

## SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR

PNP transistors in plastic TO-92 packages, primarily intended for industrial applications (e.g. Telecom).

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$-V_{CBO}$	max.	40 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$-V_{CEO}$	max.	40 V
Collector current (DC)	$-I_C$	max.	200 mA
Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	max.	500 mW
DC current gain $-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	$\text{h}_{FE}$	min. max.	100 300
Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ $-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$	$f_T$	min.	150 MHz

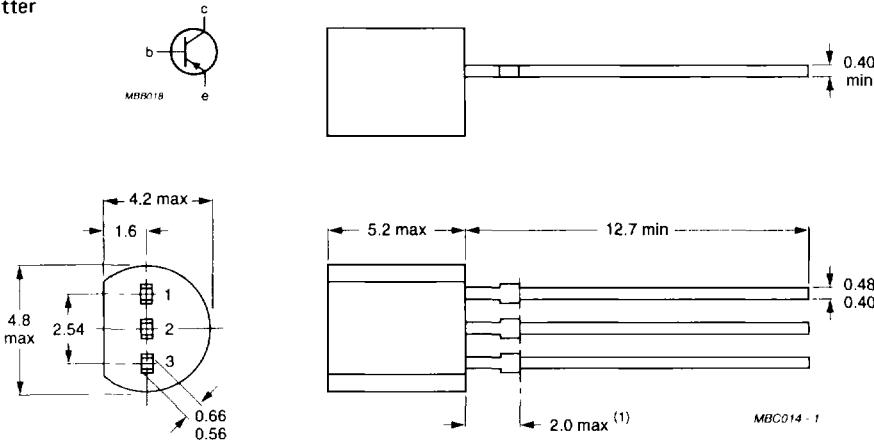
## MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 1 TO-92.

## Pinning

- 1 = collector
- 2 = base
- 3 = emitter



Note (1) Terminal dimensions within this zone are uncontrolled to allow for flow of plastic and terminal irregularities.

**RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$-V_{CBO}$	max.	40 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$-V_{CEO}$	max.	40 V
Emitter base voltage (open collector)	$-V_{EBO}$	max.	5 V
Collector current (DC)	$-I_C$	max.	200 mA
Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	max.	500 mW
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$		-65 to +150 $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	$T_j$	max.	150 $^\circ\text{C}$

 **THERMAL RESISTANCE**

From junction to ambient in free air	$R_{thj-a}$	=	250 K/W
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**CHARACTERISTICS**

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Currents at reverse biased emitter junction

$$-V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}; +V_{BE} = 3 \text{ V}$$

$-I_{CEX}$	max.	50 nA
$+I_{BEX}$	max.	50 nA

Saturation voltages (see note 1)

$$-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$-V_{CEsat}$	max.	250 mV
$-V_{BEsat}$		650 to 850 mV

$$-I_C = 50 \text{ mA}; -I_B = 5 \text{ mA}$$

$-V_{CEsat}$	max.	400 mV
$-V_{BEsat}$	max.	950 mV

DC current gain (see note 1)

$$-I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$h_{FE}$	min.	60
$h_{FE}$	min.	80

$$-I_C = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$h_{FE}$	min.	100
$h_{FE}$	max.	300

$$-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$h_{FE}$	min.	60
$h_{FE}$	min.	30

$$-I_C = 50 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$h_{FE}$	min.	60
$h_{FE}$	min.	30

$$-I_C = 100 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$$

$h_{FE}$	min.	60
$h_{FE}$	min.	30

Collector capacitance at  $100 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$

$$I_E = I_e = 0; -V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}$$

$C_C$	max.	5 pF
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Emitter capacitance at  $100 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$

$$I_C = I_c = 0; -V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$$

$C_e$	max.	15 pF
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Transition frequency at  $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$

$$-I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$$

$f_T$	min.	150 MHz
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Noise figure at  $R_S = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$

$$-I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}; -V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$$

$$f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 15.7 \text{ kHz}$$

$F$	max.	4 dB
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**Note**

1. Measured under pulse conditions:  $t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$ ,  $\delta = 0.02$ .

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

## Delay time

$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V DC}$ ,  $V_{BE(\text{off})} = 0.5 \text{ V DC}$   
 $I_C = 10 \text{ mA DC}$ ,  $I_{B1} = 1 \text{ mA DC}$

$t_d$  max. 45 ns

## Rise time

$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V DC}$ ,  $V_{BE(\text{off})} = 0.5 \text{ V DC}$   
 $I_C = 10 \text{ mA DC}$ ,  $I_{B1} = 1 \text{ mA DC}$

$t_r$  max. 55 ns

## Storage time

$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V DC}$ ,  $I_C = 10 \text{ mA DC}$   
 $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1 \text{ mA DC}$

$t_{\text{stg}}$  max. 600 ns

## Fall time

$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V DC}$ ,  $I_C = 10 \text{ mA DC}$   
 $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1 \text{ mA DC}$

$t_f$  max. 90 ns

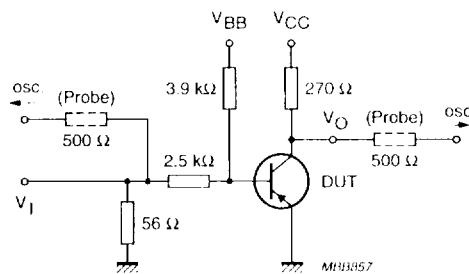


Fig. 2 Test circuit for switching times;  
 $V_1 = -5 \text{ V}$ ;  $t_p \geq 4 \mu\text{s}$ ;  $t_r = t_f \leq 3 \text{ ns}$ .