

**MOTOROLA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

**The RF Line**  
**NPN Silicon**  
**RF Power Transistor**

The TP3034 is designed for 960 MHz cellular radio base stations in both analog and digital applications. It incorporates high value emitter ballast resistors, gold metallizations and offers a high degree of reliability and ruggedness.

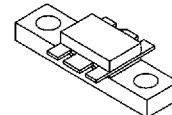
- Specified 24 Volts, 960 MHz Characteristics
  - Output power — 35 Watts
  - Gain — 7 dB Min
  - Efficiency — 50% Min
- Class AB Operation
- Circuit board photomaster available upon request by contacting RF Tactical Marketing in Phoenix, AZ.

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CER</sub>	40	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	48	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	3.5	Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	I <sub>C</sub>	4	Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	76 0.43	Watts W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	200	°C

**TP3034**

35 W, 960 MHz  
RF POWER TRANSISTOR  
NPN SILICON



CASE 319-07, STYLE 2

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	2.3	°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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**OFF CHARACTERISTICS**

Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 50 mA, R <sub>BE</sub> = 75 Ω)	V <sub>(BR)CER</sub>	40	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 50 mA dc)	V <sub>(BR)CBO</sub>	48	—	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage (I <sub>E</sub> = 6 mA, I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	3.5	—	—	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Leakage (V <sub>CE</sub> = 26 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A, R <sub>BE</sub> = 75 Ω)	I <sub>CER</sub>	—	—	10	mA

**ON CHARACTERISTICS**

DC Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 1 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 Vdc)	h <sub>FE</sub>	15	—	100	—
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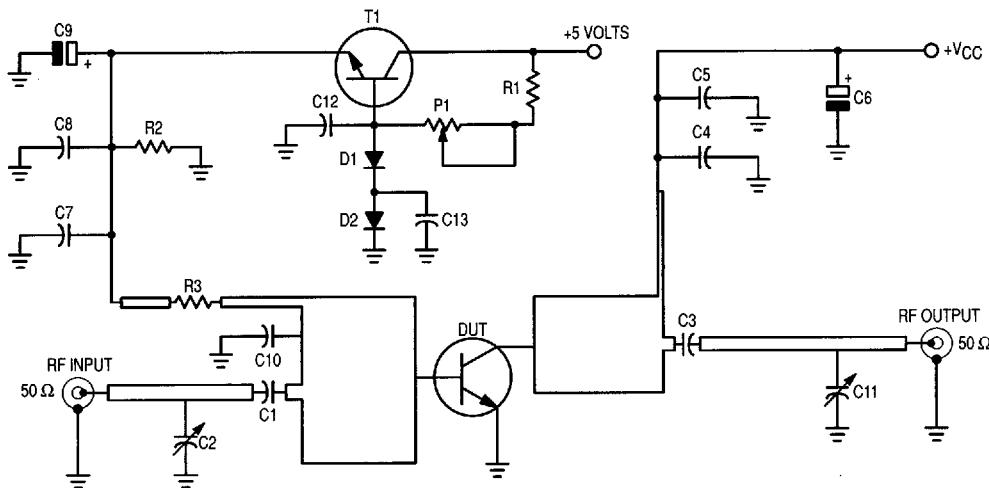
**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Output Capacitance (V <sub>CB</sub> = 24 Vdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz)	C <sub>ob</sub>	—	40	—	pF
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(continued)

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — continued** ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.)

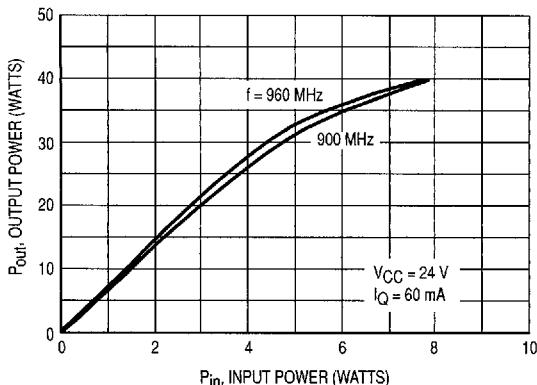
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>FUNCTIONAL TESTS</b>					
Common-Emitter Amplifier Gain ( $P_{out} = 35 \text{ W}$ , $I_{CQ} = 60 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 24 \text{ V}$ , $f = 960 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{p1}$	7	8	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $P_{out} = 35 \text{ W}$ , $V_{CC} = 24 \text{ V}$ , $f = 960 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta_{C1}$	50	55	—	%
Load Mismatch ( $P_{out} = 35 \text{ W}$ , $I_{CQ} = 60 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 24 \text{ V}$ , $f = 960 \text{ MHz}$ , Load VSWR = 20:1, All Phase Angles at frequency of test)	$\psi$	—	No Degradation in Output Power		
Input Return Loss ( $P_{out} = 35 \text{ W}$ , $I_{CQ} = 60 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 24 \text{ V}$ , $f = 960 \text{ MHz}$ )	$IRL$	12	—	—	dB
Common-Emitter Amplifier Gain ( $P_{out} = 15 \text{ W}$ , $I_{CQ} = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 25 \text{ V}$ , $f = 960 \text{ MHz}$ )	$G_{p2}$	8	—	—	dB
Collector Efficiency ( $P_{out} = 15 \text{ W}$ , $I_{CQ} = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 25 \text{ V}$ , $f = 960 \text{ MHz}$ )	$\eta_{C2}$	40	—	—	%



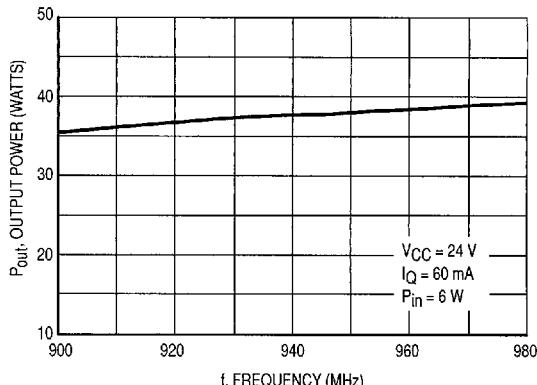
C1, C3	100 pF, ATC Chip Capacitor 100A	D1, D2	Diode, Type BAS16
C2, C11	0.5–20 pF, Trimmer Capacitor	P1	1 kΩ, Trimmer
C4, C7	330 pF, Chip Capacitor 0805	R1	1 kΩ, Resistor 0805
C5, C6, C12, C13	10 nF, Chip Capacitor 0805	R2	56 Ω, Resistor 0805
C6	4.7 μF, 50 Volts, Capacitor	R3	2.2 Ω, Resistor 0805
C9	10 μF, 16 Volts, Capacitor	T1	Transistor, NPN Type MJD31C
C10	5.6 pF, ATC Chip Capacitor 100A		

Figure 1. 960 MHz Electrical Schematic

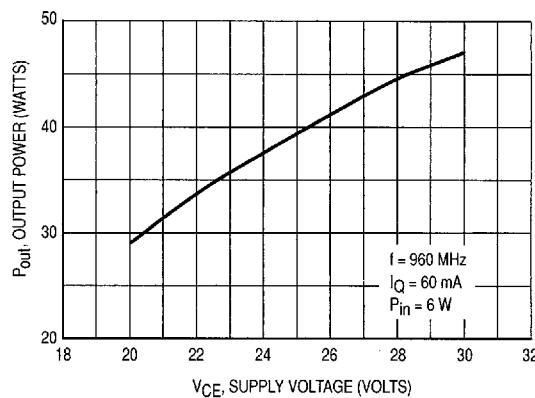
## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



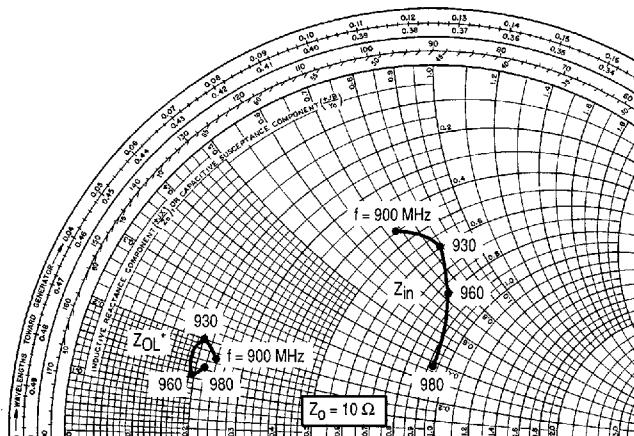
**Figure 2. Output Power versus Input Power**



**Figure 3. Output Power versus Frequency**



**Figure 4. Output Power versus Supply Voltage**



$$V_{CE} = 24 \text{ V} \quad P_{out} = 35 \text{ W}$$

<b>f (MHz)</b>	<b>Z<sub>in</sub> (Ω)</b>	<b>Z<sub>OL*</sub> (Ω)</b>
900	$4.5 + j7.4$	$2.4 + j1.7$
930	$5.8 + j8.4$	$2 + j2$
960	$7.9 + j7.2$	$2 + j1.3$
980	$9.4 + j3.8$	$2.2 + j1.5$

**Z<sub>OL</sub>\*** = Conjugate of optimum load impedance  
into which the device operates at a given  
output power, voltage, current and frequency.

**Figure 5. Series Equivalent Input and Output Impedances**

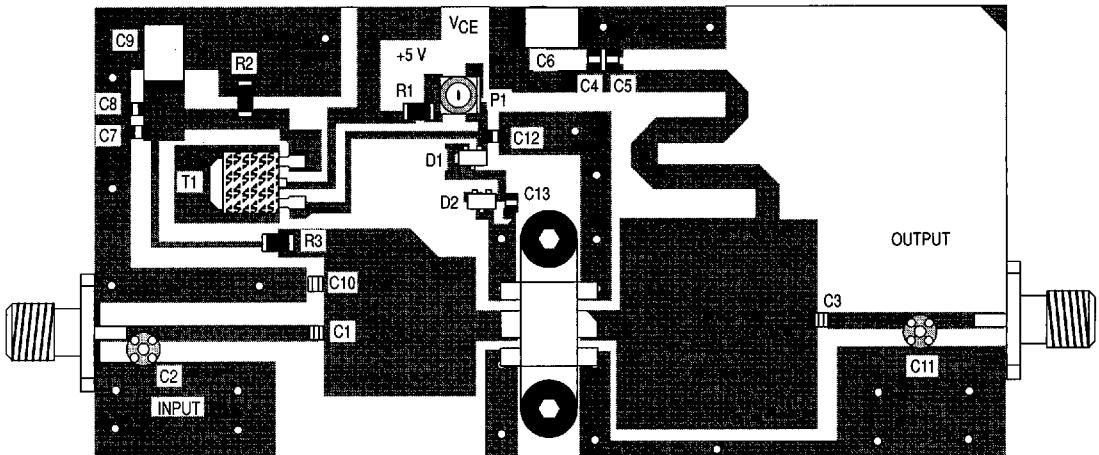


Figure 6. Test Circuit Components View