

PTC thermistors as limit temperature sensors

Motor protection, triple sensors

Series/Type: B59300 Date: March 2014

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- Thermal protection of winding in electric motors
- Limit temperature monitoring

Features

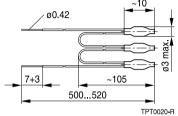
- Thermistor pellets with insulating encapsulation in series connection (triple sensor)
- Low-resistance type, steep R/T curve
- Silver-plated and PTFE-insulated AWG 26 litz wires
- Characteristics for sensing temperatures T_{sense} = 90 up to 160 °C conform with DIN 44082
- Color coding of litz wires to DIN 44082, connecting wires in yellow
- UL approval to UL 1434 (file number E69802)
- RoHS-compatible

Delivery mode

Bulk

General technical data

Dimensional drawing



Dimensions in mm

Max. operating voltage	(T _A = 0 40 °C)	V _{max}	30	V DC
Max. measuring voltage	(T _A = -25 °C T _{sense} +23 K)	V _{meas,max}	7.5	V DC
Rated resistance	(V _{PTC} ≤ 2.5 V)	R _R	≤ 300	Ω
Insulating test voltage		V _{ins}	2.5	kV AC
Thermal threshold time		t _a	< 3	s
Operating temperature range	$(V \le V_{meas,max})$	T _{op}	$-25/T_{sense}$ +23	°C
Operating temperature range	$(V = V_{max})$	T _{op}	0/+40	°C



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Electrical specifications and ordering codes

т	П	D	D	D	
T _{sense}	R	R	R	R	Ordering code
	$(T_{sense} - \Delta T)$	$(T_{sense} + \Delta T)$	(T _{sense} + 15 K)	(T _{sense} + 23 K)	
	$(V_{PTC} \le 2.5 \text{ V})$	(Vptc ≤ 2.5 V)	(V _{PTC} ≤ 7.5 V)	$(V_{PTC} \le 2.5 \text{ V})$	
°C	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω	
$\Delta T = \pm 5 \text{ K}$					
100	≤ 1650	≥ 3990	≥ 12 k	-	B59300M1100A070
110	≤ 1650	≥ 3990	≥ 12 k	-	B59300M1110A070
120	≤ 1650	≥ 3990	≥ 12 k	-	B59300M1120A070
130	≤ 1650	≥ 3990	≥ 12 k	-	B59300M1130A070
140	≤ 1650	≥ 3990	≥ 12 k	-	B59300M1140A070
150	≤ 1650	≥ 3990	≥ 12 k	-	B59300M1150A070
155	≤ 1650	≥ 3990	≥ 12 k	-	B59300M1155A070
160	≤ 1650	≥ 3990	≥ 12 k	-	B59300M1160A070
$\Delta T = \pm 7 \text{ K}$					
180	≤ 1710	≥ 1710	-	≥ 30 k	B59300M1180A070

Color coding of litz wires (to DIN 44081)

T _{sense} ∘C	Color
100	red/red
110	brown/brown
120	grey/grey
130	blue/blue
140	white/blue
150	black/black
155	blue/black
160	blue/red
180	white/red



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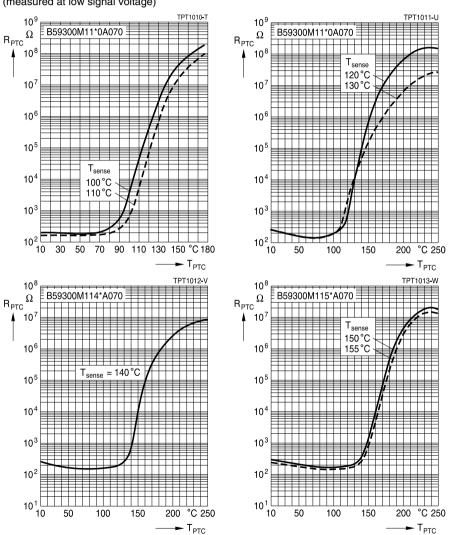
Reliability data

Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, V_{max} ; $R_{series} = 50 \Omega$	< 25%
cycling		Number of cycles: 100	
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V _{max} /T _{op,max} (V _{max})	< 25%
constant		Test duration: 1000 h	
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C	< 10%
		Relative humidity of air: 93%	
		Duration: 56 days	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	
Rapid change	IEC 60738-1	$T_1 = T_{op,min} (0 V), T_2 = T_{op,max} (0 V)$	< 25%
of temperature		Number of cycles: 5	
		Test duration: 30 min	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, test Na	
Vibration	IEC 60738-1	Frequency range: 10 to 55 Hz	< 5%
		Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm	
		Test duration: 3×2 h	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-6, test Fc	

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Characteristics (typical)

PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)

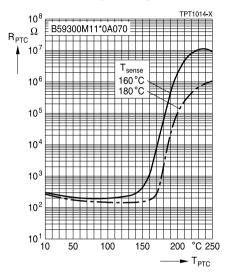




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Characteristics (typical)

PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)





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Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature -25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within the following period after delivery:
 - Through-hole devices (housed and leaded PTCs): 24 months
 - Motor protection sensors, glass-encapsulated sensors and probe assemblies: 24 months
 - Telecom pair and quattro protectors (TPP, TQP): 24 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for pressure contacting: 12 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for soldering: 6 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, and for PTCs with metal tags: 24 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 0402, 0603, 0805 and 1210: 12 months

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.



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- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of EPCOS AG.



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Symbols and terms

Symbol	Term
Ā	Area
С	Capacitance
C _{th}	Heat capacity
f	Frequency
I	Current
I _{max}	Maximum current
I _R	Rated current
I _{res}	Residual current
I _{PTC}	PTC current
l _r	Residual currrent
l _{r,oil}	Residual currrent in oil (for level sensors)
I _{r,air}	Residual currrent in air (for level sensors)
I _{RMS}	Root-mean-square value of current
l _s	Switching current
I _{Smax}	Maximum switching current
LCT	Lower category temperature
Ν	Number (integer)
N _c	Operating cycles at V _{max} , charging of capacitor
N _f	Switching cycles at V _{max} , failure mode
Р	Power
P ₂₅	Maximum power at 25 °C
P _{el}	Electrical power
P_{diss}	Dissipation power
R _G	Generator internal resistance
R_{min}	Minimum resistance
R _R	Rated resistance
ΔR_{R}	Tolerance of R _R
R _P	Parallel resistance
R _{PTC}	PTC resistance
R _{ref}	Reference resistance
R _s	Series resistance
R ₂₅	Resistance at 25 °C
R _{25,match}	Resistance matching per reel/ packing unit at 25 °C
ΔR_{25}	Tolerance of R ₂₅
Т	Temperature
t	Time
T _A	Ambient temperature

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t_a Thermal threshold time T_C Ferroelectric Curie temperature T_C Ferroelectric Curie temperature t_E Settling time (for level sensors) T_n Rated temperature T_{sense} Sensing temperature T_{op} Operating temperature T_{op} PTC temperature T_{PTC} PTC temperature t_n Response time T_{ref} Reference temperature T_{ref} Reference temperature T_{surf} Surface temperatureUCTUpper category temperatureV or V_{el} Voltage (with subscript only for distinction from volume) V_{rmax} Maximum DC charge voltage of the surge generator V_{efmax} Maximum voltage applied at fault conditions in protection mode V_{RMS} Root-mean-square value of voltage V_{max} Maximum link voltage V_{max} Maximum operating voltage V_{max} Maximum operating voltage V_{max} Maximum dynamic (short-time) operating voltage V_{max} Maximum measuring voltage $V_{neas,max}$ Maximum measuring voltage V_{rneas} Maximum coefficient Δ Tolerance, change δ_{n} Dissipation factor τ_{n} Thermal cooling time constant λ Failure rate e Lead spacing (in mm)		
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$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	V _R	Rated voltage
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	V _{PTC}	Voltage drop across a PTC thermistor
$δ_{th}$ Dissipation factor $τ_{th}$ Thermal cooling time constant $λ$ Failure rate	α	Temperature coefficient
$ \begin{array}{ll} & & \\ \tau_{th} & & \\ \lambda & & \\ \end{array} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Δ	Tolerance, change
λ Failure rate	δ_{th}	Dissipation factor
	$ au_{th}$	Thermal cooling time constant
e Lead spacing (in mm)	λ	Failure rate
	е	Lead spacing (in mm)

Abbreviations / Notes

SMD Surface-mount devices

* To be replaced by a number in ordering codes, type designations etc.

+ To be replaced by a letter

All dimensions are given in mm.

The commas used in numerical values denote decimal points.

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The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
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