N- and P-Channel 60-V (D-S), 175 °C MOSFET

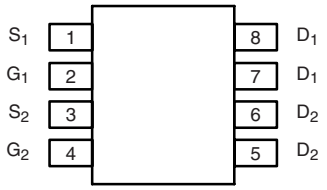
PRODUCT SUMMARY			
	V_{DS} (V)	$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω)	I_D (A)
N-Channel	60	0.055 at V_{GS} = 10 V	± 4.5
		0.075 at V_{GS} = 4.5 V	± 3.9
P-Channel	- 60	0.120 at V_{GS} = - 10 V	± 3.1
		0.150 at V_{GS} = - 4.5 V	± 2.8

FEATURES

- **Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Definition**
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFETs
- 175 °C Maximum Junction Temperature
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC

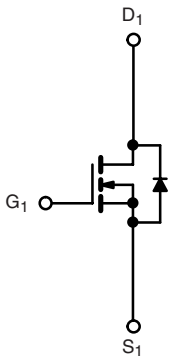
Pb-free
RoHS COMPLIANT
HALOGEN FREE Available

SO-8

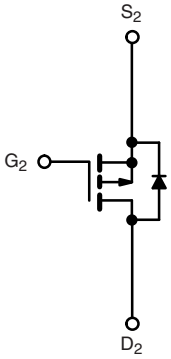


Top View

Ordering Information: Si4559EY-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)
Si4559EY-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)



N-Channel MOSFET



P-Channel MOSFET

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted					
Parameter		**Symbol**	**N-Channel**	**P-Channel**	**Unit**
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	60	- 60	V
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current (T_J = 175 °C)[a]	T_A = 25 °C	I_D	± 4.5	± 3.1	A
	T_A = 70 °C		± 3.8	± 2.6	
Pulsed Drain Current		I_{DM}	± 30	± 30	
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction)[a]		I_S	2.0	- 2.0	
Maximum Power Dissipation[a]	T_A = 25 °C	P_D	2.4		W
	T_A = 70 °C		1.7		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T_J, T_{stg}	- 55 to 175		°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS			
Parameter	**Symbol**	**N- or P-Channel**	**Unit**
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient[a]	R_{thJA}	62.5	°C/W

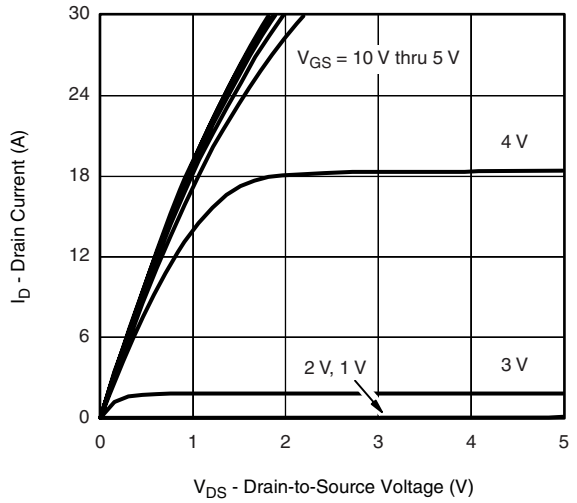
Notes:
a. Surface Mounted on FR4 board, t ≤ 10 s.

SPECIFICATIONS T_J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted							
Parameter	**Symbol**	**Test Conditions**		**Min.**	**Typ.[a]**	**Max.**	**Unit**
Static							
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 µA	N-Ch	1			V
		V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = - 250 µA	P-Ch	- 1			
Gate-Body Leakage	I_{GSS}	V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = ± 20 V	N-Ch			± 100	nA
			P-Ch			± 100	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = 60 V, V_{GS} = 0 V	N-Ch			2	µA
		V_{DS} = - 60 V, V_{GS} = 0 V	P-Ch			- 2	
		V_{DS} = 60 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_J = 55 °C	N-Ch			25	
		V_{DS} = - 60 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_J = 55 °C	P-Ch			- 25	
On-State Drain Current[b]	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \geq$ 5 V, V_{GS} = 10 V	N-Ch	20			A
		$V_{DS} \leq$ - 5 V, V_{GS} = - 10 V	P-Ch	- 20			
Drain-Source On-State Resistance[b]	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 4.5 A	N-Ch		0.045	0.055	Ω
		V_{GS} = - 10 V, I_D = - 3.1 A	P-Ch		0.100	0.120	
		V_{GS} = 4.5 V, I_D = 3.9 A	N-Ch		0.055	0.075	
		V_{GS} = - 4.5 V, I_D = - 2.8 A	P-Ch		0.125	0.150	
Forward Transconductance[b]	g_{fs}	V_{DS} = 15 V, I_D = 4.5 A	N-Ch		13		S
		V_{DS} = - 15 V, I_D = - 3.1 A	P-Ch		7.5		
Diode Forward Voltage[b]	V_{SD}	I_S = 2.0 A, V_{GS} = 0 V	N-Ch		0.9	1.2	V
		I_S = - 2.0 A, V_{GS} = 0 V	P-Ch		- 0.8	- 1.2	
Dynamic[a]							
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	N-Channel V_{DS} = 30 V, V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 4.5 A	N-Ch		19	30	nC
			P-Ch		16	25	
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}	P-Channel V_{DS} = - 30 V, V_{GS} = - 10 V I_D = - 3.1 A	N-Ch		4		
			P-Ch		4		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}		N-Ch		3		
			P-Ch		1.6		
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	N-Channel V_{DD} = 30 V, R_L = 30 Ω $I_D \cong$ 1 A, V_{GEN} = 10 V, R_g = 6 Ω	N-Ch		13	20	ns
			P-Ch		8	15	
Rise Time	t_r		N-Ch		11	20	
			P-Ch		10	20	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	P-Channel V_{DD} = - 30 V, R_L = 30 Ω $I_D \cong$ - 1 A, V_{GEN} = - 10 V, R_g = 6 Ω	N-Ch		36	60	
			P-Ch		12	25	
Fall Time	t_f		N-Ch		11	20	
			P-Ch		35	50	
Source-Drain Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_F = 2 A, dI/dt = 100 A/µs	N-Ch		35	60	
		I_F = - 2 A, dI/dt = 100 A/µs	P-Ch		60	90	

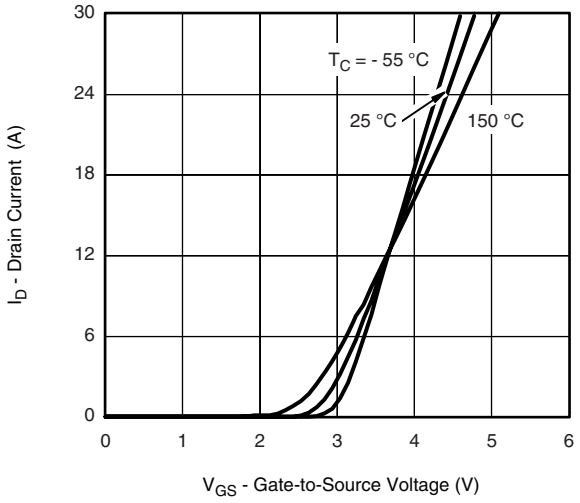
Notes:
a. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.
b. Pulse test; pulse width ≤ 300 µs, duty cycle ≤ 2 %.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

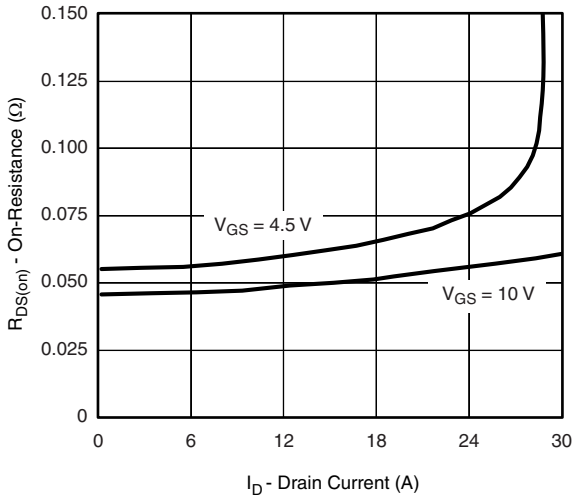
N-CHANNEL TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



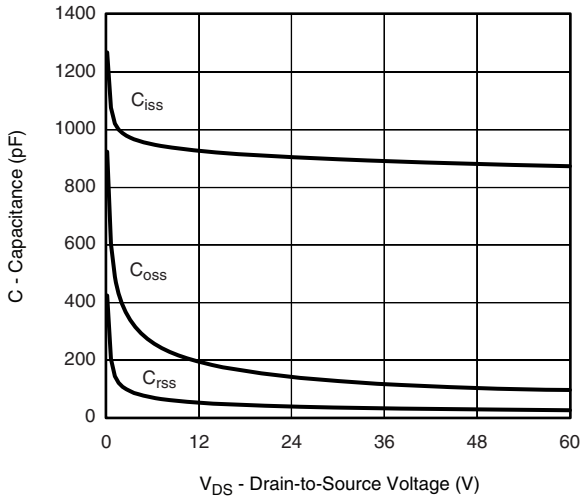
Output Characteristics



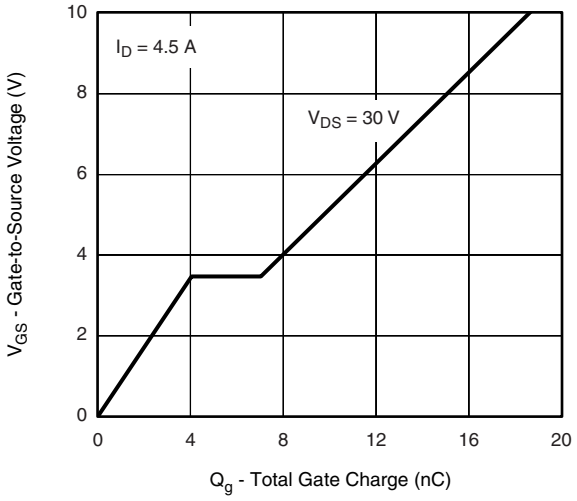
Transfer Characteristics



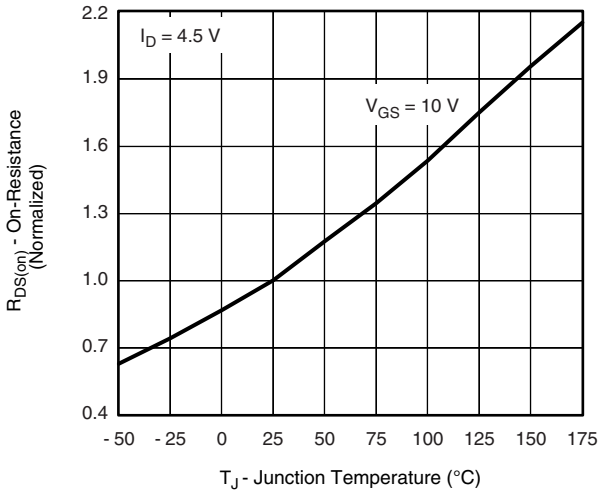
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



Capacitance

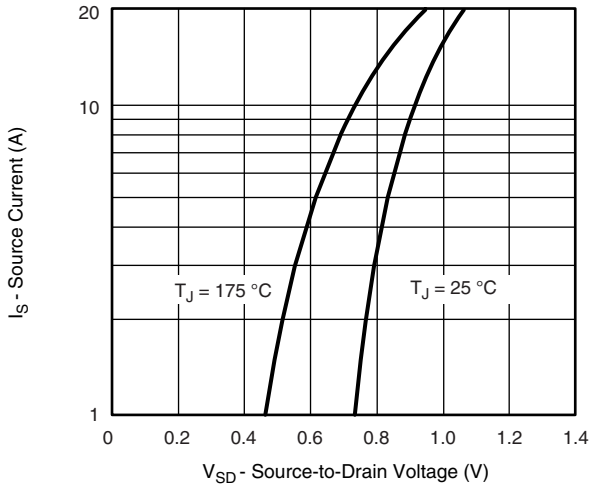


Gate Charge

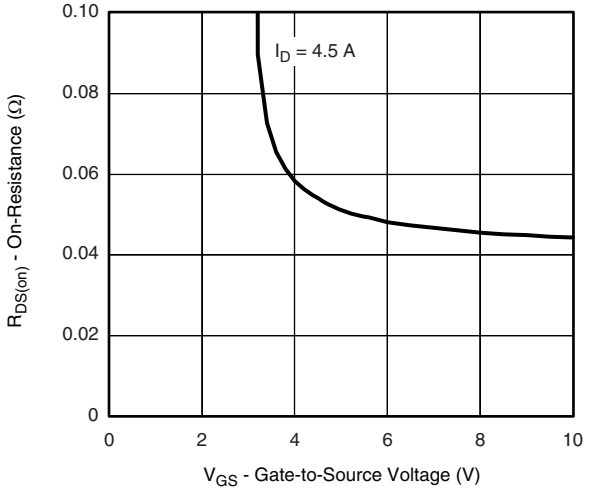


On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

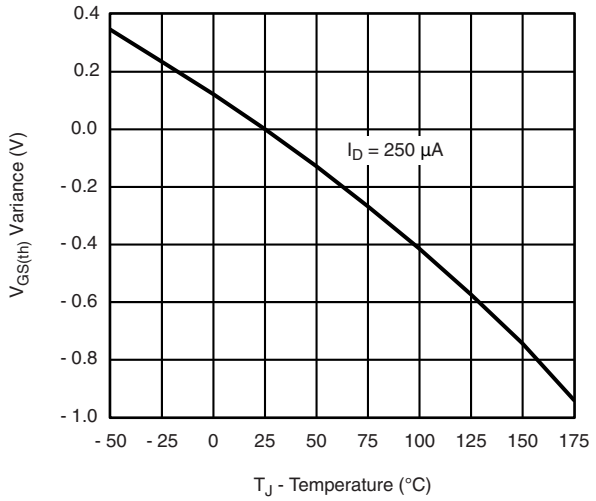
N-CHANNEL TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



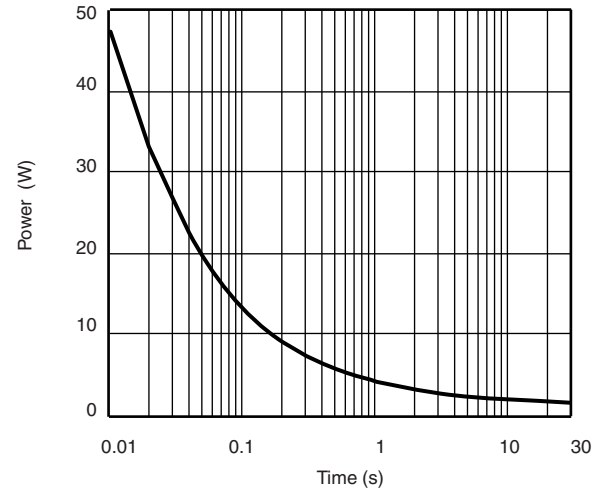
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



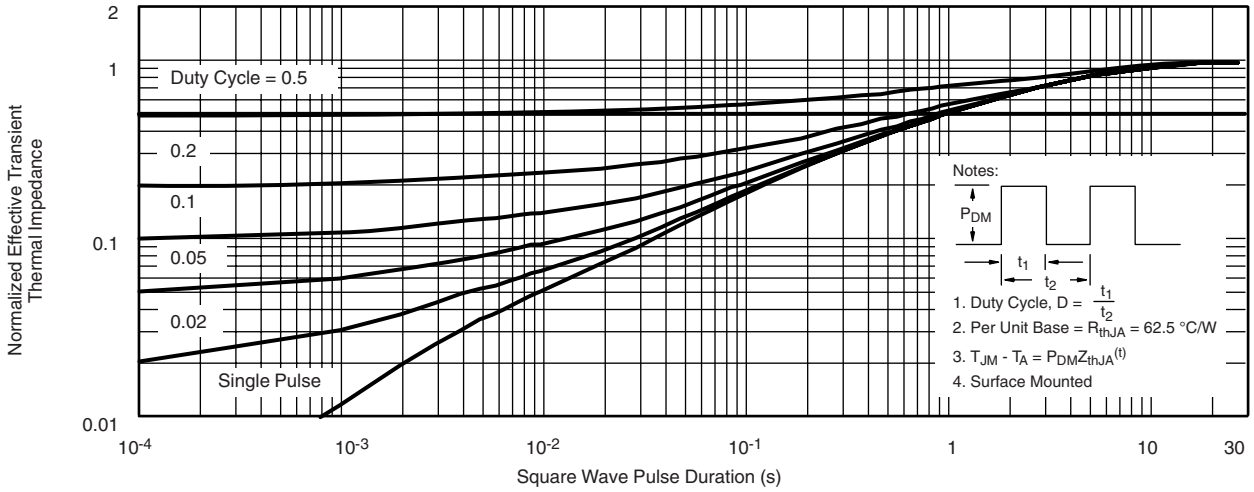
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Threshold Voltage

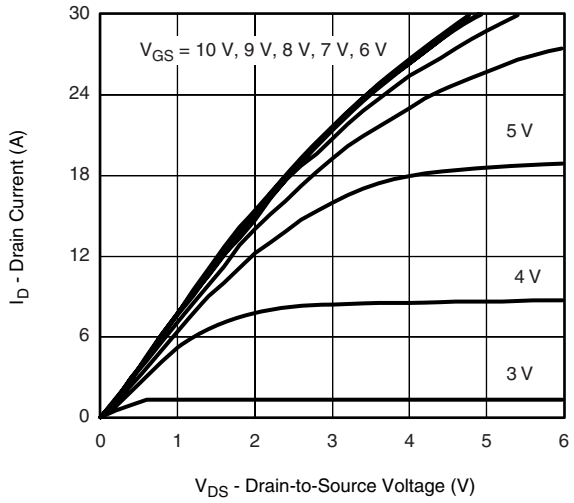


Single Pulse Power

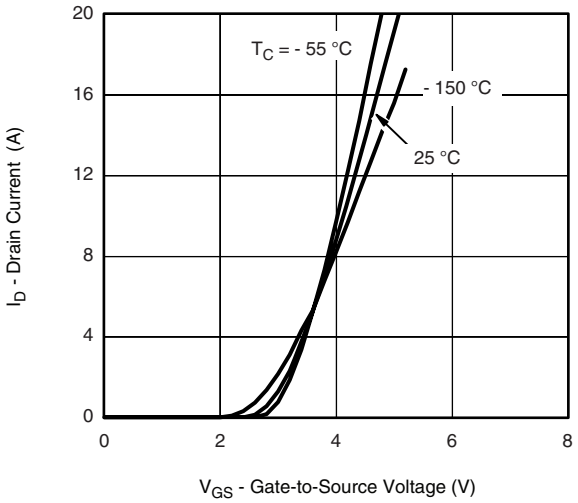


Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

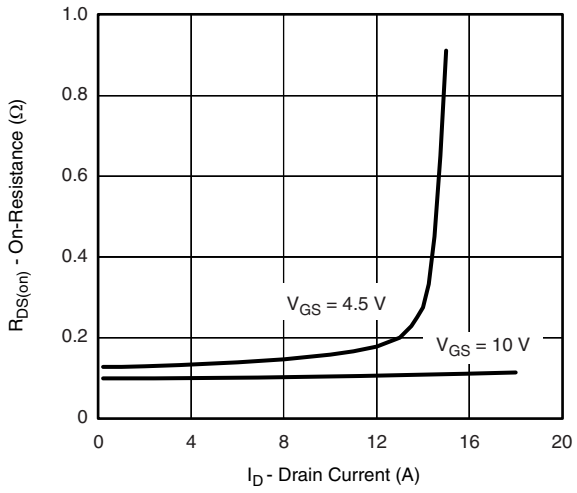
P-CHANNEL TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



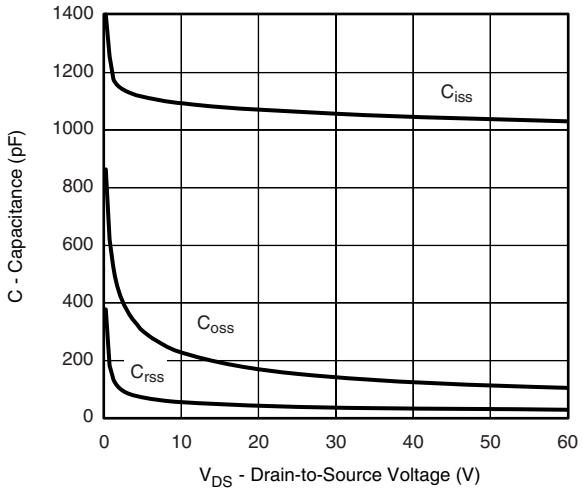
Output Characteristics



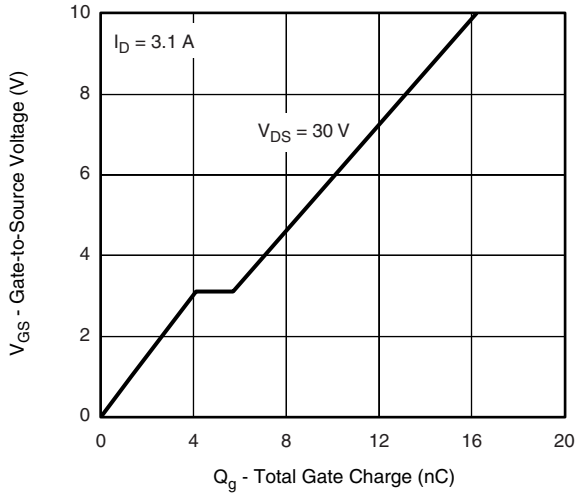
Transfer Characteristics



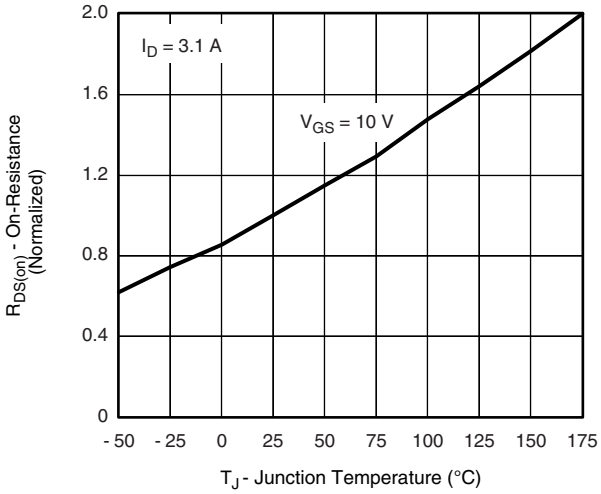
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



Capacitance

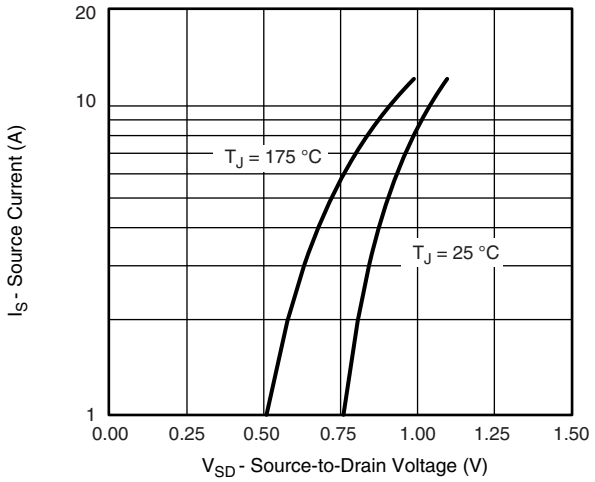


Gate Charge

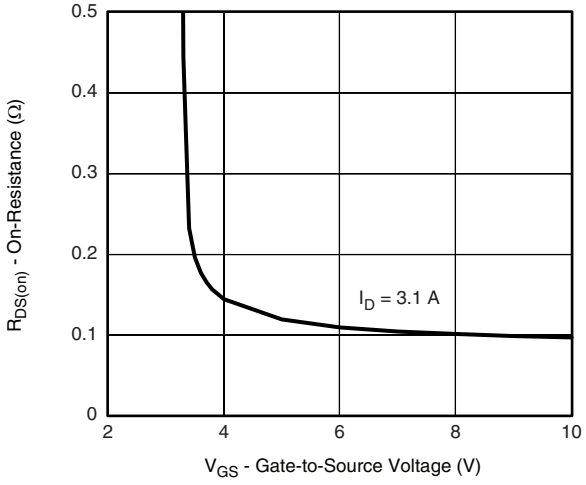


On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

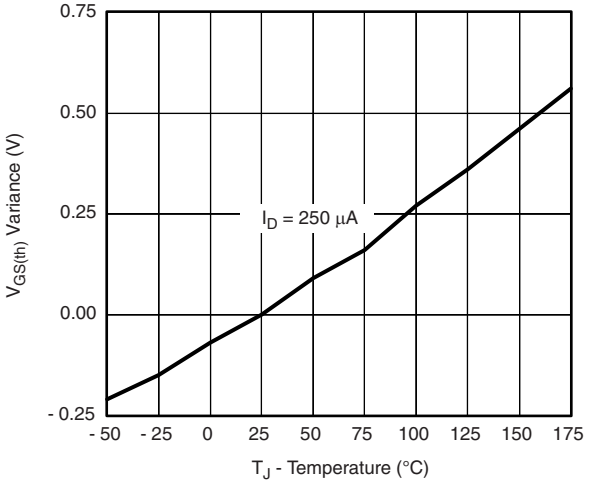
P-CHANNEL TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



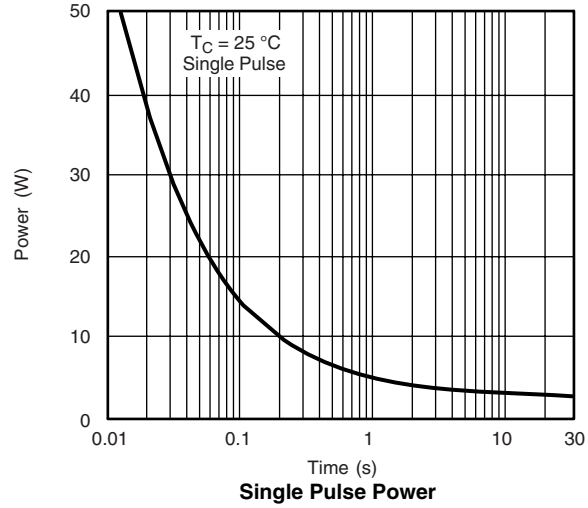
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



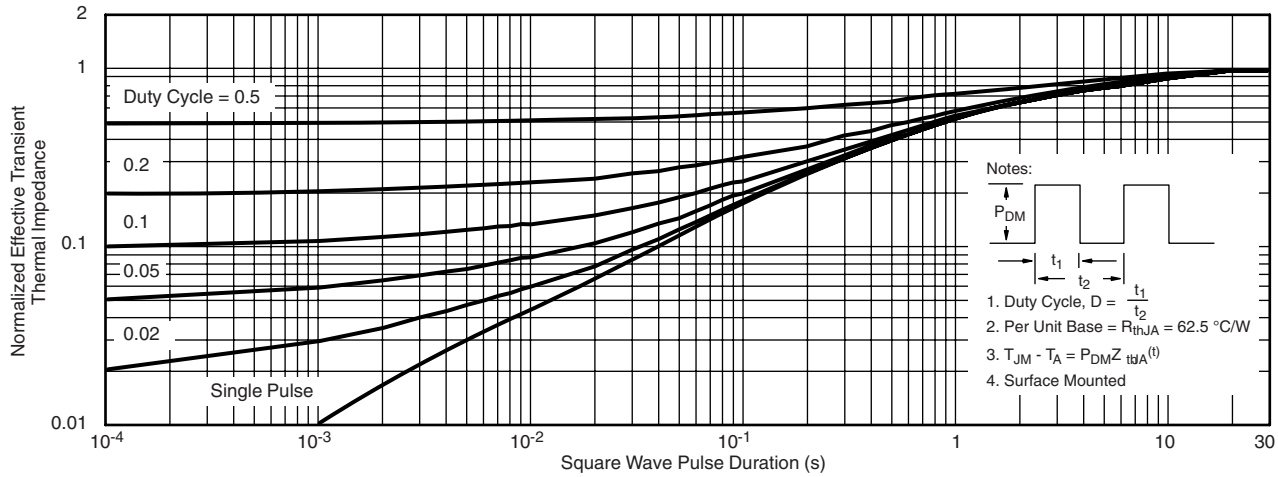
On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Threshold Voltage



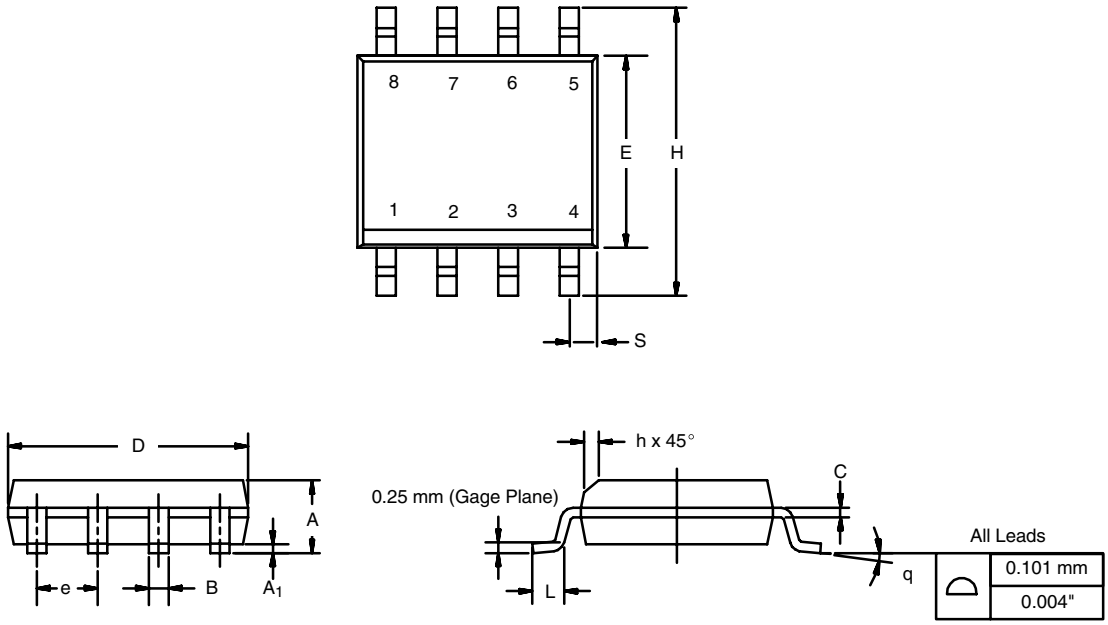
Single Pulse Power



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?70167.

SOIC (NARROW): 8-LEAD
JEDEC Part Number: MS-012



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
A_1	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008
B	0.35	0.51	0.014	0.020
C	0.19	0.25	0.0075	0.010
D	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196
E	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
e	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244
h	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037
q	0°	8°	0°	8°
S	0.44	0.64	0.018	0.026
ECN: C-06527-Rev. I, 11-Sep-06 DWG: 5498				

Mounting LITTLE FOOT®, SO-8 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (http://www.vishay.com/ppg?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SO-8 power MOSFET. In converting this recommended minimum pad to the pad set for a power MOSFET, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

In the case of the SO-8 package, the thermal connections are very simple. Pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 are the drain of the MOSFET for a single MOSFET package and are connected together. In a dual package, pins 5 and 6 are one drain, and pins 7 and 8 are the other drain. For a small-signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

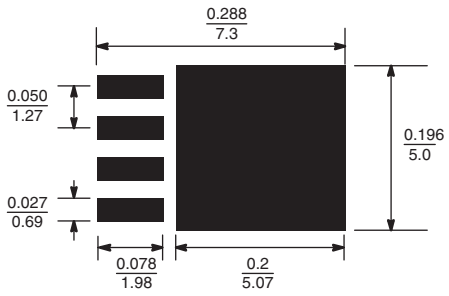


Figure 1. Single MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

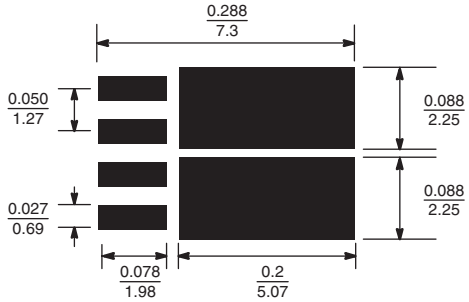


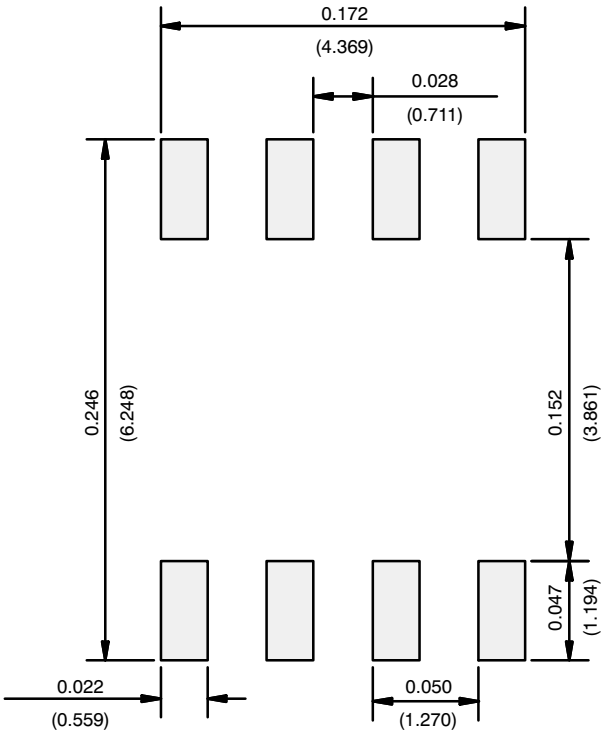
Figure 2. Dual MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

The minimum recommended pad patterns for the single-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 1) and dual-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 2) show the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat-spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pins. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. These patterns use all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, “thermal” connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SO-8



Recommended Minimum Pads
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC conform to Directive 2011/65/EU.