

DIODES

NEW INT-A-pak™ Power Modules

165A
195A
230A

Features

- High voltage
- Electrically isolated base plate
- 3000 V_{RMS} isolating voltage
- Industrial standard package
- Simplified mechanical designs, rapid assembly
- High surge capability
- Large creepage distances
- Beryllium oxide substrate
- Also available with aluminum nitride substrate

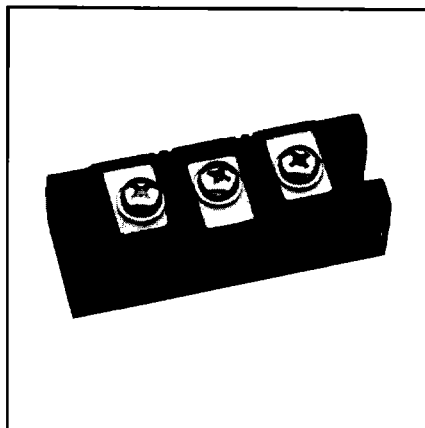
Description

This new IRK series of INT-A-paks uses high voltage power diodes in two basic configurations. The semiconductors are electrically isolated from the metal base, allowing common heatsinks and compact assemblies to be built. They can be interconnected to form single phase or three phase bridges and the single diode module can be used in conjunction with the thyristor modules as a freewheel diode. These modules are intended for general purpose applications such as battery chargers, welders and plating equipment and where high voltage and high current are required (motor drives, etc.).

DATA
SHEETS

Major Ratings and Characteristics

| Parameters | IRK.165... IRK.166... | IRK.195... IRK.196... | IRK.235... IRK.236... | Units | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| $I_{F(AV)}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | 165 | 195 | 230 | A | |
| $I_{F(RMS)}$ | 260 | 305 | 360 | A | |
| I_{FSM} | 50Hz | 4000 | 4750 | 6540 | A |
| | 60Hz | 4200 | 4980 | 6850 | A |
| i^2t | 50Hz | 80 | 113 | 214 | kA^2s |
| | 60Hz | 73 | 103 | 195 | kA^2s |
| I^2/t | 1130 | 1130 | 2140 | kA^2/s | |
| V_{RRM} range | Up to 2000 | Up to 2000 | Up to 2400 | V | |
| T_J | -40 to 150 | | | $^\circ\text{C}$ | |



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Voltage Ratings

| Type number | Voltage Code | V _{RRM} , Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage V | V _{RSM} , Maximum non-repetitive peak reverse voltage V | I _{RRM} Max @ 150°C mA |
|---|--------------|---|---|------------------------------------|
| IRK.165- / IRK.166- IRK.195- / IRK.196- IRK.235- / IRK.236- | 04 | 400 | 500 | 50 |
| | 06 | 600 | 700 | 50 |
| | 08 | 800 | 900 | 50 |
| | 10 | 1000 | 1100 | 50 |
| | 12 | 1200 | 1300 | 50 |
| | 14 | 1400 | 1500 | 50 |
| | 16 | 1600 | 1700 | 50 |
| | 18 | 1800 | 1900 | 50 |
| | 20 | 2000 | 2100 | 50 |
| IRK.235- / IRK.236- | 22 | 2200 | 2300 | 50 |
| | 24 | 2400 | 2500 | 50 |

Forward Conduction

| Parameters | IRK.165 | IRK.195 | IRK.235 | Units | Conditions | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|--|---|
| | IRK.166 | IRK.196 | IRK.236 | | | |
| I _{F(AV)} Maximum average forward current @ Case temperature | 165 | 195 | 230 | A | 180° conduction, half sine wave | |
| | 100 | 100 | 100 | °C | | |
| I _{F(RMS)} Maximum RMS forward current | 260 | 305 | 360 | A | as AC switch | |
| I _{FSM} Maximum peak, one-cycle forward, non-repetitive surge current | 4000 | 4750 | 6540 | A | t = 10ms | Sinusoidal half wave, initial T _J = T _J max |
| | 4200 | 4980 | 6850 | A | t = 8.3ms | |
| | 3350 | 4000 | 5500 | A | t = 10ms | |
| | 3500 | 4200 | 5750 | A | t = 8.3ms | |
| I ² t Maximum I ² t for fusing | 80 | 113 | 214 | kA ² s | t = 10ms | Sinusoidal half wave, initial T _J = T _J max |
| | 73 | 103 | 195 | kA ² s | t = 8.3ms | |
| | 56 | 80 | 151 | kA ² s | t = 10ms | |
| | 52 | 73 | 138 | kA ² s | t = 8.3ms | |
| I ² /t Maximum I ² /t for fusing | 798 | 1130 | 2140 | kA ² /s | t = 0.1 to 10ms, no voltage reapplied | |
| V _{FTO1} Low level value of threshold voltage | 0.70 | 0.75 | 0.79 | V | (16.7% × π × I _{F(AV)}) < I < π × I _{F(AV)} T _J = T _J max. | |
| V _{FTO2} High level value of threshold voltage | 0.87 | 0.86 | 0.92 | V | (π × I _{F(AV)}) < I < 20 × π × I _{F(AV)} T _J = T _J max. | |
| r ₁₁ Low level forward slope resistance | 1.69 | 0.92 | 0.64 | mΩ | (16.7% × π × I _{F(AV)}) < I < π × I _{F(AV)} T _J = T _J max. | |
| r ₁₂ High level forward slope resistance | 1.42 | 0.77 | 0.49 | mΩ | (π × I _{F(AV)}) < I < 20 × π × I _{F(AV)} T _J = T _J max. | |
| V _{FM} Maximum forward voltage drop | 1.57 | 1.32 | 1.26 | V | I _{FM} = π × I _{F(AV)} , T _J = T _J max., 180° conduction Av. power = V _{FTO1} × I _{F(AV)} + r ₁₁ × (I _{F(RMS)}) ² | |

Thermal and Mechanical Specifications

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|---------------|-------|-------|-----|---|
| T _J | Junction operating temperature | -40 to 150 °C | | | | |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature range | -40 to 150 °C | | | | |
| R _{thJC} | Maximum thermal resistance junction to case | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.17 | K/W | IRKD-IRKC-IRKJ Per junction, DC operation |
| | | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.17 | K/W | IRKE |
| R _{thC-S} | Thermal resistance, case to heatsink | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.035 | K/W | Mounting surface flat, smooth and greased (per module) |
| T | INT-A-pak to heatsink | 4 to 6 | | | Nm | A mounting compound is recommended and the torque should be rechecked after a period of about 3 hours to allow for the spread of the compound |
| | Busbar to INT-A-pak | 4 to 6 | | | Nm | |
| wt | Approximate weight | 500 | | | g | |
| | | 17.8 | | | oz | |
| | Case style | INT-A-pak | | | | |

Blocking

| | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|----|--|
| I _{RRM} | Max. peak reverse leakage current | 35 | 35 | 35 | mA | T _J = 150°C |
| V _{INS} | RMS isolation voltage | 3000 | 3000 | 3000 | V | 50Hz, circuit to base, all terminals shorted, t = 1s |

ΔR Conduction (per Junction)

(The following table shows the increment of thermal resistance R_{thJC} when devices operate at different conduction angles than DC)

| Conduction angle | | IRK.165 IRK.166 | IRK.195 IRK.196 | IRK.235 IRK.236 | Units | Conditions |
|------------------|------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------|--|
| | 180° | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.016 | K/W | $T_j = T_j \text{ max.}$ Sinusoidal conduction |
| | 120° | 0.019 | 0.019 | 0.019 | K/W | |
| | 90° | 0.024 | 0.024 | 0.025 | K/W | |
| | 60° | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.036 | K/W | |
| | 30° | 0.060 | 0.060 | 0.060 | K/W | |
| | 180° | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.012 | K/W | $T_j = T_j \text{ max.}$ Rectangular conduction |
| | 120° | 0.019 | 0.019 | 0.020 | K/W | |
| | 90° | 0.026 | 0.026 | 0.027 | K/W | |
| | 60° | 0.037 | 0.037 | 0.037 | K/W | |
| | 30° | 0.060 | 0.060 | 0.060 | K/W | |

Ordering Information Table

Device Code

| | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|
| IRK | D | 23 | 6 | - | 24 | - | N |
| ① | ② | ③ | ④ | ⑤ | ⑥ | | ⑦ |

- 1** - Module type
- 2** - Circuit configuration (See Outline Table)
- 3** - Current rating: IF (AV) x 10 rounded
- 4** - 5 = option with spacers and longer terminal screws
6 = option with standard terminal screws
- 5** - Voltage code: Code x 100 = V_{FRM}
- 6** - None = Standard devices (beryllium oxide)
N = Aluminium nitride substrate (contact factory)

Outline Table

3 HOLES \varnothing 6.5

3 Screws M6 x 1

CONTAINS BERYLLIUM OXIDE CERAMIC

- May contain Beryllium Oxide Ceramic, and under normal circumstances is non hazardous.
- Do not open, cut or grind.
- Unserviceable parts must be disposed of as harmful waste.

HARMFUL

| For all types | A | B | C | D | E |
|---------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| IRK..5 | 25(0.98) | --- | --- | 41(1.61) | 47(1.85) |
| IRK..6 | 23(0.91) | 30(1.18) | 36(1.42) | --- | --- |

IRKD...

IRKE...

IRKC...

IRKJ...

- All dimensions in millimeters (inches)
- Dimensions are nominal
- Full engineering drawings are available on request
- UL identification number for cathode wire: UL 1385
- UL identification number for package: UL 94V0

DATA SHEETS

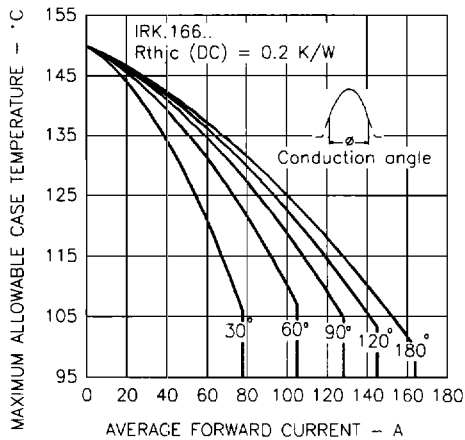


Fig. 1 - Current Ratings Characteristics

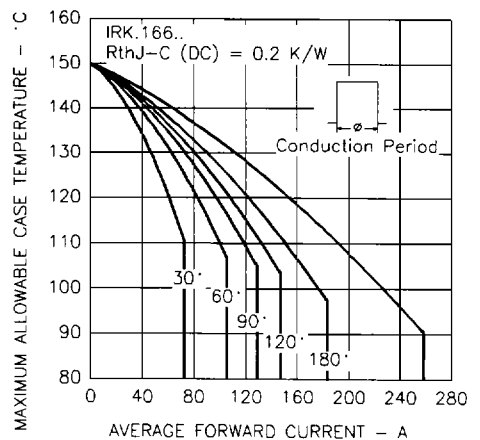


Fig. 2 - Current Ratings Characteristics

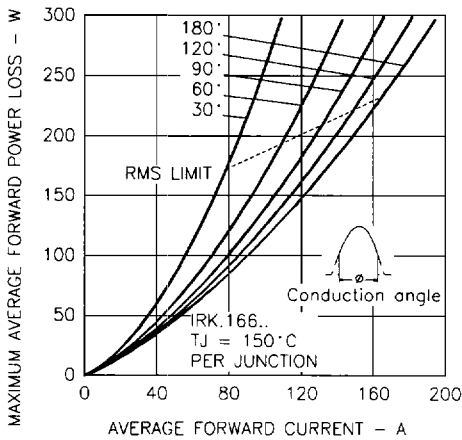


Fig. 3 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

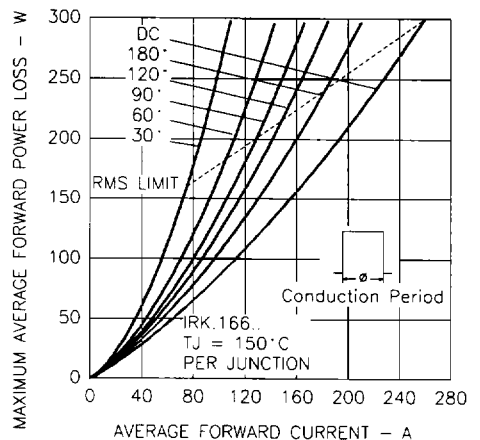


Fig. 4 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

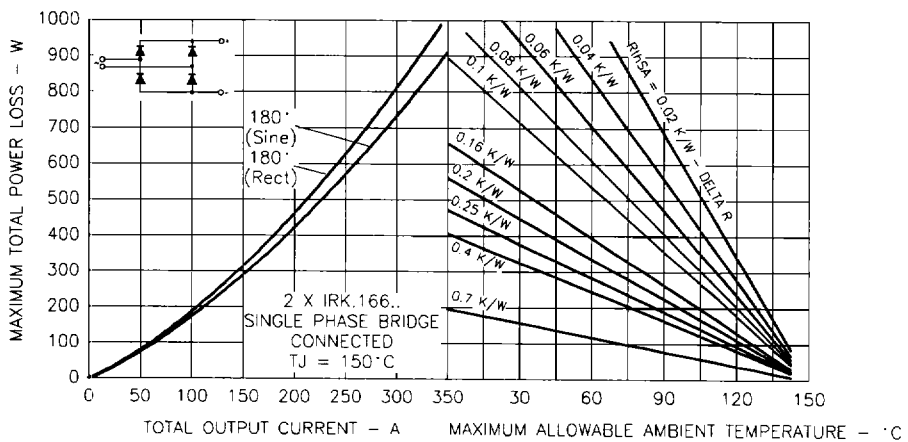


Fig. 5 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

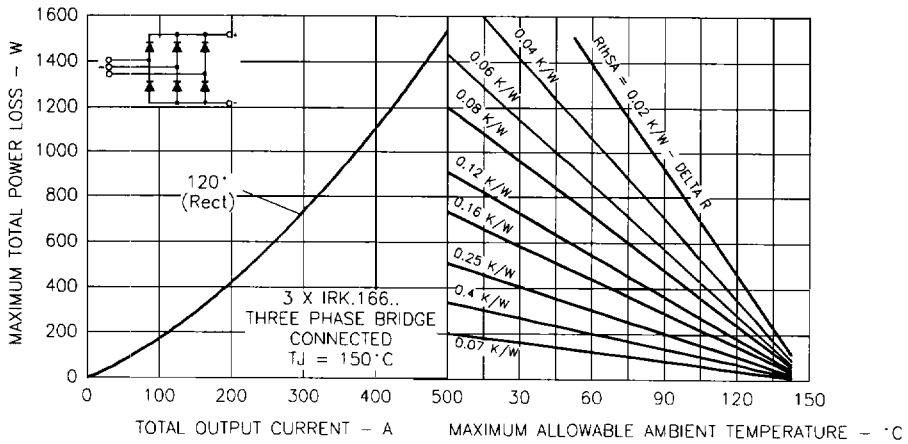


Fig. 6 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

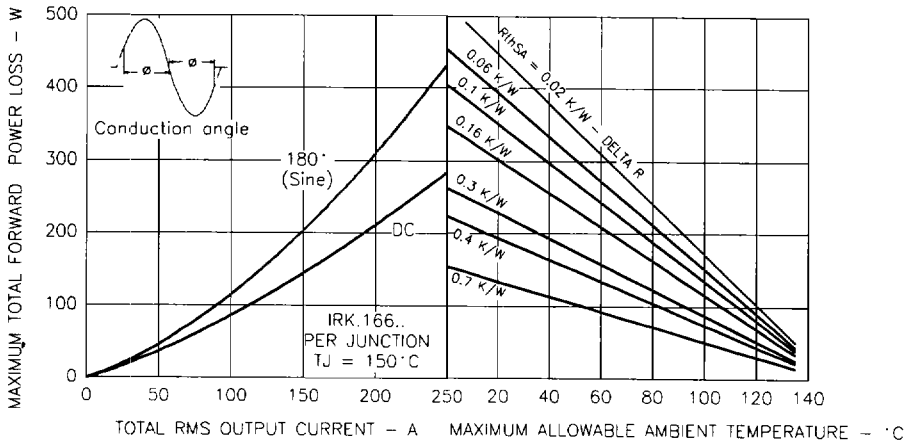


Fig. 7 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

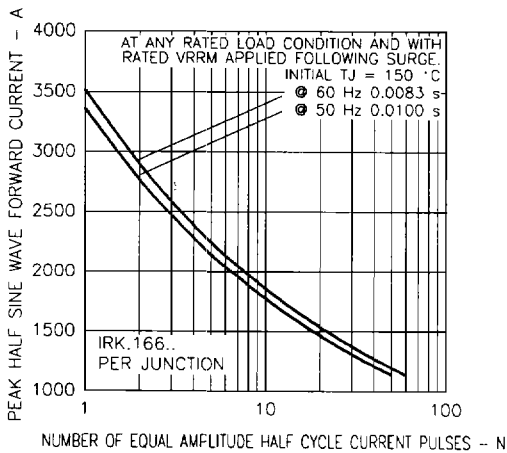


Fig. 8 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current

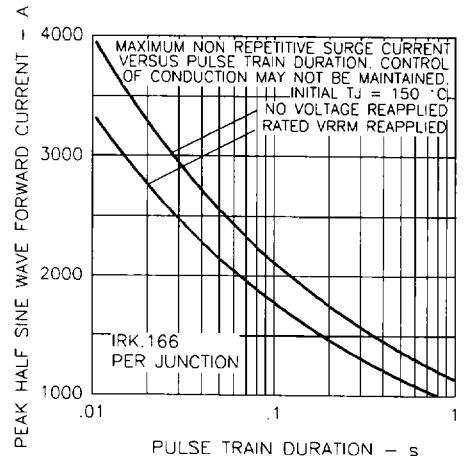


Fig. 9 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current

DATA SHEETS

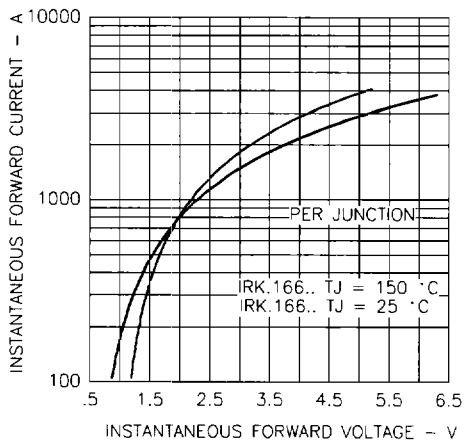


Fig. 10 - Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics

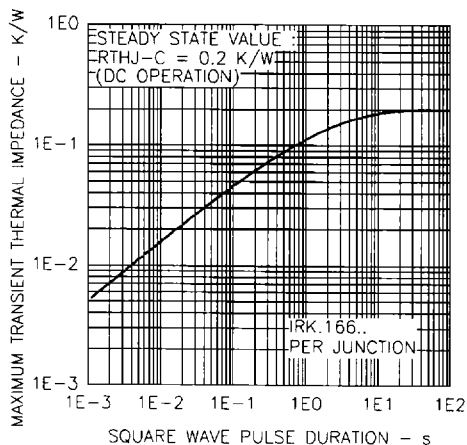


Fig. 11 - Thermal Impedance Z_{thJC} Characteristics

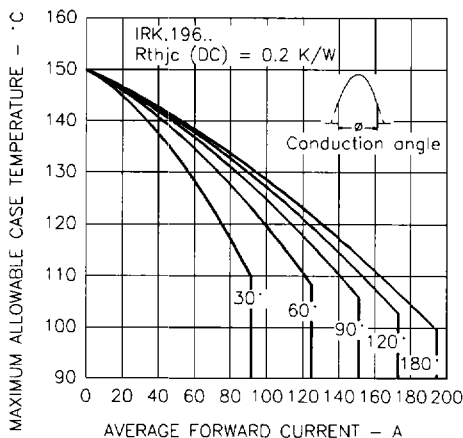


Fig. 12 - Current Ratings Characteristics

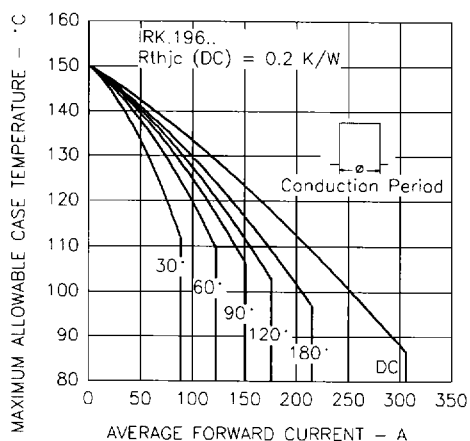


Fig. 13 - Current Ratings Characteristics

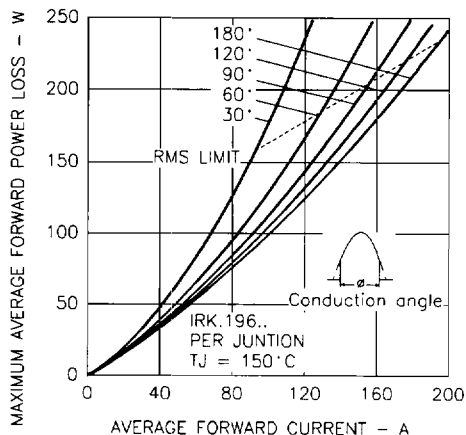


Fig. 14 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

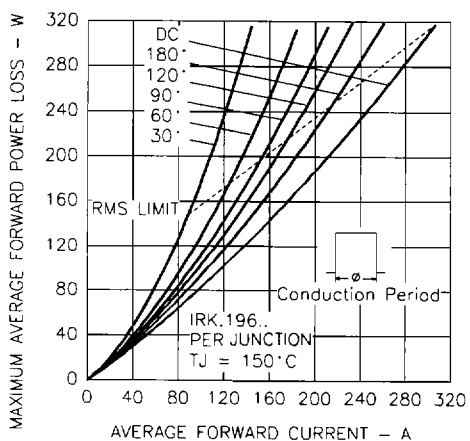


Fig. 15 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

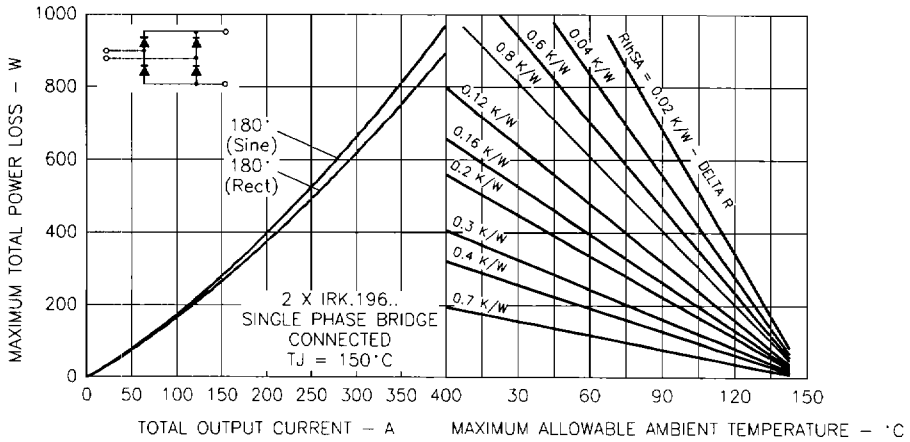


Fig. 16 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

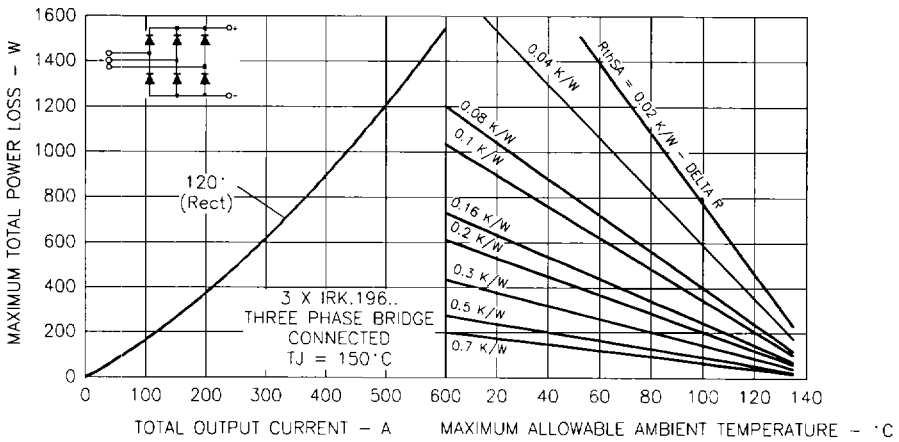


Fig. 17 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

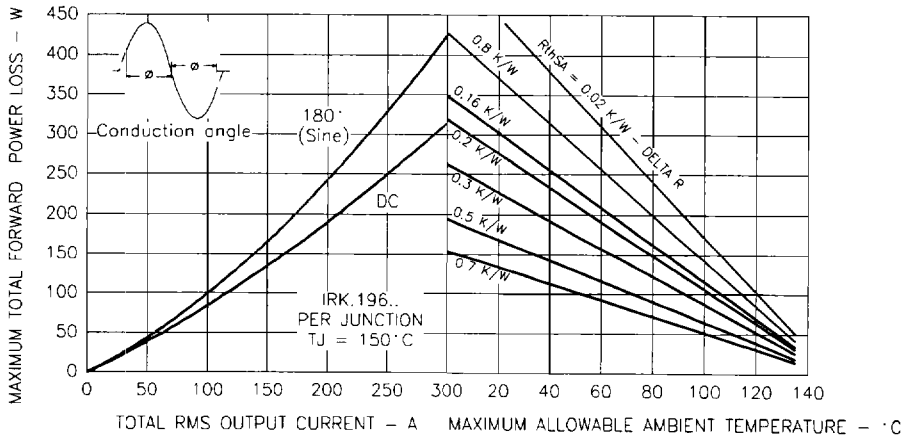


Fig. 18 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

DATA SHEETS

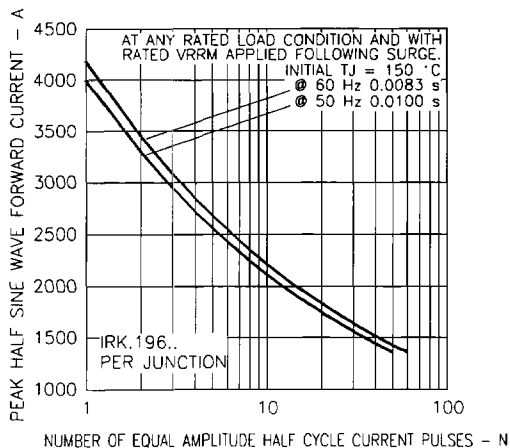


Fig. 19 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current

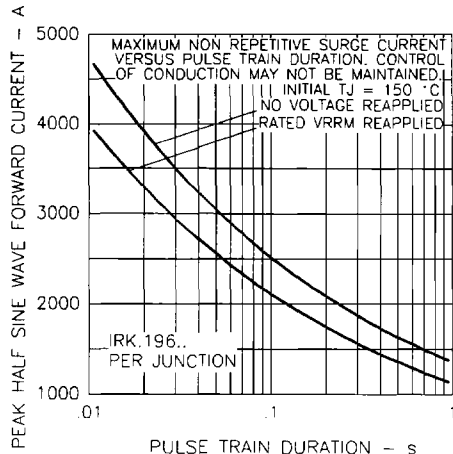


Fig. 20 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current

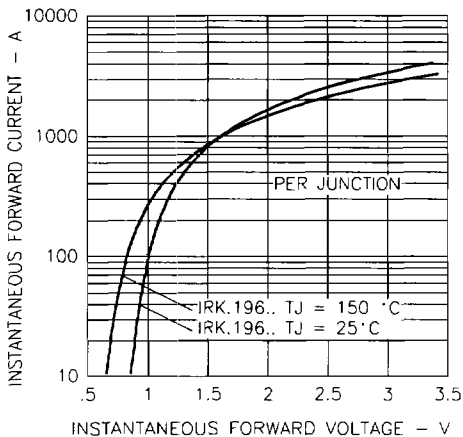


Fig. 21 - Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics

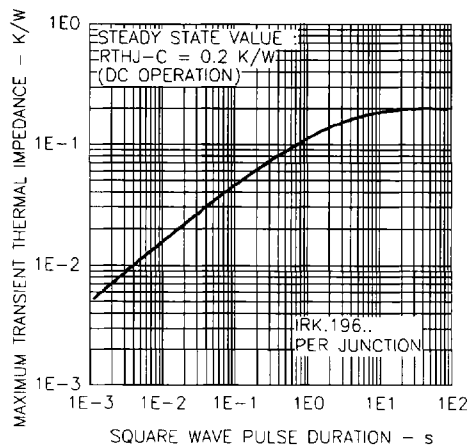


Fig. 22 - Thermal Impedance $Z_{\theta JC}$ Characteristics

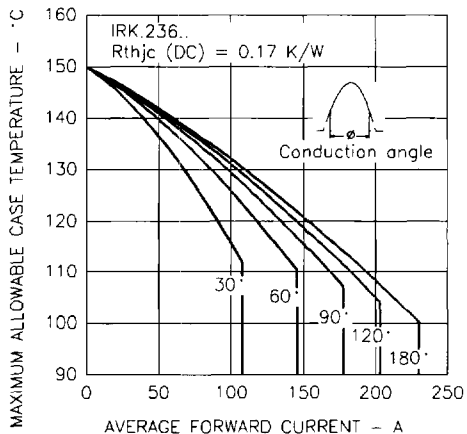


Fig. 23 - Current Ratings Characteristics

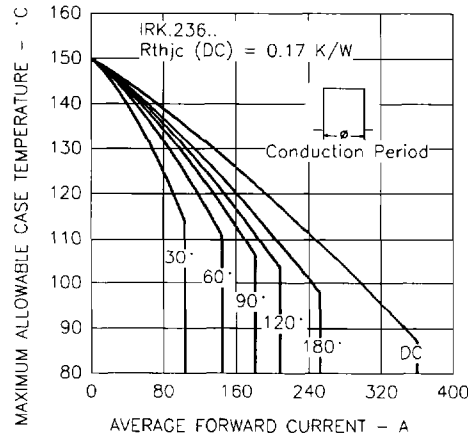


Fig. 24 - Current Ratings Characteristics

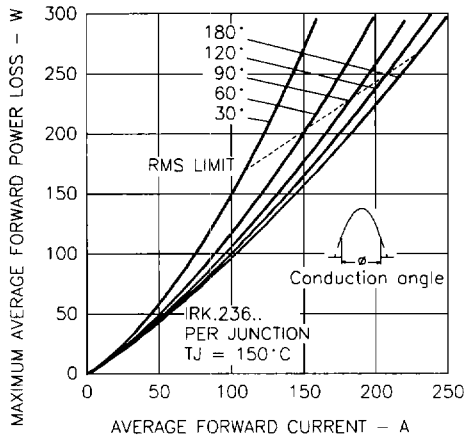


Fig. 25 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

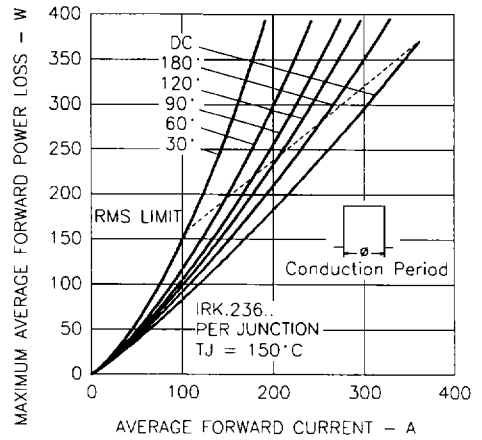


Fig. 26 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

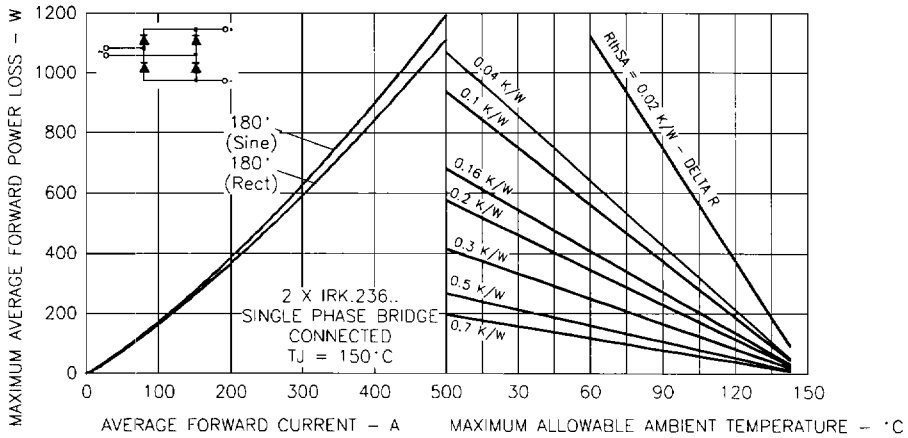


Fig. 27 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

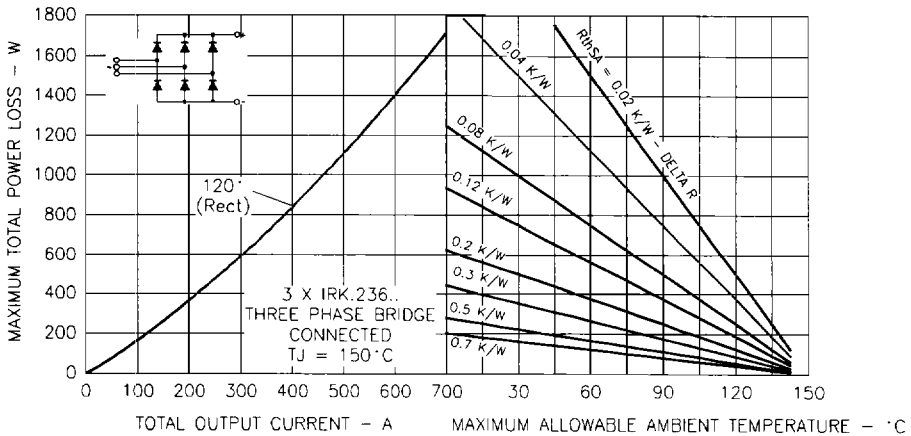


Fig. 28 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

DATA SHEETS

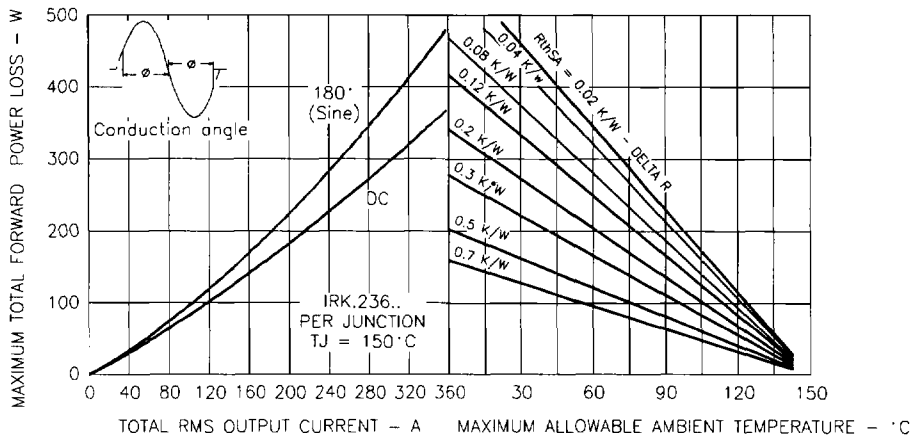


Fig. 29 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

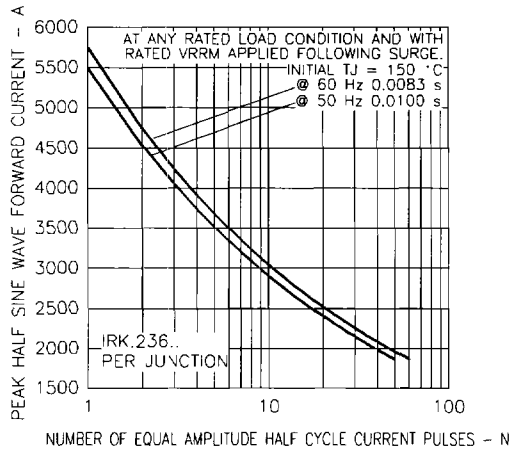


Fig. 30 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current

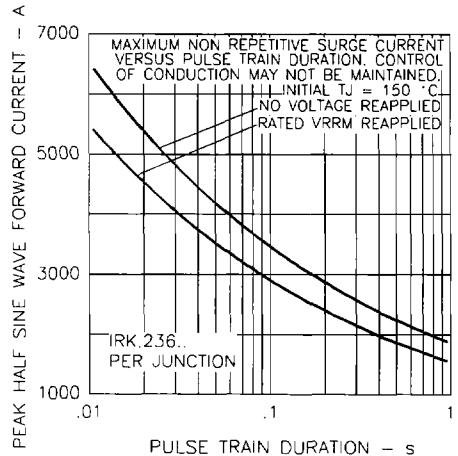


Fig. 31 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current

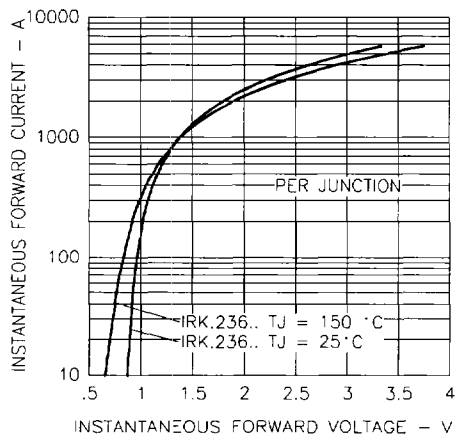


Fig. 32 - Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics

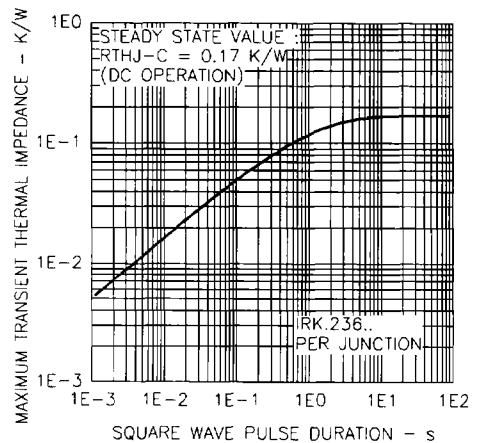


Fig. 33 - Thermal Impedance ZthJC Characteristics