



## MM54C14/MM74C14 Hex Schmitt Trigger

### General Description

The MM54C14/MM74C14 Hex Schmitt Trigger is a monolithic complementary MOS (CMOS) integrated circuit constructed with N- and P-channel enhancement transistors. The positive and negative going threshold voltages,  $V_{T+}$  and  $V_{T-}$ , show low variation with respect to temperature (typ.  $0.0005\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$  at  $V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$ ), and hysteresis,  $V_{T+} - V_{T-} \geq 0.2\text{ V}_{CC}$  is guaranteed.

All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by diode clamps to  $V_{CC}$  and GND.

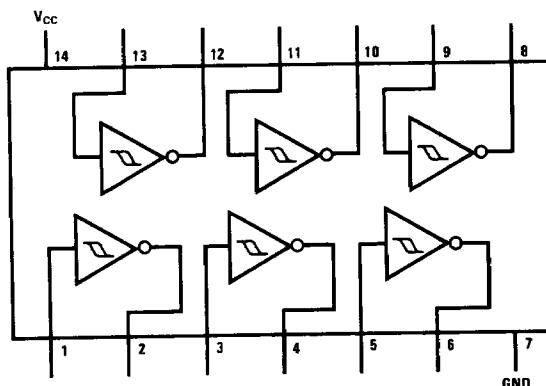
### Features

- Wide supply voltage range      3.0V to 15V
- High noise immunity      0.70  $\text{V}_{CC}$  (typ.)
- Low power      0.4  $\text{V}_{CC}$  (typ.)
- TTL compatibility
- Hysteresis

0.2  $\text{V}_{CC}$  guaranteed  
0.4  $\text{V}_{CC}$  (typ.)  
0.2  $\text{V}_{CC}$  guaranteed

### Connection Diagram

Dual-In-Line Package



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Top View

Order Number MM54C14\* or MM74C14\*

\*Please look into section 8, Appendix D  
for availability of various package types.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Voltage at Any Pin	-0.3V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.3V	Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range		Power Dissipation	
MM54C14	-55°C to +125°C	Dual-In-Line	700 mW
MM74C14	-40°C to +85°C	Small Outline	500 mW
		Operating $V_{CC}$ Range	3.0V to 15V
		Absolute Maximum $V_{CC}$	18V
		Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C

## DC Electrical Characteristics

Min/Max limits apply across the guaranteed temperature range unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>CMOS TO CMOS</b>						
$V_{T+}$	Positive Going Threshold Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$	3.0	3.6	4.3	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	6.0	6.8	8.6	V
		$V_{CC} = 15V$	9.0	10.0	12.9	V
$V_{T-}$	Negative Going Threshold Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$	0.7	1.4	2.0	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	1.4	3.2	4.0	V
		$V_{CC} = 15V$	2.1	5.0	6.0	V
$V_{T+} - V_{T-}$	Hysteresis	$V_{CC} = 5V$	1.0	2.2	3.6	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V$	2.0	3.6	7.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 15V$	3.0	5.0	10.8	V
$V_{OUT(1)}$	Logical "1" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V, I_O = -10 \mu A$	4.5			V
		$V_{CC} = 10V, I_O = -10 \mu A$	9.0			V
$V_{OUT(0)}$	Logical "0" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V, I_O = 10 \mu A$			0.5	V
		$V_{CC} = 10V, I_O = 10 \mu A$			1.0	V
$I_{IN(1)}$	Logical "1" Input Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 15V$		0.005	1.0	$\mu A$
$I_{IN(0)}$	Logical "0" Input Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-1.0	-0.005		$\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V/15V$		0.05	15	$\mu A$
		$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{IN} = 2.5V$ (Note 4)		20		$\mu A$
		$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{IN} = 5V$ (Note 4)		200		$\mu A$
		$V_{CC} = 15V, V_{IN} = 7.5V$ (Note 4)		600		$\mu A$
<b>CMOS/LPTTL INTERFACE</b>						
$V_{IN(1)}$	Logical "1" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$	4.3			V
$V_{IN(0)}$	Logical "0" Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V$			0.7	V
$V_{OUT(1)}$	Logical "1" Output Voltage	54C, $V_{CC} = 4.5V, I_O = -360 \mu A$	2.4			V
		74C, $V_{CC} = 4.75V, I_O = -360 \mu A$	2.4			V
$V_{OUT(0)}$	Logical "0" Output Voltage	54C, $V_{CC} = 4.5V, I_O = 360 \mu A$			0.4	V
		74C, $V_{CC} = 4.75V, I_O = 360 \mu A$			0.4	V
<b>OUTPUT DRIVE (see 54C/74C Family Characteristics Data Sheet) <math>T_A = 25^\circ C</math> (Short Circuit Current)</b>						
$I_{SOURCE}$	Output Source Current (P-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{OUT} = 0V$	-1.75	-3.3		mA
$I_{SOURCE}$	Output Source Current (P-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{OUT} = 0V$	-8.0	-15		mA
$I_{SINK}$	Output Sink Current (N-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$	1.75	3.6		mA
$I_{SINK}$	Output Sink Current (N-Channel)	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$	8.0	16		mA

## AC Electrical Characteristics\*

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ , unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$t_{PD0}, t_{PD1}$	Propagation Delay from Input to Output	$V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$		220	400	ns
		$V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$		80	200	ns
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	Any Input (Note 2)		5.0		pF
$C_{PD}$	Power Dissipation Capacitance	(Note 3) Per Gate		20		pF

\*AC Parameters are guaranteed by DC correlated testing.

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. Except for "Operating Temperature Range" they are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" provides conditions for actual device operation.

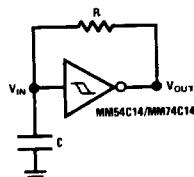
Note 2: Capacitance is guaranteed by periodic testing.

Note 3:  $C_{PD}$  determines the no load AC power consumption of any CMOS device. For complete explanation see 54C/74C Family Characteristics Application Note—AN-80.

Note 4: Only one of the six inputs is at  $\frac{1}{2} V_{CC}$ ; the others are either at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

## Typical Applications

### Low Power Oscillator



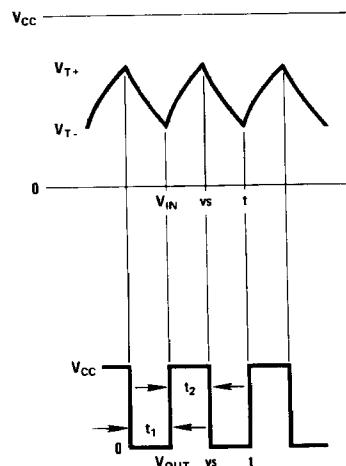
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$$t_1 \approx RC \ell n \frac{V_{T+}}{V_{T-}}$$

$$t_1 \approx RC \ell n \frac{V_{CC} - V_{T-}}{V_{CC} - V_{T+}}$$

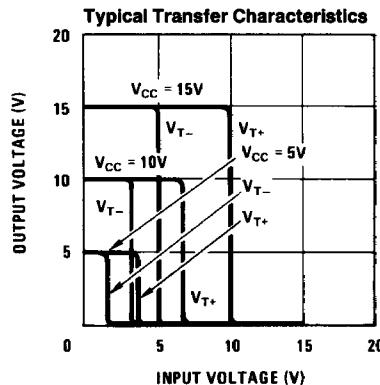
$$f \approx \frac{1}{RC \ell n \frac{V_{T+}(V_{CC} - V_{T-})}{V_{T-}(V_{CC} - V_{T+})}} \approx \frac{1}{1.7 RC}$$

Note: The equations assume  $t_1 + t_2 \gg t_{pd0} + t_{pd1}$

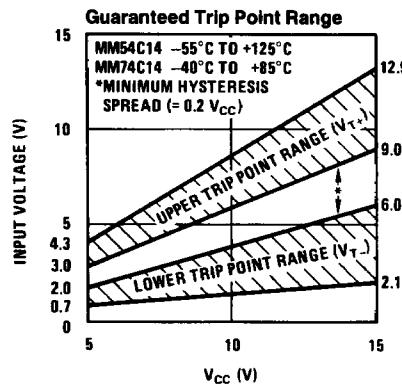


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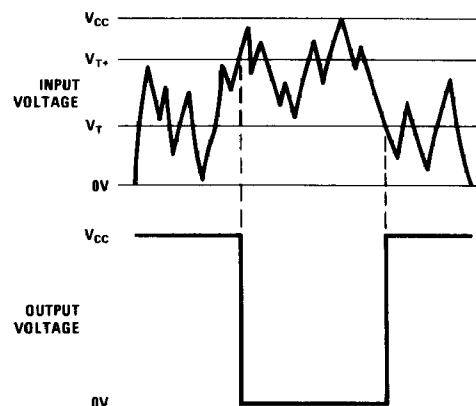
## Typical Performance Characteristics



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**Note:** For more information on output drive characteristics, power dissipation, and propagation delays, see AN-90.