

Micro Commercial Components 20736 Marilla Street Chatsworth CA 91311 Phone: (818) 701-4933 Fax: (818) 701-4939

Features

- Zener Voltage From 5.1V to 51V
- Case Material: Molded Plastic. UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-0
- For Available Tolerances—See Note 1
- Marking : Cathode band and type number

Maximum Ratings:

- Operating Temperature: -55°C to +150°C
- Storage Temperature: -55°C to +150°C
- 5 Watt DC Power Dissipation
- Maximum Forward Voltage @ 1A: 1.2 Volts
- Power Derating: 40 mW/℃ Above 75℃
- Maximum thermal resistence: 25C/W from junction to ambient

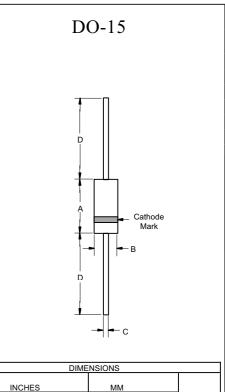
Mechanical Characteristics

Case: JEDEC DO-15. Terminals: Solder plated , solderable per MIL-STD-750, Method 2026.

Standard Packaging: 52mm tape

1N5338B THRU 1N5369B

5 Watt Zener Diode 5.1 to 51 Volts



| DIVIENCIÓNO | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------|------|-------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | INCHES | | ММ | | | | | | | |
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | NOTE | | | | | |
| Α | .230 | .300 | 5.80 | 7.60 | | | | | | |
| В | .104 | .140 | 2.60 | 3.60 | | | | | | |
| С | .026 | .034 | .70 | .90 | | | | | | |
| D | 1.000 | | 25.40 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |



1N5338B THRU 1N5369B

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A=25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted, $V_F=1.2$ Max @ $I_F=1A$ for all types).

| MCC PART NUMBER | REGULATOR VOLTAGE Vz (Note2) | TEST CURRENT I _{ZT} | MAXIMUM DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE Z _{zk} (@Izt) (Note2) | MAXIMUM REVERSE CURRENT I _R | TEST VOLTAGE V _R | MAXIMUM REGULATOR CURRENT I _{ZM} (Note5) | MAXIMUM DYNAMIC KNEE IMPEDANCE ZZK@ 1.0mA (Note2) | MAXIMUM SURGE CURRENT I _r (Note3) | MAXIMUM VOLTAGE REGULATION (Note4) |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| | VOLTS | mA | OHMS | μA | VOLTS | mA | ohms | A | VOLTS |
| 1N5338B | 5.1 | 240 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 930 | 400 | 14.4 | 0.39 |
| 1N5339B | 5.6 | 220 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 865 | 400 | 13.4 | 0.25 |
| 1N5340B | 6.0 | 200 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 790 | 300 | 12.7 | 0.19 |
| 1N5341B | 6.2 | 200 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 765 | 200 | 12.4 | 0.10 |
| 1N5342B | 6.8 | 175 | 1.0 | 10 | 5.2 | 700 | 200 | 11.5 | 0.15 |
| 1N5343B | 7.5 | 175 | 1.5 | 10 | 5.7 | 630 | 200 | 10.7 | 0.15 |
| 1N5344B | 8.2 | 150 | 1.5 | 10 | 6.2 | 580 | 200 | 10 | 0.20 |
| 1N5345B | 8.7 | 150 | 2.0 | 10 | 6.6 | 545 | 200 | 9.5 | 0.20 |
| 1N5346B | 9.1 | 150 | 2.0 | 7.5 | 6.9 | 520 | 150 | 9.2 | 0.22 |
| 1N5347B | 10 | 125 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 7.6 | 475 | 125 | 8.6 | 0.22 |
| 1N5348B | 11 | 125 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 8.4 | 430 | 125 | 8.0 | 0.25 |
| 1N5349B | 12 | 100 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 9.1 | 395 | 125 | 7.5 | 0.25 |
| 1N5350B | 13 | 100 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 9.9 | 365 | 100 | 7.0 | 0.25 |
| 1N5351B | 14 | 100 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 10.6 | 340 | 75 | 6.7 | 0.25 |
| 1N5352B | 15 | 75 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 11.5 | 315 | 75 | 6.3 | 0.25 |
| 1N5353B | 16 | 75 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 12.2 | 295 | 75 | 6.0 | 0.30 |
| 1N5354B | 17 | 70 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 12.9 | 280 | 75 | 5.8 | 0.35 |
| 1N5355B | 18 | 65 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 13.7 | 264 | 75 | 5.5 | 0.40 |
| 1N5356B | 19 | 65 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 14.4 | 250 | 75 | 5.3 | .040 |
| 1N5357B | 20 | 65 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 15.2 | 237 | 75 | 5.1 | .040 |
| 1N5358B | 22 | 50 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 16.7 | 216 | 75 | 4.7 | 0.45 |
| 1N5359B | 24 | 50 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 18.2 | 198 | 100 | 4.4 | 0.55 |
| 1N5360B | 25 | 50 | 4.0 | 0.5 | 19 | 190 | 110 | 4.3 | 0.55 |
| 1N5361B | 27 | 50 | 5.0 | 0.5 | 20.6 | 176 | 120 | 4.1 | 0.60 |
| 1N5362B | 28 | 50 | 6.0 | 0.5 | 21.2 | 170 | 130 | 3.9 | 0.60 |
| 1N5363B | 30 | 40 | 8.0 | 0.5 | 22.8 | 158 | 140 | 3.7 | 0.60 |
| 1N5364B | 33 | 40 | 10 | 0.5 | 25.1 | 144 | 150 | 3.5 | 0.60 |
| 1N5365B | 36 | 30 | 11 | 0.5 | 27.4 | 132 | 160 | 3.3 | 0.65 |
| 1N5366B | 39 | 30 | 14 | 0.5 | 29.7 | 122 | 170 | 3.1 | 0.65 |
| 1N5367B | 43 | 30 | 20 | 0.5 | 32.7 | 110 | 190 | 2.8 | 0.70 |
| 1N5368B | 47 | 25 | 25 | 0.5 | 35.8 | 100 | 210 | 2.7 | 0.80 |
| 1N5369B | 51 | 25 | 27 | 0.5 | 38.8 | 93 | 230 | 2.5 | 0.90 |

NOTE:

- 1. TOLERANCE AND VOLTAGE DESIGNATION The JEDEC type numbers shown indicate a tolerance of+/-10% with guaranteed limits on only Vz, I_R, I_r, and V_F as shown in the electrical characteristics table. Units with guaranteed limits on all seven parameters are indicated by suffix "B" for+/-5% tolerance.
- ZENER VOLTAGE (Vz) AND IMPEDANCE (Z_{ZT} & Z_{ZK}) Test conditions for Zener voltage and impedance are as follows; Iz is applied 40+/-10 ms prior to reading. Mounting contacts are located from the inside edge of mounting clips to the body of the diode(Ta=25°C)



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- 3. SURGE CURRENT (Ir) Surge current is specified as the maximum allowable peak, non-recurrent square-wave current with a pulse width, PW, of 8.3 ms. The data given in Figure 5 may be used to find the maximum surge current for a quare wave of any pulse width between 1 ms and 1000ms by plotting the applicable points on logarithmic paper. Examples of this, using the 6.8v , is shown in Figure 6. Mounting contact located as specified in Note 3. (T_A=25 °C).
- 4. VOLTAGE REGULATION (Vz) Test conditions for voltage regulation are as follows: Vz measurements are made at 10% and then at 50% of the Iz max value listed in the electrical characteristics table. The test currents are the same for the 5% and 10% tolerance devices. The test current time druation for each Vz measurement is 40+/- 10 ms. (T_A=25C). Mounting contact located as specified in Note2.
- 5. MAXIMUM REGULATOR CURRENT (I_{ZM}) The maximum current shown is based on the maximum voltage of a 5% type unit. Therefore, it applies only to the B-suffix device. The actual I_{ZM} for any device may not exceed the value of 5 watts divided by the actual Vz of the device. $T_L=75$ Cat maximum from the device body.

APPLICATION NOTE:

Since the actual voltage available from a given Zener diode is temperature dependent, it is necessary to determine junction temperature under any set of operating conditions in order to calculate its value. The following procedure is recommended:

Lead Temperature, T_L, should be determined from:

$$\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{L}} = \theta_{\mathsf{L}\mathsf{A}} \, \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}} + \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}$$

 θ_{LA} is the lead-to-ambient thermal resistance and P_D is the power dissipation.

Junction Temperature, T_J, may be found from:

$$T_{J} = T_{L} + \Delta T_{JL}$$

 ΔT_{JL} is the increase in junction temperature above the lead temperature and may be found from Figure 4 for a train of power pulses or from Figure 1 for dc power.

$$\Delta T_{JL} = \theta_{JL} P_D$$

For worst-case design, using expected limits of I_Z , limits of P_D and the extremes of T_J (ΔT_J) may be estimated. Changes in voltage, V_Z , can then be found from:

$$\Delta \mathsf{V} = \theta_{\mathsf{VZ}} \, \Delta \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}}$$

 θ_{VZ} , the Zener voltage temperature coefficient, is found from Figures 2 and 3.

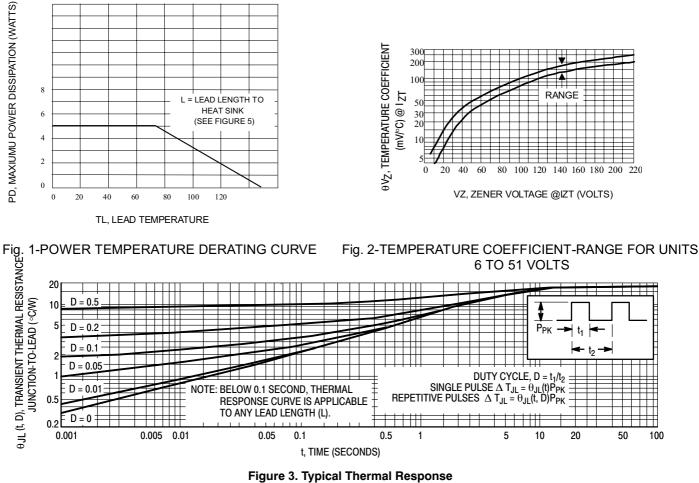
Under high power-pulse operation, the Zener voltage will vary with time and may also be affected significantly by the zener resistance. For best regulation, keep current excursions as low as possible.

Data of Figure 4 should not be used to compute surge capability. Surge limitations are given in Figure 5. They are lower than would be expected by considering only junction temperature, as current crowding effects cause temperatures to be extremely high in small spots resulting in device degradation should the limits of Figure 5 be exceeded.

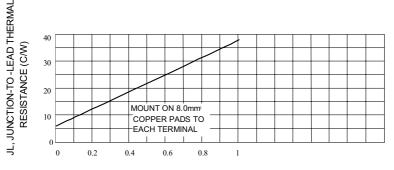


RATING AND CHARACTERISTICS CURVES 1N5338B THRU 1N5369B

TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS



L, Lead Length = 3/8 Inch



L, LEAD LENGTH TO HEAT SINK (INCH)



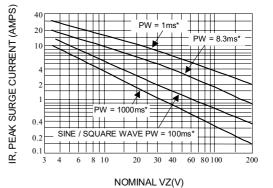


Fig. 5-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT VERSUS NOMINAL ZENER VOLTAGE (SEE NOTE 3)

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RATING AND CHARACTERISTICS CURVES 1N5338B THRU 1N5369B

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ZENER VOLTAGE VERSUS ZENER CURRENT (FIGURES 7,8)

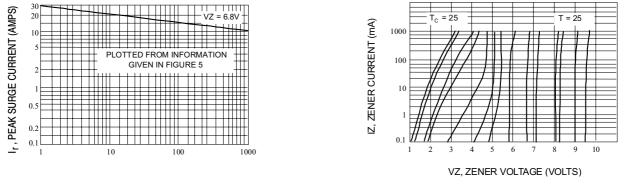
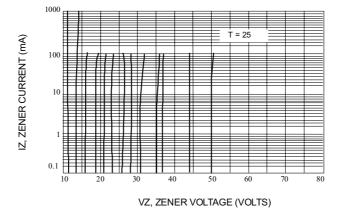


Fig. 6-PEAK SURGE CURRENT VERSUS PULSE WIDTH(SEE NOTE 3)

Fig. 7-ZENER VOLTAGE VERSUS ZENER CURRENT VZ = 6.8 THRU 10 VOLTS





*** Data of Figure 3 should not be used to compute surge capability. Surge limitations are given in Figure 5. They are lower than would be expected by considering only junction temperature, as current crowding effects cause temperatures to be extremely high in small spots resulting in device degradation should the limits of Figure. 5 be exceeded



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