



High-Speed CMOS 16Kx4 Cache Tag SRAM

QS8883

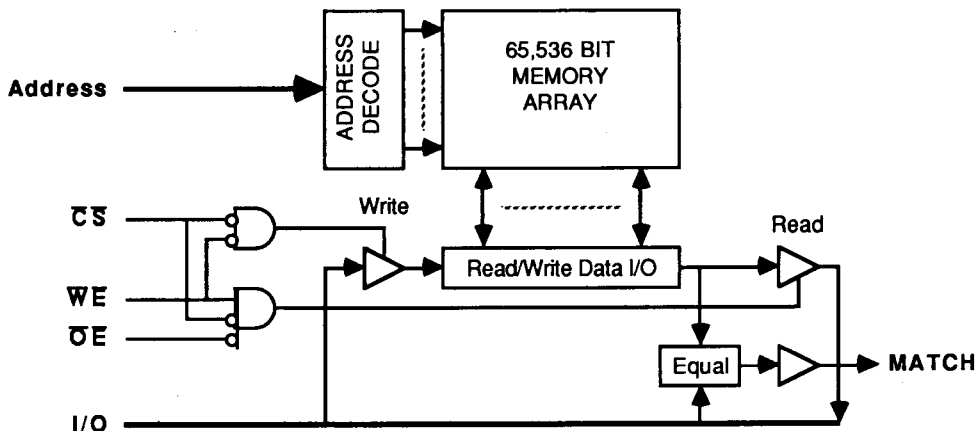
FEATURES/BENEFITS

- High Speed Match Access and Cycle times
- 10ns, 12ns/15ns/20ns/25ns/35ns Commercial
- 15ns/20ns/25ns/35ns/45ns Military
- TTL compatible I/O
- Low power, high-speed QCMOS® technology
- MATCH output goes high on match
- TTL level MATCH output
- Available in 24-pin DIPs, 24-pin ZIP
24-pin 300 mil, SOJ , 28-pin LCC, QSOP
- 6-Transistor cell for high reliability

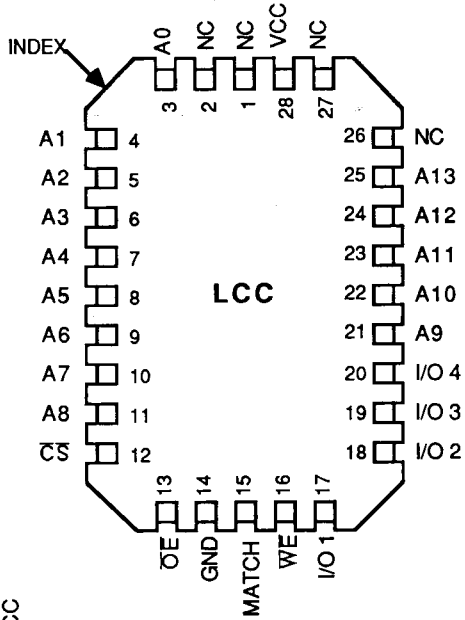
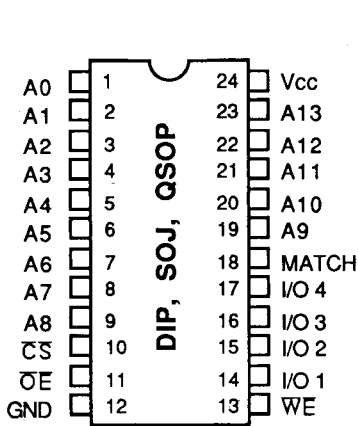
DESCRIPTION

The QS8883 is a high-speed 64K Cache Tag SRAM organized as a 16Kx4 SRAM with a tag comparator between the data inputs and the RAM sense amplifier outputs. The match comparator output goes high on a match and has full TTL output drive. The fast address to match and data to match times provided by the 8883 allow design of high speed cache memory systems required for fast CISC and RISC processors. The 8883 is manufactured in a high-performance CMOS process, and it is based on a 6-transistor cell design for high reliability of data retention. Low operating power and excellent latch-up and ESD protection are provided.

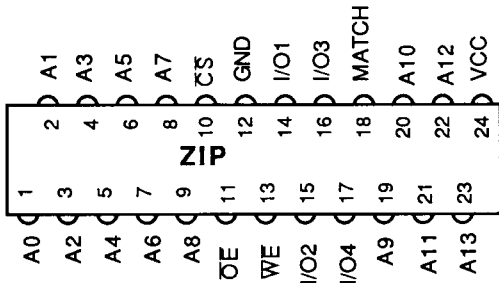
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONFIGURATIONS



ALL PINS TOP VIEW



PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Name	I/O	Function
A	I	Address
I/O 1-4	I/O	Data
CS	I	Chip Select
WE	I	Write Enable
OE	I	Output Enable
MATCH	O	Comparator Output

FUNCTION TABLE

CS	WE	OE	I/O	RAM	MATCH	Power	Function
H	X	X	High Z	High Z	H	Standby	Deselect
L	H	H	Data In	= Data In	H	Active	Match Compare Valid
L	H	H	Data In	≠ Data In	L	Active	Match Compare Invalid
L	H	L	Data Out	Data Out	H	Active	Read
L	L	X	Data In	Data In	H	Active	Write

X = Don't Care for inputs

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage to Ground..... -0.5V to +7.0V
 DC Output Voltage V_O -0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
 DC Input Voltage V_I -0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$
 AC Input Voltage (for a pulse width ≤ 20 ns)..... -3.0V
 DC Output Current Max. sink current/pin..... 50 mA
 DC Output Current Max. source current/pin..... 30 mA
 TBIAS Temperature Under Bias, COM..... -65° to +125°C
 TSTG Storage Temperature, COM..... -65° to +125°C
 TBIAS Temperature Under Bias, MIL..... -65° to +135°C
 TSTG Storage Temperature, MIL..... -65° to +155°C

Note: Stresses above those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to the maximum ratings for extended periods may affect reliability.

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CAPACITANCE

Ta=+25°C, f=1 MHz

Name	Description	Conditions	Typ	Max	Unit
Cin	Input Capacitance	Vin = 0 V PDIP Pkg.	3	6	pF
Cin	Input Capacitance	Vin = 0 V SOJ Pkg.	2.5	5	pF
Cout	Output Capacitance	Vout = 0 V PDIP Pkg.		7	pF
Cout	Output Capacitance	Vout = 0 V SOJ Pkg.		7	pF

Note: Capacitance is measured at characterization but not tested at final production.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE

Commercial TA = 0° C to 70°C, Vcc = 5.0V±10% Military TA = -55°C to 125° C, Vcc = 5.0V±10%

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Commercial		Military		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
Vih	Input HIGH Voltage	Logic High for All Inputs	2.2	6.0	2.2	6.0	Volts
Vil	Input LOW Voltage (1)	Logic Low for All Inputs		0.8		0.8	
Voh	Output HIGH Voltage	Ioh = -4 mA, Vcc = MIN	2.4		2.4		
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	Iol = 8 mA, Vcc = MIN		0.4		0.4	
Ii	Input Leakage	Vcc = MAX, Vin = GND to Vcc		5		10	µA
Io	Output Leakage	Vcc = MAX, Vout = GND to Vcc		5		10	

Notes:

1. Transient inputs with Vil not more negative than -3.0 volts are permitted for pulse widths < 20 ns.

POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

Commercial TA = 0° C to 70°C, Vcc = 5.0V±10% Military TA = -55°C to 125° C, Vcc = 5.0V±10%
 Vlc = 0.2 V, Vhc = Vcc - 0.2V At f = 0, no input lines switch; At f = f MAX, RAM is cycling at 1/t RC

Symbol	Parameter	-10		-12		-15		-20		-25		Unit
		C	M	C	M	C	M	C	M	C	M	
Icc1	Static Operating Current, Vcc = MAX Outputs open CS ≤ Vil, f = 0	100	120	100	120	100	120	100	120	100	120	mA
Icc2	Dynamic Operating Current, Vcc = MAX Outputs open CS ≤ Vil, f = f MAX	145	165	135	155	125	145	120	140	115	135	
I _{sb}	TTL Standby Current, Vcc = MAX Outputs open CS ≥ Vih, f = f MAX	60	70	60	70	60	70	60	70	60	70	
I _{sb1}	Full Standby Current, Vcc = MAX Outputs open CS ≥ Vhc, f = 0 Vin ≤ Vlc or Vin ≥ Vhc	15	20	15	20	15	20	15	20	15	20	

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE

Commercial TA = 0° C to 70°C, Vcc = 5.0V±10% Military TA = -55°C to 125° C, Vcc = 5.0V±10%
 See Read Timing Diagrams. All values in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter (1)	-10(3)		-12 (3)		-15		-20		-25	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
MATCH CYCLE											
t AM	Address to Match Time	-	10	-	12	-	15	-	20	-	25
t HAM	Match Valid Hold from Address	2	-	2	-	3	-	3	-	3	-
t DM	Data to Match Time	-	6	-	7.2	-	9	-	12	-	15
t HDM	Match Valid Hold from Data	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-
t CM	Chip Select to MATCH Valid	-	10	-	12	-	15	-	20	-	25
tHCM	Match Valid Hold from Chip Select	2		2		2		2		2	
tOM	\overline{OE} High to Match Valid		8		10		12		15		20
tHOM	Match Valid Hold from Output Enable	0		0		0		0		0	
tWM	\overline{WE} High to Match Valid		10		12		15		20		25
tHWM	Match Valid Hold from Write Enable	0		0		0		0		0	

Notes:

- 1) See Test Circuit and Waveforms. Minimums guaranteed but not tested.
- 2) This parameter is guaranteed by design but not tested.
- 3) For Vcc±5% for Commercial Only-Preliminary Data

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QS8883

Commercial TA = 0°C to 70°C, Vcc = 5.0V±10% Military TA = -55°C to 125°C, Vcc = 5.0V±10%
 See Read Timing Diagrams. All values in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter (1)	-10 (3)		-12 (3)		-15		-20		-25	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
READ CYCLE											
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	10	-	12	-	15	-	19	-	25	-
t _{AA}	Address Access Time	-	10	-	12	-	15	-	19	-	25
t _{ACS}	Chip Select Access Time	-	10	-	12	-	15	-	19	-	25
t _{OH}	Output Hold from Address Change	2	-	2	-	2	-	3	-	3	-
t _{CLZ}	Chip Select to Output in Low Z (2)	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-
t _{CHZ}	Chip Select to Output in High Z (2)	-	4	-	5	-	7	-	8	-	10
t _{OE}	Output Enable to Data Valid	-	5	-	6	-	6	-	8	-	10
t _{OLZ}	Output Enable to Output in Low Z (2)	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-
t _{OHZ}	Output Enable to Output in High Z (2)	-	4	-	4	-	5	-	7	-	8
t _{PU}	Chip Select to Power Up Time (2)	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
t _{PD}	Chip Select to Power Down Time (2)	10	-	12	-	15	-	19	-	25	-

Notes:

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QS8883

Commercial TA = 0° C to 70°C, Vcc = 5.0V±10% Military TA = -55°C to 125° C, Vcc = 5.0V±10%
 See Write Timing Diagrams. All values in nanoseconds unless otherwise noted

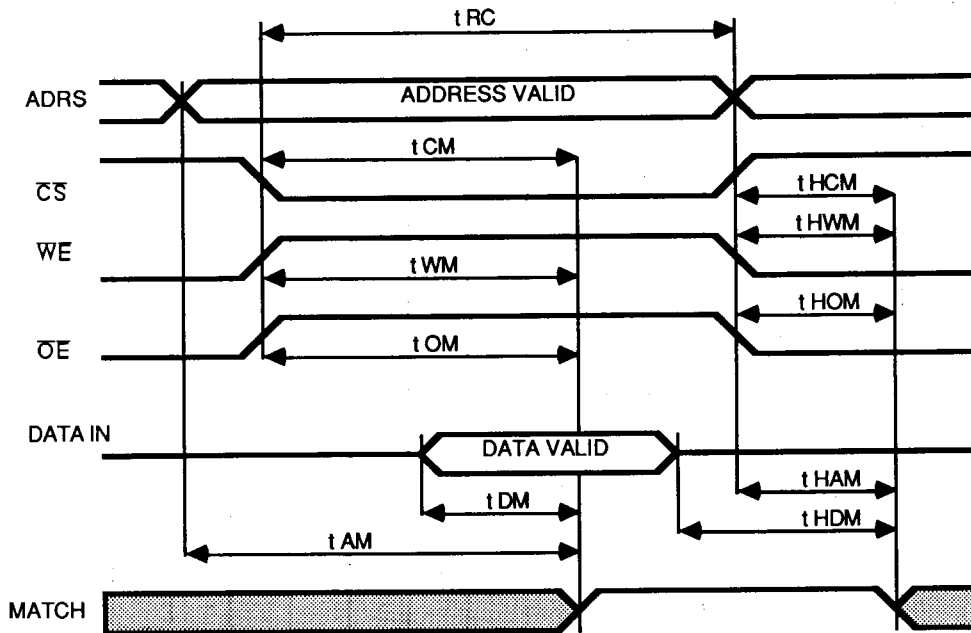
Symbol	Parameter (1)	-10 (3)		-12 (3)		-15		-20		-25	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
WRITE CYCLE											
t WC	Write Cycle Time	10	-	12	-	15	-	19	-	25	-
t CW	Chip Select Valid to End of Write	8	-	10	-	13	-	17	-	20	-
t AW	Address Valid to End of Write	8	-	10	-	13	-	17	-	20	-
t AS	Address Setup Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
t WP	Write Pulse width		-	10	-	12	-	16	-	20	-
t WR	Write Recovery Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
t DW	Data Valid to End of Write		-	6	-	8	-	10	-	13	-
t DH	Data Hold Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
t WZ	Write Enable to Output in High Z (2)	-		-	5	-	6	-	7	-	8
t OW	Output Active from End of Write (2)		-	2	-	2	-	2	-	2	-

Notes:

- 1) See Test Circuit and Waveforms. Minimums guaranteed but not tested.
- 2) This parameter is guaranteed by design but not tested.
- 3) For Vcc±5% for Commercial Only-Preliminary Data

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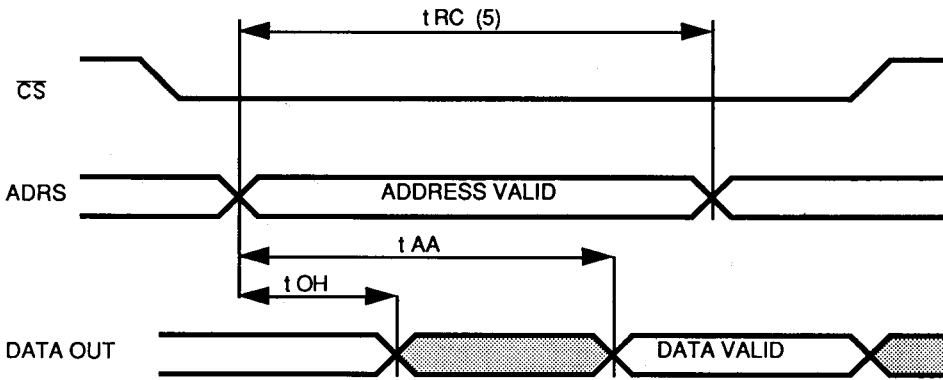
TIMING WAVEFORMS - MATCH CYCLE (1)



Notes:

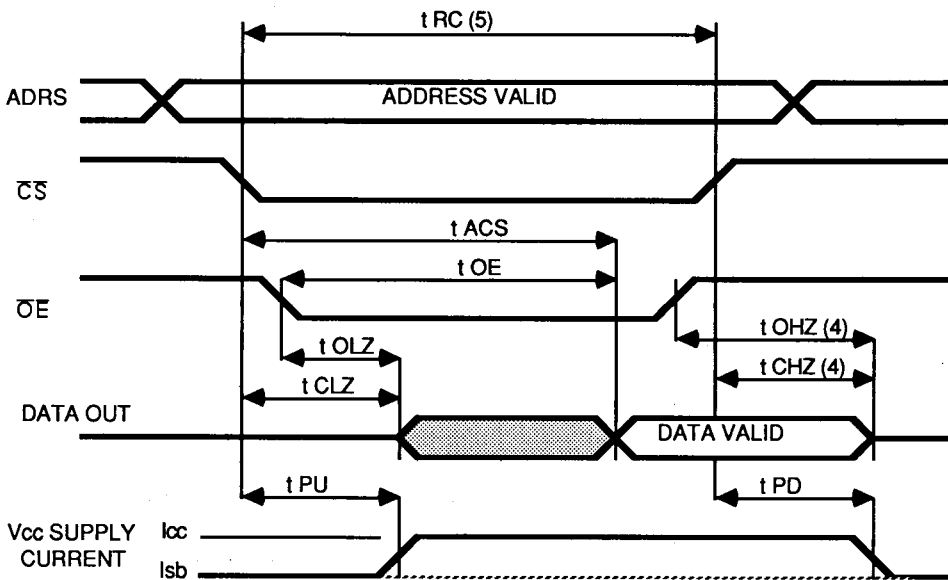
1. WE, OE are high for Match cycle.

TIMING WAVEFORMS - READ CYCLE NO. 1 (1,2)



2

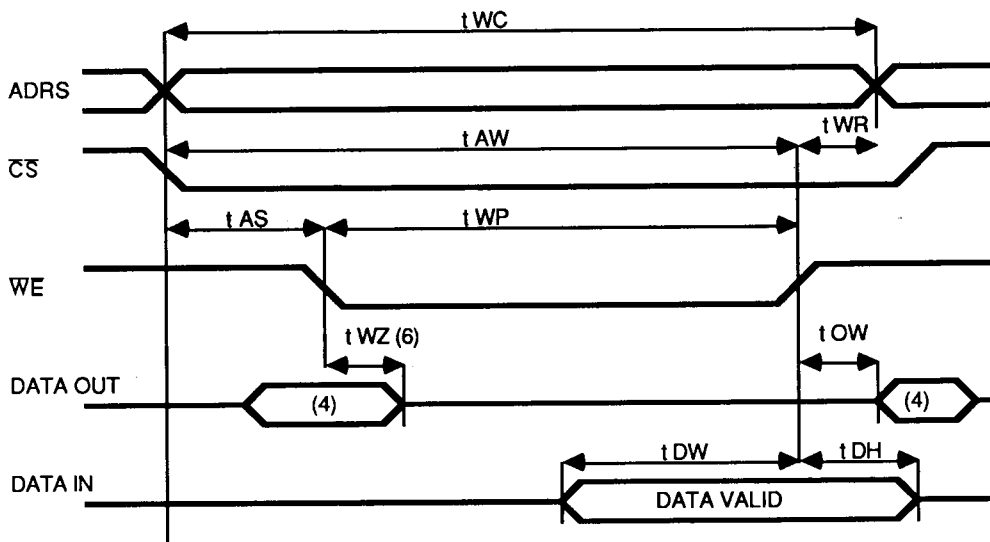
TIMING WAVEFORMS - READ CYCLE NO. 2 (1,3)



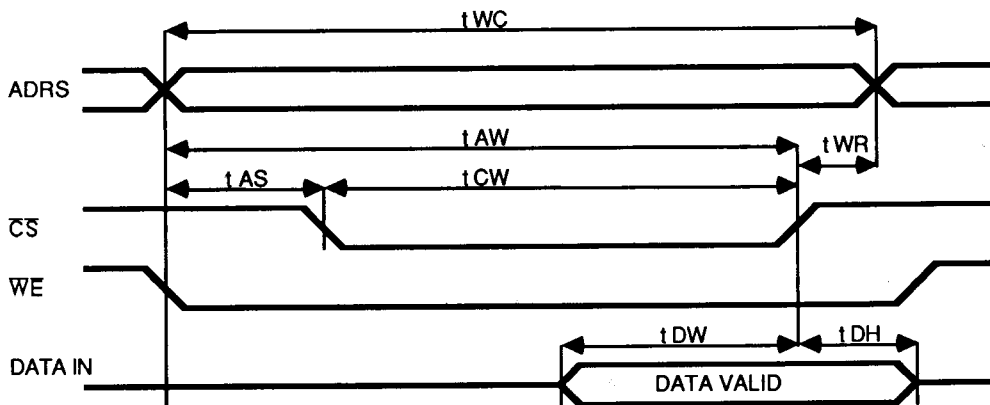
Notes:

1. \overline{WE} is high for Read cycle.
2. \overline{CS} is low for Read cycle #1.
3. Address is valid to or coincident with \overline{CS} transition time for Read Cycle #2.
4. Transition to Hi-Z is measured ± 200 mV change from the prior steady state voltage.
5. All read timings are referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.

TIMING WAVEFORMS-WRITE CYCLE No. 1 (1,2,3 WE controlled timing)



TIMING WAVEFORMS-WRITE CYCLE No. 2 (1,2,3,5 CS controlled timing)



Notes:

1. WE or CS must be high during address transitions.
2. A write occurs during the overlap of a low CS and a low WE.
3. t_{WR} is measured from the earlier of CS and WE going high to end of the write cycle.
4. During this period the I/O pins are in the output state and input signals must not be applied.
5. If the CS low transition occurs simultaneously with or after the WE low transition, the output remains in the high impedance state.
6. Transition to Hi-Z is measured ± 200 mV change from the previous steady state voltage.