

**CA101, CA201, CA301A, LM201\*, LM301A\*****Operational Amplifiers**

For Commercial, Industrial, and Military Applications

**Features:**

- Short-circuit protection and latch-free operation
- Unity-gain phase compensation with a single 30-pF capacitor
- Replacement for industry types 101, 201, 301A
- CA301A Slew Rate (Summing ampl.) 10 V/μs

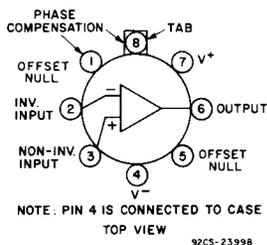
The RCA-CA101, CA201, and CA301A are general-purpose, high-gain operational amplifiers for use in military, industrial, and commercial applications.

These types, which are externally phase compensated, permit a choice of operation for optimum high-frequency performance at a selected gain; unity-gain compensation can be obtained with a single 30-pF capacitor.

All types are available in 8-lead TO-5 style packages with standard leads (T suffix), and with dual-in-line formed leads ("DIL-CAN", S suffix). The CA301A is also available in the 8-lead dual-in-line plastic package ("MINI-DIP", E suffix), and in chip form (H suffix).

**Applications:**

- Long-interval integrator
- Timers
- Sample-and-hold circuits
- Summing amplifiers
- Multivibrators
- Comparators
- Instrumentation
- AC/DC converters
- Inverting amplifiers
- Sine- & square-wave generators
- Capacitance multipliers & simulated inductors

**a — TO-5 Style package for all types**

**T-Suffix**  
**S-Suffix**

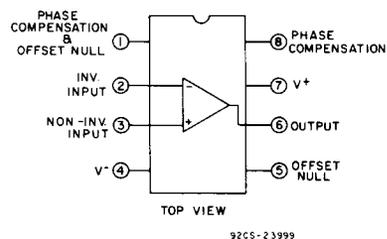
**b — Plastic package for CA301A****E-Suffix**

Fig. 1 - Functional diagrams.

\*Technical Data on LM Branded types is identical to the corresponding CA Branded types.

## CA101, CA201, CA301A, LM201, LM301A

**Maximum Ratings, Absolute Maximum Values at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ :**

DC SUPPLY VOLTAGE (Between $V_+$ and $V_-$ Terminals):	
CA101, CA201 .....	44 V
CA301A .....	36 V
DC INPUT VOLTAGE .....	$\pm 15$ V
(For supply voltages less than $\pm 15$ V, the Input Voltage rating is equal to the DC Supply Voltage)	
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE .....	$\pm 30$ V
OUTPUT SHORT-CIRCUIT DURATION .....	Indefinite*
DEVICE DISSIPATION:	
UP TO $T_A = 75^\circ\text{C}$ .....	500 mW
Above $T_A = 75^\circ\text{C}$ Derate linearly at .....	6.67 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGE:	
Operating —	
CA101 .....	$-55$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$
CA201, CA301A .....	$0$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$
Storage (All types) .....	$-65$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$
LEAD TEMPERATURE (During Soldering):	
At a distance $1/16'' \pm 1/32''$ ( $1.59 \pm 0.79$ mm) from case for 10 seconds max. ....	$+265^\circ\text{C}$

\* At  $T_A \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$  and  $T_c \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$  (CA101);  $T_A \leq 55^\circ\text{C}$  and  $T_c \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$  (CA201, CA301A).

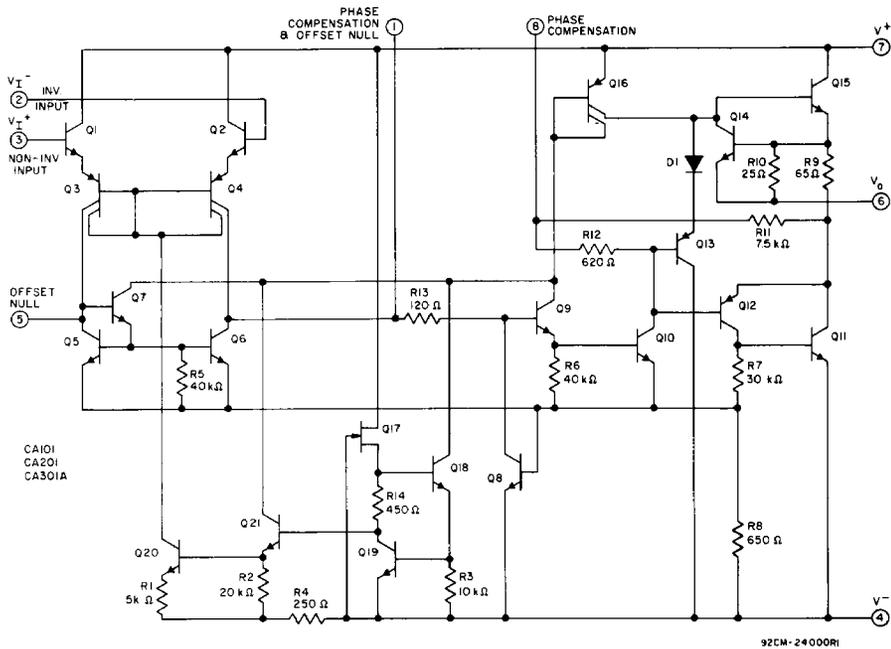


Fig. 2 - Schematic diagram.

## CA101, CA201, CA301A, LM201, LM301A

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTER- ISTICS	TEST CONDITIONS $\Delta$  Supply Voltage (V $\pm$ ) = 5 to 15 V	LIMITS									UNITS
		CA101			CA201			CA301A			
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Input Offset Voltage $V_{IO}$	TA=25°C Rs $\leq$ 10k $\Omega$	—	1	5	—	2	7.5	—	—	—	mV
	Rs $\leq$ 50k $\Omega$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	7.5	
	Rs $\leq$ 10k $\Omega$	—	—	6	—	—	10	—	—	—	
	Rs $\leq$ 50k $\Omega$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	
Average Temper- ature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage $\alpha V_{IO}$	Rs $\leq$ 10k $\Omega$	—	6	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	$\mu V/^{\circ}C$
	Rs $\leq$ 50 $\Omega$	—	3	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	
Average Temper- ature Coefficient of Input Offset Current $\alpha I_{IO}$	-55°C to +25°C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	nA/ $^{\circ}C$
	0°C to +25°C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.02	0.6	
	+25°C to +70°C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.01	0.3	
	+25°C to +125°C	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Input Offset Current $I_{IO}$	TA = 0°C	—	—	—	—	150	750	—	—	—	nA
	TA = 25°C	—	40	200	—	100	500	—	3	50	
	TA = 70°C	—	—	—	—	50	400	—	—	—	
	TA = 125°C	—	10	200	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	70	
Input Bias Current $I_{IB}$	TA = -55°C	—	0.28	1.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	$\mu A$
	TA = 0°C	—	—	—	—	0.32	2	—	—	—	
	TA = 25°C	—	0.12	0.5	—	0.25	1.5	—	0.07	0.25	
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.3	
Supply Current $I_{\pm}$	TA=25°C V $\pm$ =15V	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.8	3	mA
	V $\pm$ =20V	—	1.8	3	—	1.8	3	—	—	—	
	TA=125°C V $\pm$ =20V	—	1.2	2.5	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Open-Loop Differential Voltage Gain $A_{OL}$	TA=25°C V $\pm$ =15V VO $\pm$ 10V RL $\geq$ 2k $\Omega$	50	160	—	20	150	—	25	160	—	V/mW
	V $\pm$ =15V VO $\pm$ 10V RL $\geq$ 2k $\Omega$	25	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	
Input Resis- tance $R_I$	TA=25°C	0.3	0.8	—	0.1	0.4	—	0.5	2	—	M $\Omega$
Output Voltage Swing $V_{OPP}$	V $\pm$ =15V RL=10k $\Omega$	$\pm$ 12	$\pm$ 14	—	$\pm$ 12	$\pm$ 14	—	$\pm$ 12	$\pm$ 14	—	V
	V $\pm$ =15V RL=2k $\Omega$	$\pm$ 10	$\pm$ 13	—	$\pm$ 10	$\pm$ 13	—	$\pm$ 10	$\pm$ 13	—	
Common-Mode Input-Voltage Range $V_{ICR}$	V $\pm$ =15V	$\pm$ 12	—	—	$\pm$ 12	—	—	$\pm$ 12	—	—	V
	V $\pm$ =20V	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio CMRR	Rs $\leq$ 10k $\Omega$	70	90	—	65	90	—	—	—	—	dB
	Rs $\leq$ 50k $\Omega$	—	—	—	—	—	—	70	90	—	
Supply-Voltage Rejection Ratio PSRR	Rs $\leq$ 10k $\Omega$	70	90	—	70	90	—	—	—	—	dB
	Rs $\leq$ 50k $\Omega$	—	—	—	—	—	—	70	90	—	

$\Delta$  Characteristics applicable over operating temperature range (TA) as shown below, unless otherwise specified:

CA101: -55 to +125°C; CA201, CA301A: 0 to 70°C

## CA101, CA201, CA301A, LM201, LM301A

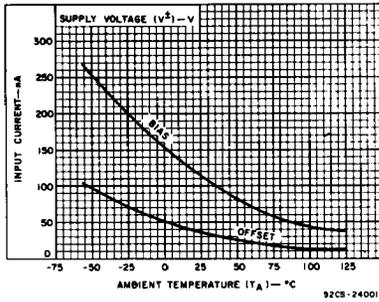
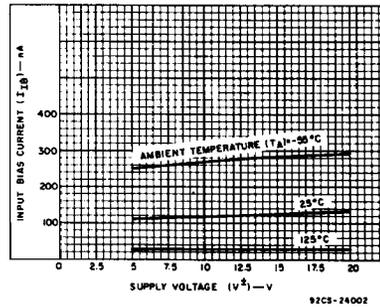
TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS  
TYPE CA101Fig. 3 - Input current ( $I_{iO}$ ,  $I_{iB}$ ) vs. temperature.

Fig. 4 - Input bias current vs. supply voltage.

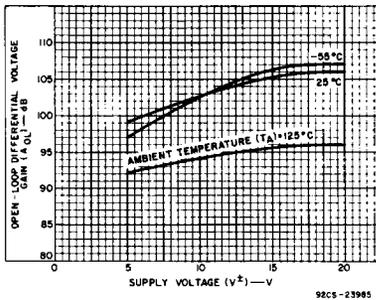


Fig. 5 - Voltage gain vs. supply voltage.

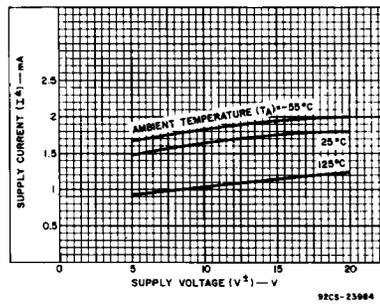
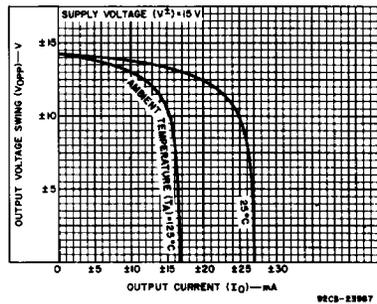
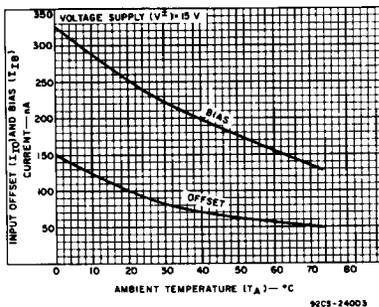
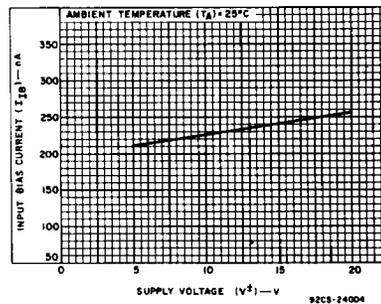


Fig. 6 - Supply characteristics.

Fig. 7 - Output characteristics.  
TYPE CA201Fig. 8 - Input current ( $I_{iO}$ ,  $I_{iB}$ ) vs. temperature.Fig. 9 - Input bias current ( $I_{iB}$ ) vs. supply voltage.

# CA101, CA201, CA301A, LM201, LM301A

## TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS (Cont'd)

### TYPE CA201

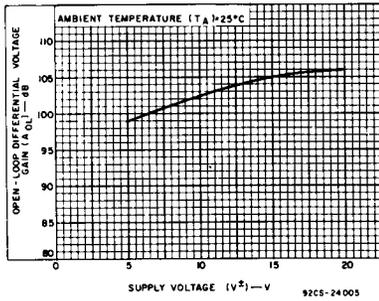


Fig. 10 - Voltage gain vs. supply voltage.

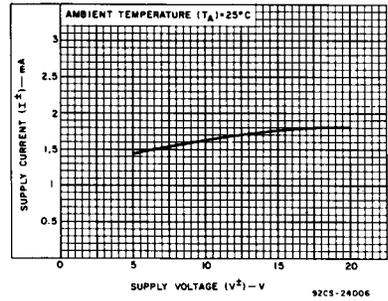


Fig. 11 - Supply characteristics.

### TYPE CA301A

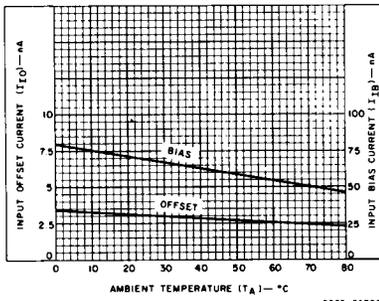


Fig. 12 - Input current ( $I_{IO}$ ,  $I_{IB}$ ) vs. temperature.

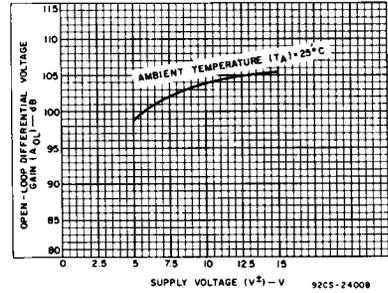


Fig. 13 - Voltage gain vs. supply voltage.

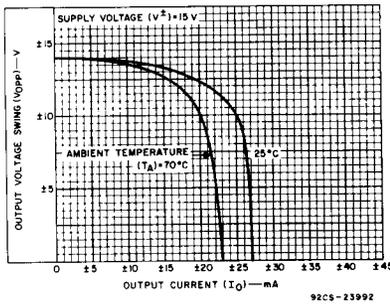


Fig. 14 - Output characteristics.

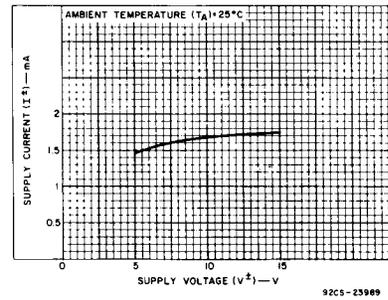


Fig. 15 - Supply characteristics.

## TYPICAL DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

### TYPES CA101, CA201, CA301A

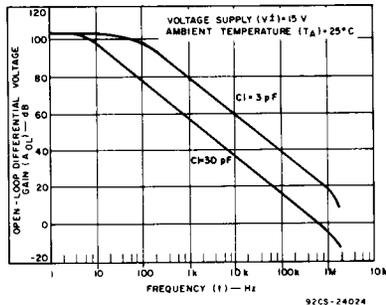


Fig. 16 - Voltage gain vs. frequency.

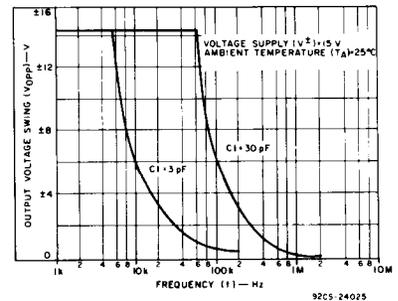


Fig. 17 - Output voltage swing vs. frequency.

## CA101, CA201, CA301A, LM201, LM301A

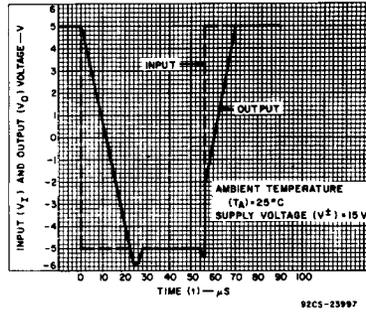
TYPICAL DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS (Cont'd)  
FOR TYPES CA101, CA201 AND CA301A

Fig. 18 - Voltage follower pulse response.

## TYPE CA301A

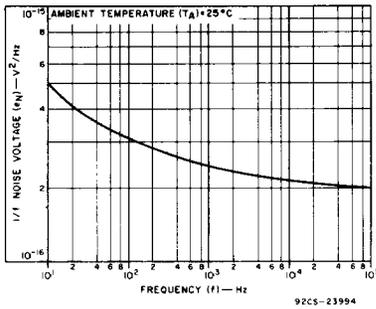


Fig. 19 - 1/f noise voltage vs. frequency.

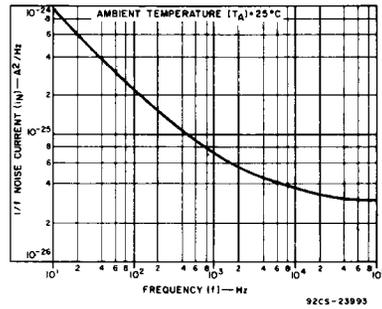
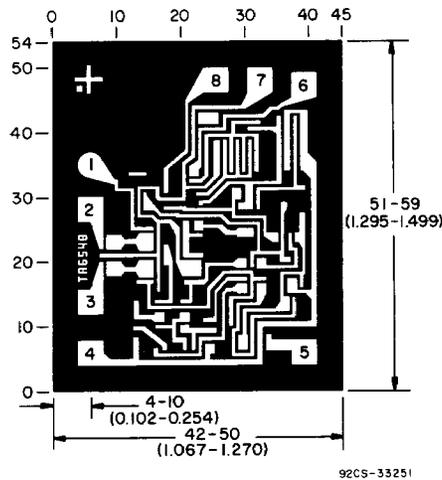


Fig. 20 - 1/f noise current vs. frequency.



Dimensions and pad layout for CA301H.

Dimensions in parentheses are in millimeters and are derived from the basic inch dimensions as indicated. Grid graduations are in mils ( $10^{-3}$  inch).