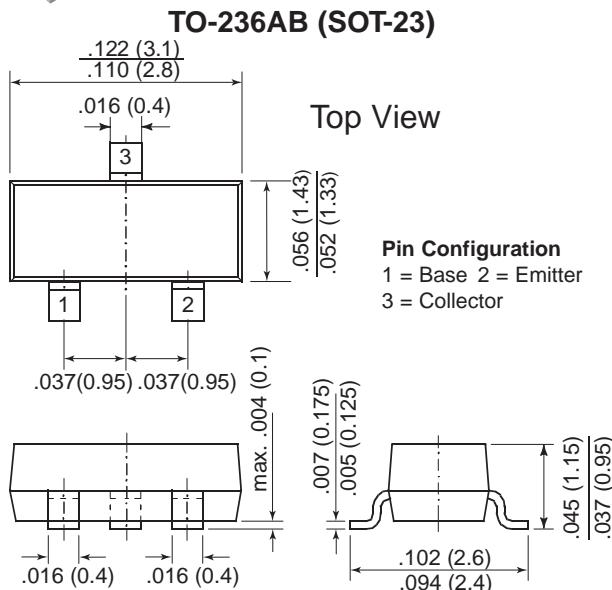
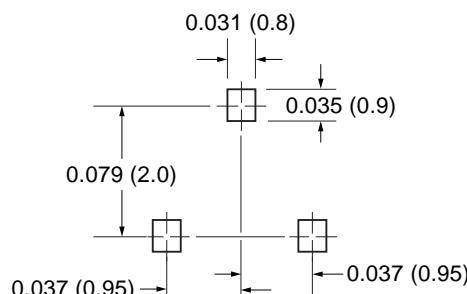


## Small Signal Transistor (NPN)



### Mounting Pad Layout



## Features

- NPN Silicon Epitaxial Planar Transistor for switching and amplifier applications.
- As complementary type, the PNP transistor MMBT4403 is recommended.
- This transistor is also available in the TO-92 case with the type designation 2N4401.

## Mechanical Data

**Case:** SOT-23 Plastic Package

**Weight:** approx. 0.008g

**Marking Code:** 2X

**Packaging Codes/Options:**

E8/10K per 13" reel (8mm tape), 30K/box  
 E9/3K per 7" reel (8mm tape), 30K/box

## Maximum Ratings & Thermal Characteristics

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	60	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	40	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	V <sub>EBO</sub>	6.0	V
Collector Current (continuous)	I <sub>c</sub>	200	mA
Power Dissipation	P <sub>tot</sub>	225 1.8	mW mW/°C
Power Dissipation	P <sub>tot</sub>	300 2.4	mW mW/°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient Air FR-5 Board Alumina Substrate	R <sub>θJA</sub>	556 417	°C/W
Junction Temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>s</sub>	-55 to +150	°C

**Notes:** (1) FR-5 = 1.0 x 0.75 x 0.062 in.

(2) Alumina = 0.4 x 0.3 x 0.024 in. 99.5% alumina.

## Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}, I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	20	—	—	—
		$V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	40	—	—	—
		$V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	80	—	—	—
		$V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$	100	—	300	—
		$V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}, I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$	40	—	—	—
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, I_E = 0$	60	—	—	V
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	40	—	—	V
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	$I_E = 0.1 \text{ mA}, I_C = 0$	6.0	—	—	V
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CEsat}$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$	— —	— —	0.40 0.75	V
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{BEsat}$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$	0.75 —	— —	0.95 1.20	V
Collector Cut-off Current	$I_{CEV}$	$V_{EB} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}$	—	—	100	nA
Base Cut-off Current	$I_{BEV}$	$V_{EB} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}$	—	—	100	nA
Input Impedance	$h_{ie}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1	—	15	k $\Omega$
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{re}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	$0.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$	—	$8 \cdot 10^{-4}$	—
Output Admittance	$h_{oe}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1.0	—	30	$\mu\text{S}$
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	40	—	500	—
Current Gain-Bandwidth Product	$f_T$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	250	—	—	MHz
Collector-Base Capacitance	$C_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, I_E = 0$	—	—	6.5	pF
Emitter-Base Capacitance	$C_{EBO}$	$V_{CB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, I_C = 0$	—	—	30	pF
Delay Time (see Fig. 1)	$t_d$	$I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V } V_{BE} = 40 \text{ V}$	—	—	15	ns
Rise Time (see Fig. 1)	$t_r$	$I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V } V_{BE} = 40 \text{ V}$	—	—	20	ns
Storage Time (see Fig. 2)	$t_s$	$I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$	—	—	225	ns
Fall Time (see Fig. 2)	$t_f$	$I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1 \text{ mA}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$	—	—	30	ns

Note: (1) Pulse test: pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$ , cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$

## Switching Time Equivalent Test Circuit

Figure 1 - Turn-On Time

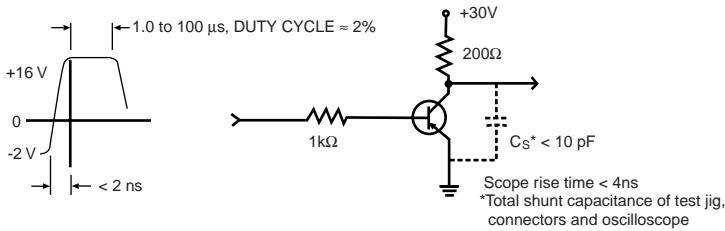


Figure 2 - Turn-Off Time

