## 74VCXH245

## Product Preview <br> Low-Voltage 1.8/2.5/3.3V 8-Bit Transceiver (3-State, Non-Inverting with Bushold)

The 74 VCXH 245 is an advanced performance, non-inverting 8 -bit transceiver. It is designed for very high-speed, very low-power operation in $1.8 \mathrm{~V}, 2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or 3.3 V systems.

The VCXH245 is designed as a byte control. The Transmit/Receive ( $\mathrm{T} / \overline{\mathrm{R}} \mathrm{n}$ ) inputs determine the direction of data flow through the bi-directional transceiver. Transmit (active-HIGH) enables data from A ports to B ports; Receive (active-LOW) enables data from B to A ports. The Output Enable input $(\overline{\mathrm{OE}})$, when HIGH, disables both A and $B$ ports by placing them in a HIGH Z condition. The data inputs include active bushold circuitry, eliminating the need for external pull-up resistors to hold unused or floating inputs at a valid logic state.

- Designed for Low Voltage Operation: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65-3.6 \mathrm{~V}$
- High Speed Operation: 3.5 ns max for 3.0 to 3.6 V
4.2 ns max for 2.3 to 2.7 V
8.4 ns max for 1.65 to 1.95 V
- Static Drive: $\pm 24 \mathrm{~mA}$ Drive at 3.0 V
$\pm 18 \mathrm{~mA}$ Drive at 2.3 V $\pm 6 \mathrm{~mA}$ Drive at 1.65 V
- Includes Active Bushold to Hold Unused or Floating Data Inputs at a Valid Logic State
- Near Zero Static Supply Current in All Three Logic States (20 $\mu \mathrm{A}$ ) Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- Latchup Performance Exceeds $\pm 250 \mathrm{~mA} @ 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- ESD Performance: Human Body Model >2000 V; Machine Model >200 V

| A | $=$ Assembly Location |
| :--- | :--- |
| L, WL | $=$ Wafer Lot |
| Y, YY | $=$ Year |
| W, WW | $=$ Work Week |



This document contains information on a product under development. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to change or discontinue this product without notice.


Figure 1. Pinout (Top View)

PIN NAMES

| PINS | FUNCTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\overline{\text { OE }}$ | Output Enable Input |
| T/R | Transmit/Receive Input |
| AO-A7 | Side A Bushold Inputs or 3-State Outputs |
| B0-B7 | Side B Bushold Inputs or 3-State Outputs |

TRUTH TABLE

| INPUTS |  | OPERATING MODE <br> Non-Inverting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\mathbf{O E}}$ | $\mathbf{T} / \overline{\mathbf{R}}$ |  |
| L | L | A Data to B Bus |
| L | H | Z State |
| $H$ | X |  |

[^0]

Figure 2. Logic Diagram

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Condition | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | DC Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +4.6 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | DC Input Voltage | $-0.5 \leq \mathrm{V}_{1} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5$ |  | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Voltage | $-0.5 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5$ | Note 1 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | DC Input Diode Current | -50 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}<\mathrm{GND}$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OK}}$ | DC Output Diode Current | -50 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}<\mathrm{GND}$ | mA |
|  |  | +50 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Source/Sink Current | $\pm 50$ |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | DC Supply Current Per Supply Pin | $\pm 100$ | mA |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{GND}}$ | DC Ground Current Per Ground Pin | $\pm 100$ | mA |  |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {STG }}$ | Storage Temperature Range | -65 to +150 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

* Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute-maximum-rated conditions is not implied.

1. $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ absolute maximum rating must be observed.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | Supply Voltage $\begin{array}{r}\text { Operating } \\ \text { Data Retention Only }\end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.65 \\ 1.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 3.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 3.6 \end{aligned}$ | V |
| $V_{1}$ | Input Voltage | -0.3 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Output Voltage | 0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | HIGH Level Output Current, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}-3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | -24 | mA |
| $\mathrm{IOL}^{\text {a }}$ | LOW Level Output Current, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}-3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 24 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | HIGH Level Output Current, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}-2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | -18 | mA |
| loL | LOW Level Output Current, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}-2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 18 | mA |
| IOH | HIGH Level Output Current, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}-1.95 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | -6 | mA |
| l OL | LOW Level Output Current, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}-1.95 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 6 | mA |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating Free-Air Temperature | -40 |  | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{t} / \Delta \mathrm{V}$ | Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ from 0.8 V to $2.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 |  | 10 | ns/V |

${ }^{* *}$ Floating or unused control inputs must be held HIGH or LOW.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Characteristic | Condition | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 2) | $1.65 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}<1.95 \mathrm{~V}$ | $0.65 \times \mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ |  | V |
|  |  | $2.3 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.6 |  |  |
|  |  | $2.7 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.0 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 2) | $1.65 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}<1.95 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | $0.35 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
|  |  | $2.3 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.7 |  |
|  |  | $2.7 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.8 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | HIGH Level Output Voltage | $1.65 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 3.6 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}-0.2$ |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-6 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 1.25 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-6 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.0 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-12 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 1.8 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-18 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 1.7 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-12 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.2 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{IOH}=-18 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.4 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-24 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.2 |  |  |
| V OL | LOW Level Output Voltage | $1.65 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 3.6 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{IOL}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 0.2 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}=6 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.3 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{IOL}=12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.4 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{IOL}=18 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.6 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{IOL}=12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.4 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{IOL}=18 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.4 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$; $\mathrm{IOL}=24 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.55 |  |
| 1 | Input Leakage Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ or GND; $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | $\pm 5.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{(\text {(HOLD })}$ | Minimum Bushold Input Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ | 75 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | -75 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | 45 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | -45 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0.57 \mathrm{~V}$ | 25 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1.07 \mathrm{~V}$ | -25 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{(\text {(OD) }}$ | Minimum Bushold Over-Drive Current Needed to Change State | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$, (Note 3) | 450 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$, (Note 4) | -450 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$, (Note 3) | 300 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$, (Note 4) | -300 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.95 \mathrm{~V}$, (Note 3) | 200 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=1.95 \mathrm{~V}$, (Note 4) | -200 |  |  |
| l Oz | 3-State Output Current | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } \mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\pm 10$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Quiescent Supply Current (Note 5) | $1.65 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 3.6 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Increase in ICC Per Input | $2.7 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 3.6 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 750 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

2. These values of $V_{1}$ are used to test DC electrical characteristics only.
3. An external driver must source at least the specified current to switch from LOW-to-HIGH.
4. An external driver must sink at least the specified current to switch from HIGH-to-LOW.
5. Outputs disabled or 3-state only.

AC CHARACTERISTICS (Note 6; $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{F}}=2.0 \mathrm{~ns} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=500 \Omega$ )

| Symbol | Parameter | Waveform | Limits |  |  |  |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to1.95 V |  |  |
|  |  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{t} L \mathrm{H}} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHL}} \end{aligned}$ | Propagation Delay Input to Output | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 3.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.2 \\ & 4.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.4 \\ & 8.4 \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \text { tpzH } \\ t_{\text {PZL }} \end{array}$ | Output Enable Time to High and Low Level | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 4.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.6 \\ & 5.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.8 \\ & 9.8 \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \text { tphz } \\ \text { tpLZ } \end{array}$ | Output Disable Time From High and Low Level | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.6 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 3.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.2 \\ & 7.2 \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| toshl tosth | Output-to-Output Skew (Note 7) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.75 \\ & 0.75 \end{aligned}$ | ns |

6. For $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.
7. Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (tosHL) or LOW-to-HIGH (tosLh); parameter guaranteed by design.

DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Characteristic | Condition | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Typ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OLP }}$ | Dynamic LOW Peak Voltage (Note 8) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.3 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.7 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.0 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OLV }}$ | Dynamic LOW Valley Voltage (Note 8) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | -0.3 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | -0.7 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | -1.0 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OHV }}$ | Dynamic HIGH Valley Voltage (Note 9) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.3 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.7 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.0 |  |

8. Number of outputs defined as " n ". Measured with " $\mathrm{n}-1$ " outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.
9. Number of outputs defined as " $n$ ". Measured with " $n$-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the HIGH state.

CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Typical | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance | Note 10 | 6 | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Capacitance | Note 10 | 7 | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance | Note $10,10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 20 | pF |

10. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.8,2.5$ or $3.3 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.


WAVEFORM 1 - PROPAGATION DELAYS
$t_{R}=t_{F}=2.0 \mathrm{~ns}, 10 \%$ to $90 \% ; f=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{W}}=500 \mathrm{~ns}$


WAVEFORM 2 - OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES
$t_{R}=t_{F}=2.0 \mathrm{~ns}, 10 \%$ to $90 \% ; f=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; t_{W}=500 \mathrm{~ns}$
Figure 3. AC Waveforms


Figure 4. Test Circuit

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SO-20
DW SUFFIX
CASE 751D-05
ISSUE F

notes:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
2. INTERPRET DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
3. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 PER SIDE.
5. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR DIMENTUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL
BE 0.13 TOTALIN EXCESS OF B DIMENSION AT BE 0.13 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF B DII
MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

| DIM | MILLIMETERS |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
|  | MIN | MAX |
| A | 2.35 | 2.65 |
| A1 | 0.10 | 0.25 |
| B | 0.35 | 0.49 |
| C | 0.23 | 0.32 |
| D | 12.65 | 12.95 |
| E | 7.40 | 7.60 |
| e | 1.27 | BSC |
| H | 10.05 | 10.55 |
| $\mathbf{h}$ | 0.25 | 0.75 |
| L | 0.50 | 0.90 |
| $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ | $0^{\circ}$ | $7^{\circ}$ |

> TSSOP-20
> DT SUFFIX
> CASE 948E-02
> ISSUE A


## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

## DQFN

 SUFFIX TBDCASE TBD
ISSUE O


NOTES:


CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
2. DIMENSIONS A, D, AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.


|  | MILLIMETERS |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| DIM | MIN |  |
| A | 1.00 MSC |  |
| A1 | 0.00 | 0.05 |
| b | 0.18 | 0.30 |
| C | 0.20 |  |
| DSC | 4.4 | 4.6 |
| D1 | 2.85 | 3.15 |
| E | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| E1 | 0.85 | 1.15 |
| e | 0.5 |  |
| BSC | 3.5 | BSC |
| L | 0.3 | 0.5 |


#### Abstract

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[^0]:    H = High Voltage Level
    L = Low Voltage Level
    Z = High Impedance State
    X = High or Low Voltage Level and Transitions are Acceptable

