

FEMTOCLOCKS™ CRYSTAL-TO-LVDS FREQUENCY SYNTHESIZER

ICS844001-21

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

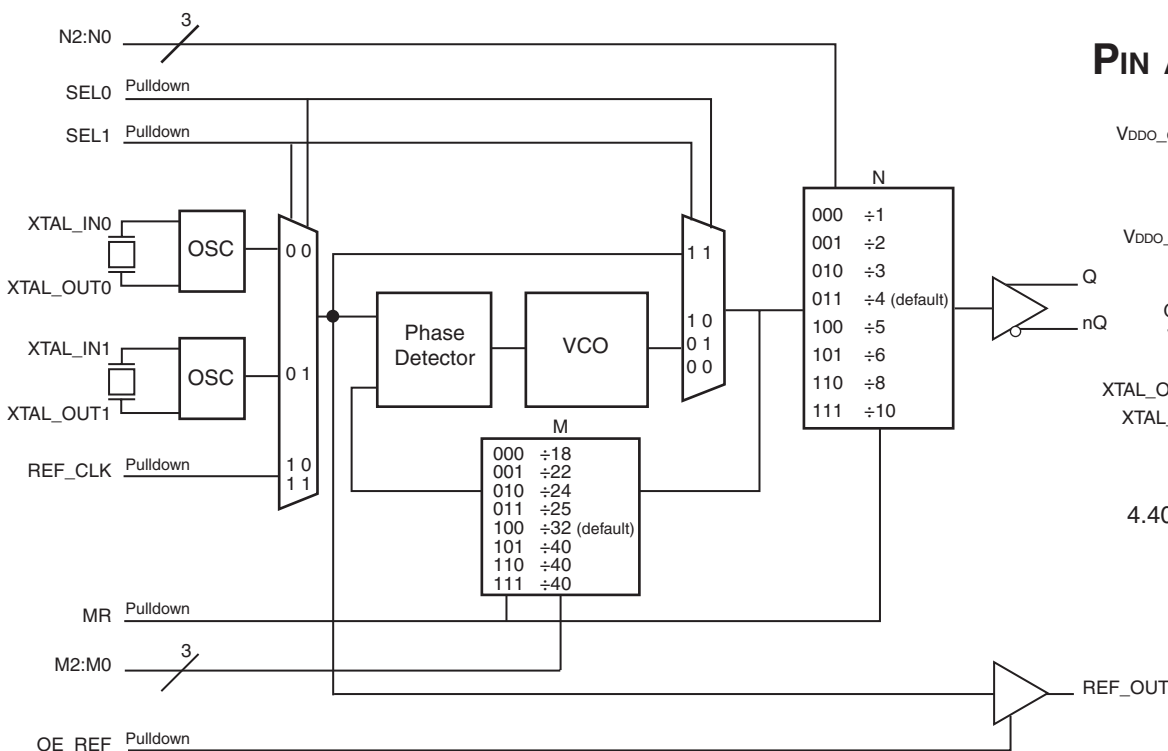
The ICS844001-21 is a highly versatile, low phase noise LVDS Synthesizer which can generate low jitter reference clocks for a variety of communications applications and is a member of the HiPerClocks™ family of high performance clock solutions from IDT. The dual crystal interface allows the synthesizer to support up to two communications standards in a given application (i.e. 1GB Ethernet with a 25MHz crystal and 1Gb Fibre Channel using a 25.5625MHz crystal). The rms phase jitter performance is typically less than 1ps, thus making the device acceptable for use in demanding applications such as OC48 SONET and 10Gb Ethernet. The ICS844001-21 is packaged in a small 24-pin TSSOP package.



FEATURES

- One differential LVDS output pair and one LVC MOS reference output
- Selectable crystal oscillator interface or LVC MOS/LVTTL single-ended input
- VCO range: 560MHz - 700MHz
- Supports the following applications: SONET, Ethernet, Fibre Channel, Serial ATA, and HDTV
- RMS phase jitter @ 622.08MHz (12kHz - 20MHz): 0.92ps (typical)
- Full 3.3V supply mode
- 0°C to 70°C ambient operating temperature
- Available in both standard (RoHS 5) and lead-free (RoHS 6) packages

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT

VDDO_CMOS	1	24	REF_OUT
N0	2	23	GND
N1	3	22	OE_REF
N2	4	21	M2
VDDO_LVDS	5	20	M1
Q0	6	19	M0
nQ0	7	18	MR
GND	8	17	SEL1
VDDA	9	16	SEL0
VDD	10	15	REF_CLK
XTAL_OUT1	11	14	XTAL_IN0
XTAL_IN1	12	13	XTAL_OUT0

ICS844001-21 24-Lead TSSOP

4.40mm x 7.8mm x 0.92mm
package body
G Package
Top View

The Preliminary Information presented herein represents a product in pre-production. The noted characteristics are based on initial product characterization and/or qualification. Integrated Device Technology, Incorporated (IDT) reserves the right to change any circuitry or specifications without notice.

TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Type		Description
1	V _{DDO_CMOS}	Power		Output supply pin for LVCMOS output.
2, 3	N0, N1	Input	Pullup	Output divider select pins. Default ÷4. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
4	N2	Input	Pulldown	
5	V _{DDO_LVDS}	Power		Output supply pin for LVDS outputs.
6, 7	Q, nQ	Output		Differential output pair. LVDS interface levels.
8, 23	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
9	V _{DDA}	Power		Analog supply pin.
10	V _{DD}	Power		Core supply pin.
11	XTAL_OUT1, XTAL_IN1	Input		Parallel resonant crystal interface. XTAL_OUT1 is the output, XTAL_IN1 is the input.
12				
13	XTAL_OUT0, XTAL_IN0	Input		Parallel resonant crystal interface. XTAL_OUT0 is the output, XTAL_IN0 is the input.
14				
15	REF_CLK	Input	Pulldown	Reference clock input. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
16, 17	SEL0, SEL1	Input	Pulldown	MUX select pins. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
18	MR	Input	Pulldown	Active HIGH Master Reset. When logic HIGH, the internal dividers are reset causing the true output Q to go low and the inverted output nQ to go high. When logic LOW, the internal dividers and the outputs are enabled. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
19, 20	M0, M1	Input	Pulldown	Feedback divider select pins. Default ÷32. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
21	M2	Input	Pullup	
22	OE_REF	Input	Pulldown	Reference clock output enable. When HIGH, REF_OUT is enabled. When LOW, forces REF_OUT to Hi-Z state. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
24	REF_OUT	Output		Reference clock output. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.

NOTE: *Pullup and Pulldown* refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	REF_OUT				pF
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			51		kΩ
R _{out}	Output Impedance	REF_OUT		7		Ω

TABLE 3A. COMMON CONFIGURATIONS TABLE

Input Reference Clock (MHz)	M Divider Value	N Divider Value	VCO (MHz)	Output Frequency (MHz)	Application
27	22	8	594	74.25	HDTV
24.75	24	8	594	74.25	HDTV
14.8351649	40	8	593.4066	74.1758245	HDTV
19.44	32	4	622.08	155.52	SONET
19.44	32	8	622.08	77.76	SONET
19.44	32	1	622.08	622.08	SONET
19.44	32	2	622.08	311.04	SONET
19.53125	32	4	625	156.25	10 GigE
25	25	5	625	125	1 GigE
25	25	10	625	62.5	1 GigE
25	24	6	600	100	PCI Express
25	24	4	600	150	SATA
25	24	8	600	75	SATA
26.5625	24	6	637.5	106.25	Fibre Channel 1
26.5625	24	3	637.5	212.5	4 Gig Fibre Channel
26.5625	24	4	637.5	159.375	10 Gig Fibre Channel
31.25	18	3	562.5	187.5	12 Gig Ethernet

TABLE 3B. PROGRAMMABLE M DIVIDER FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs			M Divider Value	Input Frequency (MHz)	
M2	M1	M0		Minimum	Maximum
0	0	0	18	31.1	38.9
0	0	1	22	25.5	31.8
0	1	0	24	23.3	29.2
0	1	1	25	22.4	28.0 (default)
1	0	0	32	17.5	21.9
1	0	1	40	14.0	17.5
1	1	0	40	14.0	17.5
1	1	1	40	14.0	17.5

TABLE 3C. PROGRAMMABLE N DIVIDER FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs			N Divide Value
N2	N1	N0	
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	2
0	1	0	3
0	1	1	4 (default)
1	0	0	5
1	0	1	6
1	1	0	8
1	1	1	10

TABLE 3D. BYPASS MODE FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs		Reference	PLL Mode
SEL1	SEL0		
0	0	XTAL0	Active (default)
0	1	XTAL1	Active
1	0	REF_CLK	Active
1	1	REF_CLK	Bypass

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{DD}	4.6V
Inputs, V_I	-0.5V to $V_{DD} + 0.5V$
Outputs, I_O	
Continuous Current	10mA
Surge Current	15mA
Outputs, V_O (LVCMOS)	-0.5V to $V_{DDO} + 0.5V$
Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA}	82.3°C/W (0 mps)
Storage Temperature, T_{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

TABLE 4A. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO_LVDS} = V_{DDO_CMOS} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{DD}	Core Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V_{DDA}	Analog Supply Voltage		$V_{DD} - 0.12$	3.3	V_{DD}	V
$V_{DDO_LVDS_CMOS}$	Output Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
I_{DD}	Power Supply Current			144		mA
I_{DDA}	Analog Supply Current			12		mA
$I_{DDO_LVDS_CMOS}$	Output Supply Current			30		mA

TABLE 4B. LVCMOS / LVTTL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO_CMOS} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		2		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.3		0.8	V
I_{IH}	Input High Current	REF_CLK, SEL0, SEL1, OE_REF, MR, M0, M1, N2	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$		150	μA
		M2, N0, N1	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$		5	μA
I_{IL}	Input Low Current	REF_CLK, SEL0, SEL1, OE_REF, MR, M0, M1, N2	$V_{DD} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-5		μA
		M2, N0, N1	$V_{DD} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-150		μA
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1	REF_OUT	2.6			V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage: Note 1	REF_OUT			0.5	V

NOTE 1: Output terminated with 50Ω to $V_{DDO_CMOS}/2$. See Parameter Measurement Information Section, "3.3V Output Load Test Circuit Diagram".

TABLE 4C. LVDS DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO_LVDS} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V_{OD}	Differential Output Voltage			400		mV
ΔV_{OD}	V_{OD} Magnitude Change			50		mV
V_{OS}	Offset Voltage			1.5		V
ΔV_{OS}	V_{OS} Magnitude Change			50		mV

TABLE 5. CRYSTAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Mode of Oscillation		Fundamental			MHz
Frequency		12		40	MHz
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)				50	Ω
Shunt Capacitance				7	pF
Drive Level				1	mW

NOTE: Characterized using an 18pF parallel resonant crystal.

TABLE 6. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO_LVDS} = V_{DDO_CMOS} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

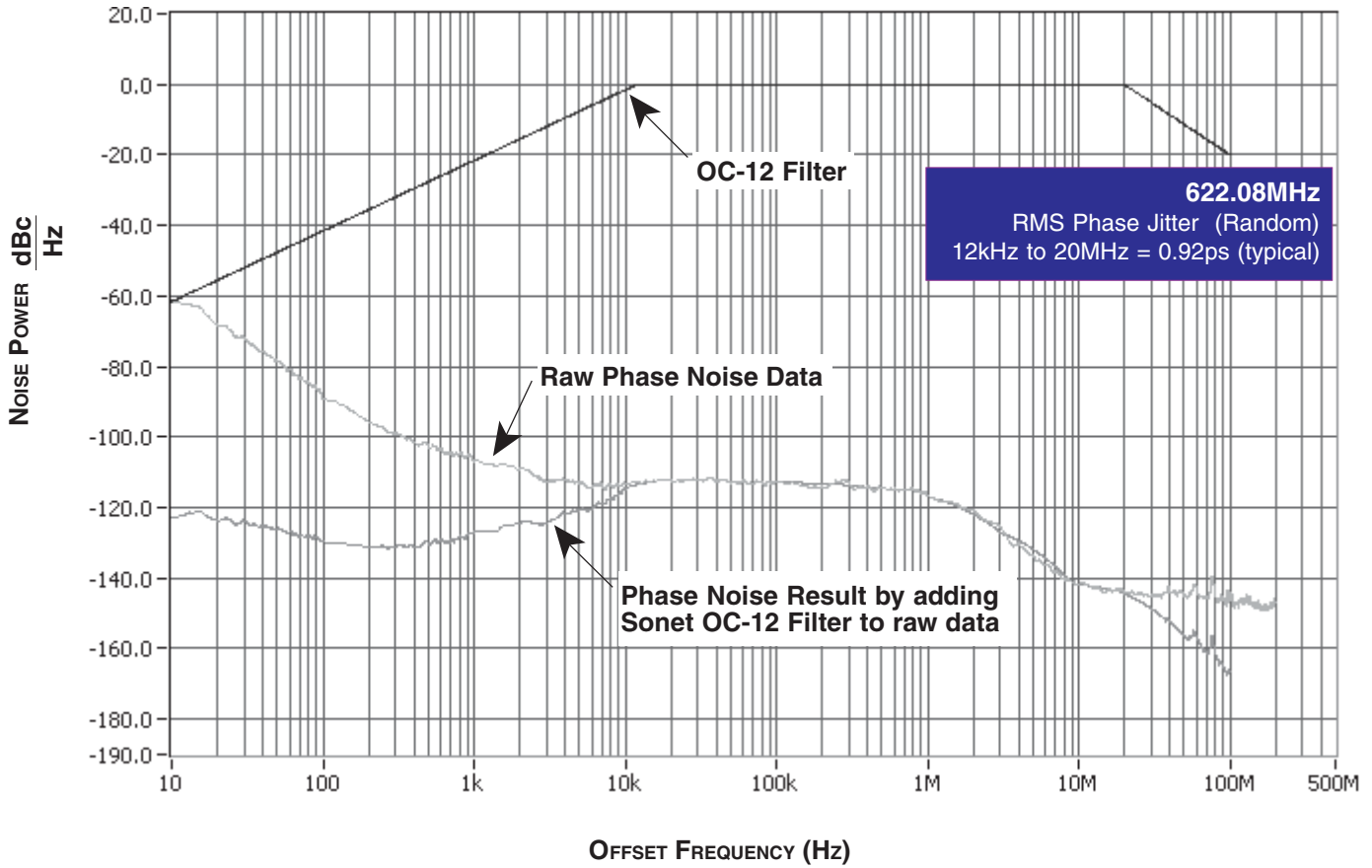
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f_{OUT}	Output Frequency		56		700	MHz
t_{PD}	Propagation Delay, NOTE 1	REF_CLK to REF_OUT		2.95		ns
$t_{jit}(\emptyset)$	RMS Phase Jitter, (Random); NOTE 2, 3	622.08MHz (12kHz - 20MHz)		0.92		ps
t_R / t_F	Output Rise/Fall Time	Q, nQ	20% to 80%	300		ps
		REF_OUT	20% to 80%	300		ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	Q, nQ		50		%
		REF_OUT		50		%

NOTE 1: Measured from the $V_{DD}/2$ of the input to $V_{DDO_CMOS}/2$ of the output.

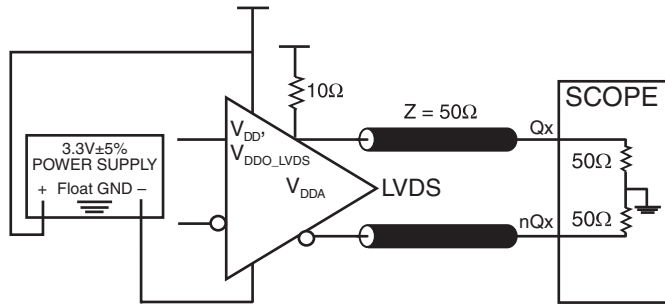
NOTE 2: Phase jitter measured using a 25MHz quartz crystal.

NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

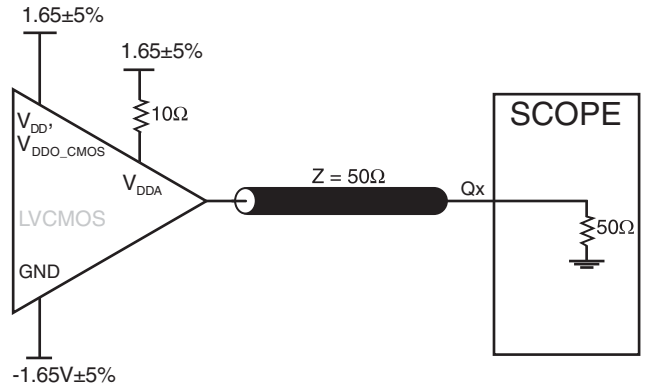
TYPICAL PHASE NOISE AT 622.08MHz



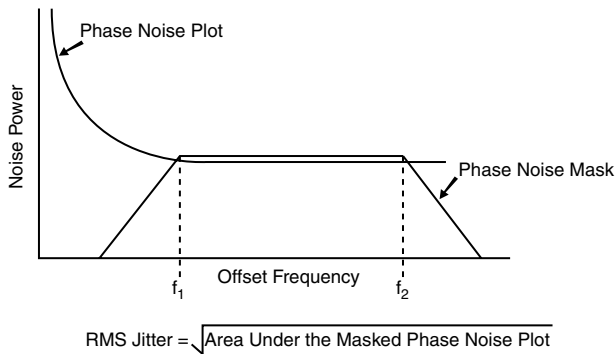
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



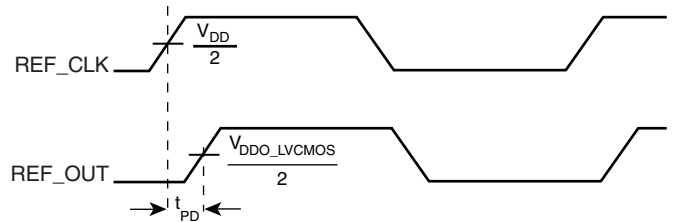
3.3V LVDS OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



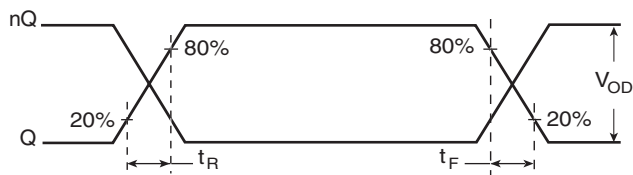
3.3V LVCMOS OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT



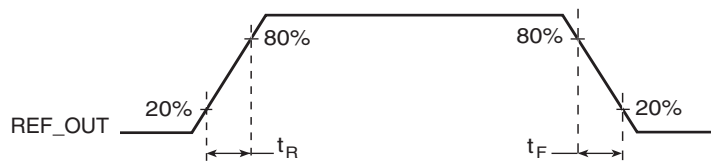
RMS PHASE JITTER



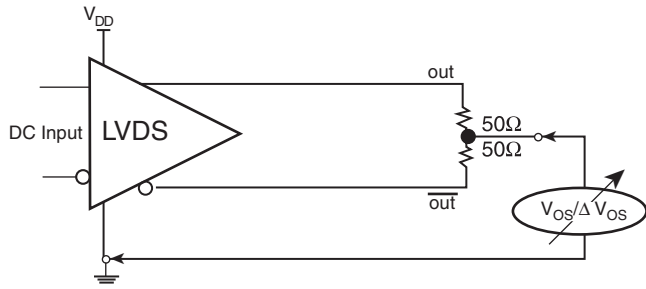
PROPAGATION DELAY



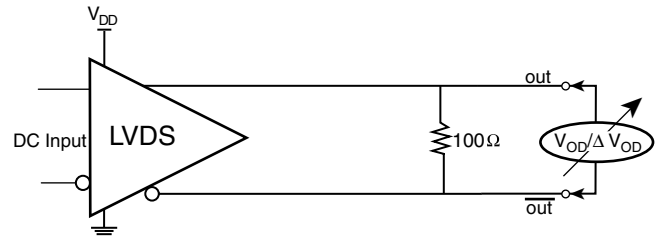
LVDS OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME



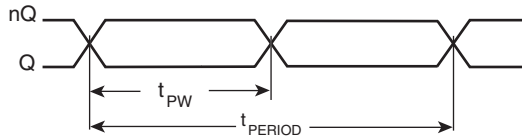
LVCMOS OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME



OFFSET VOLTAGE SETUP

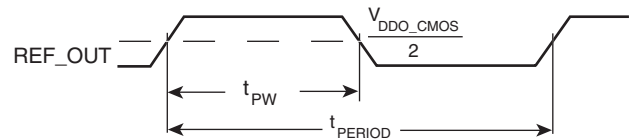


DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE SETUP



$$\text{odc} = \frac{t_{PW}}{t_{PERIOD}} \times 100\%$$

LVDS OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE/PULSE WIDTH/PERIOD



$$\text{odc} = \frac{t_{PW}}{t_{PERIOD}} \times 100\%$$

LVCMOS OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE/PULSE WIDTH/PERIOD

APPLICATION INFORMATION

POWER SUPPLY FILTERING TECHNIQUES

To achieve optimum jitter performance, power supply isolation is required. The ICS844001-21 provides separate power supplies to isolate any high switching noise from the outputs to the internal PLL. V_{DD} , V_{DDA} and $V_{DDO,x}$ should be individually connected to the power supply plane through vias, and $0.01\mu\text{F}$ bypass capacitors should be used for each pin. *Figure 1* illustrates this for a generic V_{DD} pin and also shows that V_{DDA} requires that an additional 10Ω resistor along with a $10\mu\text{F}$ bypass capacitor be connected to the V_{DDA} pin.

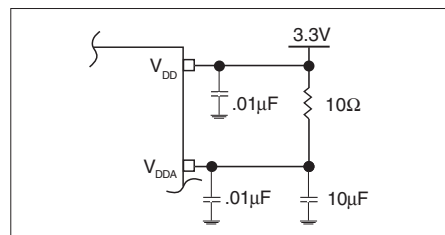


FIGURE 1. POWER SUPPLY FILTERING

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR UNUSED INPUT AND OUTPUT PINS

INPUTS:

CRYSTAL INPUTS

For applications not requiring the use of the crystal oscillator input, both XTAL_IN and XTAL_OUT can be left floating. Though not required, but for additional protection, a $1\text{k}\Omega$ resistor can be tied from XTAL_IN to ground.

REF_CLK INPUT

For applications not requiring the use of the reference clock, it can be left floating. Though not required, but for additional protection, a $1\text{k}\Omega$ resistor can be tied from the REF_CLK to ground.

LVC MOS CONTROL PINS

All control pins have internal pull-ups or pull-downs; additional resistance is not required but can be added for additional protection. A $1\text{k}\Omega$ resistor can be used.

OUTPUTS:

LVDS OUTPUTS

All unused LVDS output pairs can be either left floating or terminated with 100Ω across. If they are left floating, there should be no trace attached.

LVC MOS OUTPUT

The unused LVC MOS output can be left floating. There should be no trace attached.

CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE

The ICS844001-21 has been characterized with 18pF parallel resonant crystals. The capacitor values shown in *Figure 2* below

were determined using a 25MHz 18pF parallel resonant crystal and were chosen to minimize the ppm error.

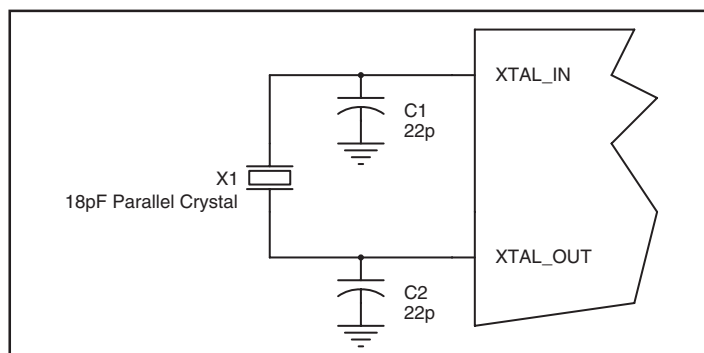


FIGURE 2. CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE

LVC MOS TO XTAL INTERFACE

The XTAL_IN input can accept a single-ended LVC MOS signal through an AC coupling capacitor. A general interface diagram is shown in *Figure 3*. The XTAL_OUT pin can be left floating. The input edge rate can be as slow as 10ns. For LVC MOS inputs, it is recommended that the amplitude be reduced from full swing to half swing in order to prevent signal interference with the power rail and to reduce noise. This configuration requires that the output

impedance of the driver (R_o) plus the series resistance (R_s) equals the transmission line impedance. In addition, matched termination at the crystal input will attenuate the signal in half. This can be done in one of two ways. First, R_1 and R_2 in parallel should equal the transmission line impedance. For most 50Ω applications, R_1 and R_2 can be 100Ω . This can also be accomplished by removing R_1 and making R_2 50Ω .

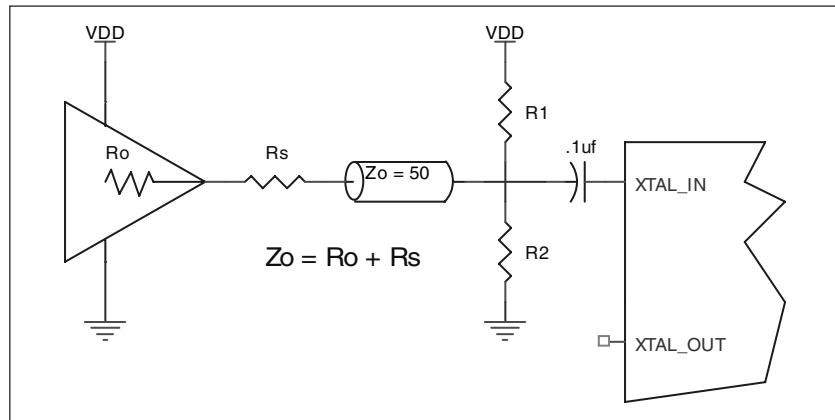


FIGURE 3. GENERAL DIAGRAM FOR LVC MOS DRIVER TO XTAL INPUT INTERFACE

3.3V LVDS DRIVER TERMINATION

A general LVDS interface is shown in *Figure 4*. In a 100Ω differential transmission line environment, LVDS drivers require a matched load termination of 100Ω across near the receiver

input. For a multiple LVDS outputs buffer, if only partial outputs are used, it is recommended to terminate the unused outputs.

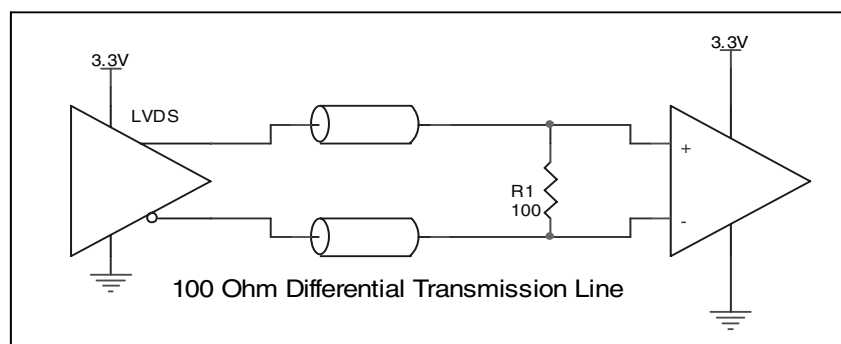


FIGURE 4. TYPICAL LVDS DRIVER TERMINATION

SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

Figure 5 shows an example of ICS844001-21 application schematic. In this example, the device is operated at $V_{DD} = 3.3V$. The 18pF parallel resonant 25MHz crystal is used. The $C1 = 22pF$ and $C2 = 22pF$ are recommended for frequency accuracy. For different board layout, the $C1$ and $C2$ may be slightly adjusted for

optimizing frequency accuracy. One example of LVDS and one example of LVCMOS terminations are shown in this schematic. The decoupling capacitors should be located as close as possible to the power pin.

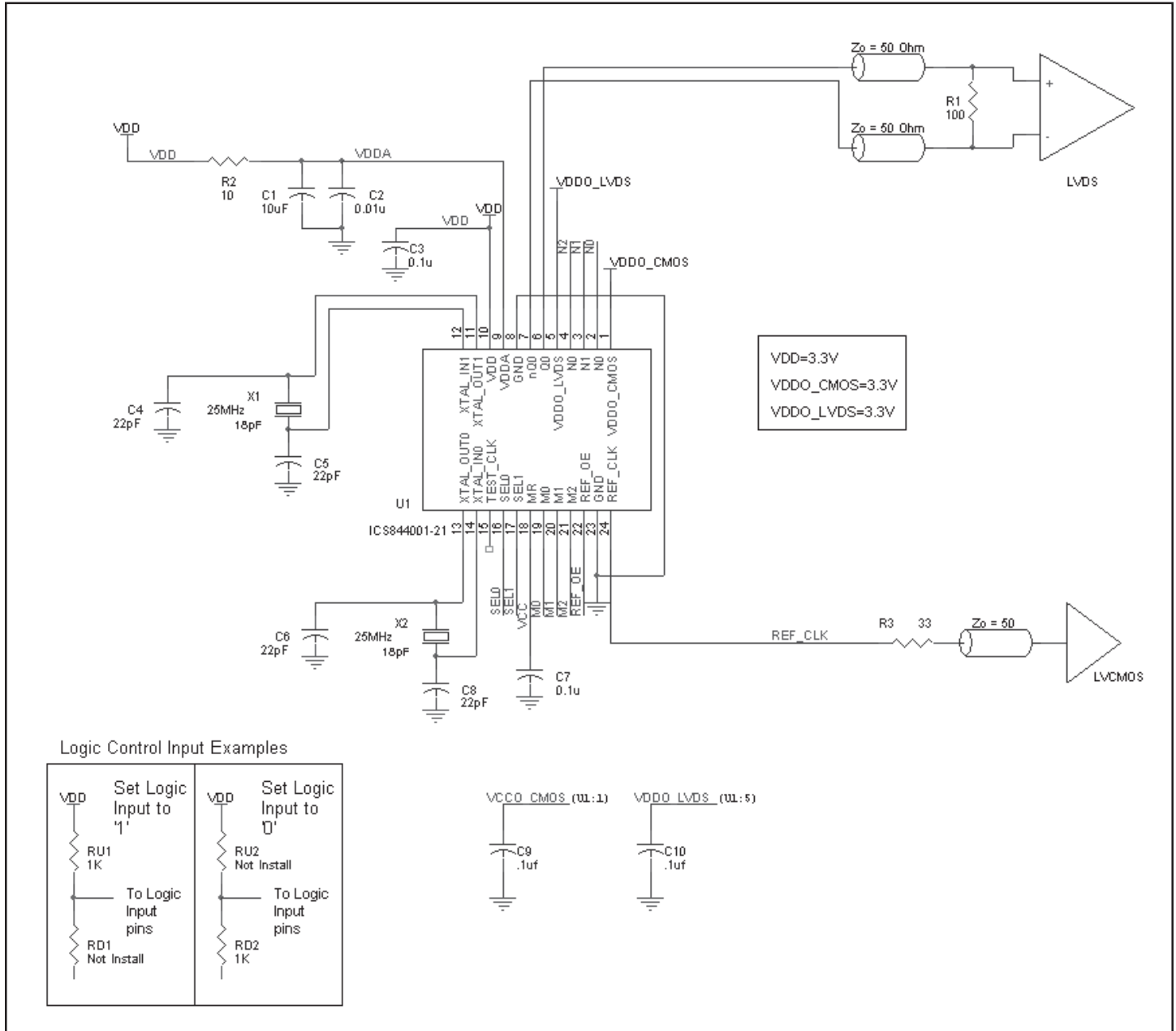


FIGURE 5. ICS844001-21 SCHEMATIC LAYOUT

POWER CONSIDERATIONS

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS844001-21. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS844001-21 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{DD} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

Core and LVDS Output Power Dissipation

- Power (core, LVDS) = $V_{DD_MAX} * (I_{DD} + I_{DDO_LVDS} + I_{DDA}) = 3.465V * (144mA + 30mA + 12mA) = 644.49mW$

LVC MOS Output Power Dissipation

- Output Impedance R_{OUT} Power Dissipation due to Loading 50Ω to $V_{DDO_CMOS}/2$
Output Current $I_{OUT} = V_{DDO_CMOS_MAX} / [2 * (50\Omega + R_{OUT})] = 3.465V / [2 * (50\Omega + 7\Omega)] = 30.4mA$
- Power Dissipation on the R_{OUT} per LVC MOS output
Power (R_{OUT}) = $R_{OUT} * (I_{OUT})^2 = 7\Omega * (30.4mA)^2 = 6.47mW$ per output
- Dynamic Power Dissipation at 25MHz
Power (25MHz) = $C_{PD} * frequency * (V_{DDO_CMOS})^2 = 8pF * 25MHz * (3.465V)^2 = 2.4 mW$

Total Power Dissipation

- Total Power**
= Power (core, LVDS) + Total Power (R_{OUT}) + Total Power (125MHz) + Total Power (25MHz)
= $644.49mW + 6.47mW + 2.4mW$
= **653.36mW**

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, T_j, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS™ devices is 125°C.

The equation for T_j is as follows: $T_j = \theta_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A$

T_j = Junction Temperature

θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_{total} = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming no air flow and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 82.3°C/W per Table 7 is:

$70^\circ\text{C} + 0.653\text{W} * 82.3^\circ\text{C}/\text{W} = 123.8^\circ\text{C}$. This is below the limit of 125°C.

This calculation is only an example. T_j will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

TABLE 7. THERMAL RESISTANCE θ_{JA} FOR 24-TSSOP, FORCED CONVECTION

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Meters per Second)			
	0	1	2.5
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	82.3°C/W	78°C/W	75.9°C/W

RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 8. θ_{JA} VS. AIR FLOW TABLE FOR 24 LEAD TSSOP

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Meters per Second)			
	0	1	2.5
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	82.3°C/W	78°C/W	75.9°C/W

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS844001-21 is: 4045

PACKAGE OUTLINE - G SUFFIX FOR 24 LEAD TSSOP

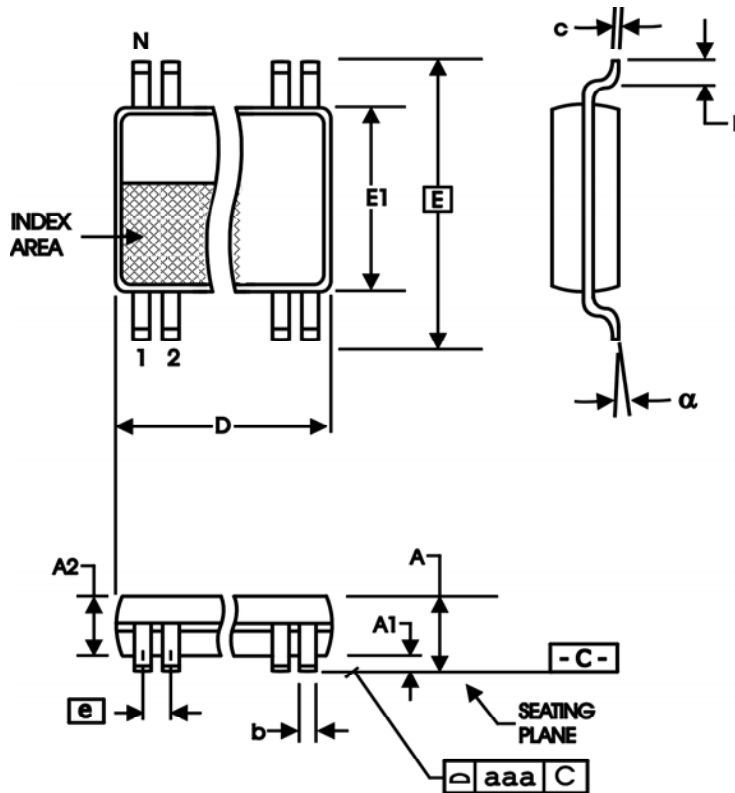


TABLE 9. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	Millimeters	
	Minimum	Maximum
N	24	
A	--	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	7.70	7.90
E	6.40 BASIC	
E1	4.30	4.50
e	0.65 BASIC	
L	0.45	0.75
α	0°	8°
aaa	--	0.10

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

TABLE 10. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
ICS844001AG-21	ICS844001AG21	24 Lead TSSOP	tube	0°C to 70°C
ICS844001AG-21T	ICS844001AG21	24 Lead TSSOP	2500 tape & reel	0°C to 70°C
ICS844001AG-21LF	TBD	24 Lead "Lead Free" TSSOP	tube	0°C to 70°C
ICS844001AG-21LFT	TBD	24 Lead "Lead Free" TSSOP	2500 tape & reel	0°C to 70°C

NOTE: Pats that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

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