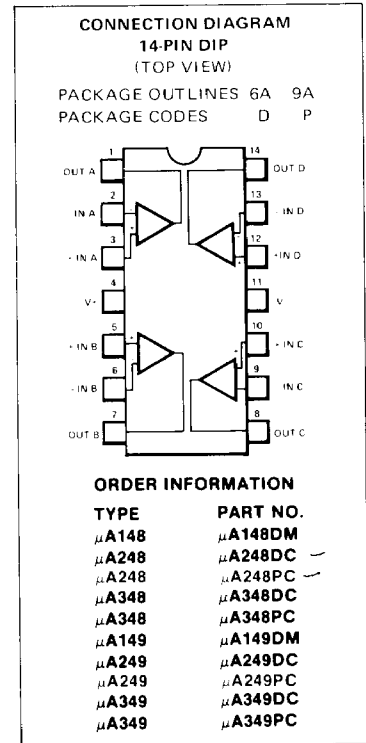


μ A148 • μ A248 • μ A348 μ A149 • μ A249 • μ A349 QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS FAIRCHILD LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION — The μ A148 series is a true quad μ A741. It consists of four independent, high gain, internally compensated, low power operational amplifiers which have been designed to provide functional characteristics identical to those of the familiar μ A741 operational amplifier. In addition, the total supply current for all four amplifiers is comparable to the supply current of a single μ A741 type op amp.

Other features include input offset currents and input bias current which are much less than those of a standard μ A741. Also, excellent isolation between amplifiers has been achieved by independently biasing each amplifier and using layout techniques which minimize thermal coupling. The μ A149 series has the same features as the μ A148 except that it is decompensated to give a gain bandwidth product of 4 MHz typical at a gain greater than 5.

- μ A741 OP AMP OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS
- LOW SUPPLY CURRENT DRAIN
- CLASS AB OUTPUT STAGE - NO CROSSOVER DISTORTION
- PIN COMPATIBLE WITH THE μ A324 & μ A3403
- LOW INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE — 1 mV TYP
- LOW INPUT OFFSET CURRENT — 4 nA TYP
- LOW INPUT BIAS CURRENT — 30 nA TYP
- GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT
 - μ A148 (UNITY GAIN) — 1.0 MHz TYP
 - μ A149 (AV>5) — 4 MHz TYP
- HIGH DEGREE OF ISOLATION BETWEEN AMPLIFIERS — 120 dB
- OVERLOAD PROTECTION FOR INPUTS AND OUTPUTS



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	μ A148/ μ A149	μ A248/ μ A249	μ A348/ μ A349
Supply Voltage	± 22 V	± 18 V	± 18 V
Differential Input Voltage	± 44 V	± 36 V	± 36 V
Input Voltage	± 22 V	± 18 V	± 18 V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 1)	continuous	continuous	continuous
Power Dissipation (P_D at 25°C) and Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}), (Note 2)			
Plastic DIP	P_D	--	700 mW
	θ_{JA}	--	150°C/W
Ceramic DIP	P_D	670 mW	670 mW
	θ_{JA}	100°C/W	100°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C < T_A < +125°C	-25°C < T_A < +85°C	0°C < T_A < +70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Pin Temperature			
Molded Package (Soldering, 10 s)		260°C	260°C
Hermetic Package (Soldering, 60 s)	300°C	300°C	300°C

FAIRCHILD • μ A148/ μ A149 SERIES

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = \pm 15$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

CHARACTERISTIC	CONDITIONS	μ A148/ μ A149			UNITS
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
Input Offset Voltage	$R_s \leq 10$ k Ω		1.0	5.0	mV
Input Offset Current			4	25	nA
Input Bias Current			30	100	nA
Input Resistance		0.8	2.5		M Ω
Supply Current All Amplifiers	$V_{OUT} = \pm 10$ V, $R_L \geq 2$ k Ω $f = 1$ Hz to 20 kHz (Input Referred)		2.4	3.6	mA
Large Signal Voltage Gain		50	160		V/mV
Amplifier to Amplifier Coupling			-120		dB
Output Short Circuit Current				25	mA

The following specification apply for $-55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$

Input Offset Voltage	$R_s \leq 10$ k Ω			6.0	mV
Input Offset Current				75	nA
Input Bias Current				325	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L \geq 2$ k Ω , $V_{OUT} = \pm 10$ V	25			V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 10$ k Ω	± 12	± 13		V
	$R_L = 2$ k Ω	± 10	± 12		V
Input Voltage Range		± 12			V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_s \leq 10$ k Ω	70	90		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection	$R_s \leq 10$ k Ω	77	96		dB

AC CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = \pm 15$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Small Signal Bandwidth	μ A148		1.0		MHz
	μ A149		4.0		MHz
Phase Margin	μ A148 ($A_v = 1$)		60		degrees
	μ A149 ($A_v = 5$)		60		degrees
Slew Rate	μ A148 ($A_v = 1$)		0.5		V/ μ s
	μ A149 ($A_v = 5$)		2.0		V/ μ s

NOTES:

- Any of the amplifier outputs can be shorted to ground indefinitely; however, more than one should not be simultaneously shorted as the maximum junction temperature will be exceeded.
- The maximum power dissipation for these devices must be derated at elevated temperatures and is dictated by $T_{J(MAX)}$, θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature, T_A . The maximum available power dissipation at any temperature is $P_D = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ or the 25°C $P_{D(MAX)}$, whichever is less.
- μ A148, 248, 348 are capable of driving 100 pF capacitive load. μ A149, 249, 349 are capable of driving 50 pF capacitive load.

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FAIRCHILD • μ A148/ μ A149 SERIES

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = \pm 15$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

CHARACTERISTIC	CONDITIONS	μ A248/ μ A249			UNITS
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 10$ k Ω		1.0	6.0	mV
Input Offset Current			4	50	nA
Input Bias Current			30	200	nA
Input Resistance		0.8	2.5		M Ω
Supply Current All Amplifiers	$V_{OUT} = \pm 10$ V, $R_L \geq 2$ k Ω $f = 1$ Hz to 20 kHz (Input Referred)		2.4	4.5	mA
Large Signal Voltage Gain		25	160		V/mV
Amplifier to Amplifier Coupling			-120		dB
Output Short Circuit Current			25		mA

The following specification apply for $-25^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$

Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 10$ k Ω			7.5	mV
Input Offset Current				125	nA
Input Bias Current				500	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L \geq 2$ k Ω , $V_{OUT} = \pm 10$ V	15			V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 10$ k Ω	± 12	± 13		V
	$R_L = 2$ k Ω	± 10	± 12		V
Input Voltage Range		± 12			V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 10$ k Ω	70	90		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection	$R_S \leq 10$ k Ω	77	96		dB

AC CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = \pm 15$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Small Signal Bandwidth	μ A248		1.0		MHz
	μ A249		4.0		MHz
Phase Margin	μ A248 ($A_V = 1$)		60		degrees
	μ A249 ($A_V = 5$)		60		degrees
Slew Rate	μ A248 ($A_V = 1$)		0.5		V/ μ s
	μ A249 ($A_V = 5$)		2.0		V/ μ s

NOTES:

- Any of the amplifier outputs can be shorted to ground indefinitely; however, more than one should not be simultaneously shorted as the maximum junction temperature will be exceeded.
- The maximum power dissipation for these devices must be derated at elevated temperatures and is dictated by $T_{J(MAX)}$, θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature, T_A . The maximum available power dissipation at any temperature is $P_D = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ or the 25°C $P_{D(MAX)}$, whichever is less.
- μ A148, 248, 348 are capable of driving 100 pF capacitive load. μ A149, 249, 349 are capable of driving 50 pF capacitive load.

FAIRCHILD • μ A148/ μ A149 SERIES

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = \pm 15$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

CHARACTERISTIC	CONDITIONS	μ A348/ μ A349			UNITS
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
Input Offset Voltage	$R_s \leq 10$ k Ω		1.0	6.0	mV
Input Offset Current			4	50	nA
Input Bias Current			30	200	nA
Input Resistance		0.8	2.5		M Ω
Supply Current All Amplifiers	$V_{OUT} = \pm 10$ V, $R_L \geq 2$ k Ω $f = 1$ Hz to 20 kHz (Input Referred)		2.4	4.5	mA
Large Signal Voltage Gain		25	160		V/mV
Amplifier to Amplifier			-120		dB
Output Short Circuit Current			25		mA

The following specifications apply for $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$

Input Offset Voltage	$R_s \leq 10$ k Ω			7.5	mV
Input Offset Current				100	nA
Input Bias Current				400	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L \geq 2$ k Ω , $V_{OUT} = \pm 10$ V	15			V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 10$ k Ω	± 12	± 13		V
	$R_L = 2$ k Ω	± 10	± 12		V
Input Voltage Range		± 12			V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_s \leq 10$ k Ω	70	90		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection	$R_s \leq 10$ k Ω	77	96		dB

AC CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = \pm 15$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

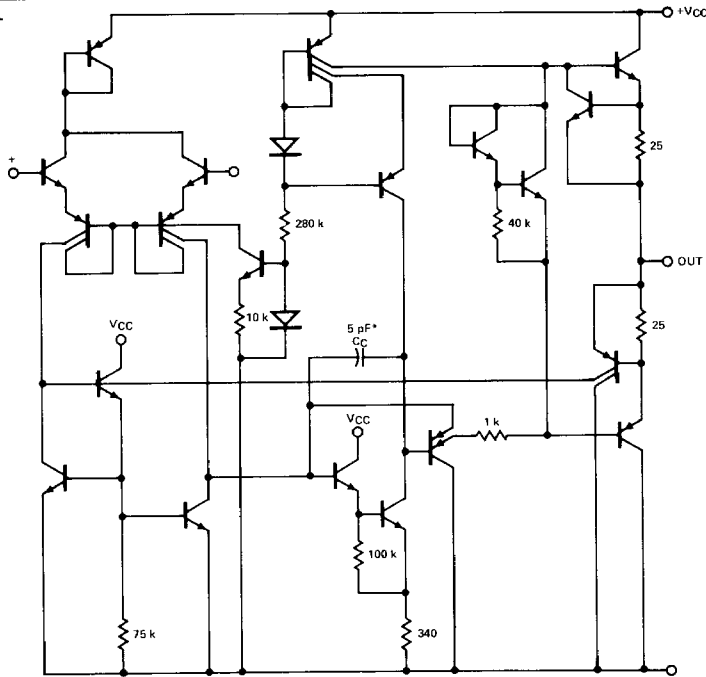
Small Signal Bandwidth	μ A348		1.0		MHz
	μ A349		4.0		MHz
Phase Margin	μ A348 ($A_v = 1$)		60		degrees
	μ A349 ($A_v = 5$)		60		degrees
Slew Rate	μ A348 ($A_v = 1$)		0.5		V/ μ s
	μ A349 ($A_v = 5$)		2.0		V/ μ s

NOTES:

- Any of the amplifier outputs can be shorted to ground indefinitely; however, more than one should not be simultaneously shorted as the maximum junction temperature will be exceeded.
- The maximum power dissipation for these devices must be derated at elevated temperatures and is dictated by $T_{J(MAX)}$, θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature, T_A . The maximum available power dissipation at any temperature is $P_D = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ or the 25°C $P_{D(MAX)}$, whichever is less.
- μ A148, 248, 348 are capable of driving 100 pF capacitive load. μ A149, 249, 349 are capable of driving 50 pF capacitive load.

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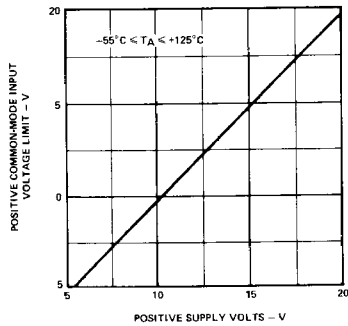
¼ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



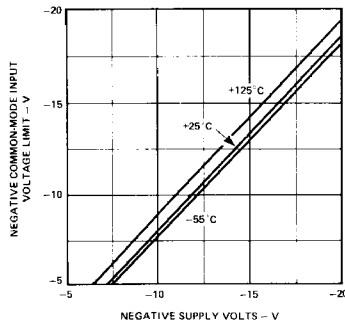
* 1 pF on the μ A149

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

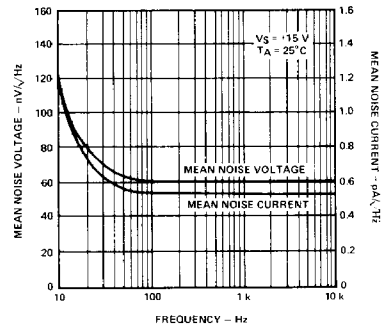
POSITIVE COMMON MODE INPUT VOLTAGE LIMIT AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



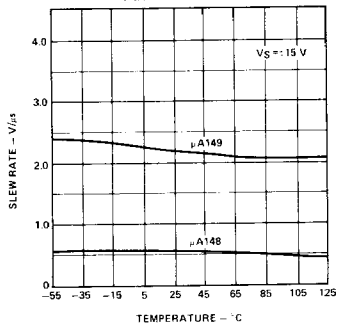
NEGATIVE COMMON MODE INPUT VOLTAGE LIMIT AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



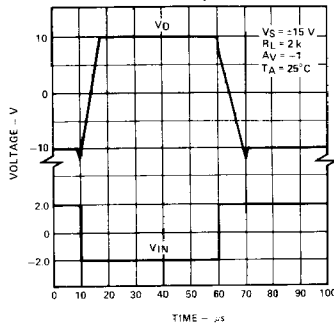
INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE AND NOISE CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY



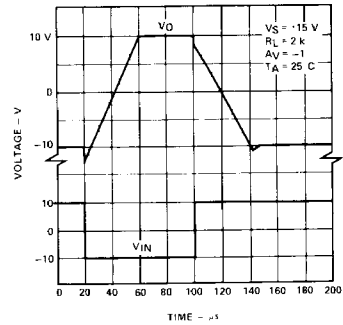
SLEW RATE AS A FUNCTION OF TEMPERATURE



INVERTING LARGE SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE (μ A149)

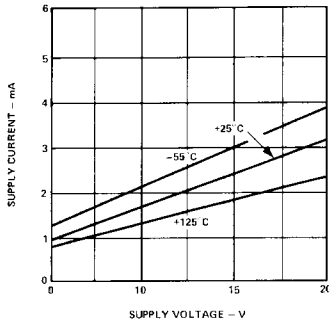


INVERTING LARGE SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE (μ A148)

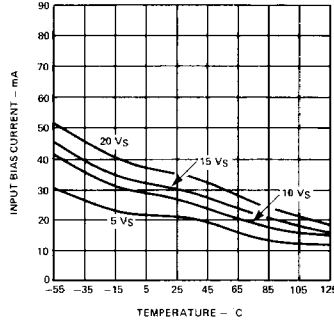


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (Cont'd)

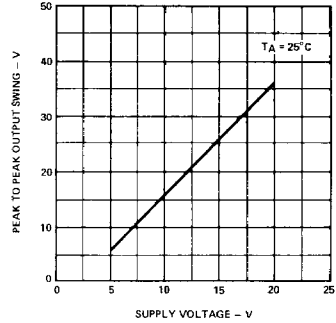
SUPPLY CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE



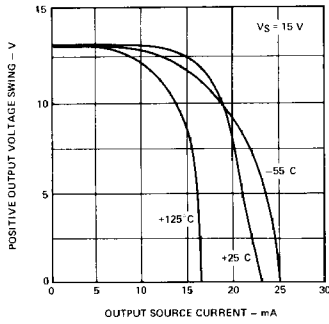
INPUT BIAS CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



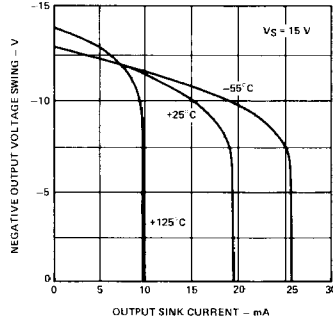
OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



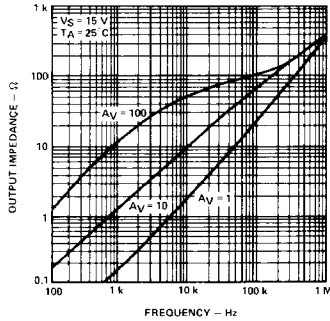
OUTPUT VOLTAGE AS A FUNCTION OF SOURCE CURRENT



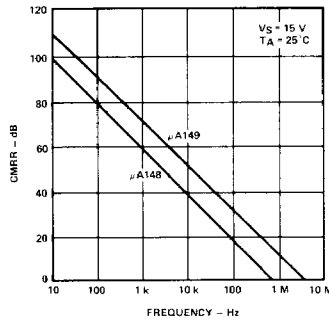
OUTPUT VOLTAGE AS A FUNCTION OF SINK CURRENT



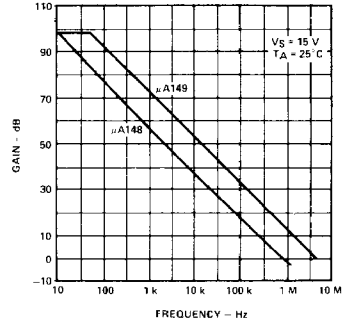
OUTPUT IMPEDANCE AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY



COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY



OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (Cont'd)

