

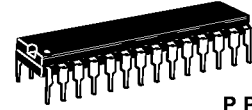
# 8K x 9 Bit Fast Static RAM

The MCM6265C is fabricated using Motorola's high-performance silicon-gate CMOS technology. Static design eliminates the need for external clocks or timing strobes, while CMOS circuitry reduces power consumption and provides for greater reliability.

This device meets JEDEC standards for functionality and pinout, and is available in plastic dual-in-line and plastic small-outline J-leaded packages.

- Single 5 V ± 10% Power Supply
- Fully Static — No Clock or Timing Strokes Necessary
- Fast Access Times: 12, 15, 20, 25, and 35 ns
- Equal Address and Chip Enable Access Times
- Output Enable ( $\bar{G}$ ) Feature for Increased System Flexibility and to Eliminate Bus Contention Problems
- Low Power Operation: 110 – 150 mA Maximum AC
- Fully TTL Compatible — Three State Output

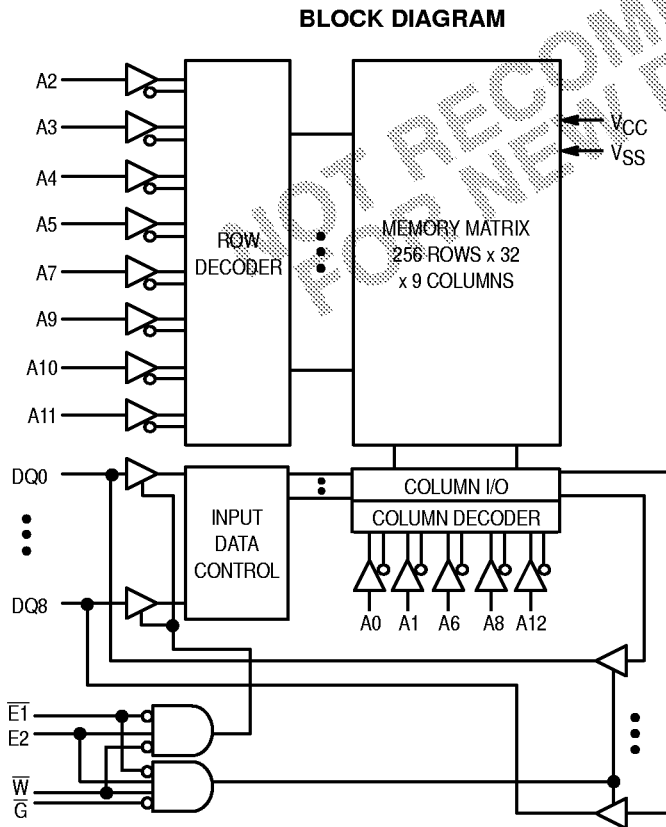
## MCM6265C



**P PACKAGE**  
300 MIL PLASTIC  
CASE 710B-01



**J PACKAGE**  
300 MIL SOJ  
CASE 810B-03



### PIN ASSIGNMENT

A8	1	28	VCC
A7	2	27	W
A6	3	26	E2
A5	4	25	A9
A4	5	24	A10
A3	6	23	A11
A2	7	22	G-bar
A1	8	21	A12
A0	9	20	E1-bar
DQ0	10	19	DQ8
DQ1	11	18	DQ7
DQ2	12	17	DQ6
DQ3	13	16	DQ5
VSS	14	15	DQ4

### PIN NAMES

A0 – A12	Address Input
DQ0 – DQ8	Data Input/Data Output
W	Write Enable
G	Output Enable
E1-bar, E2	Chip Enable
VCC	Power Supply (+ 5 V)
VSS	Ground

**TRUTH TABLE** (X = Don't Care)

$\overline{E1}$	E2	$\overline{G}$	$\overline{W}$	Mode	VCC Current	Output	Cycle
H	X	X	X	Not Selected	I <sub>SB1</sub> , I <sub>SB2</sub>	High-Z	—
X	L	X	X	Not Selected	I <sub>SB1</sub> , I <sub>SB2</sub>	High-Z	—
L	H	H	H	Output Disabled	I <sub>CCA</sub>	High-Z	—
L	H	L	H	Read	I <sub>CCA</sub>	D <sub>out</sub>	Read Cycle
L	H	X	L	Write	I <sub>CCA</sub>	High-Z	Write Cycle

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** (See Note)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	- 0.5 to + 7.0	V
Voltage Relative to V <sub>SS</sub> for Any Pin Except V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>in</sub> , V <sub>out</sub>	- 0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
Output Current	I <sub>out</sub>	± 20	mA
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	1.0	W
Temperature Under Bias	T <sub>bias</sub>	- 10 to + 85	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	0 to + 70	°C
Storage Temperature — Plastic	T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to + 125	°C

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS. Exposure to higher than recommended voltages for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to these high-impedance circuits.

This CMOS memory circuit has been designed to meet the dc and ac specifications shown in the tables, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and transverse air flow of at least 500 linear feet per minute is maintained.

**DC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ± 10%, T<sub>A</sub> = 0 to +70°C, Unless Otherwise Noted)

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage (Operating Voltage Range)	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	—	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3**	V
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	- 0.5*	—	0.8	V

\* V<sub>IL</sub> (min) = - 0.5 V dc; V<sub>IL</sub> (min) = - 2.0 V ac (pulse width ≤ 20 ns)

\*\* V<sub>IH</sub> (max) = V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V dc; V<sub>IH</sub> (max) = V<sub>CC</sub> + 2 V ac (pulse width ≤ 20 ns)

**DC CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current (All Inputs, V <sub>in</sub> = 0 to V <sub>CC</sub> )	I <sub>lkg(I)</sub>	—	± 1	μA
Output Leakage Current ( $\overline{E1} = V_{IH}$ , E2 = V <sub>IL</sub> , or $\overline{G} = V_{IH}$ , V <sub>out</sub> = 0 to V <sub>CC</sub> )	I <sub>lkg(O)</sub>	—	± 1	μA
Output Low Voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA)	V <sub>OL</sub>	—	0.4	V
Output High Voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = - 4.0 mA)	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	—	V

**POWER SUPPLY CURRENTS**

Parameter	Symbol	- 12	- 15	- 20	- 25	- 35	Unit
AC Active Supply Current (I <sub>out</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = Max, f = f <sub>max</sub> )	I <sub>CCA</sub>	150	140	130	120	110	mA
AC Standby Current ( $\overline{E1} = V_{IH}$ or E2 = V <sub>IL</sub> , V <sub>CC</sub> = Max, f = f <sub>max</sub> )	I <sub>SB1</sub>	45	40	35	30	30	mA
Standby Current ( $\overline{E1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or E2 ≤ V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.2 V, V <sub>in</sub> ≤ V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.2 V or ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2 V)	I <sub>SB2</sub>	20	20	20	20	20	mA

**CAPACITANCE** (f = 1 MHz, dV = 3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, Periodically Sampled Rather Than 100% Tested)

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit
Address Input Capacitance	C <sub>in</sub>	6	pF
Control Pin Input Capacitance ( $\overline{E1}$ , E2, $\overline{G}$ , $\overline{W}$ )	C <sub>in</sub>	6	pF
I/O Capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	7	pF

## AC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

( $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $T_A = 0 \text{ to } +70^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Noted)

Input Timing Measurement Reference Level ..... 1.5 V  
 Input Pulse Levels ..... 0 to 3.0 V  
 Input Rise/Fall Time ..... 5 ns

Output Timing Measurement Reference Level ..... 1.5 V  
 Output Load ..... See Figure 1A Unless Otherwise Noted

### READ CYCLE (See Notes 1 and 2)

Parameter	Symbol	- 12		- 15		- 20		- 25		- 35		Unit	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Read Cycle Time	$t_{AVAV}$	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	35	—	ns	3
Address Access Time	$t_{AVQV}$	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	35	ns	
Enable Access Time	$t_{ELQV}$	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	35	ns	4
Output Enable Access Time	$t_{GLQV}$	—	6	—	8	—	10	—	11	—	12	ns	
Output Hold from Address Change	$t_{AXQX}$	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	ns	
Enable Low to Output Active	$t_{ELQX}$	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	ns	5,6,7
Enable High to Output High-Z	$t_{EHQZ}$	0	6	0	8	0	9	0	10	0	11	ns	5,6,7
Output Enable Low to Output Active	$t_{GLQX}$	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	5,6,7
Output Enable High to Output High-Z	$t_{GHQZ}$	0	6	0	7	0	8	0	9	0	10	ns	5,6,7
Power Up Time	$t_{ELICCH}$	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	
Power Down Time	$t_{EHICCL}$	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	35	ns	

#### NOTES:

1.  $\bar{W}$  is high for read cycle.
2.  $\bar{E}1$  and  $E2$  are represented by  $\bar{E}$  in this data sheet.  $E2$  is of opposite polarity to  $\bar{E}$ .
3. All timings are referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.
4. Addresses valid prior to or coincident with  $\bar{E}$  going low.
5. At any given voltage and temperature,  $t_{EHQZ}$  (max) is less than  $t_{ELQX}$  (min), and  $t_{GHQZ}$  (max) is less than  $t_{GLQX}$  (min), both for a given device and from device to device.
6. Transition is measured  $\pm 500 \text{ mV}$  from steady-state voltage with load of Figure 1B.
7. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
8. Device is continuously selected ( $\bar{E}1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $E2 = V_{IH}$ ,  $\bar{G} = V_{IL}$ ).

### AC TEST LOADS

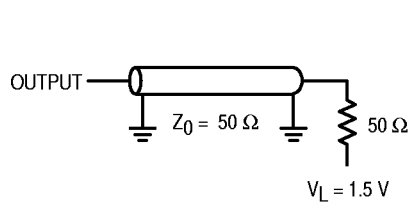


Figure 1A

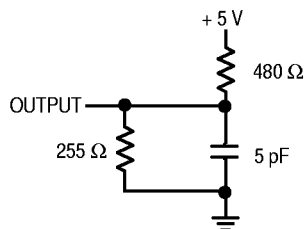
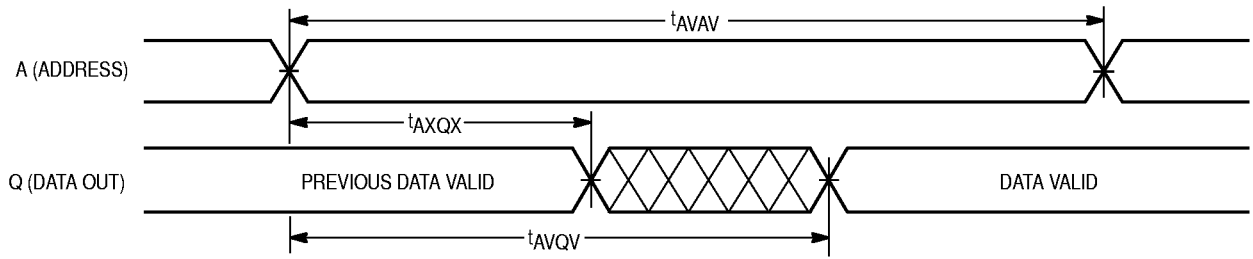


Figure 1B

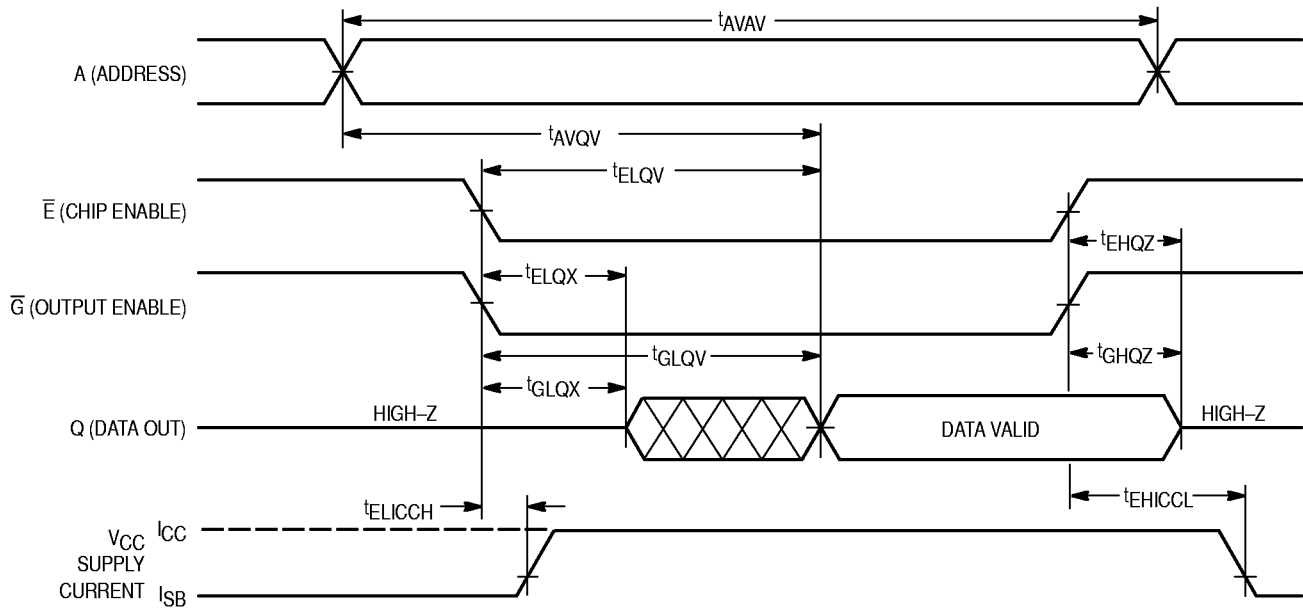
### TIMING LIMITS

The table of timing values shows either a minimum or a maximum limit for each parameter. Input requirements are specified from the external system point of view. Thus, address setup time is shown as a minimum since the system must supply at least that much time (even though most devices do not require it). On the other hand, responses from the memory are specified from the device point of view. Thus, the access time is shown as a maximum since the device never provides data later than that time.

**READ CYCLE 1 (See Note 8)**



**READ CYCLE 2 (See Note 4)**



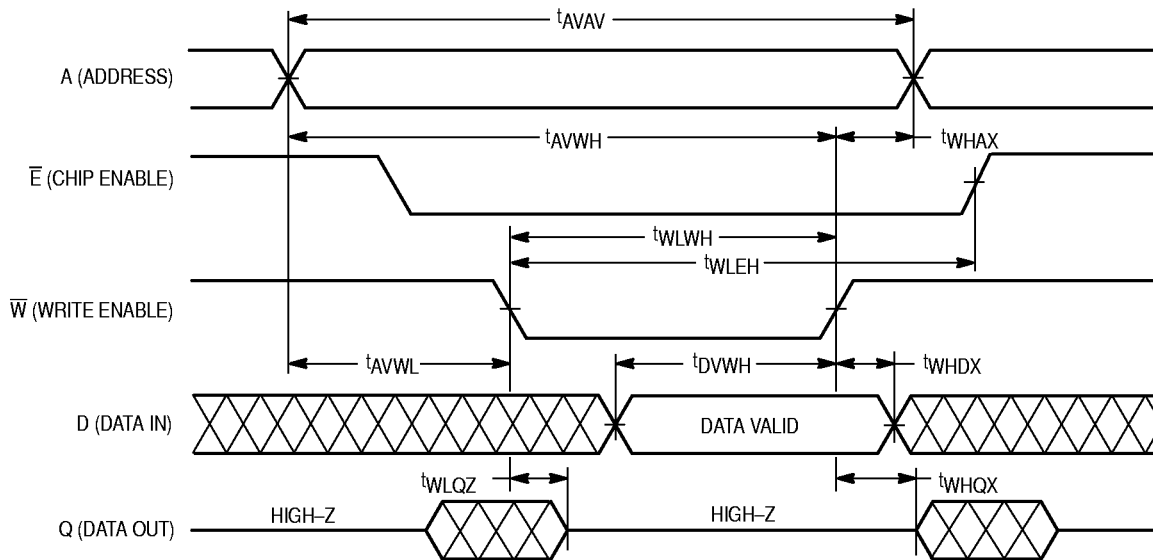
**WRITE CYCLE 1** ( $\overline{W}$  Controlled, See Notes 1, 2, and 3)

Parameter	Symbol	- 12		- 15		- 20		- 25		- 35		Unit	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Write Cycle Time	$t_{AVAV}$	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	35	—	ns	4
Address Setup Time	$t_{AVWL}$	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	
Address Valid to End of Write	$t_{AVWH}$	10	—	12	—	15	—	17	—	20	—	ns	
Write Pulse Width	$t_{WLWH}$ , $t_{WLEH}$	10	—	12	—	15	—	17	—	20	—	ns	
Write Pulse Width, $\overline{G}$ High	$t_{WLWH}$ , $t_{WLEH}$	8	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	17	—	ns	5
Data Valid to End of Write	$t_{DVWH}$	6	—	7	—	8	—	10	—	12	—	ns	
Data Hold Time	$t_{WHDX}$	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	
Write Low to Output High-Z	$t_{WLQZ}$	0	6	0	7	0	8	0	10	0	12	ns	6, 7, 8
Write High to Output Active	$t_{WHQX}$	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	4	—	ns	6, 7, 8
Write Recovery Time	$t_{WHAX}$	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	

**NOTES:**

1. A write occurs during the overlap of  $\overline{E}$  low and  $\overline{W}$  low.
2.  $\overline{E1}$  and  $E2$  are represented by  $\overline{E}$  in this data sheet.  $E2$  is of opposite polarity to  $\overline{E}$ .
3. If  $\overline{G}$  goes low coincident with or after  $\overline{W}$  goes low, the output will remain in a high impedance state.
4. All timings are referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.
5. If  $\overline{G} \geq V_{IH}$ , the output will remain in a high impedance state.
6. At any given voltage and temperature,  $t_{WLQZ}$  (max) is less than  $t_{WHQX}$  (min), both for a given device and from device to device.
7. Transition is measured  $\pm 500$  mV from steady-state voltage with load of Figure 1B.
8. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

**WRITE CYCLE 1** ( $\overline{W}$  Controlled, See Notes 1, 2, and 3)



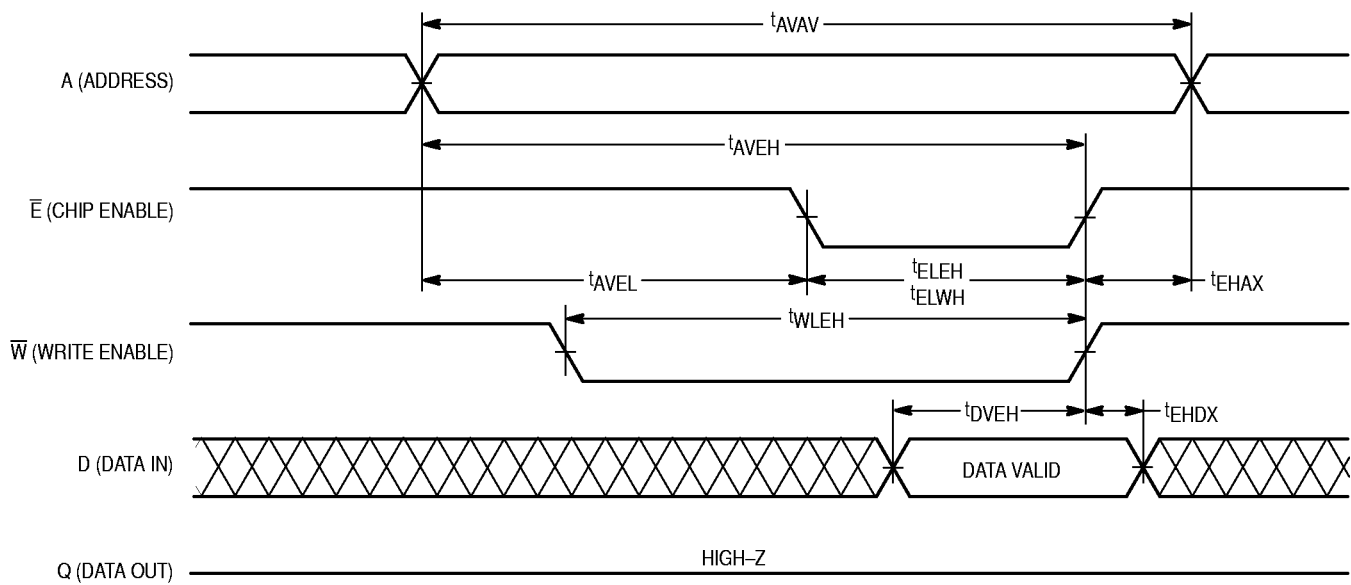
**WRITE CYCLE 2** ( $\bar{E}$  Controlled, See Notes 1 and 2)

Parameter	Symbol	- 12		- 15		- 20		- 25		- 35		Unit	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Write Cycle Time	$t_{AVAV}$	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	35	—	ns	3
Address Setup Time	$t_{AVEL}$	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	
Address Valid to End of Write	$t_{AVEH}$	12	—	12	—	15	—	20	—	25	—	ns	
Enable to End of Write	$t_{ELEH}$ , $t_{ELWH}$	10	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	25	—	ns	4, 5
Write Pulse Width	$t_{WLEH}$	10	—	12	—	15	—	17	—	20	—	ns	
Data Valid to End of Write	$t_{DVEH}$	7	—	7	—	8	—	10	—	15	—	ns	
Data Hold Time	$t_{EHDX}$	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	
Write Recovery Time	$t_{EHAX}$	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	

NOTES:

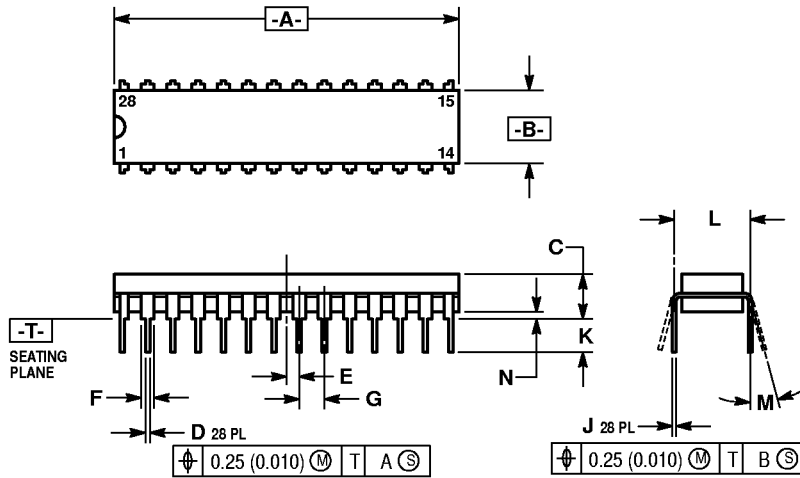
1. A write occurs during the overlap of  $\bar{E}$  low and  $\bar{W}$  low.
2.  $\bar{E}1$  and  $E2$  are represented by  $\bar{E}$  in this data sheet.  $E2$  is of opposite polarity to  $\bar{E}$ .
3. All timings are referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.
4. If  $\bar{E}$  goes low coincident with or after  $\bar{W}$  goes low, the output will remain in a high impedance state.
5. If  $\bar{E}$  goes high coincident with or before  $\bar{W}$  goes high, the output will remain in a high impedance state.

**WRITE CYCLE 2** ( $\bar{E}$  Controlled, See Notes 1 and 2)



## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

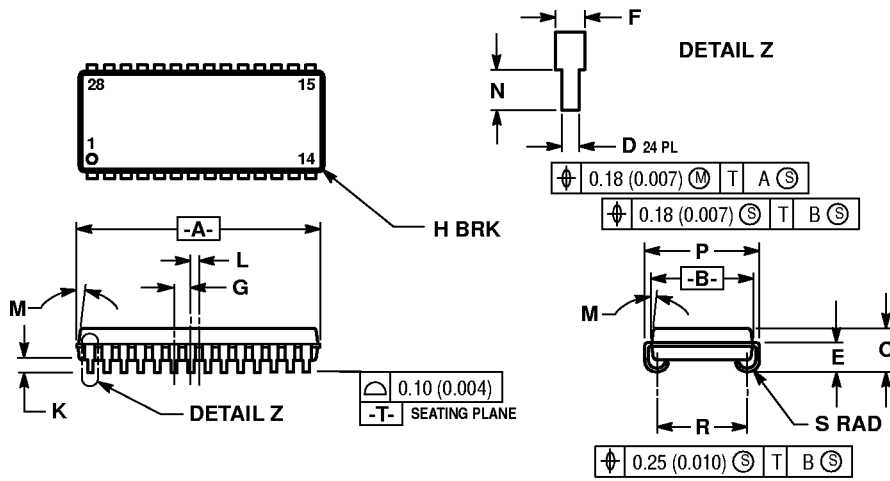
### 28 LEAD 300 MIL PDIP CASE 710B-01



- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
  3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
  4. DIMENSION A AND B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MAXIMUM MOLD FLASH 0.25 (0.010).

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	34.55	34.79	1.360	1.370
B	7.12	7.62	0.280	0.300
C	3.81	4.57	0.150	0.180
D	0.39	0.53	0.015	0.021
E	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
F	1.15	1.39	0.045	0.055
G	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
J	0.21	0.30	0.008	0.012
K	3.18	3.42	0.125	0.135
L	7.62 BSC		0.300 BSC	
M	0°	15°	0°	15°
N	0.51	1.01	0.020	0.040

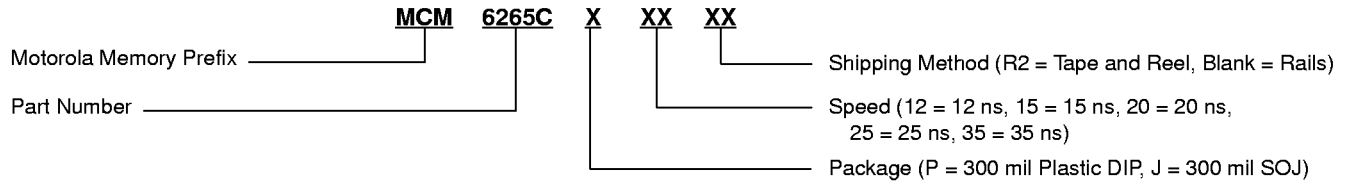
### 28 LEAD 300 MIL SOJ CASE 810B-03




- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. DIMENSION A & B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. MOLD PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
  3. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
  4. DIM R TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM-T.
  5. 810B-01 AND -02 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 810B-03.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	18.29	18.54	0.720	0.730
B	7.50	7.74	0.295	0.305
C	3.26	3.75	0.128	0.148
D	0.39	0.50	0.015	0.020
E	2.24	2.48	0.088	0.098
F	0.67	0.81	0.026	0.032
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	—	0.50	—	0.020
K	0.89	1.14	0.035	0.045
L	0.64 BSC		0.025 BSC	
M	0°	10°	0°	10°
N	0.76	1.14	0.030	0.045
P	8.38	8.64	0.330	0.340
R	6.60	6.86	0.260	0.270
S	0.77	1.01	0.030	0.040

**ORDERING INFORMATION**  
(Order by Full Part Number)



Full Part Numbers —	MCM6265CP12	MCM6265CJ12	MCM6265CJ12R2
	MCM6265CP15	MCM6265CJ15	MCM6265CJ15R2
	MCM6265CP20	MCM6265CJ20	MCM6265CJ20R2
	MCM6265CP25	MCM6265CJ25	MCM6265CJ25R2
	MCM6265CP35	MCM6265CJ35	MCM6265CJ35R2

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