

# **Crystal Oscillator Driver**

Check for Samples: SN74LVC1GX04

## **FEATURES**

- Available in Texas Instruments NanoStar™ and NanoFree™ Packages
- Supports 5-V V<sub>CC</sub> Operation
- Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V
- One Unbuffered Inverter (SN74LVC1GU04) and One Buffered Inverter (SN74LVC1G04)
- **Suitable for Commonly Used Clock** Frequencies:
  - 15 kHz, 3.58 MHz, 4.43 MHz, 13 MHz, 25 MHz, 26 MHz, 27 MHz, 28 MHz
- Max tpd of 2.4 ns at 3.3 V
- Low Power Consumption, 10-µA Max I<sub>CC</sub>
- ±24-mA Output Drive at 3.3 V
- I<sub>off</sub> Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- **ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22** 
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

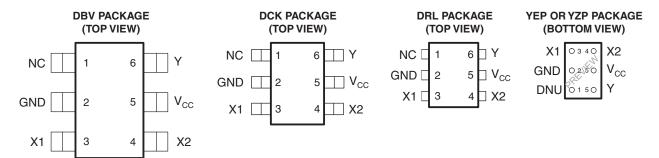
### DESCRIPTION

The SN74LVC1GX04 is designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> operation. This device incorporates the SN74LVC1GU04 (inverter with unbuffered output) and the SN74LVC1G04 (inverter) functions into a single device. The LVC1GX04 is optimized for use in crystal oscillator applications.

X1 and X2 can be connected to a crystal or resonator in oscillator applications. The device provides an additional buffered inverter (Y) for signal conditioning (see Figure 3). The additional buffered inverter improves the signal quality of the crystal oscillator output by making it rail to rail.

NanoStar™ and NanoFree™ package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I<sub>off</sub> (Y output only). The I<sub>off</sub> circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.



See mechanical drawings for dimensions.

NC - No internal connection

DNU - Do not use

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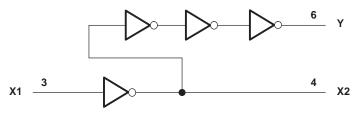


These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

## **Function Table**

INPUT	OUTPUTS					
X1	X2	Y				
Н	L	Н				
L	Н	L				

## Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)



## Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage range		-0.5	6.5	V
VI	Input voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.5	6.5	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to Y output in the high	-0.5	6.5	V	
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the h	-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V	
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0		-50	mA
lok	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			±100	mA
		DBV package		165	
_	Dealer and the control (4)	DCK package		259	0000
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance (4)	DRL package		142	°C/W
		YEP/YZP package		123	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC1GX04

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<sup>(2)</sup> The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

<sup>(3)</sup> The value of V<sub>CC</sub> is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

<sup>(4)</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



# Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
		Operating	1.65	5.5	
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	Data retention only	1.5		V
		Crystal oscillator use	2		
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		0.25 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage	•	0	5.5	V
.,	Outroot and to me	X2, Y	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	
Vo	Output voltage	Y output only, Power-down mode, V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	0	5.5	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		-4	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		-8	
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current			-16	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		-24	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-32	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		4	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		8	
l <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	V 0V		16	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		24	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		32	
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$		20	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		10	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ±0.5 V		10	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	•	-40	125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

## **Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

D4D44	.ETED	TEST CONDITIONS		V	-40°0	C to 85°C		-40°C	to 125°C		
PARAM	METER	TEST CONL	DITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA		1.65 V to 5.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1			V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1			
	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$			1.65 V	1.2			1.2			
\/		I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or	2.3 V	1.9			1.9			V
V <sub>OH</sub>		I <sub>OH</sub> = -16 mA	GND	2.1/	2.4			2.4			V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA		3 V	2.3			2.3			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -32 mA		4.5 V	3.8			3.8			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		1.65 V to 5.5 V			0.1			0.1	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA		1.65 V			0.45			0.45	
.,		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or	2.3 V			0.3			0.3	V
$V_{OL}$		I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	GND				0.4			0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA		3 V			0.55			0.63	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 32 mA		4.5 V			0.55			0.7	
I	X1	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND		0 to 5.5 V			±5			±5	μA
I <sub>off</sub>	X1, Y	$V_I$ or $V_O = 5.5 \text{ V}$		0			±10			±10	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>		$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}, I_O$	= 0	1.65 V to 5.5 V			10			10	μΑ
Ci		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.3 V		7			7		pF

<sup>(1)</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC1GX04



## **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	SN74LVC1GX04 −40°C to 85°C								
PARAMETER			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	X1	X2	1	4	0.8	2.6	0.6	2.4	0.5	2	20
<b>l</b> pd	A1	Y <sup>(1)</sup>	3.5	10	2.2	6	2	5	1.5	3.5	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> X2 - no external load

## **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  or 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

	FROM (INPUT)	то (оитрит)	SN74LVC1GX04 −40°C to 85°C								
PARAMETER			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	X1	X2	1.1	7	0.8	4	8.0	3.7	8.0	3	ns
		Y <sup>(1)</sup>	3.8	18	2	7.4	2	7.8	2	5	

<sup>(1)</sup> X2 - no external load

## **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF or 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	SN74LVC1GX04 -40°C to 125°C								
				V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	V4	X2	1.1	8	0.8	5	0.8	4.3	0.8	3.5	
τ <sub>pd</sub>	X1	Y <sup>(1)</sup>	3.8	20	2	8.4	2	8.8	2	5.5	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> X2 - no external load

# **Operating Characteristics**

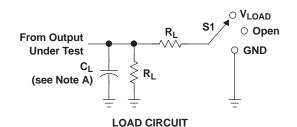
 $T_A = 25$ °C

PARAMETER		TEST	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	UNIT	
	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	UNII	
$C_{pd}$	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	22	22	24	35	pF	

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC1GX04

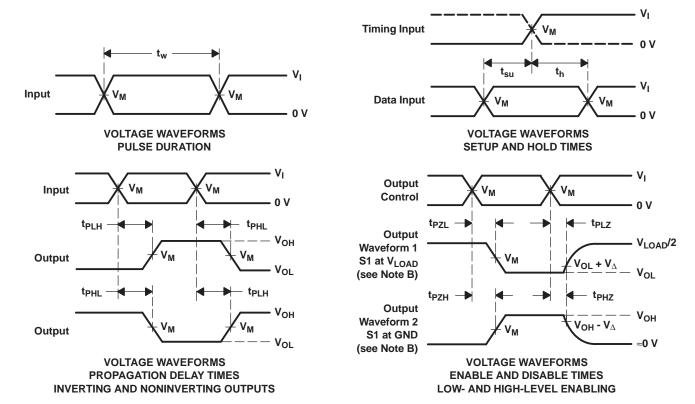


### **Parameter Measurement Information**



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND

V	INPUTS		V	_	В	V	
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	$V_\Delta$
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	15 pF	<b>1 M</b> Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	15 pF	<b>1 M</b> Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	3 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	15 pF	<b>1 M</b> Ω	0.3 V
5 V $\pm$ 0.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2.5 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	15 pF	<b>1 M</b> Ω	0.3 V



- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 Ω.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - E. t<sub>PLZ</sub> and t<sub>PHZ</sub> are the same as t<sub>dis</sub>.
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G. t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub> are the same as t<sub>pd</sub>.
  - H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

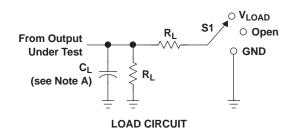
Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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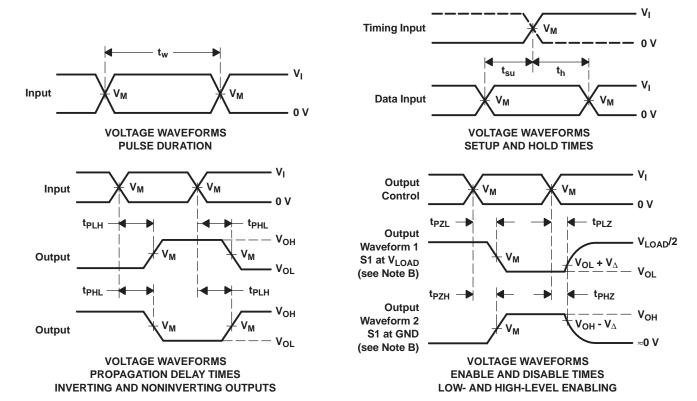


### **Parameter Measurement Information**



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub> GND

V	INI	PUTS	V	V		В	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	$V_{\Delta}$
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	30 pF	<b>1 k</b> Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	30 pF	500 Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	3 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V
5 V $\pm$ 0.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2.5 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V



- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - E. t<sub>PLZ</sub> and t<sub>PHZ</sub> are the same as t<sub>dis</sub>.
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G. t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub> are the same as t<sub>pd</sub>.
  - H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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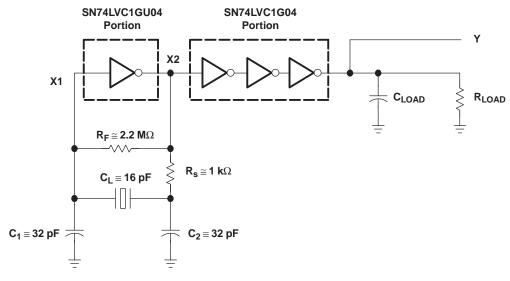
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### APPLICATION INFORMATION

Figure 3 shows a typical application of the SN74LVC1GX04 in a Pierce oscillator circuit. The buffered inverter (SN74LVC1G04 portion) produces a rail-to-rail voltage waveform. The recommended load for the crystal shown in this example is 16 pF. The value of the recommended load ( $C_L$ ) can be found in the crystal manufacturer's data sheet.

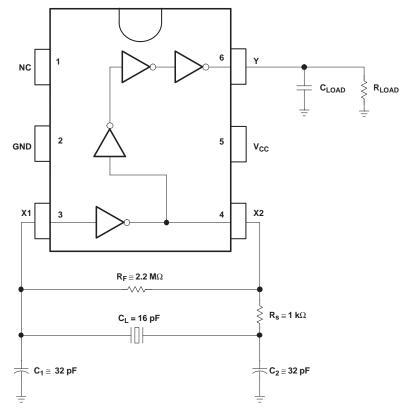
Values of  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are chosen so that  $C_L = \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2}$  and  $C_1 \equiv C_2$ .  $R_s$  is the current-limiting resistor, and the value depends on the maximum power dissipation of the crystal. Generally, the recommended value of  $R_s$  is specified in the crystal manufacturer's data sheet and, usually, this value is approximately equal to the reactance of  $C_2$  at resonance frequency, i.e.,  $\frac{R_s = X_c}{2}$ .  $R_F$  is the feedback resistor that is used to bias the inverter in the linear region of operation. Usually, the value is chosen to be within 1 M $\Omega$  to 10 M $\Omega$ .



a) Logic Diagram View

Figure 3. Oscillator Circuit





b) Oscillator Circuit in DBV or DCK Pinout

### **Oscillator Circuit (continued)**

## **Practical Design Tips**

- The open-loop gain of the unbuffered inverter decreases as power-supply voltage decreases. This decreases
  the closed-loop gain of the oscillator circuit. The value of R<sub>s</sub> can be decreased to increase the closed-loop
  gain, while maintaining the power dissipation of the crystal within the maximum limit.
- R<sub>s</sub> and C<sub>2</sub> form a low-pass filter and reduce spurious oscillations. Component values can be adjusted, based
  on the desired cutoff frequency.
- C<sub>2</sub> can be increased over C<sub>1</sub> to increase the phase shift and help in start-up of the oscillator. Increasing C<sub>2</sub>
  may affect the duty cycle of the output voltage.
- At high frequency, phase shift due to R<sub>s</sub> becomes significant. In this case, R<sub>s</sub> can be replaced by a capacitor to reduce the phase shift.

### **Testing**

After the selection of proper component values, the oscillator circuit should be tested using these components. To ensure that the oscillator circuit performs within the recommended operating conditions, follow these steps:

- 1. Without a crystal, the oscillator circuit should not oscillate. To check this, the crystal can be replaced by its equivalent parallel-resonant resistance.
- 2. When the power-supply voltage drops, the closed-loop gain of the oscillator circuit reduces. Ensure that the circuit oscillates at the appropriate frequency at the lowest  $V_{CC}$  and highest  $V_{CC}$ .
- 3. Ensure that the duty cycle, start-up time, and frequency drift over time is within the system requirements.



## **REVISION HISTORY**

Changes from Revision B (December 2006) to Revision C						
•	Updated document to new TI data sheet format.	1				
•	Added ESD warning.	2				
•	Removed Ordering Information table.	2				
•	Updated operating temperature range.	3				

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC1GX04





22-Dec-2013

## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
74LVC1GX04DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CX45 ~ CX4R)	Samples
74LVC1GX04DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CX45 ~ CX4R)	Samples
74LVC1GX04DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CX45 ~ CX4R)	Samples
74LVC1GX04DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CX45 ~ CX4R)	Samples
74LVC1GX04DCKRE4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D25 ~ D2K ~ D2R)	Samples
74LVC1GX04DCKRG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D25 ~ D2K ~ D2R)	Samples
74LVC1GX04DCKTE4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D25 ~ D2R)	Samples
74LVC1GX04DCKTG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D25 ~ D2R)	Samples
74LVC1GX04DRLRG4	ACTIVE	SOT	DRL	6	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D27 ~ D2R)	Samples
SN74LVC1GX04DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CX45 ~ CX4R)	Samples
SN74LVC1GX04DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(CX45 ~ CX4R)	Samples
SN74LVC1GX04DCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D25 ~ D2K ~ D2R)	Samples
SN74LVC1GX04DCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D25 ~ D2R)	Samples
SN74LVC1GX04DRLR	ACTIVE	SOT	DRL	6	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(D27 ~ D2R)	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.





22-Dec-2013

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC1GX04:

■ Enhanced Product: SN74LVC1GX04-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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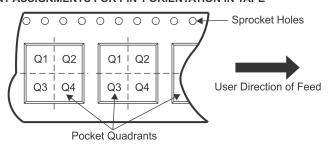
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

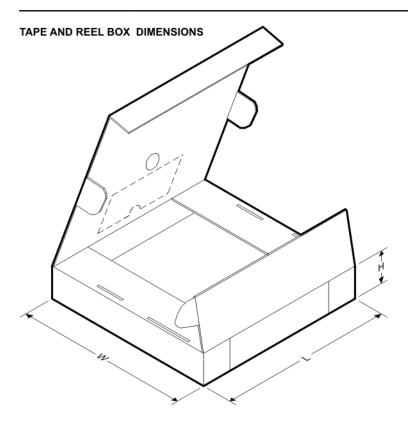


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVC1GX04DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	9.2	3.3	3.2	1.55	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1GX04DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1GX04DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	178.0	9.2	3.3	3.2	1.55	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1GX04DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	9.2	2.3	2.55	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1GX04DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	178.0	9.2	2.4	2.4	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1GX04DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	180.0	8.4	2.25	2.4	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1GX04DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	180.0	9.5	1.78	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1GX04DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	180.0	8.4	1.98	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3

**PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION** 

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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVC1GX04DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1GX04DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC1GX04DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1GX04DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
SN74LVC1GX04DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1GX04DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC1GX04DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	180.0	180.0	30.0
SN74LVC1GX04DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	202.0	201.0	28.0

# DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



# DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



# DRL (R-PDSO-N6)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



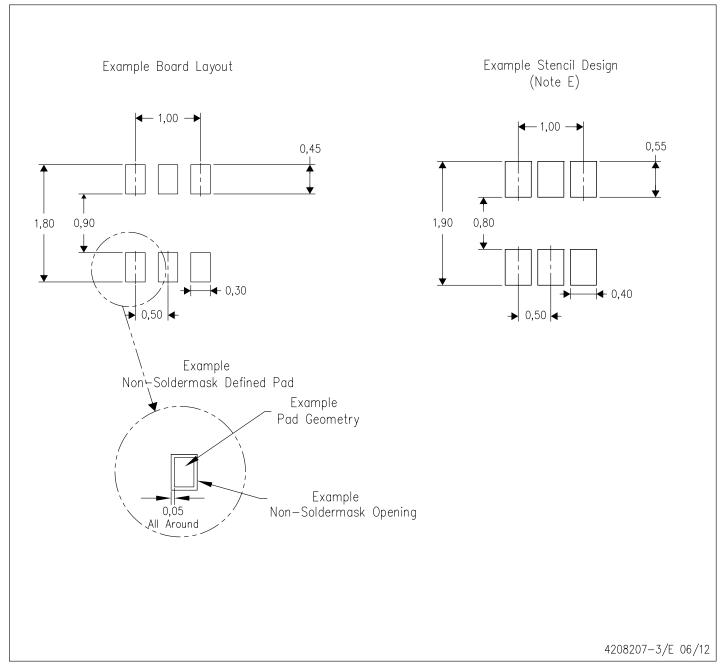
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body dimensions do not include mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs.

  Mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 per end or side.
- D. JEDEC package registration is pending.



# DRL (R-PDSO-N6)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Side aperture dimensions over—print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.



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