

TC74LCX652FW

(TENTATIVE)

LOW VOLTAGE OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVER/REGISTER WITH 5V TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

The TC74LCX652 is a high performance CMOS OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVER/REGISTER. Designed for use in 3.3 Volt systems, it achieves high speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

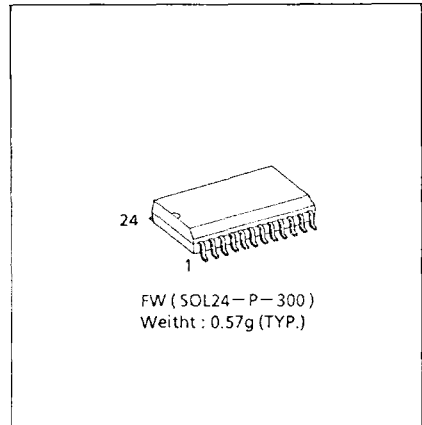
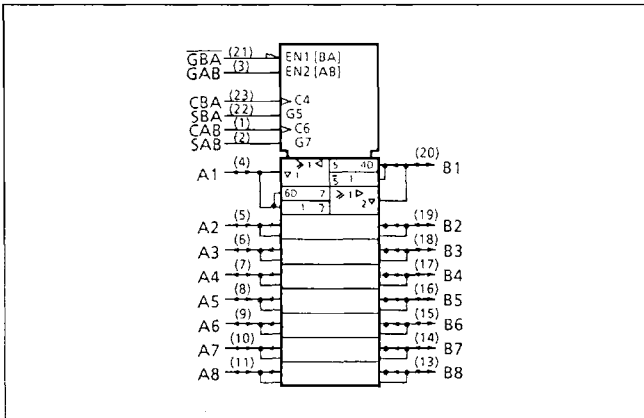
This device is designed for low-voltage (3.3V) V_{CC} applications, but it could be used to interface to 5V supply environment for both inputs and outputs.

This device is bus transceiver with 3-state outputs, D-type flip-flops, and control circuitry arranged for multiplexed transmission of data directly from the internal registers. All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.

FEATURES:

- Low Voltage Operation : $V_{CC} = 2.0 \sim 3.6V$
- High Speed Operation : $t_{pd} = \text{ns(max.)}$ at $V_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6V$
- Output Current : $|I_{OH}| / I_{OL} = 24mA(\text{min.})$ at $V_{CC} = 3.0V$
- Latch-up Performance : $\pm 300mA$
- ESD Performance : $\pm 2000V$ (Human Body Model)
: $\pm 200V$ (Machine Model)
- Available in JEDEC SOP
- Bidirectional interface between 5V and 3.3V signals.
- Power Down Protection is provided on all inputs and outputs.
- Pin and Function Compatible with the 74 series (74AC/HC/F/ALS/LS etc.) 652 type.

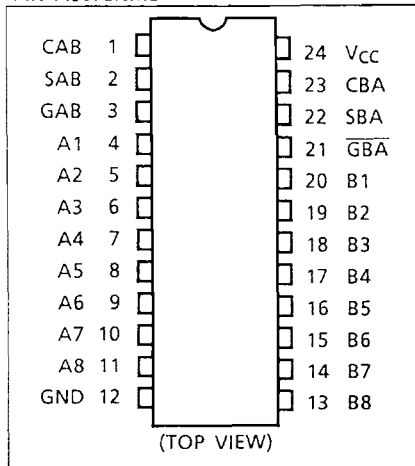
IEC LOGIC SYMBOL



APPLICATION NOTES

- 1) Do not apply a signal to any bus terminal when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.
- 2) All floating (high impedance) bus terminals must have their input levels fixed by means of pull up or pull down resistors.

PIN ASSIGNMENT

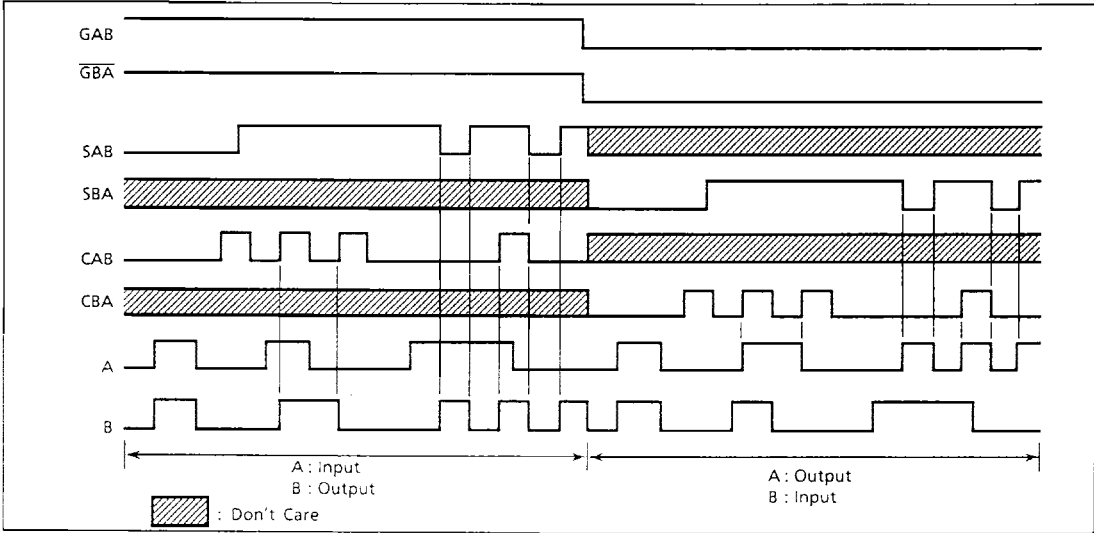


TRUTH TABLE

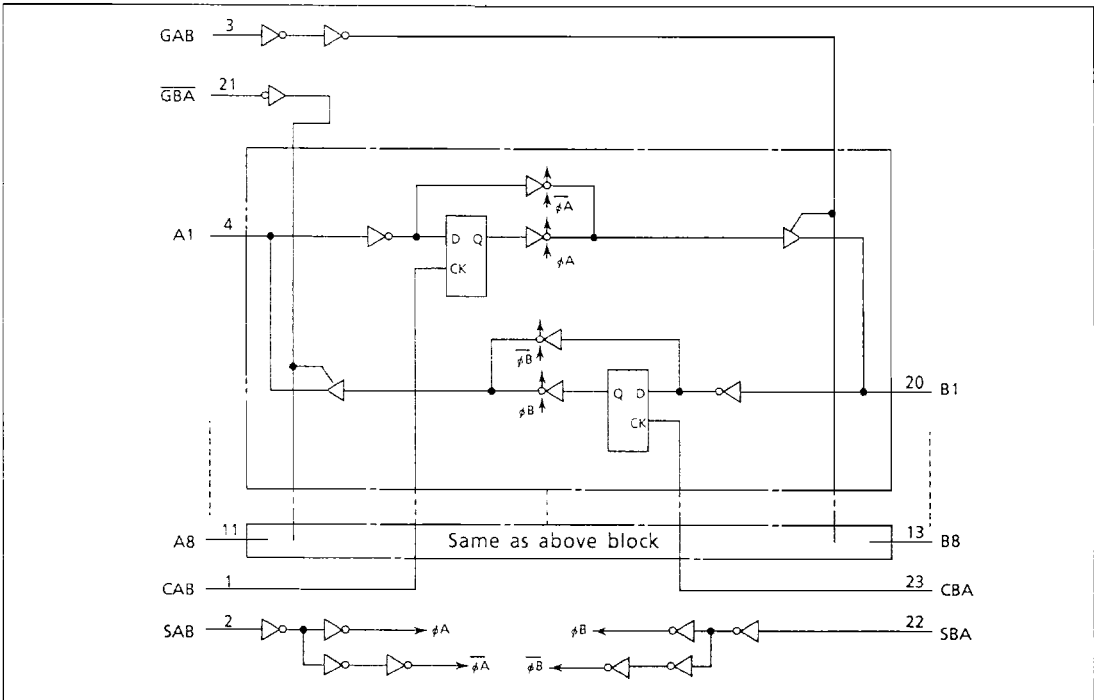
GAB	\overline{GBA}	CAB	CBA	SAB	SBA	A	B	Function
L	H	X*	X*	X	X	INPUTS Z	INPUTS Z	The output functions of A and B Busses are disabled.
		\downarrow	\downarrow	X	X	X	X	Both A and B Busses are used as inputs to the internal flip-flops. Data on the Bus will be stored on the rising edge of the Clock.
H	H	X*	X*	L	X	INPUTS L H	OUTPUTS L H	The data on the A bus are displayed on the B bus.
		\downarrow	X*	L	X	L H	L H	The data on the A bus are displayed on the B Bus, and are stored into the A storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CAB.
		X*	X*	H	X	X	Qn	The data in the A storage flip-flops are displayed on the B Bus.
		\downarrow	X*	H	X	L H	L H	The data on the A Bus are stored into the A storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CAB, and the stored data propagate directly onto the B Bus.
L	L	X*	X*	X	L	OUTPUTS L H	INPUTS L H	The data on the B Bus are displayed on the A bus.
		X*	\downarrow	X	L	L H	L H	The data on the B Bus are displayed on the A Bus, and are stored into the B storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CBA.
		X*	X*	X	H	Qn	X	The data in the B storage flip-flops are displayed on the A Bus.
		X*	\downarrow	X	H	L H	L H	The data on the B Bus are stored into the B storage flip-flops on the rising edge of CBA, and the stored data propagate directly onto the A Bus.
H	L	X*	X*	H	H	OUTPUTS Qn	OUTPUTS Qn	The data in the A storage flip-flops are displayed on the B Bus, and the data in the B storage flip-flops are displayed on the A.

- Notes:
- X: Don't Care
 - Qn: The data stored into the internal flip-flops by most recent low to high transition of the clock inputs.
 - Z: High Impedance
 - *: The clocks are not internally gated with either GAB or \overline{GBA} . Therefore, data on the A and/or B Busses may be clocked into the storage flip-flops at any time.

TIMING CHART



SYSTEM DIAGRAM



TC74LCX652FW

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage Range	V_{CC}	-0.5~7.0	V
DC Input Voltage (DIR, \bar{G})	V_{IN}	-0.5~7.0	V
DC Bus I/O Voltage	$V_{I/O}$	-0.5~7.0 (Off-State) -0.5~ $V_{CC} + 0.5$ (High or Low State)*	V
Input Diode Current	I_{IK}	-50	mA
Output Diode Current	I_{OK}	± 50 ($V_{OUT} < GND, V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$)	mA
DC Output Current	I_{OUT}	± 50	mA
DC V_{CC} /Ground Current	I_{CC} / I_{GND}	± 100	mA
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-65~150	°C

* : I_{OUT} absolute maximum rating must be observed.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	2.0~3.6 (Operating) 1.5~3.6 (Data Retention Only)	V
Input Voltage (DIR, \bar{G})	V_{IN}	0~5.5	V
Bus I/O Voltage	$V_{I/O}$	0~5.5 (Off-State) 0~ V_{CC} (High or Low State)	V
Output Current	I_{OH} / I_{OL}	± 24 ($V_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6$) ± 12 ($V_{CC} = 2.7 \sim 3.0$)	mA
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-40~85	°C
Input Rise and Fall Time	dt/dV	0~10 ($V_{IN} = 0.8 \sim 2V, V_{CC} = 3V$)	ns/V

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	V_{CC} (V)	$T_a = -40 \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$		UNIT	
				MIN.	MAX.		
High - Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}		2.7~3.6	2.0	—	V	
Low - Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}		2.7~3.6	—	0.8	V	
High - Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	$I_{OH} = -100\mu\text{A}$	2.7~3.6	$V_{CC} - 0.2$	—	V
			$I_{OH} = -12\text{mA}$	2.7	2.2	—	
			$I_{OH} = -18\text{mA}$	3.0	2.4	—	
			$I_{OH} = -24\text{mA}$	3.0	2.2	—	
Low - Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	$I_{OL} = 100\mu\text{A}$	2.7~3.6	—	0.2	V
			$I_{OL} = 12\text{mA}$	2.7	—	0.4	
			$I_{OL} = 24\text{mA}$	3.0	—	0.55	
Input Leakage Current	I_{IN}	$V_{IN} = 0 \sim 5.5V$	2.7~3.6	—	± 5.0	μA	
3 - State Output Off - State Current	I_{OZ}	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $V_{OUT} = 0 \sim 5.5V$	2.7~3.6	—	± 5.0	μA	
Power Off Leakage Current	I_{OFF}	$V_{IN} / V_{OUT} = 5.5V$ (per Pin)	0	—	100	μA	
Quiescent Supply Current	I_{CC}	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	2.7~3.6	—	10.0	μA	
		$V_{IN} / V_{OUT} = 3.6 \sim 5.5V$	2.7~3.6	—	± 10.0		
Increase in I_{CC} per Input	ΔI_{CC}	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$	2.7~3.6	—	500	μA	

TIMING REQUIRMENTS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	Ta = -40-85°C			UNIT
			V _{CC} = 2.7V		V _{CC} = 3.3 ± 0.3V	
			MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Minimum Pulse Width	t _w (L) t _w (H)	(Fig. 1, 5)		—		ns
Minimum Set-up Time	t _s	(Fig. 1, 5)		—		ns
Minimum Hold Time	t _h	(Fig. 1, 5)		—		ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	Ta = -40-85°C			UNIT
			V _{CC} = 2.7V		V _{CC} = 3.3 ± 0.3V	
			MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Propagation Delay Time (An, Bn - Bn, An)	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}	(Fig. 1, 2)		1.5		ns
Propagation Delay Time (CAB, CBA - Bn, An)	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}	(Fig. 1, 5)		1.5		ns
Propagation Delay Time (SAB, SBA - Bn, An)	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}	(Fig. 1, 2)		1.5		ns
3 - State output Enable Time (GAB, GBA - Bn, An)	t _{pZL} t _{pZH}	(Fig. 1, 3, 4)		1.5		ns
3 - State output Disable Time (GAB, GBA - Bn, An)	t _{pLZ} t _{pHZ}	(Fig. 1, 3, 4)		1.5		ns
Maximum Clock Frequency	f _{MAX}		—		—	MHz
Output to Output Skew	t _{OSLH} t _{OSHL}	(Note 1)	—	—	1.0	ns

Note (1) Parameter guaranteed by design. (t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)

DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Input t_r = t_f = 2.5ns, C_L = 50pF, R_L = 500Ω)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	V _{CC} (V)	Ta = 25°C	UNIT
				TYPICAL	
Quiet Output Maximum Dynamic V _{OL}	V _{OLP}	V _{IH} = 3.3V, V _{IL} = 0V	3.3	TBD	V
Quiet Output Minimum Dynamic V _{OL}	V _{OLV}	V _{IH} = 3.3V, V _{IL} = 0V	3.3	TBD	V

TBD : Actual performance will be noted upon completion of characterization.

CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	V _{CC} (V)	Ta = 25°C	UNIT
				TYPICAL	
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}		3.3	7	pF
Bus Input Capacitance	C _{I/O}		3.3	8	pF
Power Dissipation Capacitance	C _{PD}	f _{IN} = 10MHz (Note 1)	3.3		pF

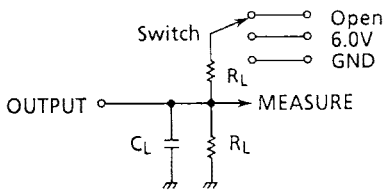
Note(1) C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation :

$$I_{CC(opr.)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC} / 8 \text{ (per bit)}$$

TEST CIRCUIT

Fig. 1



C_L = 50pF
R_L = 500Ω

Parameter	Switch
tpLH, tpHL	Open
tpLZ, tpZL	6.0V
tpHZ, tpZH	GND
tw, ts, th	Open

AC WAVEFORM

Fig. 2 (tpLH, tpHL)

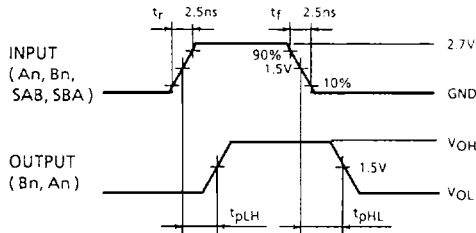


Fig. 3 (tpLZ, tpHZ, tpZL, tpZH)

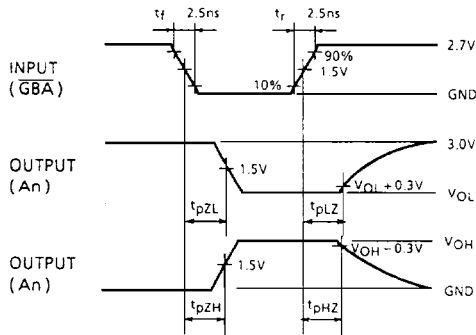


Fig. 4 (tpLZ, tpHZ, tpZL, tpZH)

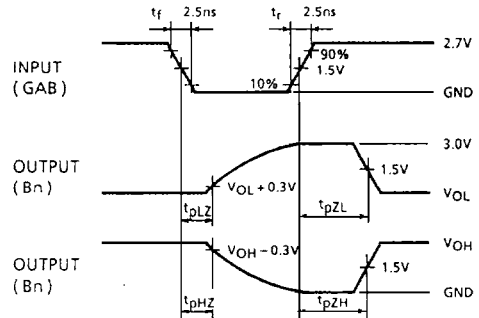


Fig. 5 (tpLH, tpHL, tw, ts, th)

