

LH2101A/LH2201A/LH2301A

Dual High Performance Operational Amplifiers

General Description

The LH2101A series of dual operational amplifiers are two LM101A type op amps in a single hermetic package. Featuring all the same performance characteristics of the single, these duals offer in addition closer thermal tracking, lower weight, reduced insertion cost, and smaller size than two singles. For additional information, see the LM101A data sheet and National's Linear Application Handbook.

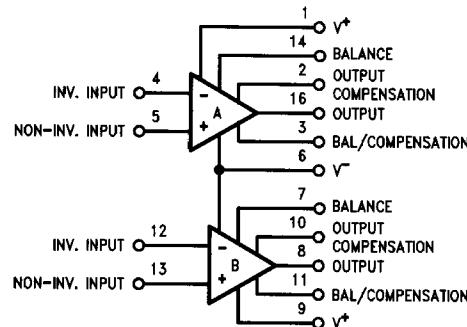
The LH2101A is specified for operation over the -55°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ military temperature range. The LH2201A is specified for operation over the -25°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ temperature

range. The LH2301A is specified for operation over the 0°C to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$ temperature range.

Features

- Low offset voltage
- Low offset current
- Guaranteed drift characteristics
- Offsets guaranteed over entire common mode and supply voltage ranges
- Slew rate of $10 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$ as a summing amplifier

Connection Diagram



TL/K/10118-1

Order Number LH2101AD, LH2201AD or LH2301AD
See NS Package Number D16C

Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

		Output Short-Circuit Duration	Continuous
		Operating Temperature Range	
Supply Voltage	$\pm 22V$	LH2101A LH2201A LH2301A	-55°C to +125°C -25°C to +85°C 0°C to +70°C
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	500 mW		
Differential Input Voltage	$\pm 30V$	Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Input Voltage (Note 2)	$\pm 15V$	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 Sec.)	300°C

Electrical Characteristics Each Side (Note 3)

Parameter	Conditions	Limits			Units
		LH2101A	LH2201A	LH2301A	
Input Offset Voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ C, R_S \leq 50 k\Omega$	2.0	2.0	7.5	mV Max
Input Offset Current	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	10	10	50	nA Max
Input Bias Current	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	75	75	250	nA Max
Input Resistance	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	1.5	1.5	0.5	MΩ Min
Supply Current	$T_A = 25^\circ C, V_S = \pm 20V$	3.0	3.3	3.0	mA Max
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$T_A = 25^\circ C, V_S = \pm 15V$ $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V, R_L \geq 2 k\Omega$	50	50	25	V/mV Min
Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 50 k\Omega$	3.0	3.0	10	mV Max
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage		15	15	30	µV/°C Max
Input Offset Current		20	20	70	nA Max
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current	$25^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 125^\circ C$ $-55^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 25^\circ C$	0.1 0.2	0.1 0.2	0.3 0.6	nA/°C Max
Input Bias Current		100	100	300	nA Max
Supply Current	$T_A = +125^\circ C, V_S = \pm 20V$	2.5	2.5		mA Max
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_S = \pm 15V, V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$ $R_L \geq 2 k\Omega$	25	25	15	V/mV Min
Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 15V, R_L = 10 k\Omega$ $R_L = 2 k\Omega$	± 12 ± 10	± 12 ± 10	± 12 ± 10	V Min
Input Voltage Range	$V_S = \pm 20V$	± 15	± 15	± 12	V Min
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 50 k\Omega$	80	80	70	dB Min
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	$R_S < 50 k\Omega$	80	80	70	dB Min

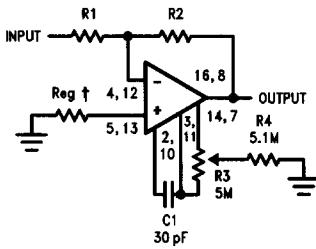
Note 1: The maximum junction temperature of the LH2101A is 150°C, while that of the LH2201A is 100°C. For operating temperatures of devices in the flat package, the derating is based on a thermal resistance of 185°C/W when mounted on a $\frac{1}{16}$ -inch-thick epoxy glass board with 0.03-inch-wide, 2-ounce copper conductors. The thermal resistance of the dual-in-line package is 100°C/W, junction to ambient.

Note 2: For supply voltages less than $\pm 15V$, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

Note 3: These specifications apply for $\pm 5V \leq V_S \leq \pm 20V$ and $-55^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified. With the LH2201A, however, all temperature specifications are limited to $-25^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C$. For the LH2301A these specifications apply for $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$, and $\pm 5V \leq V_S \leq +15V$. Supply current and input voltage range are specified as $V_S = \pm 15V$ for the LH2301A. $C_1 = 30 pF$ unless otherwise specified.

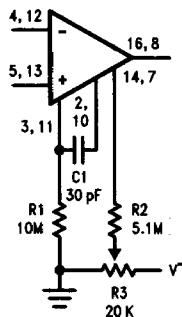
Auxiliary Circuits

Inverting Amplifier with Balancing Circuit

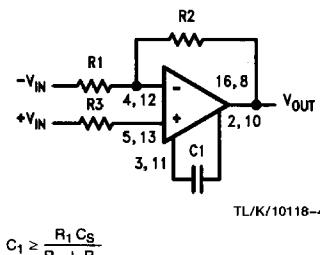


[†]May be zero or equal to parallel combination of R1 and R2 for minimum offset.

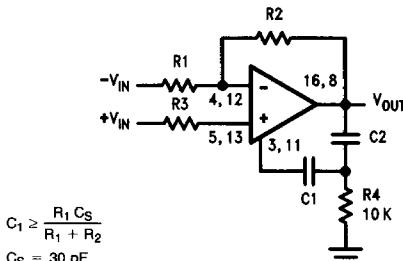
Alternate Balancing Circuit



Single Pole Compensation



Two Pole Compensation



Feedforward Compensation

