It is important to deskew the HFS generator channels before testing. This will ensure that the outputs switch simultaneously.
- Terminate all inputs and outputs to ensure proper loading of the outputs and that the input levels are at the correct voltage.
- Set the HFS generator to toggle all but one output at a frequency of 1 MHz. Greater frequencies will increase DUT heating and effect the results of the measurement.
- Set the HFS generator input levels at 0V LOW and 3V HIGH for ACT devices and 0V LOW and 5V HIGH for AC devices. Verify levels with an oscilloscope.



#### FIGURE 1. Quiet Output Noise Voltage Waveforms

Note 10:  $V_{\text{OHV}}$  and  $V_{\text{OLP}}$  are measured with respect to ground reference.

Note 11: Input pulses have the following characteristics: f = 1 MHz,  $t_{f}$  = 3 ns,  $t_{f}$  = 3 ns, skew < 150 ps.

 $V_{OLP}/V_{OLV}$  and  $V_{OHP}/V_{OHV}$ :

- Determine the quiet output pin that demonstrates the greatest noise levels. The worst case pin will usually be the furthest from the ground pin. Monitor the output voltages using a  $50\Omega$  coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- Measure V<sub>OLP</sub> and V<sub>OLV</sub> on the quiet output during the worst case transition for active and enable. Measure V<sub>OHP</sub> and V<sub>OHV</sub> on the quiet output during the worst case active and enable transition.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

V<sub>ILD</sub> and V<sub>IHD</sub>:

- Monitor one of the switching outputs using a  $50\Omega$  coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- First increase the input LOW voltage level, V<sub>IL</sub>, until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a min of 2 ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V<sub>IL</sub> limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V<sub>IH</sub> limits. The input LOW voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V<sub>ILD</sub>.
- Next decrease the input HIGH voltage level on the, V<sub>IH</sub>, until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a min of 2 ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V<sub>IL</sub> limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V<sub>IH</sub> limits. The input HIGH voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V<sub>IHD</sub>.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

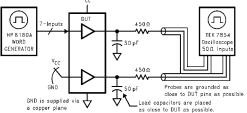
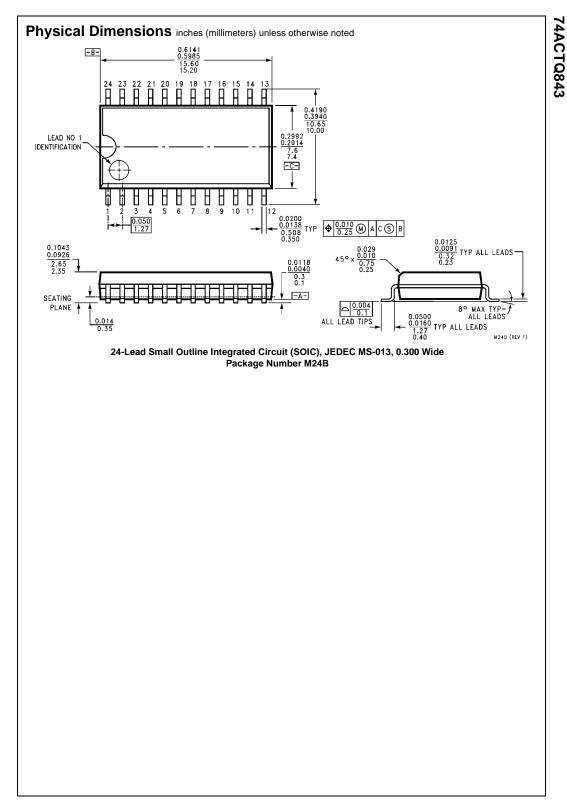
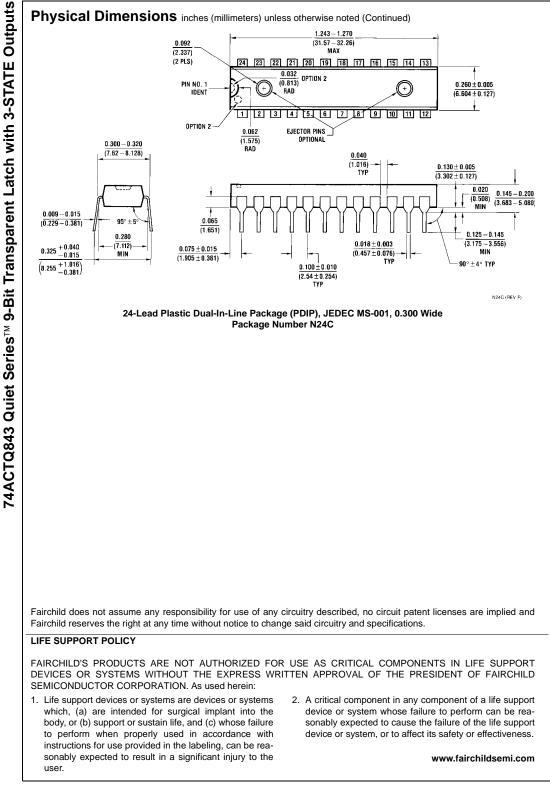


FIGURE 2. Simultaneous Switching Test Circuit



www.fairchildsemi.com



www.fairchildsemi.com