

# BIPOLAR ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS $\mu PC2709TB$

# 5 V, SUPER MINIMOLD SILICON MMIC MEDIUM OUTPUT POWER AMPLIFIER

#### DESCRIPTION

The  $\mu$ PC2709TB is a silicon monolithic integrated circuits designed as 1st IF amplifier for DBS tuners. This IC is packaged in super minimold package which is smaller than conventional minimold.

The  $\mu$ PC2709TB has compatible pin connections and performance to  $\mu$ PC2709T of conventional minimold version. So, in the case of reducing your system size,  $\mu$ PC2709TB is suitable to replace from  $\mu$ PC2709T.

These IC is manufactured using NEC's 20 GHz fr NESAT™III silicon bipolar process. This process uses silicon nitride passivation film and gold electrodes. These materials can protect chip surface from external pollution and prevent corrosion/migration. Thus, this IC has excellent performance, uniformity and reliability.

#### **FEATURES**

High-density surface mounting: 6 pin super minimold package

Supply voltage : Vcc = 4.5 to 5.5 V

Wideband response : fu = 2.3 GHzTYP. @3 dB bandwidth

Medium output power : Po (sat) = +11.5 dBm@f = 1 GHz with external inductor

Power gain : GP = 23 dBTYP. @f = 1 GHz

• Port impedance : input/output 50  $\Omega$ 

#### **APPLICATION**

· 1st IF amplifiers in DBS converters

RF stage buffer in DBS tuners, etc.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

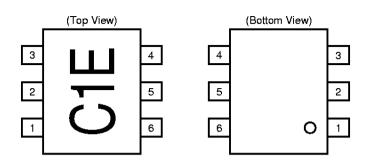
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	MARKING	SUPPLYING FORM
μPC2709TB-E3	6 pin super minimold	C1E	Embossed tape 8 mm wide. 1, 2, 3 pins face to perforation side of the tape. Qty 3 kp/reel.

**Remarks** To order evaluation samples, please contact your local NEC sales office. (Part number for sample order:  $\mu$ PC2709TB)

Caution: Electro-static sensitive devices



# PIN CONNECCTIONS



Pin NO.	Pin name		
1	INPUT		
2	GND		
3	GND		
4	OUTPUT		
5	GND		
6	<b>V</b> cc		

PRODUCT LINE-UP OF  $\mu$ PC2709 (TA = +25 °C, Vcc = Vout = 5.0 V, ZL = Zs = 50  $\Omega$ )

PART NO.	f <sub>u</sub> (GHz)	Po (sat) (dBm)	G <sub>P</sub> (dB)	NF (dB)	lcc <b>(mA)</b>	PACKAGE	MARKING
μPC2709T	2.3	+11.5	23	E	25	6 pin minimold	C1E
μPC2709TB	2.3	+11.5	20	5	25	6 pin super minimold	O I E

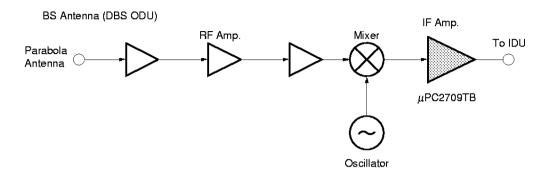
**Remarks** Typical performance. Please refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS in detail.

Notice The package size distinguishes between minimold and super minimold.

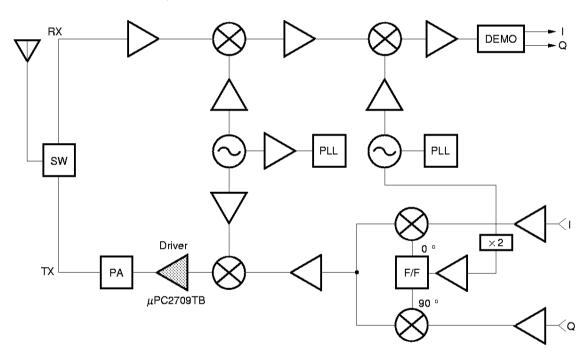


#### SYSTEM APPLICATION EXAMPLE

#### **EXAMPLE OF DBS CONVERTERS**



# EXAMPLE OF 900 MHz BAND, 1.5 GHz BAND DIGITAL CELLULAR TELEPHONE



To know the associated products, please refer to each latest data sheet.



# PIN EXPLANATION

Pin NO.	Pin Name	Applied voltage V	Pin voltage V	Function and applications	Internal equivalent circuit
1	INPUT	1	0.8	Signal input pin. A internal matching circuit, configured with resistors, enables 50 Ω connection over a wide band.  A multi-feedback circuit is designed to cancel the deviations of hee and resistance.  This pin must be coupled to signal source with capacitor for DC cut.	
4	OUTPUT	Voltage as same as Vcc through external inductor	-	Signal output pin. The inductor must be attached between Vcc and output pins to supply current to the internal output transistors.	
6	Vcc	4.5 to 5.5	-	Power supply pin, which biases the internal input transistor. This pin should be externally equipped with bypass capacitor to minimize its impedance.	3 2+5 GND GND
2 3 5	GND	0	-	Ground pin. This pin should be connected to system ground with minimum inductance. Ground pattern on the board should be formed as wide as possible.  All the ground pins must be connected together with wide ground pattern to decrease impedance defference.	

Remarks Pin voltage is measured at Vcc = 5.0 V



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT	CONDITIONS
Supply Voltage	<b>V</b> cc	6	٧	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 °C, Pin 4 and 6
Total Circuit Current	Icc	60	mA	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 °C
Power Dissipation	Po	200	mW	Mounted on double copper clad $50 \times 50 \times 1.6$ mm epoxy glass PWB (T <sub>A</sub> = +85 °C)
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	-40 to +85	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C	
Input Power	Pin	+10	dBm	

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

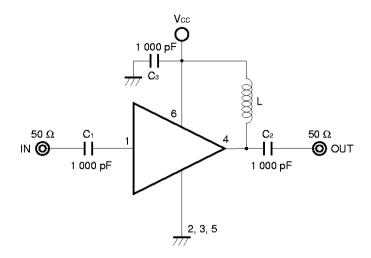
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTICE
Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	٧	The same voltage should be applied to pin 4 and 6.
Operating Ambient Temperature	Та	-40	+25	+85	°C	

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = +25 °C, Vcc = Vout = 5.0 V, Zs = ZL = 50 $\Omega$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS
Circuit Current	loc	19	25	32	mA	No Signal
Power Gain	G₽	21.0	23.0	26.5	dB	f = 1 GHz
Maximum Output Level	Po (sat)	+9.0	+11.5	-	dBm	f = 1 GHz, Pin = 0 dBm
Noise Figure	NF	-	5.0	6.5	dB	f = 1 GHz
Upper Limit Operating Frequency	fu	2.0	2.3	1	GHz	3 dB down below flat gain at f = 0.1 GHz
Isolation	ISL	26	31	ı	dB	f = 1 GHz
Input Return Loss	RLin	7	10	-	dB	f = 1 GHz
Output Return Loss	RLout	7	10	-	dB	f = 1 GHz
Gain Flatness	∆G₽	_	±1.0	-	dB	f = 0.1 to 1.8 GHz



#### TEST CIRCUIT



# Components of test circuit for measuring electrical characteristics

	TYPE	VALUE
Сз	Capacitor	1 000 pF
L	Bias Tee	1 000 nH
C <sub>1</sub> to C <sub>2</sub>	Bias Tee	1 000 pF

#### Example of actural application components

	TYPE	VALUE	OPERATING FREQUENCY
C1 to C3	Chip capacitor	1 000 pF	100 MHz or higher
L	Chip inductor	300 nH	10 MHz or higher
		100 nH	100 MHz or higher
		10 nH	1.0 GHz or higher

#### INDUCTOR FOR THE OUTPUT PIN

The internal output transistor of this IC consumes 20 mA, to output medium power. To supply current for output transistor, connect an inductor between the Vcc pin (pin 6) and output pin (pin 4). Select large value inductance, as listed above.

The inductor has both DC and AC effects. In terms of DC, the inductor biases the output transistor with minimum voltage drop to output enable high level. In terms of AC, the inductor make output-port impedance higher to get enough gain. In this case, large inductance and Q is suitable.

#### CAPACITORS FOR THE Vcc, INPUT, AND OUTPUT PINS

Capacitors of 1 000 pF are recommendable as the bypass capacitor for the Vcc pin and the coupling capacitors for the input and output pins.

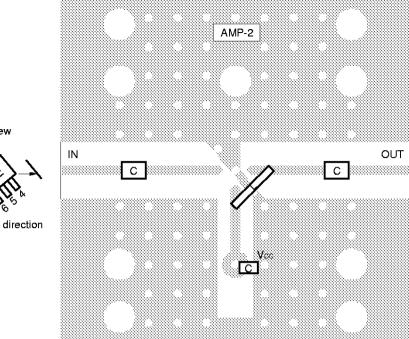
The bypass capacitor connected to the Vcc pin is used to minimize ground impedance of Vcc pin. So, stable bias can be supplied against Vcc fluctuation.

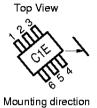
The coupling capacitors, connected to the input and output pins, are used to cut the DC and minimize RF serial impedance. Their capacitance are therefore selected as lower impedance against a 50  $\Omega$  load. The capacitors thus perform as high pass filters, suppressing low frequencies to DC.

To obtain a flat gain from 100 MHz upwards, 1 000 pF capacitors are used in the test circuit. In the case of under 10 MHz operation, increase the value of coupling capacitor such as 10 000 pF. Because the coupling capacitors are determined by equation,  $C = 1/(2 \pi Rfc)$ .



#### Illustration of the test circuit assembled on evaluation board





# **Component List**

	Value
С	1 000 pF
L	300 nH

#### Notes

1.  $30 \times 30 \times 0.4$  mm double sided copper clad polyimide board.

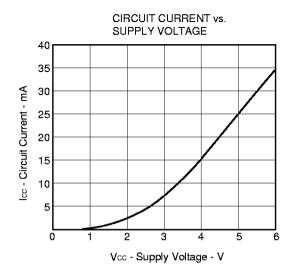
2. Back side: GND pattern

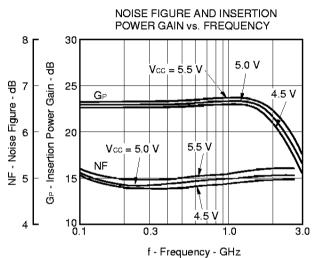
3. Solder plated on pattern

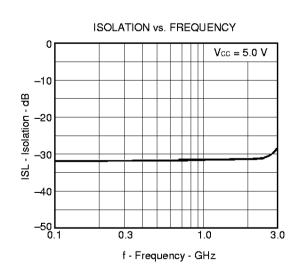
4. • Through holes

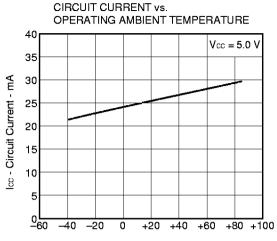


#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = +25 °C)

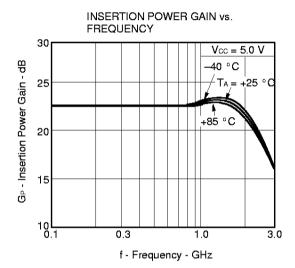


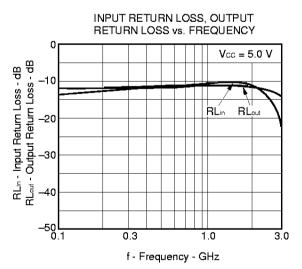


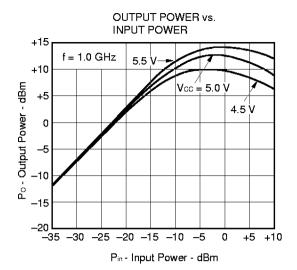


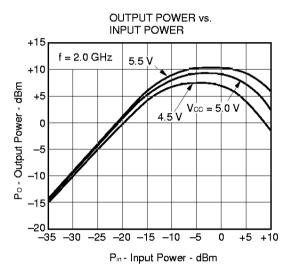


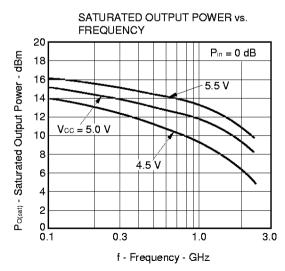
Ta - Operating Ambient Temperature - °C

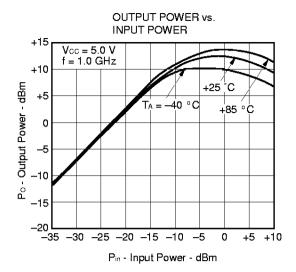


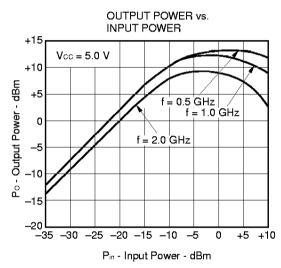


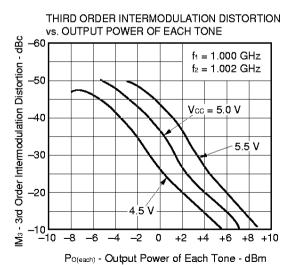








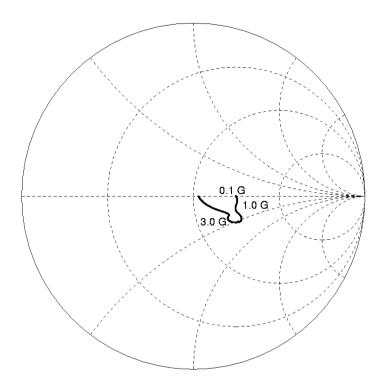




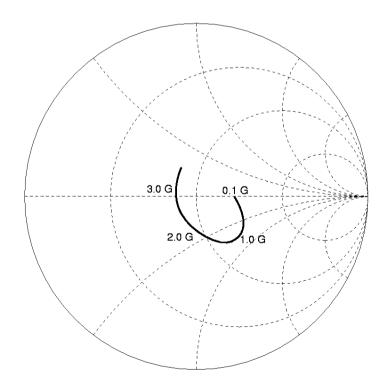


# S-Parameter (Vcc = 5.0 V)

# S<sub>11</sub>-FREQUENCY



# S<sub>22</sub>-FREQUENCY





Typical S-Parameter Values (T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C)

μPC2709TB

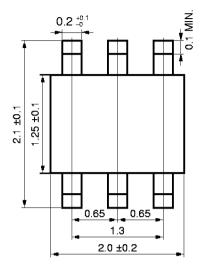
 $Vcc = V_{out} = 5.0 \text{ V}, lcc = 26 \text{ mA}$ 

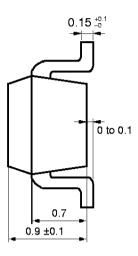
Frequency	S	311	S	21	S <sup>-</sup>	12	S	22	K
MHz	MAG	ANG	MAG	ANG	MAG	ANG	MAG	ANG	
100,0000	207	0.0	10.000	4.5	007	1.0	100	0.0	1.07
100.0000 200.0000	.227 .239	0.2 1.0	13.698 13.724	-4.5 -9.6	.027 .027	–1.0 3.1	.196 .207	0.9 2.2	1.37 1.36
	.239		13.724			3.1 4.7	.207 .212	2.2 4.1	1.38
300.0000		2.9		-14.5	.026				
400.0000	.244	2.5	13.998	-19.9	.027	7.8	.223	3.4	1.32
500.0000	.243	1.5	14.109	<del>-</del> 25.0	.026	9.8 11.9	.234	2.1	1.33
600.0000	.247	-1.5	14.246	<del>-30.4</del>	.027		.252	-0.4	1.26
700.0000	.265	-3.2	14.538	<del>-35.5</del>	.028	13.6	.270	-2.3	1.20
800.0000	.284	-3.6	14.703	-41.3	.028	14.9	.287	<del>-4</del> .6	1.15
900.0000	.301	-3.3	15.051	<del>-4</del> 7.0	.028	17.2	.298	<b>-7.4</b>	1.10
1000.0000	.305	-2.4	15.331	<del>-</del> 53.5	.029	18.8	.309	-11.9	1.05
1100.0000	.299	-3.2	15.605	-60.0	.029	20.9	.322	-17.1	1.04
1200.0000	.300	-6.3	15.773	-66.7	.029	22.5	.336	<del>-</del> 21.5	1.01
1300.0000	.314	-10.3	16.152	<del>-74</del> .0	.030	23.8	.353	<del>-</del> 24.8	0.95
1400.0000	.328	-14.4	16.282	<del>-</del> 81.0	.030	26.1	.353	-28.8	0.93
1500.0000	.354	-17.3	16.337	-89.3	.032	25.6	.368	-35.5	0.86
1600.0000	.359	-19.5	16.370	<del>-</del> 96.5	.031	26.8	.370	<del>-4</del> 1.8	0.86
1700.0000	.373	-22.1	16.256	-104.5	.033	28.0	.382	-46.9	0.81
1800.0000	.371	-26.8	15.977	-112.7	.032	29.3	.381	-52.8	0.83
1900.0000	.379	<del>-</del> 31.1	15.529	-120.5	.033	31.3	.378	<b>−</b> 57.8	0.83
2000.0000	.386	-36.0	15.307	-128.1	.034	31.0	.373	<del>-</del> 64.1	0.82
2100.0000	.387	-39.5	14.745	-135.9	.033	32.2	.366	-70.8	0.85
2200.0000	.374	<del>-4</del> 3.8	14.212	-143.7	.033	30.5	.363	<del>-</del> 78.1	0.90
2300.0000	.360	<del>-4</del> 8.7	13.633	-151.3	.033	33.9	.353	-83.0	0.94
2400.0000	.339	<del>-</del> 55.4	12.846	-158.7	.032	35.5	.331	-90.0	1.06
2500.0000	.338	-62.0	11.990	-165.5	.033	38.0	.318	-95.6	1.11
2600.0000	.334	-66.0	11.265	-172.1	.033	39.1	.304	-102.5	1.20
2700.0000	.330	-69.0	10.560	<b>–177.8</b>	.033	40.8	.295	-108.3	1.25
2800.0000	.311	-69.9	9.942	176.2	.033	43.5	.282	-113.7	1.36
2900.0000	.291	-72.5	9.432	171.3	.035	44.9	.267	-118.6	1.40
3000.0000	.258	-76.5	8.818	166.5	.035	47.4	.246	-125.1	1.55
3100.0000	.240	-80.6	8.353	161.9	.035	53.4	.225	-131.2	1.64



# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

6 pin super minimold (unit: mm)







#### NOTES ON CORRECT USE

- (1) Observe precautions for handling because of electro-static sensitive devices.
- (2) Form a ground pattern as wide as possible to minimize ground impedance (to prevent undesired oscillation).

  All the ground pins must be connected together with wide ground pattern to decrease impedance difference.
- (3) The bypass capacitor should be attached to Vcc line.
- (4) The inductor must be attached between Vcc and output pins. The inductance value should be determined in accordance with desired frequency.
- (5) The DC cut capacitor must be attached to input pin.

This product should be soldered in the following recommended conditions. Other soldering methods and conditions than the recommended conditions are to be consulted with our sales representatives.

Soldering method	Soldering conditions	Recommended condition symbol
Infrared ray reflow	Package peak temperature: 235 °C Hour: within 30 s. (more than 210 °C) Time: 3 times, Limited days: no.*	IR35-00-3
VPS	Package peak temperature: 215 °C Hour: within 40 s. (more than 200 °C) Time: 3 times, Limited days: no.*	VP15-00-3
Wave soldering	Soldering tub temperature: less than 260 °C, Hour: within 10 s. Time: 1 times, Limited days: no.*	WS60-00-1
Pin part heating	Pin area temperature: 300 °C, Hour: within 3 s/pin. Limited days: no.*	

<sup>\*</sup> It is the storage days after opening a dry pack, the storage conditions are 25 °C, less than 65 % RH.

Note 1. The combined use of soldering method is to be avoided (However, except the pin area heating method).

For details of recommended soldering conditions for surface mounting, refer to information document SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE MOUNTING TECHNOLOGY MANUAL (C10535E).

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Anti-radioactive design is not implemented in this product.

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