September 1999

National Semiconductor

CLC420
High-Speed, Voltage Feedback Op Amp

General Description

The CLC420 is an operational amplifier designed for applications requiring matched inputs, integration or transimpedance amplification. Utilizing voltage feedback architecture, the CLC420 offers a 300MHz bandwidth, a 1100V/µs slew rate and a 4mA supply current (power consumption of 40mW,±5V supplies).

Applications such as differential amplifiers will benefit from 70dB common mode rejection ratio and an input offset current of 0.2µA. With its unity-gain stability, 2pA$\sqrt{Hz}$ current noise and 3µA of input bias current, the CLC420 is designed to meet the needs of filter applications and log amplifiers. The low input offset current and current noise, combined with a settling time of 18ns to 0.01% make the CLC420 ideal for D/A converters, pin diode receivers and photo multipliers amplifiers. All applications will find 70dB power supply rejection ratio attractive.

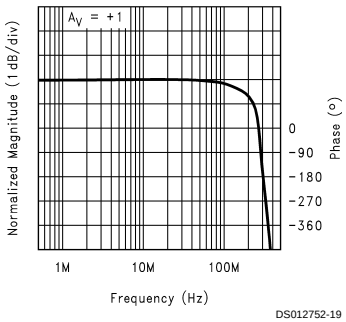
Features

- 300MHz small signal bandwidth
- 1100V/µs slew rate
- Unity-gain stability
- Low distortion, -60dBc at 20MHz
- 0.01% settling in 18ns
- 0.2µA input offset current
- 2pA$\sqrt{Hz}$ current noise

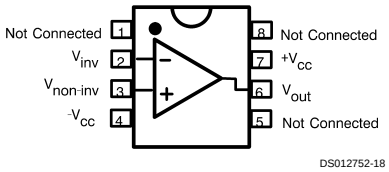
Applications

- Active filters/integrators
- Differential amplifiers
- Pin diode receivers
- Log amplifiers
- D/A converters
- Photo multiplier amplifiers

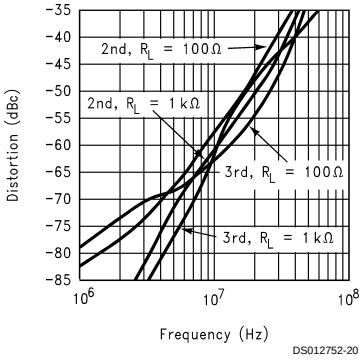
Non-Inverting Frequency Response



Connection Diagram



Pinout
DIP & SOIC



2nd and 3rd Harmonic Distortion

Ordering Information

Package	Temperature Range Industrial	Packaging Marking	NSC Drawing
8-pin plastic DIP	−40˚C to +85˚C	CLC420AJP	N08E
8-pin plastic SOIC	−40˚C to +85˚C	CLC420AJE CLC420AJE-TR13	M08A

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) ±7V

I_{OUT}
(is short circuit protected to ground, but maximum reliability will be maintained if I_{OUT} does not exceed 70mA, except A8D, B8D which should not exceed 35mA over the military temperature range)..

Common Mode Input Voltage $\pm V_{CC}$
Differential Input Voltage 10V
Junction Temperature +150˚C
Operating Temperature Range
AJ: −40˚C to +85˚C
Storage Temperature Range −65˚C to +150˚C
Lead Solder Duration (+300˚C) 10 sec

Electrical Characteristics

A_V=+1, V_{CC} =±5V, R_L =100Ω, R_f = 0Ω; unless specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Max/Min (Note 2)			Units
Ambient Temperature		CLC420AJ	+25˚C	−40˚C	+25˚C	+85˚	
Frequency Domain Response							
SSBW	-3dB bandwidth	V_{OUT} <0..4V_{PP}	300	>200	>200	>130	MHz
LSBW		V_{OUT}<5V_{PP}	40	>20	>25	>20	MHz
SSBWI	A_v =−1, R_f=500Ω	V_{OUT} <0.4V_{PP}	100	>65	>65	>45	MHz
LSBWI	A_v =−1, R_f=500Ω	V_{OUT} <5V_{PP}	60	>30	>35	>30	MHz
	gain flatness	V_{OUT}< 0.4V_{PP}					
GFPL	peaking	0.1MHz to 100MHz	0	<1	<0.6	<0.6	dB
GFPH	peaking	>100MHz	0	<5	<3	<3	dB
GFR	rolloff	0.1MHz to 100MHz	0.2	<1	<1	<2	dB
GFRI	rolloff, A_v =−1, R_f=500Ω	0.1MHz to 30MHz	0.2	<1.4	<1.4	<1.6	dB
LPD	linear phase deviation	0.1MHz to 100MHz	0.9	<1.8	<1.8	<2.5	˚
Time Domain Response							
TRS	rise and fall time	0.4V step	1.2	<2	<2	<3	ns
TRL		5V step	1.4	<25	<20	<20	ns
TRSI	rise and fall time,A_v =−1, R_f=500Ω	0.4V step	3.5	<5.5	<5.5	<7.8	ns
TRLI		5V step	6	<10	<9.5	<10	ns
TSS	settling time to ±0.1%	2V step	12	<18	<18	<18	ns
TSP	±0.01%	2V step	18	<25	<25	<25	ns
OS	overshoot	0.4V step	8	<35	<25	<25	%
SR	slew rate, A_v =+2	5V step	1100	>600	>750	>600	V/µs
SRI	slew rate, A_v =−1, R_f=500Ω	5V step	750	>430	>500	>430	V/µs
Distortion And Noise Response							
HD2	2nd harmonic distortion	2V_{PP}, 20MHz	−50	<−40	<−40	<−40	dBc
HD3	3rd harmonic distortion	2V_{PP}, 20MHz	−53	<−45	<−45	<−40	dBc
HD2	2nd harmonic distortion	A_v =−1 2V_{PP}, 20MHz, R_f=500	−51	<−40	<−40	<−40	dBc
HD3	3rd harmonic distortion	A_v=−1, R_f=500Ω2V_{PP}, 20MHz, R_f=500	−51	<−40	<−40	<−35	dBc
	input referred noise						
VN	voltage	1MHz to 200MHz	4.2	<5.3	<5.3	<6	nV/$\sqrt{Hz}$

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

A_V=+1, V_{CC} =±5V, R_L =100Ω, R_f = 0Ω; unless specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Max/Min (Note 2)			Units
Distortion And Noise Response							
ICN	current	1MHz to 200MHz	2	<2.9	<2.6	<2.3	pA/$\sqrt{Hz}$
Static DC Performance							
VIO	input offset voltage (Note 3)		1	<3.2	<2	<3.5	mV
DVIO	average temperature coefficient		8	<15	-	<15	µV/˚C
IB	input bias current (Note 3)		3	<20	<10	<10	µA
DIB	average temperature coefficient		45	<120	-	<60	A/˚C
IIO	input offset current (Note 3)		0.2	<2.6	<1	<2	µA
DIIO	average temperature coefficient		2	<20	-	<10	nA/˚C
AOL	open loop gain (Note 3)		65	>52	>56	>56	µA
PSRR	power supply rejection ratio		70	>55	>60	>60	dB
CMRR	common mode rejection ratio		80	>60	>65	>65	dB
ICC	supply current (Note 3)	no load,quiescent	4	<5	<5	<5	mA
Miscellaneous Performance							
RIND	differential mode input	resistance	2	>0.5	>1	>1	MΩ
CIND		capacitance	1	<2	<2	<2	pF
RINC	common mode input	resistance	1	>0.25	>0.5	>0.5	MΩ
CINC		capacitance	1	<2	<2	<2	pF
RO	output impedence	at DC	0.02	<0.3	<0.2	<0.2	Ω
VO	output voltage range	no load	±3.6	±2.8	±3	±3	V
VOL	output voltage range	RL=100Ω	±2.9	±2.5	±2.5	±2.5	V
CMIR	common mode input range	for rated performance	±3.2	±2.5	±2.8	±2.8	V
IO	output current		±60	±30	±50	±50	mA
Package Thermal Resistance							
junction to case	CLC420AJP	65˚	-	-	-	-	C/W
junction to ambient	CLC420AJP	120˚	-	-	-	-	C/W
junction to case	CLC420AJE	60˚	-	-	-	-	C/W
junction to ambient	CLC420AJE	140˚	-	-	-	-	C/W

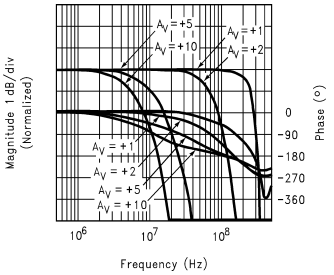
Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" specifies conditions of device operation.

Note 2: Max/min ratings are based on product characterization and simulation. Individual parameters are tested as noted. Outgoing quality levels are determined from tested parameters.

Note 3: AJ-level: spec. is 100% tested at +25˚C.

Typical Performance Characteristics

Non-Inverting Frequency Response



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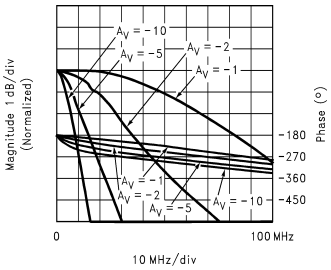
Inverting Frequency Response



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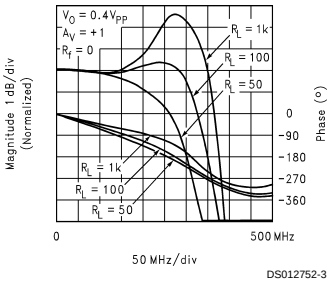
Frequency Response for Various R_LS



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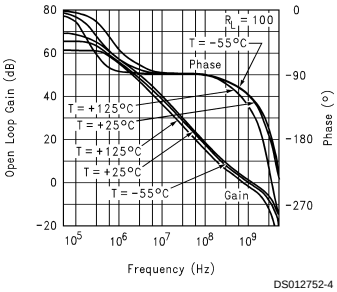
Open Loop Gain and Phase



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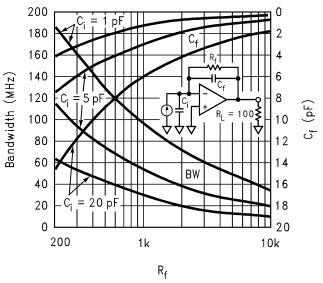
Bandwidth vs. Gain, Transimpedance Configuration



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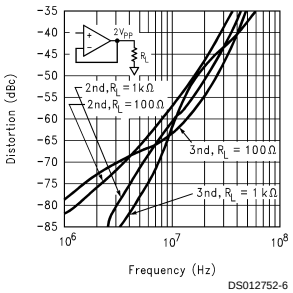
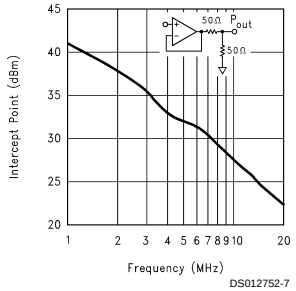
2nd and 3rd Harmonic Distortion



DS012752-6

2-Tone, 3rd Order Intermodulation Intercept



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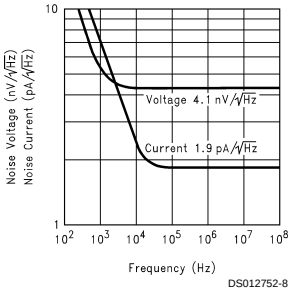
Equivalent Input Noise



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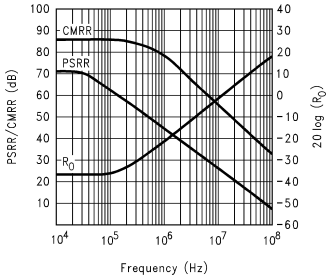
PSRR, CMRR, and Closed Loop R_O



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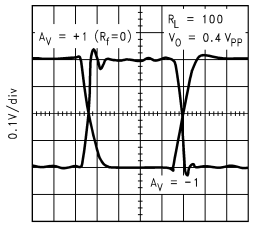
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

Pulse Response



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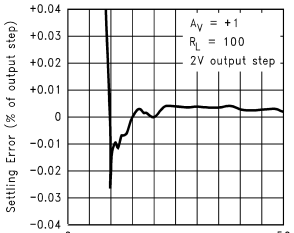
Settling Time



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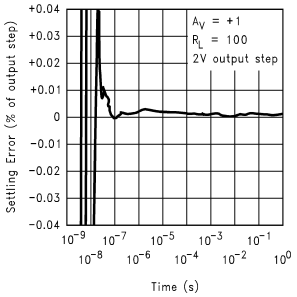
Long-Term Settling Time



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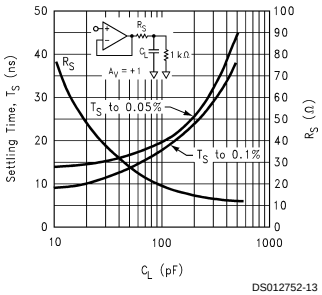
Settling Time vs. Capacitive Load



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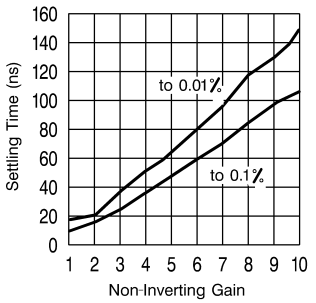
Settling Time vs. Gain



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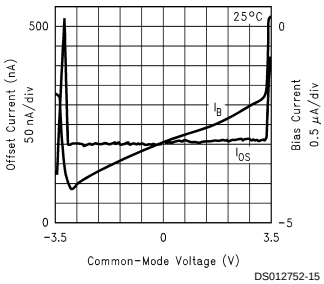
I_B and I_{OS} vs. Common-Mode Voltage



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Application Division

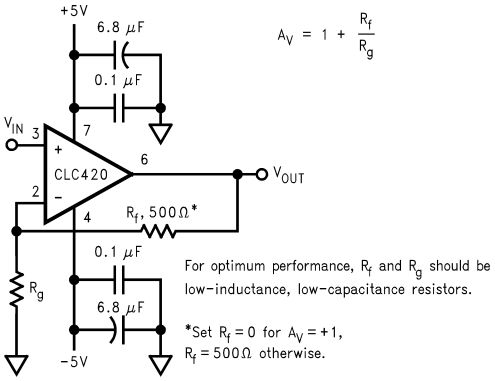


FIGURE 1. Recommended Non-Inverting Gain Circuit

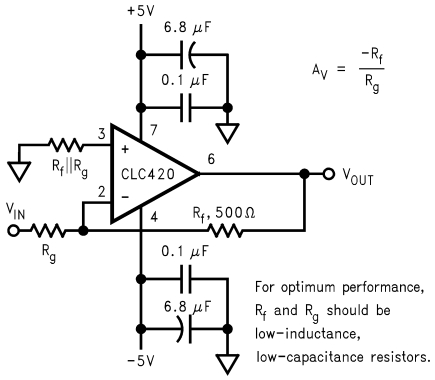


FIGURE 2. Recommended Inverting Gain Circuit

Description

The CLC420 is a high-speed, slew-boosted, voltage feedback amplifier with unity-gain stability. These features along with matched inputs, low input bias and noise currents, and excellent CMRR render the CLC420 very attractive for active filters, differential amplifiers, log amplifiers, and transimpedance amplifiers.

DC accuracy

Unlike current-feedback amplifiers, voltage-feedback amplifiers have matched inputs. This means that the non-inverting and inverting input bias current are well matched and track over temperature, etc. As a result, by matching the resistance looking out of the two inputs, these errors can be reduced to a small offset current term.

Gain bandwidth product

Since the CLC420 is a voltage-feedback op-amp, closed-loop bandwidth is approximately equal to the gain-bandwidth product (typically 100MHz) divided by the noise gain of the circuit (for noise gains greater than 5). At lower noise gains, higher-order amplifier poles contribute to higher closed-loop bandwidth. At low gains use the frequency response performance plots given in the data sheet.

Another point to remember is that the closed-loop bandwidth is determined by the noise gain, not the signal gain of the circuit. Noise gain is the reciprocal of the attenuation in the feedback network enclosing the op amp. For example, a CLC420 setup as a non-inverting amplifier with a closed-loop gain of +1 (a noise gain of 1) has a 300MHz bandwidth. When used as an inverting amplifier with a gain of −1 (a noise gain of 2), the bandwidth is less, typically only 100MHz.

Full-power bandwidth, and slew-rate

The CLC420 combines exceptional full-power bandwidths (40MHz, V_o=5Vpp, A_v=+1) and slew rates (1100V/µs, A_v=+1) with low (40mW) power consumption. These attractive results are achieved by using slew-boosting circuitry to keep the slew rates high while consuming very little power.

In non-slew boosted amplifiers, full-power bandwidth can be easily determined from slew-rate measurements, but in slew-boosting amplifiers, such as the CLC420, you can't. For this reason we provide data for both.

Slew rate is also different for inverting and non-inverting configurations. This occurs because common-mode signal voltages are present in non-inverting circuits but absent in inverting circuits. Once again data is provided for both.

Application Division (Continued)

Transimpedance amplifier circuits

Low inverting, input current noise ($2pA/\sqrt{Hz}$) makes the CLC420 ideal for high-sensitivity transimpedance amplifier circuits for applications such as pin-diode optical receivers, and detectors in receiver IFs. However, feedback resistors 4kΩ or greater are required if feedback resistor noise current is going to be less than the input current noise contribution of the op-amp.

With feedback resistors this large, shunt capacitance on the inverting input of the op-amp (from the pin-diode, etc.) will unacceptably degrade phase margin causing frequency response peaking or oscillations a small valued capacitor shunting the feedback resistor solves this problem (Note: This approach does not work for a current-feedback op-amp configured for transimpedance applications). To determine the value of this capacitor, refer to the "Transimpedance BW vs. R_f and C_i" plot.

For example, let's assume an optical transimpedance receiver is being developed. Total capacitance from the inverting input to ground, including the photodiode and strays is 5pF. A 5kΩ feedback resistor value has been determined to provide best dynamic range based on the response of the photodiode and the range of incident optical powers, etc. From the "Transimpedance BW vs. R_f and C_i" plot, using C_i=5pF it is determined from the two curves labeled C_i=5pF, that C_f=1.5pF provides optimal compensation (no more than 0.5dB frequency response peaking) and a −3dB bandwidth of approximately 27MHz.

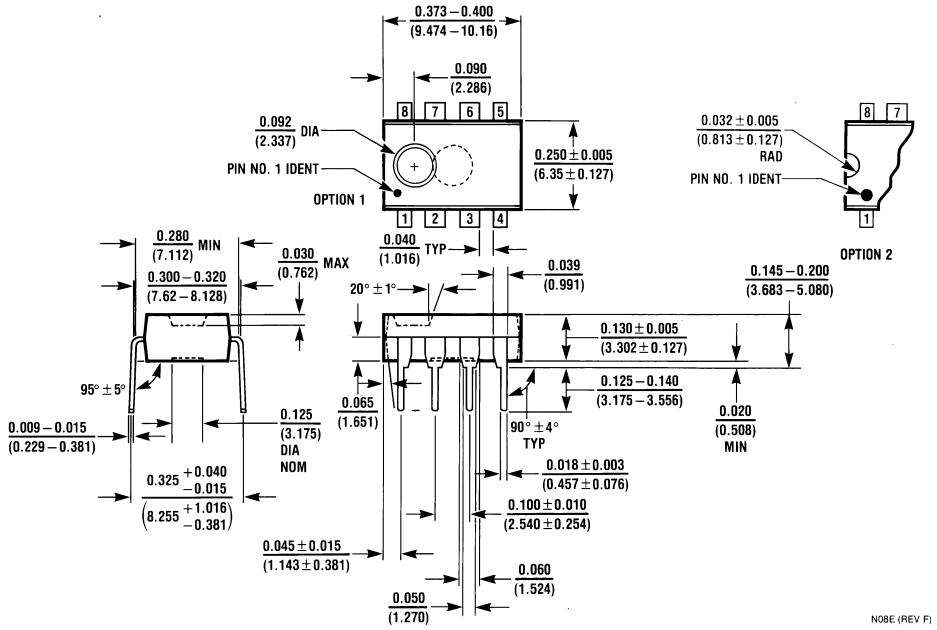
Printed circuit layout

As with any high frequency device, a good PCB layout will enhance performance. Ground plane construction and good power supply bypassing close to the package are critical to achieving full performance. The amplifier is sensitive to stray capacitance to ground at the output and inverting input: Node connections should be small with minimal coupling to the ground plane.

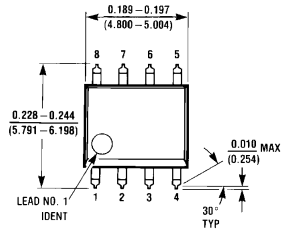
Parasitic or load capacitance directly on the output (pin 6) will introduce additional phase shift in the loop degrading the loop phase margin and leading to frequency response peaking. A small series resistor before this capacitance, if present, effectively decouples this effect. The graphs on the preceding page, " Settling Time vs. C_L", illustrates the required resistor value and resulting performance vs. capacitance.

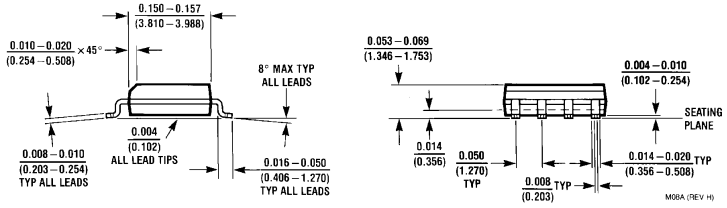
Evaluation PC boards (part no. 730013 for through-hole and CLC730027 for SOIC) are available for the CLC420.

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



N08E - CLC420AJP





M08A - CLC420AJE or CLC420AJE-TR13

Notes

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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CLC420 High-Speed, Voltage Feedback Op Amp

Generic P/N 420

Contents

Parametric Table	
Channels (Channels)	1
Input Output Type	Not Rail to Rail
Bandwidth, typ (MHz)	300
Slew Rate, typ (Volts/usec)	1100
Supply Current per Channel, typ (mA)	4
Minimum Supply Voltage (Volt)	10
Maximum Supply Voltage (Volt)	14
Offset Voltage, Max (mV)	2,.80
Input Bias Current, Temp Max (nA)	20000
Output Current, typ (mA)	70
Voltage Noise, typ (nV/Hz)	4.20
Shut down	No
Feedback Type	Voltage
BW at Av+1 (MHz)	300
BW at Av+2 (MHz)	95
BW at Av+5 (MHz)	20
BW at Av+10 (MHz)	10
BW at Av+20 (MHz)	5
HD 2nd, typ (dB)	-50
HD 3rd, typ (dB)	-53
Settling Time	12nS to 0.1%

General Description

The CLC420 is an operational amplifier designed for applications requiring matched inputs, integration or transimpedance amplification. Utilizing voltage feedback architecture, the CLC420 offers a 300MHz bandwidth, a 1100V/µs slew rate and a 4mA supply current (power consumption of 40mW,±5V supplies).

Applications such as differential amplifiers will benefit from 70dB common mode rejection ratio and an input offset current of 0.2µA. With its unity-gain stability, 2pA/ current noise and 3µA of input bias current, the CLC420 is designed to meet the needs of filter applications and log amplifiers. The low input offset current and current noise, combined with a settling time of 18ns to 0.01% make the CLC420 ideal for D/A converters, pin diode receivers and photo multipliers amplifiers. All applications will find 70dB power supply rejection ratio attractive.

Features

- 300MHz small signal bandwidth
- 1100V/µs slew rate
- Unity-gain stability
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- 0.2µA input offset current
- 2pA current noise

Applications

- Active filters/integrators
- Differential amplifiers
- Pin diode receivers
- Log amplifiers
- D/A converters
- Photo multiplier amplifiers

Datasheet

Title	Size (in Kbytes)	Date	View Online	Download	Rec vi Em
CLC420 High-Speed, Voltage Feedback Op Amp	286 Kbytes	29-Nov-99	View Online	Download	Rece via Ema

CLC420 High-Speed, Voltage Feedback Op Amp (**JAPANESE**)	436 Kbytes				
CLC420 Mil-Aero Datasheet MNCLC420A-X-RH	282 Kbytes		View Online	Download	Rece via Ema
CLC420 Mil-Aero Datasheet MNCLC420B-X	181 Kbytes		View Online	Download	Rece via Ema

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Package Availability, Models, Samples & Pricing

Part Number	Package		Status	Models		Samples & Electronic Orders	Budgetary Pricin	
	Type	# pins		SPICE	IBIS		Quantity	$US eac
CLC420BJE	SOIC NARROW	8	Lifetime buy	clc420.cir	N/A	.	1K+	$5.250
CLC420AJE	SOIC NARROW	8	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	Samples	1K+	$2.820
CLC420AJE-TR13	SOIC NARROW	8	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.	1K+	$2.880
CLC420BJP	MDIP	8	Lifetime buy	clc420.cir	N/A	.	1K+	$5.250
CLC420AJP	MDIP	8	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.	1K+	$2.850
CLC420AEFQML	LCC	20	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.		
5962-9175801M2A	LCC	20	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.	25+	$45.600

RCL420AJFQML	Cerdip	8	Preliminary	N/A	N/A	.		
5962-9175801MPA	Cerdip	8	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.	25+	$39.100
5962F9175801MPA	Cerdip	8	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.	50+	$150.00
5962-9175802MPA	Cerdip	8	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.	25+	$44.500
CLC420AWG-MPR	Ceramic SOIC	10	Preliminary	clc420.cir	N/A	.		
CLC420AWG-QML	Ceramic SOIC	10	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.	250+	$33.000
5962F9175801MXA	Ceramic SOIC	10	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.	50+	$150.00
CLC420AJ	Cerdip	8	Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.		
CLC420 MDC	die		Full production	clc420.cir	N/A	.		
CLC420AMC	die		Lifetime buy	clc420.cir	N/A	.		

Design Tools

Title	Size (in Kbytes)	Date	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
Amplifiers Selection Guide software for Windows	8 Kbytes	26-May-2000		View	
CLC730013EB 8-pin Op Amp Evaluation Board	138 Kbytes	5-Feb-2000	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
CLC730027EB 8-pin Op Amp Evaluation Board	138 Kbytes	5-Feb-2000	View Online	Download	Receive via Email

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Application Notes

Title	Size (in Kbytes)	Date	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
OA-12: OA-12 Noise Analysis for Comlinear's Op Amps	108 Kbytes	24-Feb-99	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
OA-18: OA-18 Simulation SPICE Models for Comlinear's Op Amps	337 Kbytes	23-May-00	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
OA-23: OA-23 CLC522 Advanced Operating Considerations and Military Specifications	250 Kbytes	29-Oct-99	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
OA-30: OA-30 Current vs. Voltage Feedback Amplifiers	56 Kbytes	5-Jun-98	View Online	Download	Receive via Email

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[Information as of 18-Jul-2000]
