

High Speed 12-Bit Monolithic D/A Converters

AD565A*/AD566A*

FEATURES

Single Chip Construction
Very High-Speed Settling to 1/2 LSB

AD565A: 250 ns max AD566A: 350 ns max

Full-Scale Switching Time: 30 ns

Guaranteed for Operation with ±12 V Supplies:

AD565A with -12 V Supply: AD566A Linearity Guaranteed Over Temperature:

1/2 LSB max (K, T Grades)

Monotonicity Guaranteed Over Temperature

Low Power: AD566A = 180 mW max;

AD565A = 225 mW max

Use with On-Board High-Stability Reference (AD565A)

or with External Reference (AD566A)

Low Cost

MIL-STD-883-Compliant Versions Available

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The AD565A and AD566A are fast 12-bit digital-to-analog converters which incorporate the latest advances in analog circuit design to achieve high speeds at low cost.

The AD565A and AD566A use 12 precision, high-speed bipolar current-steering switches, control amplifier and a laser-trimmed thin-film resistor network to produce a very fast, high accuracy analog output current. The AD565A also includes a buried Zener reference that features low-noise, long-term stability and temperature drift characteristics comparable to the best discrete reference diodes.

The combination of performance and flexibility in the AD565A and AD566A has resulted from major innovations in circuit design, an important new high-speed bipolar process, and continuing advances in laser-wafer-trimming techniques (LWT). The AD565A and AD566A have a 10–90% full-scale transition time less than 35 ns and settle to within $\pm 1/2$ LSB in 250 ns max (350 ns for AD566A). Both are laser-trimmed at the wafer level to $\pm 1/8$ LSB typical linearity and are specified to $\pm 1/4$ LSB max error (K and T grades) at +25°C. High speed and accuracy make the AD565A and AD566A the ideal choice for high-speed display drivers as well as fast analog-to-digital converters.

The laser trimming process which provides the excellent linearity is also used to trim both the absolute value and the temperature coefficient of the reference of the AD565A resulting in a typical full-scale gain TC of 10 ppm/°C. When tighter TC performance is required or when a system reference is available, the AD566A may be used with an external reference.

*Covered by Patent Nos.: 3,803,590; RE 28,633; 4,213,806; 4,136,349; 4,020,486; 3,747,088.

REV. C

Information furnished by Analog Devices is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Analog Devices for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Analog Devices.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM REF OUT BIPOLAR OFF (3) 20V SPAN AD565A 10V SPAN REF DAC OUT DAC REF 4 x I REF x CODE CODE INPUT (13 198 BIPOLAR OFF 20V SPAN AD566A 10V SPAN DAC DAC OUT 4 x I_{REF} x CODE CODE INPUT

AD565A and AD566A are available in four performance grades. The J and K are specified for use over the 0°C to +70°C temperature range while the S and T grades are specified for the -55°C to +125°C range. The D grades are all packaged in a 24-pin, hermetically sealed, ceramic, dual-in-line package. The IR grade is packaged in a 28-pin plastic SOIC.

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

- 1. The wide output compliance range of the AD565A and AD566A are ideally suited for fast, low noise, accurate voltage output configurations without an output amplifier.
- 2. The devices incorporate a newly developed, fully differential, nonsaturating precision current switching cell structure which combines the dc accuracy and stability first developed in the AD562/3 with very fast switching times and an optimally-damped settling characteristic.
- 3. The devices also contain SiCr thin film application resistors which can be used with an external op amp to provide a precision voltage output or as input resistors for a successive approximation A/D converter. The resistors are matched to the internal ladder network to guarantee a low gain temperature coefficient and are laser-trimmed for minimum full-scale and bipolar offset errors.

One Technology Way, P.O. Box 9106, Norwood, MA 02062-9106, U.S.A. Tel: 617/329-4700 Fax: 617/326-8703

AD565A—SPECIFICATIONS ($T_A = +25$ °C, $V_{CC} = +15$ V, $V_{EE} = +15$ V, unless otherwise noted.)

Model	Min	AD565AJ Typ	Max	Min	AD565AK Typ	Max	Units
DATA INPUTS ¹ (Pins 13 to 24)				,			
TTL or 5 Volt CMOS							
Input Voltage Bit ON Logic "1"	+2,0		+5.5	+2.0		+5.5	v
Bit OFF Logic "0"	12.0		+0.8			+0.8	v
Logic Current (Each Bit)	İ						
Bit ON Logic "1"	İ	+120	+300		+120	+300	μA
Bit OFF Logic "0"	 	+35	+100		+35	+100	<u>μΑ</u>
RESOLUTION	ļ		12			12	Bits
OUTPUT Current							
Unipolar (All Bits On)	-1.6	-2.0	-2.4	-1.6	-2.0	-2.4	mA.
Bipolar (All Bits On or Off)	±0.8	±1.0	±1.2	±0.8	±1.0	±1.2	mA
Resistance (Exclusive of Span	i						
Resistors)	6k	8k	10k	6k	8k	10k	Ω
Offset Unipolar		0.01	0.05		0.01	0.05	% of F.S. Range
Bipolar (Figure 3, $R_2 = 50 \Omega$ Fixed)		0.05	0.15		0.05	0.1	% of F.S. Range
Capacitance		25			25		pF
Compliance Voltage				١.,			1,,
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	-1.5		+10	-1.5		+10	V
ACCURACY (Error Relative to Full Scale) +25°C		±1/4	±1/2		±1/8	±1/4	LSB
I un Geale, 123 C		(0.006)	(0.012)	}	(0.003)	(0.006)	% of F.S. Range
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}		±1/2	±3/4		±1/4	±1/2	LSB
		(0.012)	(0.018)		(0.006)	(0.012)	% of F.S. Range
DIFFERENTIAL NONLINEARITY							
+25°C	MONOT	±1/2	±3/4	MONOT	±1/4	±1/2	LSB
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	MONUI	ONICITY GUA	KANIEED	MONU	CONICITY GUA	KANTEED	_
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS With Internal Reference							
Unipolar Zero		1	2		1	2	ppm/°C
Bipolar Zero		5	10		5	10	ppm/°C
Gain (Full Scale)		15	50		10	20	ppm/°C
Differential Nonlinearity	ļ	2			2		ppm/°C
SETTLING TIME TO 1/2 LSB		050	400	}	050	400	
All Bits ON-to-OFF or OFF-to-ON	}	250	400	ļ	250	400	ns
FULL-SCALE TRANSITION 10% to 90% Delay plus Rise Time	}	15	30		15	30	<u>-</u>
90% to 10% Delay plus Fall Time		30	50		30	50	ns ns
TEMPERATURE RANGE	1						
Operating	0		+70	0		+70	°C
Storage	-65		+150	-65		+150	•€
POWER REQUIREMENTS							
V _{CC} , +11.4 to +16.5 V de		3	5 -18		3	5 -18	mA
V _{EE} , -11.4 to -16.5 V dc	<u> </u>	-12	-18	<u> </u>	-12	-18	mA
POWER SUPPLY GAIN SENSITIVITY ² V _{CC} = +11.4 to +16.5 V dc		3	10		3	10	ppm of F.S./%
$V_{EE} = -11.4 \text{ to } -16.5 \text{ V dc}$	ľ	15	25		15	25	ppm of F.S./%
PROGRAMMABLE OUTPUT RANGES	1						7,7
(see Figures 2, 3, 4)		0 to +5			0 to +5		l v
		-2.5 to +2.5			-2.5 to +2	.5	v
		0 to +10			0 to +10		V
		-5 to +5 -10 to +10			-5 to +5 -10 to +10	1	V
EXTERNAL ADJUSTMENTS		-10 10 110			-1010 110		¥
Gain Error with Fixed 50 Ω							
Resistor for R2 (Figure 2)		±0.1	±0.25		±0.1	±0.25	% of F.S. Range
Bipolar Zero Error with Fixed							
50 Ω Resistor for R1 (Figure 3)	1005	±0.05	±0.15	10.05	±0.05	±0.1	% of F.S. Range
Gain Adjustment Range (Figure 2) Bipolar Zero Adjustment Range	±0.25 ±0.15			±0.25 ±0.15			% of F.S. Range % of F.S. Range
REFERENCE INPUT	70.17			10.17			70 OI F.S. Kange
Input Impedance	15 k	20k	25k	15k	20k	25k	Ω
REFERENCE OUTPUT	1-75	-VR		1.75	201	224	
Voltage	9.90	10.00	10.10	9.90	10.00	10.10	l v
Current (Available for External Loads) ³	1.5	2.5		1.5	2.5		mA
POWER DISSIPATION		225	345		225	345	mW
NOTES	1			1			1

NOTES

The digital inputs are guaranteed but not tested over the operating temperature range.

The power supply gain sensitivity is tested in reference to a V_{CC}, V_{BE} of ±15 V dc.

To operation at elevated temperatures the reference cannot supply current for external loads. It, therefore, should be buffered if additional loads are to be supplied. Specifications subject to change without notice.

AD565A/AD566A

Model	Min	AD565AS Typ	Max	Min	AD565AT Typ	Max	Units
DATA INPUTS ¹ (Pins 13 to 24)							
TTL or 5 Volt CMOS							
Input Voltage Bit ON Logic "1"	+2.0		+5.5	+2.0		+5.5	v
Bit OFF Logic "0"	72.0		+0.8	T2.0		+0.8	v V
Logic Current (Each Bit)			. 0.10			.0.0	•
Bit ON Logic "1"	-	+120	+300		+120	+300	μА
Bit OFF Logic "0"		+35	+100		+35	+100	μA
RESOLUTION			12			12	Bits
ОИТРИТ		-					
Current							
Unipolar (All Bits On)	-1.6	-2.0	-2.4	-1.6	-2.0	-2.4	mA
Bipolar (All Bits On or Off) Resistance (Exclusive of Span	±0.8	±1.0	±1.2	±0.8	±1.0	±1.2	mA
Resistors)	6k	8k	10k	6k	8k	10k	Ω
Offset	"			O.	OK .	100	•••
Unipolar	i	0.01	0.05		0.01	0.05	% of F.S. Range
Bipolar (Figure 3, $R_2 = 50 \Omega$ Fixed)		0.05	0.15		0.05	0.1	% of F.S. Range
Capacitance Compliance Voltage	ł	25			25		pF
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	-1.5		+10	-1.5		+10	v
ACCURACY (Error Relative to	-1.5		, 10	-1.5		710	v
Full Scale) +25°C		±1/4	±1/2		±1/8	±1/4	LSB
1 an ocale, 125 G		(0.006)	(0.012)		(0.003)	(0.006)	% of F.S. Range
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}		±1/2	±3/4		±1/4	±1/2	LSB
		(0.012)	(0.018)		(0.006)	(0.012)	% of F.S. Range
DIFFERENTIAL NONLINEARITY							
+25°C _		±1/2	±3/4		±1/4	±1/2	LSB
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	MONO	TONICITY G	UARANTEED	MONO	FONICITY GU	ARANTEED	
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS	1						
With Internal Reference Unipolar Zero	1	•			•	.	10.0
Bipolar Zero	1	1 5	2 10		1 5	2 10	ppm/°C ppm/°C
Gain (Full Scale)		1 5	30		10	15	ppm/°C
Differential Nonlinearity		2			2		ppm/°C
SETTLING TIME TO 1/2 LSB							
All Bits ON-to-OFF or OFF-to-ON		250	400		250	400	ns
FULL-SCALE TRANSITION							
10% to 90% Delay plus Rise Time		15	30		15	30	ns
90% to 10% Delay plus Fall Time	ļ	30	50		30	50	ns
TEMPERATURE RANGE							
Operating Storage	-55 -65		+125 +150	-55 -65		+125 +150	°C °C
POWER REQUIREMENTS	-05		1130	-03	.,	T130	<u> </u>
V _{CC} , +11.4 to +16.5 V dc		3	5		3	5	mA
V _{EE} , -11.4 to -16.5 V dc	j	-12	-18		-12	-18	mA
POWER SUPPLY GAIN SENSITIVITY ²							
$V_{CC} = +11.4 \text{ to } +16.5 \text{ V dc}$		3	10		3	10	ppm of F.S./%
$V_{EE} = -11.4$ to -16.5 V dc	1	15	25		15	25	ppm of F.S./%
PROGRAMMABLE OUTPUT RANGES							
(see Figures 2, 3, 4)		0 to +5			0 to +5		V
		-2.5 to +2.	5		-2.5 to +2.	5	V
		0 to +10 -5 to +5			0 to +10 -5 to +5		V V
		-10 to +10			-10 to +10		v V
EXTERNAL ADJUSTMENTS		1010110			10 10 110		
Gain Error with Fixed 50 Ω							
Resistor for R2 (Figure 2)		±0.1	±0.25		±0.1	±0.25	% of F.S. Range
Bipolar Zero Error with Fixed						·	· ·
50 Ω Resistor for R1 (Figure 3)	1005	±0.05	±0.15	10.55	±0.05	±0.1	% of F.S. Range
Gain Adjustment Range (Figure 2) Bipolar Zero Adjustment Range	±0.25 ±0.15			±0.25			% of F.S. Range
	10.13			±0.15			% of F.S. Range
REFERENCE INPUT	154	20k	25k	154	201-	251	0
Input Impedance	15k	ZUK	4JK	15k	20k	25k	Ω
REFERENCE OUTPUT Voltage	9.90	10.00	10.10	9.90	10.00	10 10	v
Current (Available for External Loads) ³	1.5	2.5	10.10	9.90 1.5	10.00 2.5	10.10	v mA
POWER DISSIPATION	†	225	345		225	345	mW
- O DICOM THE TOTA	.1		213		443	נדנ	111 AA

Specifications shown in boldface are tested on all production units at final electrical test. Results from those tests are used to calculate outgoing quality levels. All min and max specifications are guaranteed, although only those shown in boldface are tested on all production units.

$\label{eq:AD566A-SPECIFICATIONS} \textbf{(T_A = +25°C, V_{EE} = -15~V, unless otherwise noted)}$

		AD566AI			AD566AK		
Model	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
DATA INPUTS ¹ (Pins 13 to 24)							
TTL or 5 Volt CMOS Input Voltage							
Bit ON Logic "1"	+2.0		+5.5	+2.0		+5.5	y
Bit OFF Logic "0" Logic Current (Each Bit)	0		+0.8	0		+0.8	V
Bit ON Logic "1"		+120	+300	İ	+120	+300	μΑ
Bit OFF Logic "0"		+35	+100		+35	+100	μA
RESOLUTION			12			12	Bits
OUTPUT							
Current Unipolar (All Bits On)	-1.6	-2.0	-2.4	-1.6	-2.0	-2.4	mA
Bipolar (All Bits On or Off)	±0.8	±1.0	±1.2	±0.8	±1.0	±1.2	mA
Resistance (Exclusive of Span Resistors)	6k	8k	10 K		01	101	•
Offset	OK	OK	10K	6k	8k	10k	Ω
Unipolar (Adjustable to						1	
Zero per Figure 3) Bipolar (Figure 4, R_1 and $R_2 = 50 \Omega$ Fixed)		0.01 0.05	0.05 0.15		0.01 0.05	0.05 0.1	% of F.S. Range
Capacitance		25	0.13	1	25	0.1	% of F.S. Range pF
Compliance Voltage	١						•
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	-1.5		+10	-1.5		+10	V
ACCURACY (Error Relative to Full Scale) +25°C		±1/4	±1/2		±1/8	±1/4	LSB
•		(0.006)	(0.012)	1	(0.003)	(0.006)	% of F.S. Range
T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}		±1/2	±3/4		±1/4	±1/2	LSB
DIFFERENTIAL NONLINEARITY		(0.012)	(0.018)		(0.006)	(0.012)	% of F.S. Range
+25°C		±1/2	±3/4		±1/4	±1/2	LSB
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	MONOT		UARANTEED	MONOT	ONICITY GUA		202
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS			_				
Unipolar Zero Bipolar Zero		1 5	2 10		1 5	2 10	ppm/°C ppm/°C
Gain (Full Scale)		7	10	1	á	5	ppm/°C
Differential Nonlinearity	ļ	2			2		ppm/°C
SETTLING TIME TO 1/2 LSB		050	250		oro	450	
All Bits ON-to-OFF or OFF-to-ON (Figure 8) FULL-SCALE TRANSITION		250	350		250	350	ns
10% to 90% Delay plus Rise Time		15	30		15	30	ns
90% to 10% Delay plus Fall Time		30	50		30	50	ns
POWER REQUIREMENTS		10					
V _{EB} -11.4 to -16.5 V dc POWER SUPPLY GAIN SENSITIVITY ²	 	-12	-18		-12	-18	mA
$V_{BE} = -11.4 \text{ to } -16.5 \text{ V dc}$		15	25		15	25	ppm of F.S./%
PROGRAMMABLE OUTPUT RANGES						Î	
(see Figures 3, 4, 5)		0 to +5			0 to +5	_	<u>v</u>
	İ	-2.5 to +2 0 to +10	5		-2.5 to +2 0 to +10	5	V V
		-5 to +5			-5 to +5		v
	<u> </u>	-10 to +1	0		-10 to +10	2	<u>v</u>
EXTERNAL ADJUSTMENTS Gain Error with Fixed 50 Ω							
Resistor for R2 (Figure 3)		±0.1	±0.25		±0.1	±0.25	% of F.S. Range
Bipolar Zero Error with Fixed		±0.05	40.15		10.05		0/ = (T = D =
50 Ω Resistor for R1 (Figure 4) Gain Adjustment Range (Figure 3)	±0.25	±0.05	±0.15	±0.25	±0.05	±0.1	% of F.S. Range % of F.S. Range
Bipolar Zero Adjustment Range	±0.15			±0.15			% of F.S. Range
REFERENCE INPUT		***					
Input Impedance	15k	20k	25k	15k	20k	25k	Ω
POWER DISSIPATION MILL TIPL VINC MODE REPEORMANCE (All Models)	 	180	300	L	180	300	mW
MULTIPLYING MODE PERFORMANCE (All Models) Quadrants		Two (2):	Bipolar Operatio	n at Digital	Input Only		
Reference Voltage		+1 V to +	10 V, Unipolar	Ü			
Accuracy Reference Feedthrough (Unipolar Mode,		10 Bits (±	0.05% of Reduc	ed F.S.) for	1 V dc Reference	Voltage	
All Bits OFF, and 1 V to +10 V [p-p], Sinewave							
Frequency for 1/2 LSB [p-p] Feedthrough)		40 kHz ty	p				
Output Slew Rate 10%-90% 90%-10%	1	5 mA/μs 1 mA/μs					
Output Settling Time (all Bits on and a 0 V-10 V		1 mm/hs					
Step Change in Reference Voltage)		1.5 µs to (0.01% F.S.				
CONTROL AMPLIFIER]	*** :					
Full Power Bandwidth Small-Signal Closed-Loop Bandwidth		300 kHz 1.8 MHz					
NOTES	1	1.0 141112		1			

NOTES

The digital input levels are guaranteed but not tested over the temperature range. The power supply gain sensitivity is tested in reference to a V_{EB} of -1.5~V dc. Specifications subject to change without notice.

AD565A/AD566A

Model	Min	AD566AS Typ	Мах	Min	AD566AT Typ	Max	Units
DATA INPUTS¹ (Pins 13 to 24)					*		
TTL or 5 Volt CMOS							
Input Voltage							.,
Bit ON Logic "1" Bit OFF Logic "0"	+2.0		+5.5 +0.8	+2.0		+5.5 +0.8	V V
Logic Current (Each Bit)	"		10.5	"		10.0	,
Bit ON Logic "1"		+120	+300		+120	+300	μΑ
Bit OFF Logic "0"		+35	+100		+35	+100	μA
RESOLUTION			12			12	Bits
OUTPUT	Ī						
Current							
Unipolar (All Bits On)	-1.6	-2.0	-2.4	-1.6	-2.0	-2.4	mA
Bipolar (All Bits On or Off)	±0.8	±1.0	±1.2	±0.8	±1.0	±1.2	mA
Resistance (Exclusive of Span Resistors) Offset	6k	8k	10k	6k	8k	10 k	Ω
Unipolar (Adjustable to Zero							
per Figure 3)		0.01	0.05	ĺ	0.01	0.05	% of F.S. Range
Bipolar (Figure 4, R_1 and $R_2 = 50 \Omega$ Fixed)		0.05	0.15		0.05	0.1	% of F.S. Range
Capacitance		25		ŀ	25		pF
Compliance Voltage	١, ٠			١			
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	-1.5		+10	-1.5		+10	V
ACCURACY (Error Relative to	İ						
Full Scale) +25°C	ľ	±1/4	±1/2		±1/8	±1/4	LSB
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}		(0.006) ±1/2	(0.012) ±3/4		(0.003) ±1/4	(0.006) ±1/2	% of F.S. Range LSB
1 MIN W 1 MAX		(0.012)	(0.018)		(0.006)	(0.012)	% of F.S. Range
DIFFERENTIAL NONLINEARITY	<u> </u>	(/		†		(11125)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
+25°C	ļ	±1/2	±3/4		±1/4	±1/2	LSB
T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	MONOT	ONICITY GU	ARANTEED	MONOT	ONICITY GUA		
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS							
Unipolar Zero	1	1	2		1	2	ppm/°C
Bipolar Zero	i	5	10	1	5	10	ppm/°C
Gain (Full Scale)	l	7	10		3	5	ppm/°C
Differential Nonlinearity		2			2		ррш/°С
SETTLING TIME TO 1/2 LSB		050	250		050	150	
All Bits ON-to-OFF or OFF-to-ON (Figure 8)		250	350		250	350	ns
FULL-SCALE TRANSITION		15	20	İ	15	20	
10% to 90% Delay plus Rise Time 90% to 10% Delay plus Fall Time		15 30	30 50		15 30	30 50	ns ns
POWER REQUIREMENTS				 		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	1 419
V _{EE} -11.4 to -16.5 V dc	ŀ	-12	-18	l	-12	-18	mA.
POWER SUPPLY GAIN SENSITIVITY ²		12	- 10		12	-10	1
$V_{EE} = -11.4 \text{ to } -16.5 \text{ V dc}$	ŀ	15	25		15	25	ppm of F.S./%
PROGRAMMABLE OUTPUT RANGES		13			12	23	ppin or 1.3.770
(see Figures 3, 4, 5)		0 to +5			0 to +5		V
(555 1.8 1.55 5, 1, 5)	j	-2.5 to +2.	5		-2.5 to +2	.5	v
	İ	0 to +10			0 to +10		V
	1	-5 to +5			−5 to +5		V
		-10 to +10			-10 to +10	l	V
EXTERNAL ADJUSTMENTS							
Gain Error with Fixed 50 Ω		101					N CE C D
Resistor for R2 (Figure 3) Bipolar Zero Error with Fixed		±0.1	±0.25	ł	±0.1	±0.25	% of F.S. Range
50 Ω Resistor for R1 (Figure 4)		±0.05	±0.15		±0.05	±0.1	% of F.S. Range
Gain Adjustment Range (Figure 3)	±0.25	_0.03		±0.25	_0.03		% of F.S. Range
Bipolar Zero Adjustment Range	±0.15			± 0.15			% of F.S. Range
REFERENCE INPUT							
Input Impedance	15k	20k	25k	15k	20k	25k	Ω
POWER DISSIPATION		180	300		180	300	mW
MULTIPLYING MODE PERFORMANCE (All Models)				•			
Quadrants		Two (2): E	lipolar Operatio	n at Digital	Input Only		
Reference Voltage		+1 V to +1	0 V, Unipolar	v	• •		}
Accuracy		10 Bits (±0	0.05% of Redu o	ed F.S.) for	1 V dc Reference	e Voltage	
Reference Feedthrough (Unipolar Mode,							
All Bits OFF, and 1 V to +10 V [p-p], Sinewave Frequency for 1/2 LSB [p-p] Feedthrough)	1	40 kHz typ					
Output Slew Rate 10%-90%		40 κHz typ 5 mA/μs	•				1
90%-10%	[1 mA/µs					[
Output Settling Time (all Bits ON and a 0 V-10 V							
Step Change in Reference Voltage)		1.5 µs to 0	.01% F.S.				
CONTROL AMPLIFIER							
Full Power Bandwidth Small-Signal Closed-Loop Bandwidth	i	300 kHz 1.8 MHz		ļ			1

NOTES
Specifications shown in boldface are tested on all production units at final electrical test. Results from those tests are used to calculate outgoing quality levels. All min and max specifications are guaranteed, although only those shown in boldface are tested on all production units.

Specification subject to change without notice.

AD565A/AD566A

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{CC} to Power Ground 0 V to +18 V
V _{EE} to Power Ground (AD565A) 0 V to -18 V
Voltage on DAC Output (Pin 9)3 V to +12 V
Digital Inputs (Pins 13 to 24) to
Power Ground
REF IN to Reference Ground ±12 V
Bipolar Offset to Reference Ground
10 V Span R to Reference Ground ±12 V
20 V Span R to Reference Ground
REF OUT (AD565A) Indefinite Short to Power Ground
Momentary Short to V _{CC}
Power Dissipation 1000 mW

AD565A ORDERING GUIDE

Modeli	Max Gain T.C. (ppm of F.S./°C)	Temperature Range	Linearity Error Max @ +25°C	Package Option ²
	50 50 20	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C	±1/2 LSB ±1/4 LSB	Ceramic (D-24) SOIC (R-28) Ceramic (D-24)
AD565ASD AD565ATD	30 15	-55°C to +125°C -55°C to +125°C	±1/2 LSB ±1/4 LSB	Ceramic (D-24) Ceramic (D-24)

NOTES

AD566A ORDERING GUIDE

Model ¹	Max Gain T.C. (ppm of F.S./°C)	Temperature Range	Linearity Error Max @ +25°C	Package Option ²
AD566AJD AD566AKD AD566ASD	10 3 10	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C -55°C to +125°C	±1/4 LSB	Ceramic (D-24) Ceramic (D-24) Ceramic (D-24)
AD566ATD	3		1	Ceramic (D-24)

NOTES

GROUNDING RULES

The AD565A and AD566A bring out separate reference and power grounds to allow optimum connections for low noise and high-speed performance. These grounds should be tied together at one point, usually the device power ground. The separate ground returns are provided to minimize current flow in low-level signal paths. In this way, logic return currents are not summed into the same return path with analog signals.

CONNECTING THE ADS65A FOR BUFFERED VOLTAGE OUTPUT

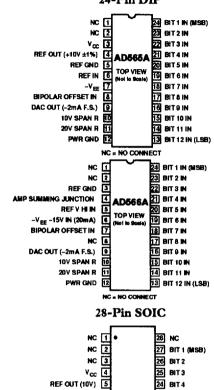
The standard current-to-voltage conversion connections using an operational amplifier are shown here with the preferred trimming techniques. If a low offset operational amplifier (AD510L, AD517L, AD741L, AD301AL, AD OP07) is used, excellent performance can be obtained in many situations without trimming (an op amp with less than 0.5 mV max offset voltage should be used to keep offset errors below 1/2 LSB). If a 50 Ω fixed resistor is substituted for the 100 Ω trimmer, unipolar zero will typically be within $\pm 1/2$ LSB (plus op amp offset), and full-scale accuracy will be within 0.1% (0.25% max).

Substituting a 50 Ω resistor for the 100 Ω bipolar offset trimmer will give a bipolar zero error typically within ± 2 LSB (0.05%).

The AD509 is recommended for buffered voltage-output applications which require a settling time to $\pm 1/2$ LSB of one microsecond. The feedback capacitor is shown with the optimum value for each application; this capacitor is required to compensate for the 25 picofarad DAC output capacitance.

PIN DESIGNATIONS

24-Pin DIP



REF GND 6 23 BIT 5 AD565A REF IN 7 221 BHT 6 NC 8 21 BIT 7 20 BIT 8 v_∞ 🧕 BIPOLAR OFFSET IN 110 19 BIT 9 DAC OUT 11 18 BIT 10 17 BIT 11 NC 12 16 BIT 12 (LSB) 10V SPAN R 13 20V SPAN R 14 15 PWR GND

FIGURE 1. UNIPOLAR CONFIGURATION

This configuration will provide a unipolar 0 volt to +10 volt output range. In this mode, the bipolar terminal, Pin 8, should be grounded if not used for trimming.

NC = NO CONNECT

STEP I . . . ZERO ADJUST

Turn all bits OFF and adjust zero trimmer R1, until the output reads 0.000 volts (1 LSB = 2.44 mV). In most cases this trim is not needed, but Pin 8 should then be connected to Pin 12.

STEP II . . . GAIN ADJUST

Turn all bits ON and adjust 100Ω gain trimmer R2, until the output is 9.9976 volts. (Full scale is adjusted to 1 LSB less than nominal full scale of 10.000 volts.) If a 10.2375 V full scale is desired (exactly 2.5 mV/bit), insert a 120Ω resistor in series with the gain resistor at Pin 10 to the op amp output.

¹For details on grade and package offerings screened in accordance with MIL-STD-883, refer to the Analog Devices Military Products Databook or current/ 883B data sheet.

²D = Ceramic DIP, R = SOIC.

¹For details on grade and package offerings screened in accordance with MIL-STD-883, refer to the Analog Devices Military Products Databook or current/ 883B data sheet.

²D = Ceramic DIP.

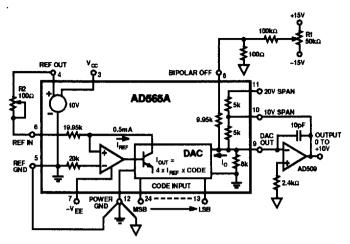


Figure 1. 0 V to +10 V Unipolar Voltage Output

FIGURE 2. BIPOLAR CONFIGURATION

This configuration will provide a bipolar output voltage from -5.000 to +4.9976 volts, with positive full scale occurring with all bits ON (all 1s).

STEP I... OFFSET ADJUST

Turn OFF all bits. Adjust 100Ω trimmer R1 to give -5.000 volts output.

STEP II . . . GAIN ADJUST

Turn ON All bits. Adjust $100\,\Omega$ gain trimmer R2 to give a reading of +4.9976 volts.

Please note that it is not necessary to trim the op amp to obtain full accuracy at room temperature. In most bipolar situations, an op amp trim is unnecessary unless the untrimmed offset drift of the op amp is excessive.

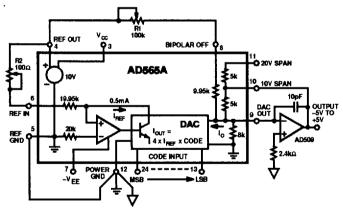


Figure 2. ±5 V Bipolar Voltage Output

FIGURE 3. OTHER VOLTAGE RANGES

The AD565A can also be easily configured for a unipolar 0 volt to ± 5 volt range or ± 2.5 volt and ± 10 volt bipolar ranges by using the additional 5k application resistor provided at the 20 volt span R terminal, Pin 11. For a 5 volt span (0 to ± 5 or ± 2.5), the two 5k resistors are used in parallel by shorting Pin 11 to Pin 9 and connecting Pin 10 to the op amp output and the bipolar offset either to ground for unipolar or to REF OUT for the bipolar range. For the ± 10 volt range (20 volt span) use the 5k resistors in series by connecting only Pin 11 to the op amp output and the bipolar offset connected as shown. The ± 10 volt option is shown in Figure 3.

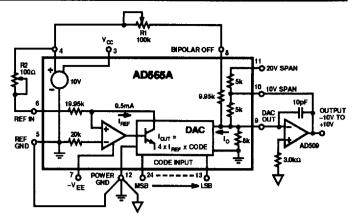


Figure 3. ±10 V Voltage Output

CONNECTING THE AD566A FOR BUFFERED VOLTAGE OUTPUT

The standard current-to-voltage conversion connections using an operational amplifier are shown here with the preferred trimming techniques. If a low offset operational amplifier (AD510L, AD517L, AD741L, AD301AL, AD OP07) is used, excellent performance can be obtained in many situations without trimming (an op amp with less than 0.5 mV max offset voltage should be used to keep offset errors below 1/2 LSB). If a 50 Ω fixed resistor is substituted for the 100 Ω trimmer, unipolar zero will typically be within $\pm 1/2$ LSB (plus op amp offset), and full scale accuracy will be within 0.1% (0.25% max). Substituting a 50 Ω resistor for the 100 Ω bipolar offset trimmer will give a bipolar zero error typically within ± 2 LSB (0.05%).

The AD509 is recommended for buffered voltage-output applications which require a settling time to $\pm 1/2$ LSB of one microsecond. The feedback capacitor is shown with the optimum value for each application; this capacitor is required to compensate for the 25 picofarad DAC output capacitance.

FIGURE 4. UNIPOLAR CONFIGURATION

This configuration will provide a unipolar 0 volt to +10 volt output range. In this mode, the bipolar terminal, Pin 7, should be grounded if not used for trimming.

STEP I . . . ZERO ADJUST

Turn all bits OFF and adjust zero trimmer, R1, until the output reads 0.000 volts (1 LSB = 2.44 mV). In most cases this trim is not needed, but Pin 7 should then be connected to Pin 12.

STEP II . . . GAIN ADJUST

Turn all bits ON and adjust $100\,\Omega$ gain trimmer, R2, until the output is 9.9976 volts. (Full scale is adjusted to 1 LSB less than nominal full scale of 10.000 volts.) If a 10.2375 V full scale is desired (exactly 2.5 mV/bit), insert a 120 Ω resistor in series with the gain resistor at Pin 10 to the op amp output.

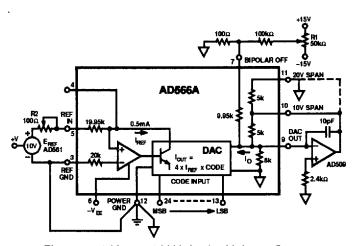


Figure 4. 0 V to +10 V Unipolar Voltage Output

FIGURE 5. BIPOLAR CONFIGURATION

This configuration will provide a bipolar output voltage from -5.000 volts to +4.9976 volts, with positive full scale occurring with all bits ON (all 1s).

STEP I . . . OFFSET ADJUST

Turn OFF all bits. Adjust $100~\Omega$ trimmer R1 to give -5.000 output volts.

STEP II . . . GAIN ADJUST

Turn ON all bits. Adjust 100Ω gain trimmer R2 to give a reading of +4.9976 volts.

Please note that it is not necessary to trim the op amp to obtain full accuracy at room temperature. In most bipolar situations, an op amp trim is unnecessary unless the untrimmed offset drift of the op amp is excessive.

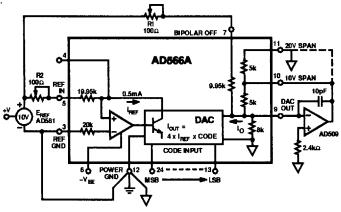
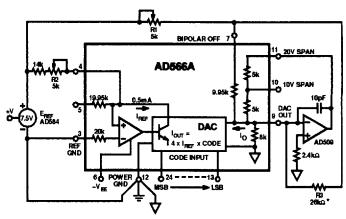


Figure 5. ±5 V Bipolar Voltage Output

FIGURE 6. OTHER VOLTAGE RANGES

The AD566A can also be easily configured for a unipolar 0 volt to +5 volt range or ± 2.5 volt and ± 10 volt bipolar ranges by using the additional 5k application resistor provided at the 20 volt span R terminal, Pin 11. For a 5 volt span (0 V to +5 V or ± 2.5 V), the two 5k resistors are used in parallel by shorting Pin 11 to Pin 9 and connecting Pin 10 to the op amp output and the bipolar offset resistor either to ground for unipolar or to V_{REF} for the bipolar range. For the ± 10 volt range (20 volt span) use the 5k resistors in series by connecting only Pin 11 to the op amp output and the bipolar offset connected as shown. The ± 10 volt option is shown in Figure 6.



THE PARALLEL COMBINATION OF THE BIPOLAR OFFSET RESISTOR AND RS ESTABLISH A CURRENT TO BALANCE THE MSB CURRENT. THE EFFECT OF TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT MISMATCH BETWEEN THE BIPOLAR RESISTOR COMBINATION AND DAC RESISTORS IS EXPANDED ON PREVIOUS PAGE.

Figure 6. ±10 V Voltage Output

Table I. Digital Input Codes

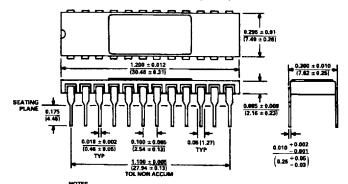
DIGITAL INPUT			ANALOG OUTP	UT.
MSB	LSB	Straight Binary	Offset Binary	Twos Compl.*
000000	000000	Zero	-FS	Zero
011111	111111	Mid Scale - 1 LSB	Zero - 1 LSB	+FS - 1 LSB
100000	000000	+1/2 FS	Zero	-FS
111111	111111	+FS - 1 LSB	+ FS - 1 LSB	Zero - 1 LSB

*Inverts the MSB of the offset binary code with an external inverter to obtain twos complement.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).

Ceramic DIP (D-24)



1. LEAD NO. 1 IDENTIFIED BY DOT OR MOTCH.
2. CERAMIC DIP LEADS WILL BE EITHER GOLD OR TIM PLATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MILL-MASS TO REQUIREMENTS.
3. METAL LID IS CONNECTED TO DOND.

SOIC (R-28) Package

