



ICS85357-11

4:1 OR 2:1, CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR-TO-3.3V LVPECL / ECL MULTIPLEXER

PRODUCT DISCONTINUATION NOTICE - LAST TIME BUY EXPIRES JANUARY 22, 2016

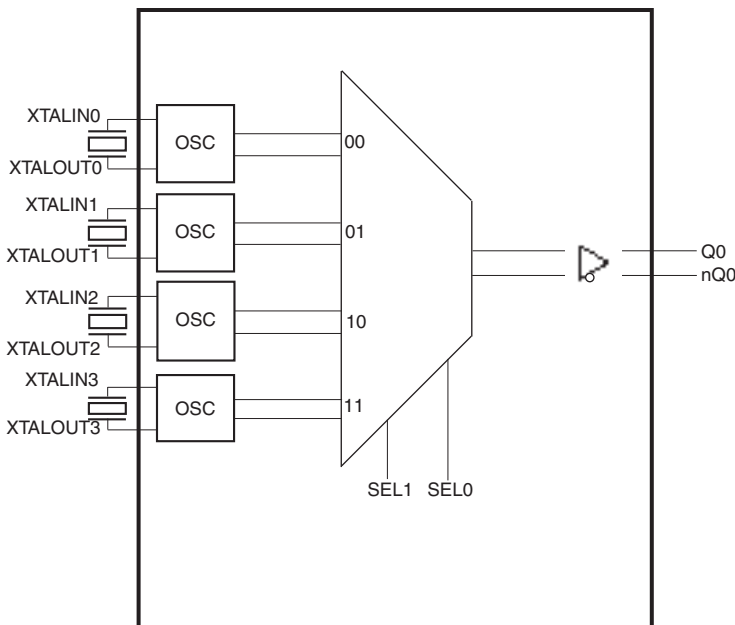
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ICS85357-11 is a 4:1 or 2:1, Crystal Oscillator-to-3.3V LVPECL / ECL Multiplexer. The ICS85357-11 has 4 selectable crystal inputs. The device can support 10MHz to 27MHz parallel resonant crystals by connecting external capacitors between XTALIN/XTALOUT and ground. The select pins have internal pulldown resistors and leaving one input unconnected (pulled to logic low by the internal resistor) will transform the device into a 2:1 multiplexer. The SEL1 lead is the most significant line and the binary number applied to the select pins will select the same numbered data input (i.e., 00 selects XTALIN0/XTALOUT0).

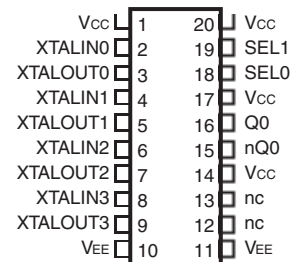
FEATURES

- One differential 3.3V LVPECL output
- 4:1 or 2:1 Crystal Oscillator Multiplexer
- Supports parallel resonant crystals with a frequency range of 10MHz to 27MHz. The oscillator circuit is optimized for parallel resonant mode, and will require external capacitance
- Maximum output frequency: 27MHz
- LVCMOS/LVTTL SEL0 and SEL1 inputs have internal pulldown resistors
- LVPECL mode operating voltage supply range: $V_{CC} = 3.135V$ to $3.465V$, $V_{EE} = 0V$
- ECL mode operating voltage supply range: $V_{CC} = 0V$, $V_{EE} = -3.135V$ to $-3.465V$
- 0°C to 70°C ambient operating temperature
- Industrial temperature information available upon request
- Available in lead-free (RoHS 6) package

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT



ICS85357-11

20-Lead TSSOP

4.40mm x 6.50mm x 0.92mm body package

G Package

Top View



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LVPECL / ECL MULTIPLEXER

TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| Number | Name | Type | | Description |
|---------------|-----------------|--------|----------|---|
| 1, 14, 17, 20 | V _{CC} | Power | | Positive supply pins. |
| 2 | XTALIN0 | Input | | Parallel resonant crystal input. |
| 3 | XTALOUT0 | Input | | Parallel resonant crystal input. |
| 4 | XTALIN1 | Input | | Parallel resonant crystal input. |
| 5 | XTALOUT1 | Input | | Parallel resonant crystal input. |
| 6 | XTALIN2 | Input | | Parallel resonant crystal input. |
| 7 | XTALOUT2 | Input | | Parallel resonant crystal input. |
| 8 | XTALIN3 | Input | | Parallel resonant crystal input. |
| 9 | XTALOUT3 | Input | | Parallel resonant crystal input. |
| 10, 11 | V _{EE} | Power | | Negative supply pins. |
| 12, 13 | nc | Unused | | No connect. |
| 15, 16 | nQ0, Q0 | Output | | Differential clock outputs. LVPECL interface levels. |
| 18 | SEL0 | Input | Pulldown | Clock select input. LVCMOS / LVTTTL interface levels. |
| 19 | SEL1 | Input | Pulldown | Clock select input. LVCMOS / LVTTTL interface levels. |

NOTE: *Pullup* and *Pulldown* refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| C _{IN} | Input Capacitance | | | 4 | | pF |
| R _{PULLDOWN} | Input Pulldown Resistor | | | 51 | | kΩ |

TABLE 3A. CONTROL INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

| Inputs | | Clock Out |
|--------|------|-------------------|
| SEL1 | SEL0 | CLK |
| 0 | 0 | XTALIN0, XTALOUT0 |
| 0 | 1 | XTALIN1, XTALOUT1 |
| 1 | 0 | XTALIN2, XTALOUT2 |
| 1 | 1 | XTALIN3, XTALOUT3 |



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Supply Voltage, V_{CC} | 4.6V |
| Inputs, V_I | -0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$ |
| Outputs, V_O | -0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$ |
| Package Thermal Impedance, θ_{JA} | 73.2°C/W (0 lfpm) |
| Storage Temperature, T_{STG} | -65°C to 150°C |

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

TABLE 4A. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|----------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| V_{CC} | Positive Supply Voltage | | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V |
| I_{EE} | Power Supply Current | | | | 50 | mA |

TABLE 4B. LVCMOS / LVTTTL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|----------|--------------------|--|---------|---------|----------------|---------|
| V_{IH} | Input High Voltage | SEL0, SEL1 | 2 | | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V |
| V_{IL} | Input Low Voltage | SEL0, SEL1 | -0.3 | | 0.8 | V |
| I_{IH} | Input High Current | SEL0, SEL1 $V_{CC} = V_{IN} = 3.465V$ | | | 150 | μA |
| I_{IL} | Input Low Current | SEL0, SEL1 $V_{CC} = 3.465V, V_{IN} = 0V$ | -5 | | | μA |

TABLE 4C. LVPECL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------|----------------|-------|
| V_{OH} | Output High Voltage; NOTE 1 | | $V_{CC} - 1.4$ | | $V_{CC} - 0.9$ | V |
| V_{OL} | Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1 | | $V_{CC} - 2.0$ | | $V_{CC} - 1.7$ | V |
| V_{SWING} | Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing | | 0.6 | | 1.0 | V |

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50 Ω to $V_{CC} - 2V$.

TABLE 5. CRYSTAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|
| Mode of Oscillation / cut | | Fundamental / Parallel Resonant | | | |
| Frequency | | 10 | | 27 | MHz |
| Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) | | | | 70 | Ω |
| Shunt Capacitance | | | | 7 | pF |

TABLE 6. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ TO $70^\circ C$

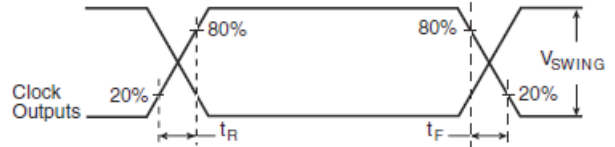
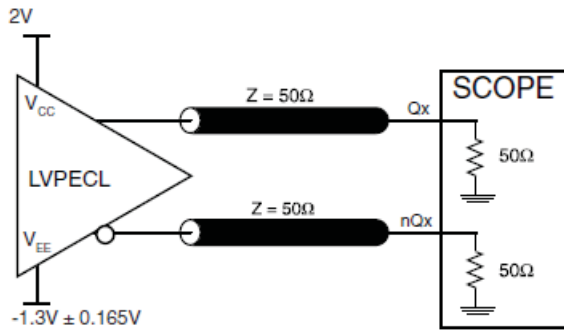
| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|----------|---------|-------|
| f_{MAX} | Output Frequency Range | | 10 | | 27 | MHz |
| t_R / t_F | Output Rise/Fall Time | 20% to 80% | 300 | | 700 | ps |
| odc | Output Duty Cycle; NOTE 1, 2 | | 47 | | 53 | % |
| oscTOL | Crystal Oscillator Tolerance; NOTE 1 | | | ± 20 | | ppm |

All parameters measured at 25MHz unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured using C1 = 22pF and C2 = 27pF in parallel with 18pF crystals. Refer to Crystal Input Interface in the Application Section.

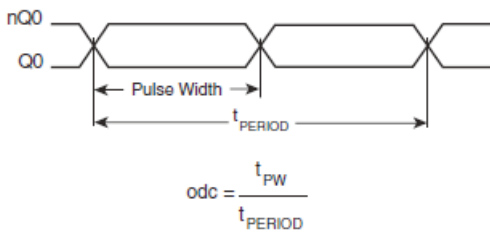
NOTE 2: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



3.3V OUTPUT LOAD AC TEST CIRCUIT

OUTPUT RISE/FALL TIME



OUTPUT DUTY CYCLE/PULSE WIDTH/PERIOD

APPLICATION INFORMATION

CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE

A crystal can be characterized for either series or parallel mode operation. The ICS85357-11 has a built-in crystal oscillator circuit. This interface can accept either a series or parallel crystal without additional components and generate frequencies with

accuracy suitable for most applications. Additional accuracy can be achieved by adding two small capacitors C1 and C2 as shown in *Figure 1*. Typical results using parallel 18pF crystals are shown in Table 7.

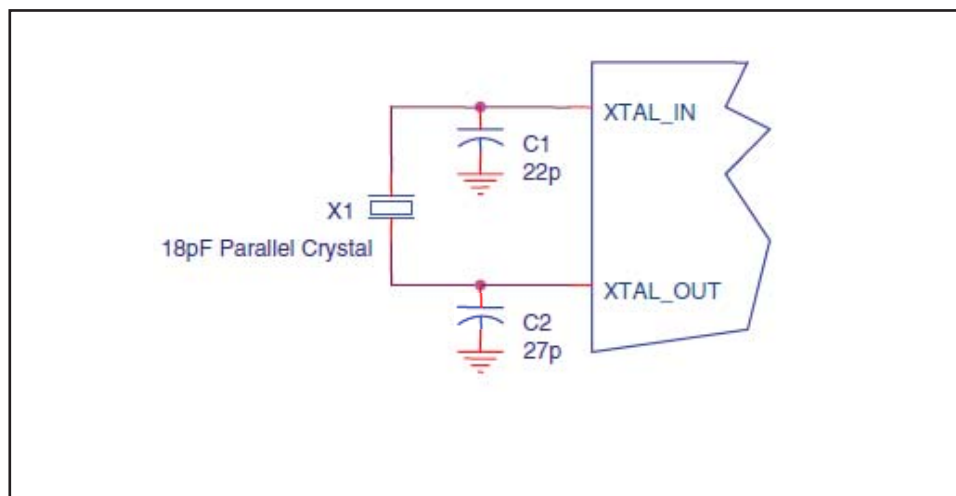


FIGURE 1. Crystal Input Interface

Table 7. TYPICAL RESULTS OF CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE FREQUENCY FINE TUNING

| Crystal Frequency (MHz) | C1 (pF) | C2 (pF) | Measured Output Frequency (MHz) | Accuracy (PPM) | Duty Cycle (%) |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 14.31818 | 22 | 27 | 14.318011 | -12 | 47.46 |
| 15.00 | 22 | 27 | 14.999862 | -9 | 47.70 |
| 16.66 | 22 | 27 | 16.660162 | 10 | 47.70 |
| 19.44 | 22 | 27 | 19.440081 | 4 | 46.85 |
| 24.00 | 22 | 27 | 24.000183 | 8 | 46.00 |

TERMINATION FOR LVPECL OUTPUTS

The clock layout topology shown below is a typical termination for LVPECL outputs. The two different layouts mentioned are recommended only as guidelines.

FOUT and nFOUT are low impedance follower outputs that generate ECL/LVPECL compatible outputs. Therefore, terminating resistors (DC current path to ground) or current sources must be used for functionality. These outputs are designed to

drive 50Ω transmission lines. Matched impedance techniques should be used to maximize operating frequency and minimize signal distortion. *Figures 2A and 2B* show two different layouts which are recommended only as guidelines. Other suitable clock layouts may exist and it would be recommended that the board designers simulate to guarantee compatibility across all printed circuit and clock component process variations.

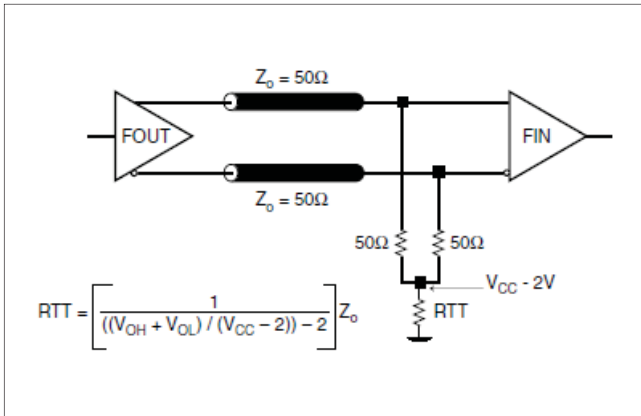


FIGURE 2A. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

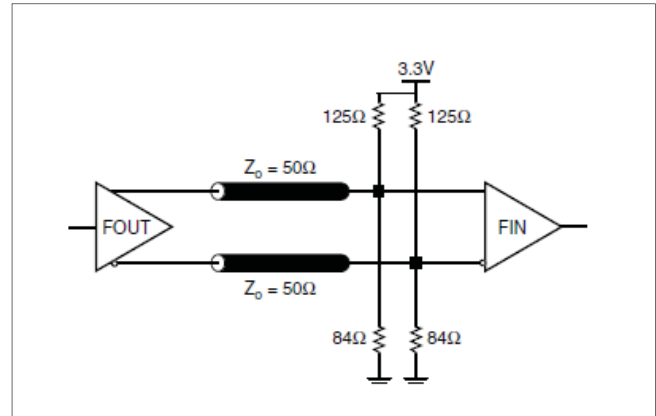


FIGURE 2B. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION



POWER CONSIDERATIONS

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS85357-11. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS85357-11 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{CC} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results.

NOTE: Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = $V_{CC_MAX} * I_{EE_MAX} = 3.465V * 50mA = 173.3mW$
- Power (outputs)_{MAX} = **30mW/Loaded Output pair**

Total Power_{MAX} (3.465V, with all outputs switching) = $173.3mW + 30mW = 203.3mW$

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, T_j , is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for the devices is 125°C.

The equation for T_j is as follows: $T_j = \theta_{JA} * Pd_total + T_A$

T_j = Junction Temperature

θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 200 linear feet per minute and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 66.6°C/W per Table 8 below.

Therefore, T_j for an ambient temperature of 70°C with all outputs switching is:

$70^\circ C + 0.203W * 66.6^\circ C/W = 83.5^\circ C$. This is well below the limit of 125°C

This calculation is only an example. T_j will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

TABLE 8. THERMAL RESISTANCE θ_{JA} FOR 20-PIN TSSOP, FORCED CONVECTION

| θ_{JA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute) | | | |
|--|-----------|------------|------------|
| | 0 | 200 | 500 |
| Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards | 114.5°C/W | 98.0°C/W | 88.0°C/W |
| Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards | 73.2°C/W | 66.6°C/W | 63.5°C/W |

NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVPECL output driver circuit and termination are shown in *Figure 3*.

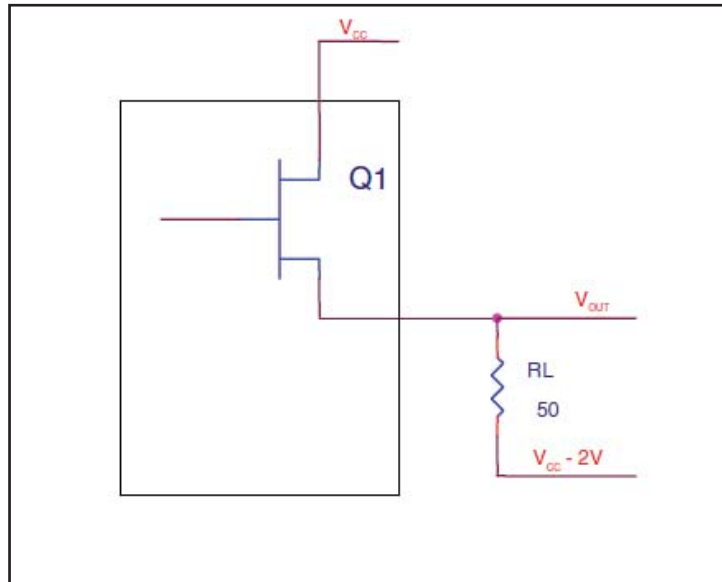


FIGURE 3. LVPECL DRIVER CIRCUIT AND TERMINATION

To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load, and a termination voltage of $V_{CC} - 2V$.

- For logic high, $V_{OUT} = V_{OH_MAX} = V_{CC_MAX} - 0.9V$

$$(V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = 0.9V$$

- For logic low, $V_{OUT} = V_{OL_MAX} = V_{CC_MAX} - 1.7V$

$$(V_{CCO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = 1.7V$$

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high.

Pd_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

$$Pd_H = [(V_{OH_MAX} - (V_{CC_MAX} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}))/R_L] * (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX}) = [(2V - 0.9V)/50\Omega] * 0.9V = \mathbf{19.8mW}$$

$$Pd_L = [(V_{OL_MAX} - (V_{CC_MAX} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}))/R_L] * (V_{CC_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX}) = [(2V - 1.7V)/50\Omega] * 1.7V = \mathbf{10.2mW}$$

Total Power Dissipation per output pair = $Pd_H + Pd_L = \mathbf{30mW}$



RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 9. θ_{JA} VS. AIR FLOW TABLE FOR 20 LEAD TSSOP

| θ_{JA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute) | | | |
|--|-----------|----------|----------|
| | 0 | 200 | 500 |
| Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards | 114.5°C/W | 98.0°C/W | 88.0°C/W |
| Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards | 73.2°C/W | 66.6°C/W | 63.5°C/W |

NOTE: Most modern PCB designs use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS85357-11 is: 413

PACKAGE OUTLINE - G SUFFIX FOR 20 LEAD TSSOP

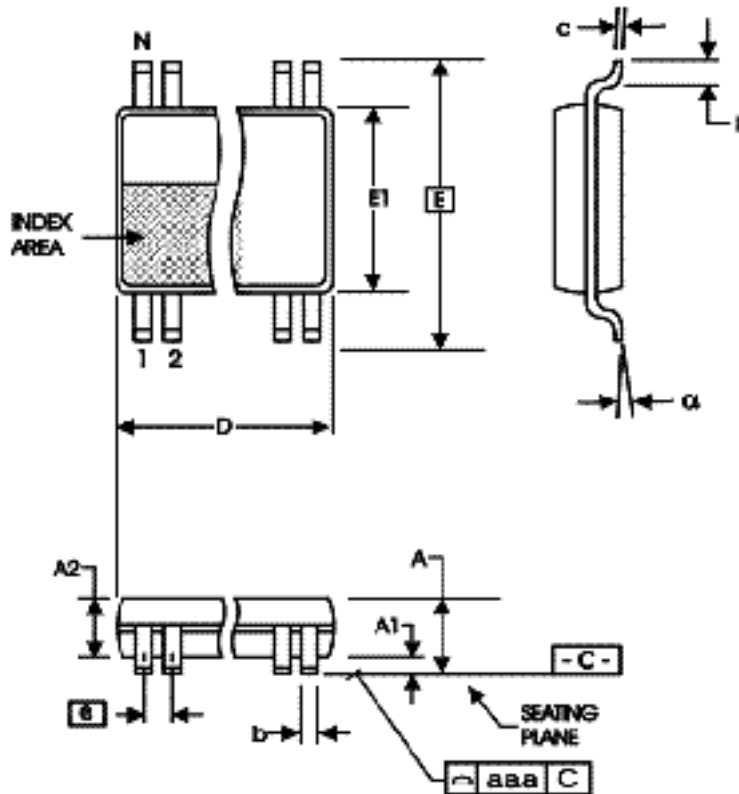


TABLE 10. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

| SYMBOL | Millimeters | |
|--------|-------------|---------|
| | Minimum | Maximum |
| N | 20 | |
| A | -- | 1.20 |
| A1 | 0.05 | 0.15 |
| A2 | 0.80 | 1.05 |
| b | 0.19 | 0.30 |
| c | 0.09 | 0.20 |
| D | 6.40 | 6.60 |
| E | 6.40 BASIC | |
| E1 | 4.30 | 4.50 |
| e | 0.65 BASIC | |
| L | 0.45 | 0.75 |
| alpha | 0° | 8° |
| aaa | -- | 0.10 |

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153



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TABLE 11. ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part/Order Number | Marking | Package | Shipping Packaging | Temperature |
|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 85357AG-11LF | 85357A11L | Lead-Free, 20 lead TSSOP | tube | 0°C to 70°C |
| 85357AG-11LFT | 85357A11L | Lead-Free, 20 lead TSSOP | 2500 tape & reel | 0°C to 70°C |

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an “LF” suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.



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| REVISION HISTORY SHEET | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------|
| Rev | Table | Page | Description of Change | Date |
| A | | 8 | Added Termination for LVPECL Outputs section. | 5/30/02 |
| A | | 5 | 3.3V Output Load Test Circuit Diagram, corrected $V_{EE} = -1.3V \pm 0.135V$ to read $V_{EE} = -1.3V \pm 0.165V$. | 8/26/02 |
| | | 6 | Revised Output Rise/Fall Time Diagram. | |
| B | T4B T4C T6 | 3 3 4 | LVCMOS table - changed V_{IH} from 3.765 Max. to $V_{CC} + 0.3$ Max. LVPECL table - changed V_{SWING} from 0.85V Max. to 1.0V Max. AC table - deleted t_{PD} , $tsk(pp)$ and Notes 1 and 2. Updated format. | 1/16/03 |
| C | T2 T5 T6 | 1 2 3 3 | Changed maximum crystal frequency from 25MHz to 27MHz. Changed Output Frequency bullet from 25MHz to 27MHz. Pin Characteristics Table - changed C_{IN} from 4pF max. to 4pF typical. Crystal Characteristics Table - changed maximum Frequency from 25MHz to 27MHz. AC Characteristics Table - changed maximum Output Frequency Range from 25MHz to 27MHz. | 10/7/04 |
| D | T2 T4C T11 | 1 2 3 7 - 8 11 | Features Section - added lead-free bullet. Pin Characteristics Table - deleted RPullup row. LVPECL 3.3V DC Characteristics Table -corrected V_{OH} max. from $V_{CC} - 1.0V$ to $V_{CC} - 0.9V$. Power Considerations - corrected power dissipation to reflect V_{OH} max in Table 4C. Ordering Information Table - added lead-free part number, and note. | 4/12/07 |
| D | T11 | 11 13 | Updated datasheet's header/footer with IDT from ICS. Ordering Information Table - removed ICS prefix from Part/Order Number column. Added LF marking. Added Contact Page. | 10/4/10 |
| D | T11 | 1 11 | PDN - CQ-15-01 Ordering information - removed leaded devices | 2/10/15 |



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Corporate Headquarters

6024 Silver Creek Valley Road
San Jose, California 95138

Sales

800-345-7015 or +408-284-8200
Fax: 408-284-2775
www.IDT.com

Technical Support

email: clocks@idt.com

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