

FEMTOCLOCKS™ CRYSTAL-TO-3.3V LVPECL CLOCK GENERATOR

GENERAL DESCRIPTION



The ICS843022 is a Gigabit Ethernet Clock Generator and a member of the HiPerClocks[™] family of high performance devices from IDT. The ICS843022 uses a 25MHz crystal to synthesize 125MHz or 62.5MHz. The ICS843022 has excel-

lent phase jitter performance, over the 1.875 MHz-20 MHz integration range. The ICS843022 is packaged in a small 8-pin TSSOP, making it ideal for use in systems with limited board space.

ICS843022

FEATURES

- One differential 3.3V LVPECL output
- Crystal oscillator interface designed for 25MHz, 18pF parallel resonant crystal
- Output frequencies: 125MHz or 62.5MHz (selectable)
- RMS phase jitter @ 125MHz, using a 25MHz crystal (1.875MHz - 20MHz): 0.39ps (typical)

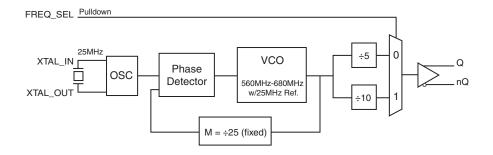
Offset	Noise Power
100Hz	96.5 dBc/Hz
1kHz	122.5 dBc/Hz
10kHz	132.1 dBc/Hz
100kHz	131.5 dBc/Hz

- 3.3V operating supply
- 0°C to 70°C ambient operating temperature
- · Industrial temperature information available upon request
- Available in both standard (RoHS 5) and lead-free (RoHS 6) packages

FUNCTION TABLE

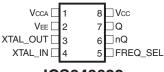
Inputs FREQ SEL	Output Frequencies (with a 25MHz crystal)
0	125MHz
1	62.5MHz

BLOCK DIAGRAM



1

PIN ASSIGNMENT



ICS843022

8-Lead TSSOP
4.40mm x 3.0mm x 0.925mm
package body
G Package
Top View

TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Туре		Description
1	V_{CCA}	Power		Analog supply pin.
2	$V_{_{EE}}$	Power		Negative supply pin.
3, 4	XTAL_OUT, XTAL_IN	Input		Crystal oscillator interface. XTAL_in is the input, XTAL_OUT is the output.
5	FREQ_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Frequency select pin. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
6, 7	nQ, Q	Output		Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels.
8	V _{cc}	Power		Core supply pin.

NOTE: Pulldown refers to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		рF
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{CC} 4.6V

Inputs, V_1 -0.5V to V_{cc} + 0.5V

Outputs, I_o

Continuous Current 50mA Surge Current 100mA

Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA} 101.7°C/W (0 mps) Storage Temperature, T_{STG} -65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Table 3A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, Ta=0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{cc}	Core Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{CCA}	Analog Supply Voltage		V _{cc} - 0.1	3.3	V _{cc}	V
I _{CCA}	Analog Supply Current				10	mA
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current				90	mA

Table 3B. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC Characteristics, $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, Ta=0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage			2		V _{cc} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage			-0.3		0.8	V
I _{IH}	Input High Current	FREQ_SEL	$V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$			150	μA
I	Input Low Current	FREQ_SEL	$V_{CC} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-5			μA

Table 3C. LVPECL DC Characteristics, $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, Ta=0°C to 70°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1		V _{cc} - 1.4		V _{cc} - 0.9	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1		V _{cc} - 2.0		V _{cc} - 1.7	V
V _{SWING}	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing		0.6		1.0	V

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to $\rm V_{\rm CC}$ - 2V.

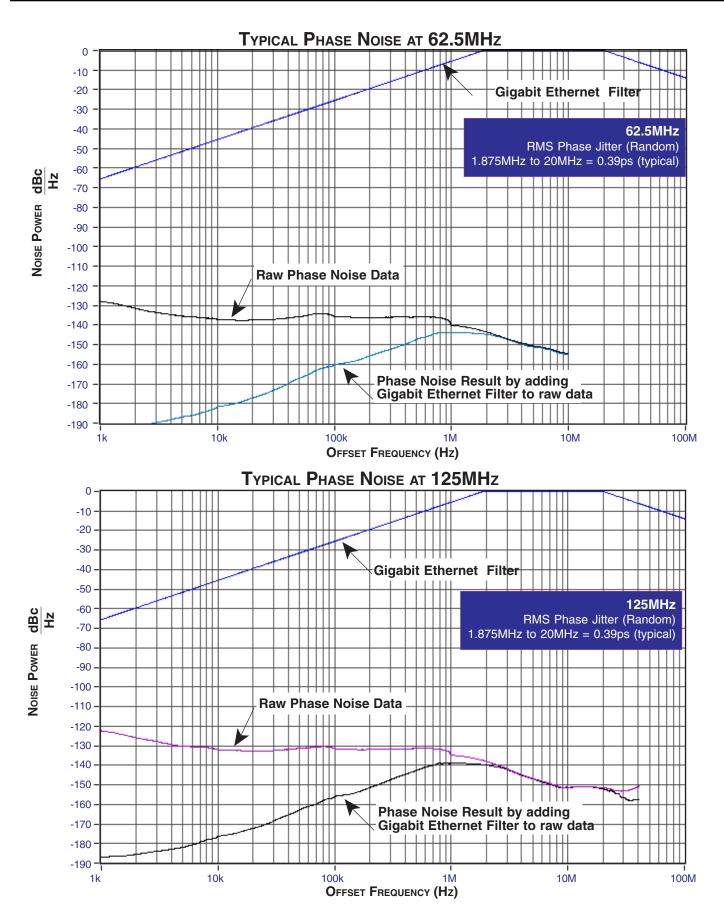
TABLE 4. CRYSTAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Mode of Oscillation		Fundamental			
Frequency			25		MHz
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)				50	Ω
Shunt Capacitance				7	pF
Drive Level				1	mW

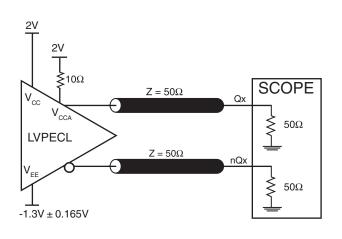
Table 5. AC Characteristics, $\rm V_{CC} = \rm V_{CCA} = 3.3V \pm 5\%, \, Ta = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$

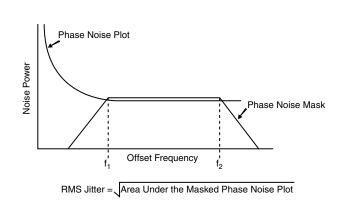
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f	Output Fraguanay	F_SEL = 0		125		MHz
f _{out}	Output Frequency	F_SEL = 1		62.5		MHz
fii+(CX)	RMS Phase Jitter;	125MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz - 20MHz		0.39		ps
<i>t</i> jit(∅)	NOTE 1	62.5MHz, Integration Range: 1.875MHz - 20MHz		0.39		ps
$t_{_{\rm R}}/t_{_{\rm F}}$	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	300		600	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle		48		52	%

NOTE 1: Please refer to the Phase Noise Plot.



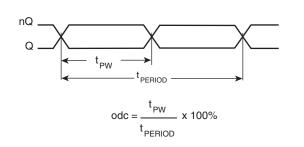
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

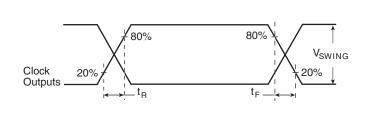




3.3V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT

RMS PHASE JITTER





OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE/PULSE WIDTH/PERIOD

OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Power Supply Filtering Techniques

As in any high speed analog circuitry, the power supply pins are vulnerable to random noise. The ICS843022 provides separate power supplies to isolate any high switching noise from the outputs to the internal PLL. V_{CC} and V_{CCA} should be individually connected to the power supply plane through vias, and bypass capacitors should be used for each pin. To achieve optimum jitter performance, power supply isolation is required. Figure 1 illustrates how a 10Ω resistor along with a $10\mu\text{F}$ and a $.01\mu\text{F}$ bypass capacitor should be connected to each V_{CCA} pin.

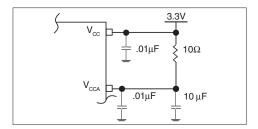


FIGURE 1. POWER SUPPLY FILTERING

CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE

The ICS843022 has been characterized with 18pF parallel resonant crystals. The capacitor values, C1 and C2, shown in *Figure 2* below were determined using a 25MHz, 18pF parallel

resonant crystal and were chosen to minimize the ppm error. The optimum C1 and C2 values can be slightly adjusted for different board layouts.

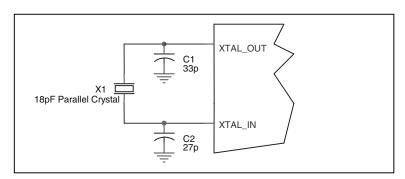


Figure 2. Crystal Input Interface

LVCMOS TO XTAL INTERFACE

The XTAL_IN input can accept a single-ended LVCMOS signal through an AC coupling capacitor. A general interface diagram is shown in *Figure 3*. The XTAL_OUT pin can be left floating. The input edge rate can be as slow as 10ns. For LVCMOS inputs, it is recommended that the amplitude be reduced from full swing to half swing in order to prevent signal interference with the power rail and to reduce noise. This configuration requires that the output

impedance of the driver (Ro) plus the series resistance (Rs) equals the transmission line impedance. In addition, matched termination at the crystal input will attenuate the signal in half. This can be done in one of two ways. First, R1 and R2 in parallel should equal the transmission line impedance. For most 50Ω applications, R1 and R2 can be 100Ω . This can also be accomplished by removing R1 and making R2 50Ω .

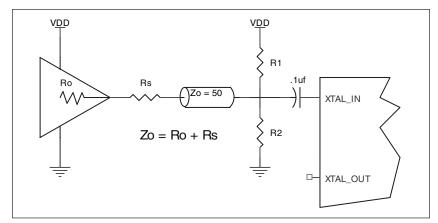


FIGURE 3. GENERAL DIAGRAM FOR LVCMOS DRIVER TO XTAL INPUT INTERFACE

APPLICATION SCHEMATIC

Figure 4A shows a schematic example of the ICS843022. An example of LVEPCL termination is shown in this schematic. Additional LVPECL termination approaches are shown in the LVPECL Termination Application Note. In this example, an 18pF parallel resonant 25MHz crystal is used for generating 125MHz

output frequency. The C1 = 27pF and C2 = 33pF are recommended for frequency accuracy. For different board layout, the C1 and C2 values may be slightly adjusted for optimizing frequency accuracy.

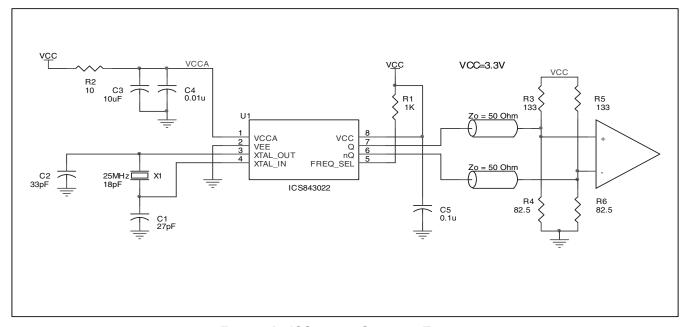


FIGURE 4A. ICS843022 SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

PC BOARD LAYOUT EXAMPLE

Figure 4B shows an example of P.C. board layout. The crystal X1 footprint in this example allows either surface mount (HC49S) or through hole (HC49) package. C3 is 0805. C1 and C2 are 0402.

Other resistors and capacitors are 0603. This layout assumes that the board has clean analog power and ground planes.

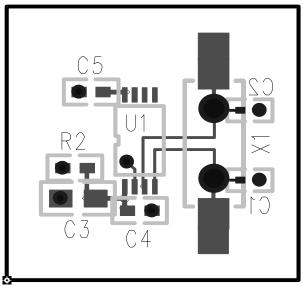


FIGURE 4B. ICS843022 PC BOARD LAYOUT EXAMPLE

POWER CONSIDERATIONS

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS843022. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS843022 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s).

The following is the power dissipation for $V_{cc} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

NOTE: Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = V_{CC MAX} * I_{EE MAX} = 3.465V * 90mA = 311.85mW
- Power (outputs)___ = 30mW/Loaded Output pair

Total Power $_{MAX}$ (3.465V, with all outputs switching) = 311.85mW + 30mW = 341.85mW

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, Tj, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS™ devices is 125°C.

The equation for Tj is as follows: Tj = θ_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A

Tj = Junction Temperature

 $\theta_{\text{\tiny IA}}$ = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance $\theta_{\text{\tiny M}}$ must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 1 meter per second and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 90.5°C/W per Table 6 below.

Therefore, Tj for an ambient temperature of 70°C with all outputs switching is:

 $70^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.342\text{W} * 90.5^{\circ}\text{C/W} = 101^{\circ}\text{C}$. This is well below the limit of 125°C.

This calculation is only an example. Tj will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

Table 6. Thermal Resistance $\theta_{_{\mathrm{JA}}}$ for 8-pin TSSOP, Forced Convection

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Meters per Second)

0 1 2.5

Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards 101.7°C/W 90.5°C/W 89.8°C/W

3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVPECL output driver circuit and termination are shown in Figure 5.

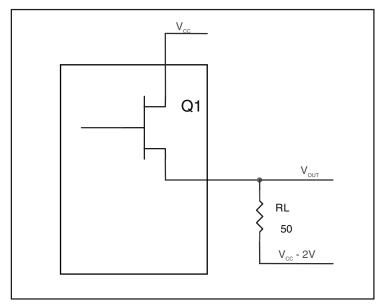


FIGURE 5. LVPECL DRIVER CIRCUIT AND TERMINATION

To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load, and a termination voltage of V_{∞} - 2V.

• For logic high,
$$V_{OUT} = V_{OH_MAX} = V_{CC_MAX} - 0.9V$$

$$(V_{CC MAX} - V_{OH MAX}) = 0.9V$$

• For logic low, $V_{OUT} = V_{OL_MAX} = V_{CC_MAX} - 1.7V$

$$(V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = 1.7V$$

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high.

Pd_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

$$Pd_H = [(V_{\text{OH_MAX}} - (V_{\text{CC_MAX}} - 2V))/R_{\text{L}}] * (V_{\text{CC_MAX}} - V_{\text{OH_MAX}}) = [(2V - (V_{\text{CC_MAX}} - V_{\text{OH_MAX}}))/R_{\text{L}}] * (V_{\text{CC_MAX}} - V_{\text{OH_MAX}}) = [(2V - 0.9V)/50\Omega] * 0.9V = \textbf{19.8mW}$$

$$Pd_L = [(V_{\text{\tiny OL_MAX}} - (V_{\text{\tiny CC_MAX}} - 2V))/R_{\text{\tiny L}}] * (V_{\text{\tiny CC_MAX}} - V_{\text{\tiny OL_MAX}}) = [(2V - (V_{\text{\tiny CC_MAX}} - V_{\text{\tiny OL_MAX}}))/R_{\text{\tiny L}}] * (V_{\text{\tiny CC_MAX}} - V_{\text{\tiny OL_MAX}}) = [(2V - 1.7V)/50\Omega] * 1.7V = \textbf{10.2mW}$$

Total Power Dissipation per output pair = Pd_H + Pd_L = 30mW

RELIABILITY INFORMATION

Table 7. θ_{JA} vs. Air Flow Table for 8 Lead TSSOP

 $\theta_{_{JA}}$ by Velocity (Meters per Second)

1

2.5

Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards

0 101.7°C/W

90.5°C/W

89.8°C/W

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS843022 is: 1928

PACKAGE OUTLINE - G SUFFIX FOR 8 LEAD TSSOP

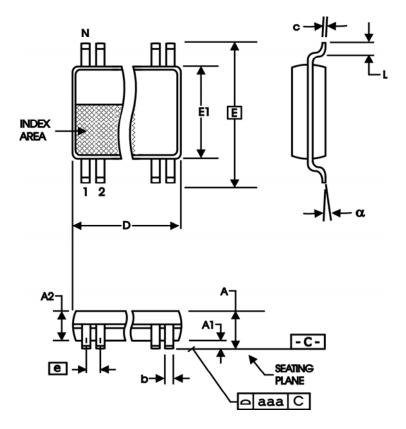


TABLE 8. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SYMBOL	Millin	neters
STWBOL	Minimum	Maximum
N	8	8
A		1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
С	0.09	0.20
D	2.90	3.10
E	6.40 E	BASIC
E1	4.30	4.50
е	0.65 E	BASIC
L	0.45	0.75
α	0°	8°
aaa		0.10

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

TABLE 9. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
ICS843022AG	3022A	8 lead TSSOP	Tube	0°C to 70°C
ICS843022AGT	3022A	8 lead TSSOP	2500 Tape & Reel	0°C to 70°C
ICS843022AGLF	022AL	8 lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	Tube	0°C to 70°C
ICS843022AGLFT	022AL	8 lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	2500 Tape & Reel	0°C to 70°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

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