

### MUR3020WT-MUR3060WT

### 30A ULTRA FAST RECTIFIERS

#### **FEATURES**

- Available as "HR" (high reliability) screened per MIL-PRF-19500, JANTX level. Add "HR" suffix to base part number.
- Available as non-RoHS (Sn/Pb plating), standard, and as RoHS by adding "-PBF" suffix.

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS.

Dating	Symbol	MUR			l lait
Rating		3020WT 3040WT 3060WT		3060WT	Unit
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$				
Working peak reverse voltage	$V_{RWM}$	200	400	600	V
DC blocking voltage	$V_R$				
Average rectified forward current (Rated V <sub>R</sub> )	I <sub>F(AV)</sub>	30.0 @ T <sub>C</sub> = 145°C		А	
Peak repetitive surge current (Rated V <sub>R</sub> , square wave, 20 kHz)	I <sub>FM</sub>	30.0 @ T <sub>C</sub> = 145°C		А	
Non-repetitive peak surge current (surge applied at rated load conditions, halfwave, single phase, 60Hz)	I <sub>FSM</sub>	200	1!	50	А
Operating and storage junction temperature range	$T_{J_{J}}T_{stg}$	-65 to +175		°C	
Maximum thermal resistance					
Junction to case	$R_{\Theta JC}$	1.5		°C/W	
Junction to ambient	$R_{\Theta JA}$	40			

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Danamatan	Symbol	MUR			
Parameter		3020WT	3040WT	3060WT	Unit
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage (1)					
$(I_F = 15A, T_C = 150^{\circ}C)$	V <sub>F</sub>	0.85	1.12	1.4	V
$(I_F = 15A, T_C = 25^{\circ}C)$		1.05	1.25	1.7	
Maximum instantaneous reverse current (1)					
(Rated dc voltage, $T_c = 150$ °C)	I <sub>R</sub>	500		1000	μΑ
(Rated dc voltage, $T_C = 25$ °C)		10		10	
Maximum reverse recovery time					
$(I_F = 1.0A, di/dt = 50A/\mu s)$	t <sub>rr</sub>	35		60	ns

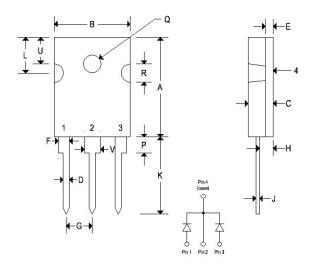


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#### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Case	TO-247	
Marking	Alpha-numeric	
Pin out:	See below	



	TO-247					
	Inches		Millimeters			
	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	0.803	0.823	20.400	20.900		
В	0.608	0.628	15.440	15.950		
С	0.185	0.205	4.700	5.210		
D	0.043	0.051	1.090	1.300		
E	0.059	0.064	1.500	1.630		
F	0.071	0.086	1.800	2.180		
G	0.215 BSC		5.450 BSC			
J	0.019	0.027	0.480	0.680		
K	0.613	0.633	15.570	16.080		
L	0.286	0.295	7.260	7.500		
Р	0.122	0.133	3.100	3.380		
Q	0.138	0.145	3.500	3.700		
R	0.130	0.150	3.300	3.800		
U	0.209 BSC		5.300 BSC			
٧	0.120	0.134	3.050	3.400		



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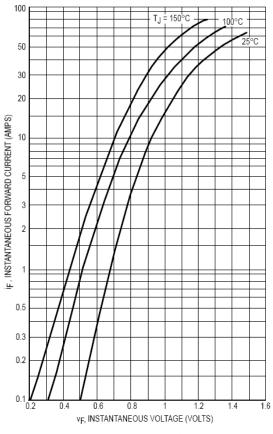
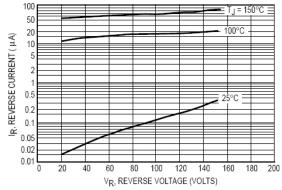


Figure 1. Typical Forward Voltage (Per Leg)



\*The curves shown are typical for the highest voltage device in the voltage grouping. Typical reverse current for lower voltage selections can be estimated from these same curves if  $\forall R$  is sufficiently below rated  $\forall R$ .

Figure 2. Typical Reverse Current (Per Leg)\*

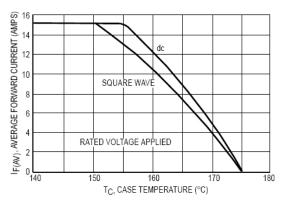


Figure 3. Current Derating, Case (Per Leg)

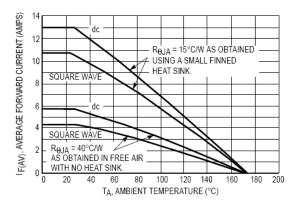


Figure 4. Current Derating, Ambient (Per Leg)

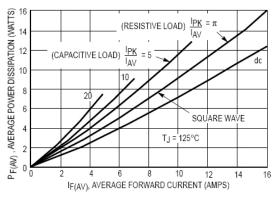


Figure 5. Power Dissipation (Per Leg)



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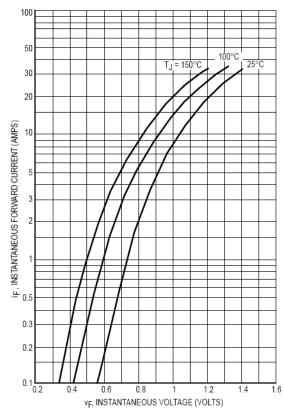
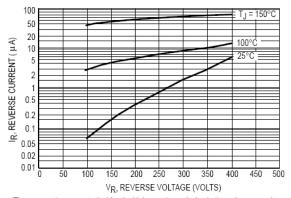


Figure 6. Typical Forward Voltage (Per Leg)



\*The curves shown are typical for the highest voltage device in the voltage grouping. Typical reverse current for lower voltage selections can be estimated from these same curves if  $\forall R$  is sufficiently below rated  $\forall R$ .

Figure 7. Typical Reverse Current (Per Leg)\*

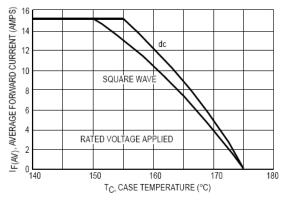


Figure 8. Current Derating, Case (Per Leg)

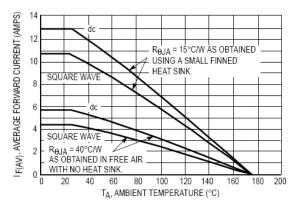


Figure 9. Current Derating, Ambient (Per Leg)

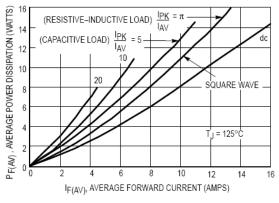


Figure 10. Power Dissipation (Per Leg)



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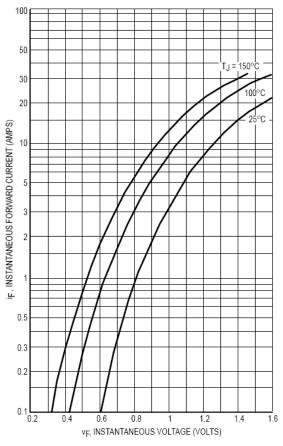
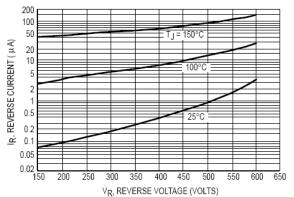


Figure 11. Typical Forward Voltage (Per Leg)



\*The curves shown are typical for the highest voltage device in the voltage grouping. Typical reverse current for lower voltage selections can be estimated from these same curves if  $\forall_R$  is sufficiently below rated  $\forall_R$ .

Figure 12. Typical Reverse Current (Per Leg)\*

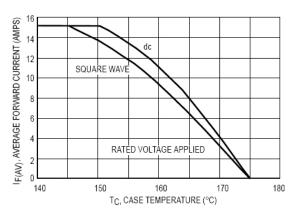


Figure 13. Current Derating, Case (Per Leg)

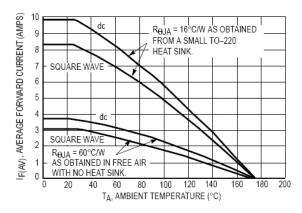


Figure 14. Current Derating, Ambient (Per Leg)

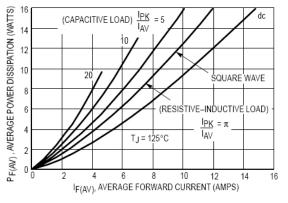


Figure 15. Power Dissipation (Per Leg)



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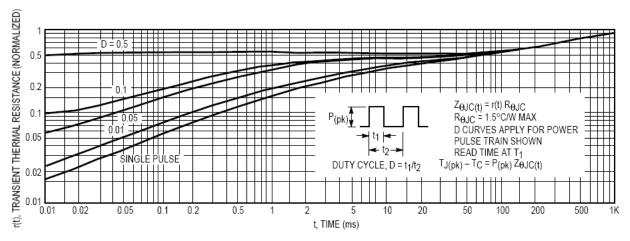


Figure 16. Thermal Response

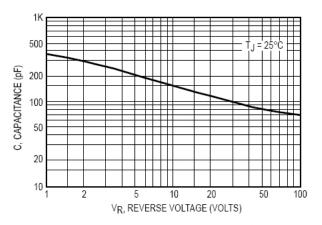


Figure 17. Typical Capacitance (Per Leg)