



2.5V 16-Bit Edge Triggered D-Type Flip-Flop with 3-State Outputs

**Product Features**

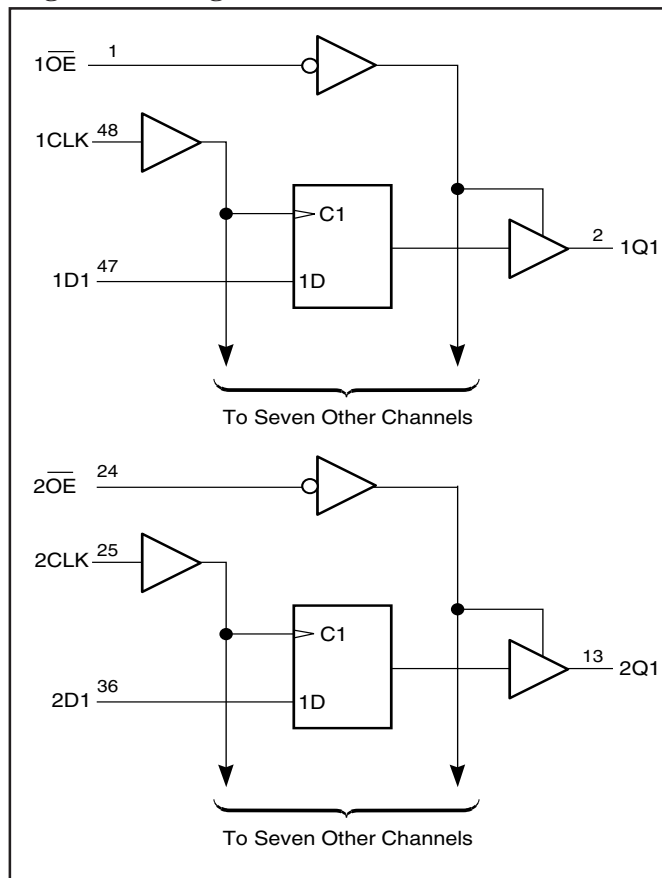
- PI74AVC+16374 is designed for low-voltage operation,  $V_{CC} = 1.65V$  to  $3.6V$
- True  $\pm 24mA$  Balanced Drive @  $3.3V$
- Compatible with Philips and T.I. AVC Logic family
- $I_{OFF}$  supports partial power-down operation
- $3.6V$  I/O Tolerant inputs and outputs
- All outputs contain a patented DDC (Dynamic DriveControl) circuit that reduces noise without degrading propagation delay.
- Industrial operation at  $-40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$
- Packaging (Pb-free & Green available):
  - 48-pin 240-mil wide plastic TSSOP (A)
  - 48-pin 173-mil wide plastic TVSOP (K)

**Product Description**

The PI74ALVCH16374 is particularly suitable for implementing buffer registers, I/O ports, bidirectional bus drivers, and working registers. This device can be used as two 8-bit flip-flops or one 16-bit flip-flop. On the positive transition of the Clock (CLK) input, the Q outputs of the flip-flop take on the logic levels set up at the data (D) inputs.  $\overline{OE}$  can be used to place the eight outputs in either a normal logic state (high or low logic levels) or a high-impedance state. In that state, the outputs neither load nor drive the bus lines significantly. The high-impedance state and the increased drive provide the capability to drive bus lines without need for interface or pullup components.  $\overline{OE}$  does not affect internal operations of the flip-flop. Old data can be retained or new data can be entered while the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

**Logic Block Diagram**



**Maximum Ratings** (Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

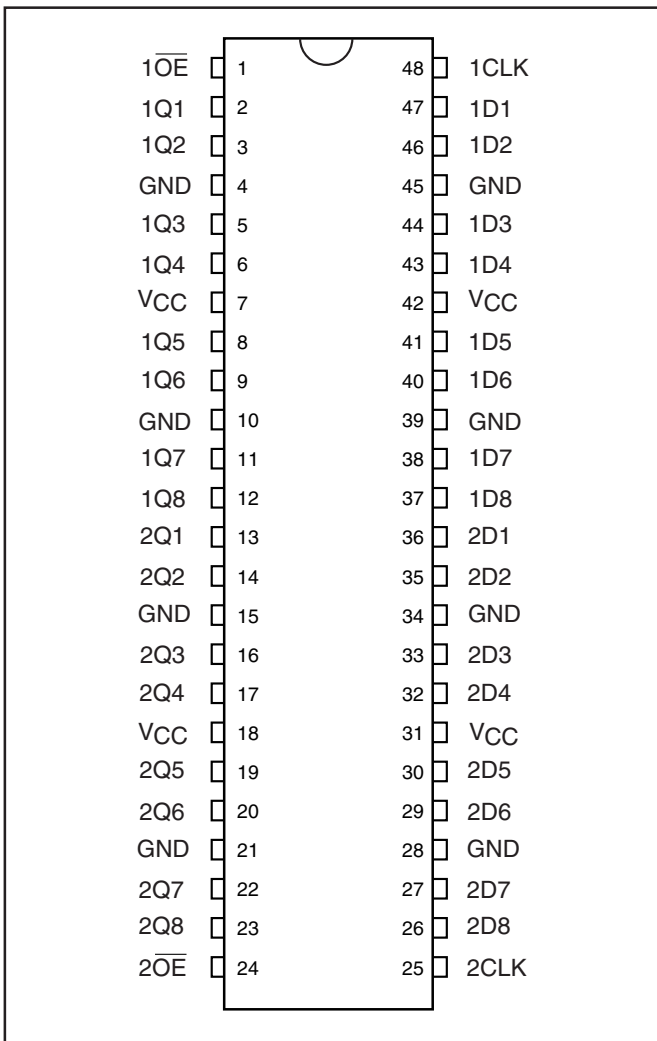
Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ .....	-0.5V to +4.6V
Input voltage range, $V_I$ .....	-0.5V to +4.6V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state, $V_O^{(1)}$ .....	-0.5V to +4.6V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state, $V_O^{(1,2)}$ .....	-0.5V to $V_{CC}+0.5V$
Input clamp current, $I_{IK} (V_I < 0)$ .....	-50mA
Output clamp current, $I_{OK} (V_O < 0)$ .....	-50mA
Continuous output current, $I_O$ .....	$\pm 50mA$
Continuous current through each $V_{CC}$ or GND .....	$\pm 100mA$
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}^{(3)}$ : package A .....	64°C/W
package K .....	48°C/W
Storage Temperature range, $T_{stg}$ .....	-65°C to 150°C

**Notes:**

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

1. Input & output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current rating are observed.
2. Output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6V maximum if the output current rating is observed.
3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

**Product Pin Configuration**



**Product Pin Description**

Pin Name	Description
$\overline{OE}$	3-State Output Enable Inputs (Active LOW)
CLK	Clock Input (Active HIGH)
Dx	Data Inputs
Qx	3-State Outputs
GND	Ground
VCC	Power

**Truth Table<sup>(1)</sup>**

Inputs			Outputs
$\overline{OE}$	CLK	D	Q
L	↑	H	H
L	↑	L	L
L	H or L	X	Q <sub>0</sub>
H	X	X	Z

**Notes:**

1. H = High Signal Level  
 L = Low Signal Level  
 X = Don't Care or Irrelevant  
 Z = High Impedance



**Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>**

		Min.	Max.	Units
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage	Operating	1.4	3.6	V
	Data retention only	1.2		
V <sub>IH</sub> High-level Input Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V	V <sub>CC</sub>		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4V to 1.6V	0.65 x V <sub>CC</sub>		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V to 1.95V	0.65 x V <sub>CC</sub>		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V to 2.7V	1.7		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V to 3.6V	2		
V <sub>IL</sub> Low-level Input Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V		GND	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4V to 1.6V		0.35 x V <sub>CC</sub>	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V to 1.95V		0.35 x V <sub>CC</sub>	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V to 2.7V		0.7	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V to 3.6V		0.8	
V <sub>I</sub> Input Voltage		0	3.6	
V <sub>O</sub> Output Voltage	Active State	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	
	3-State	0	3.6	
I <sub>OHS</sub> High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4V to 1.6V		-4	mA
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V to 1.95V		-6	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V to 2.7V		-12	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V to 3.6V		-24	
I <sub>OLS</sub> Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4V to 1.6V		4	mA
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V to 1.95V		6	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V to 2.7V		12	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V to 3.6V		24	
ΔtΔv Input transition rise or fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4V to 3.6V		5	ns/V
T <sub>A</sub> Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C

**Notes:**

1. All unused inputs must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation.

**DC Electrical Characteristics** (Over the Operating Range,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} + 85^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameters		Test Conditions <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100μA		1.4V to 3.6V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V			V
	I <sub>OHS</sub> = -4mA	V <sub>IH</sub> = 0.91V	1.4V	1.05			
	I <sub>OHS</sub> = -6mA	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.07V	1.65V	1.2			
	I <sub>OHS</sub> = -12mA	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.7V	2.3V	1.75			
	I <sub>OHS</sub> = -24mA	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2V	3V	2.0			
V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OLS</sub> = 100μA		1.4V to 3.6V			0.2	V
	I <sub>OLS</sub> = 4mA	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.49V	1.4V			0.4	
	I <sub>OLS</sub> = 6mA	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.57V	1.65V			0.45	
	I <sub>OLS</sub> = 12mA	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.7V	2.3V			0.55	
	I <sub>OLS</sub> = 24mA	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8V	3V			0.8	
I <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		3.6V			±2.5	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 3.6V		0			±10	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		3.6V			±10	
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND    I <sub>O</sub> = 0		3.6V			40	
C <sub>I</sub>	Control Inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.5V		3.5		pF
			3.3V		3.5		
	Data Inputs		2.5V		6		
			3.3V		6		
C <sub>O</sub>	Outputs	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.5V		6.5		
			3.3V		6.5		

**Notes:**

1. Typical values are measured at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

### Timing Requirements

(Over recommended operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted, see Figures 1 thru 4)

	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5V ± 0.1V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V ± 0.15V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V ± 0.2V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V ± 0.3V		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
f <sub>clock</sub> Clock frequency						160		200		200	ns
t <sub>w</sub> Pulse duration, CLK high or low					3.1		2.5		2.5		
t <sub>su</sub> Setup time, data before CLK↑	4.1		2.7		1.9		1.4		1.4		
t <sub>h</sub> Hold time, data after CLK↑	1.7		1.3		1.2		1.1		1.1		

### Switching Characteristics

(Over recommended operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted, see Figures 1 thru 4)

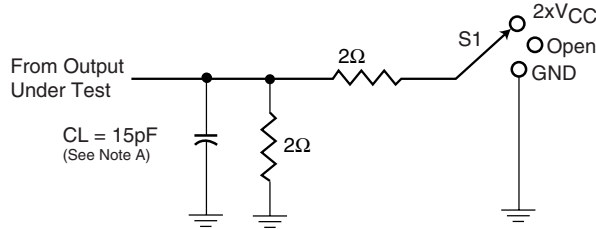
Parameters	From (Input)	To (Output)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5V ± 0.1V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V ± 0.15V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V ± 0.2V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V ± 0.3V		Units
			Typ.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
f <sub>max</sub>						160		200		200			ns
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	Q	7.3	1.5	8.4	1.2	6.7	0.8	4.1	0.7	3.3		
t <sub>en</sub>	$\overline{OE}$	Q	7.4	1.6	8.5	1.6	6.7	0.9	4.3	0.7	3.4		
t <sub>ds</sub>	$\overline{OE}$	Q	8.4	2.5	9.4	2.3	7.8	1	4.2	1.5	3.9		

### Operating Characteristics, T<sub>A</sub>=25°C

Parameters		Test Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V ±0.15V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V ±0.2V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V ±0.3V	Units
			Typical	Typical	Typical	
C <sub>pd</sub> Power Dissipation Capacitance	Outputs Enabled	C <sub>L</sub> = 0pF, f = 10 MHz 2 outputs switching	74	81	89	pF
	Outputs Disabled		52	57	63	

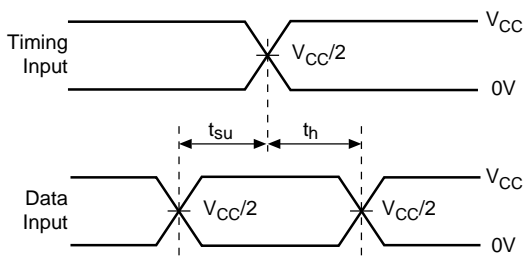
**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**

$V_{CC} = 1.2V \text{ and } 1.5V \pm 0.1V$

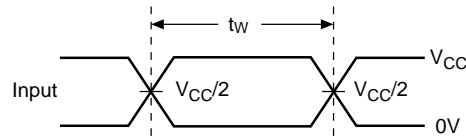


**Load Circuit**

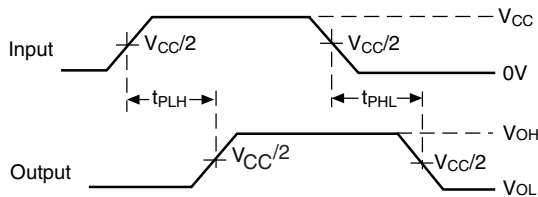
Test	S1
$t_{pd}$ $t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$ $t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	Open $2 \times V_{CC}$ GND



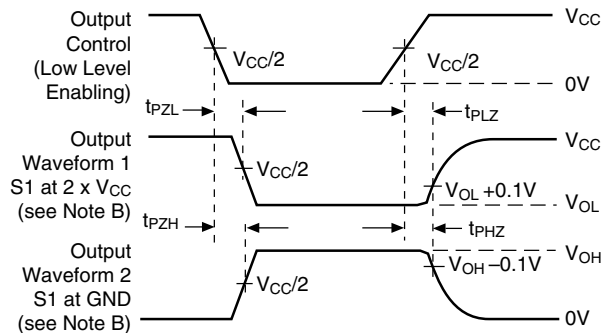
**Voltage Waveforms  
Setup and Hold Times**



**Voltage Waveforms  
Pulse Duration**



**Voltage Waveforms  
Propagation Delay Times**



**Voltage Waveforms  
Enable and Disable Times**

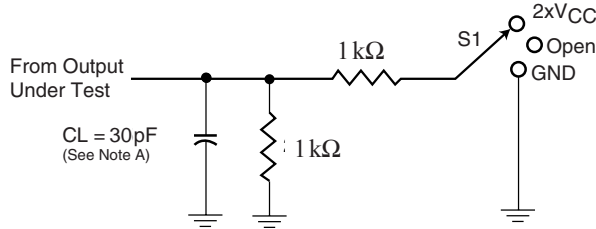
**Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

**Notes:**

- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control.  
Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- All input impulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_R \leq 2.0ns$ ,  $t_F \leq 2.0ns$ .
- The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$
- $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$
- $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$

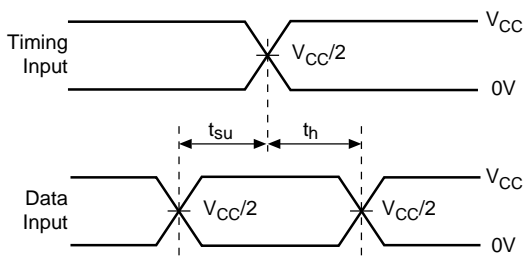
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V ±0.15V

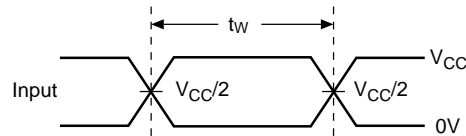


Load Circuit

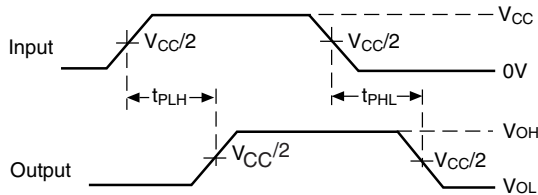
Test	S1
t <sub>pd</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	Open 2 x V <sub>CC</sub> GND



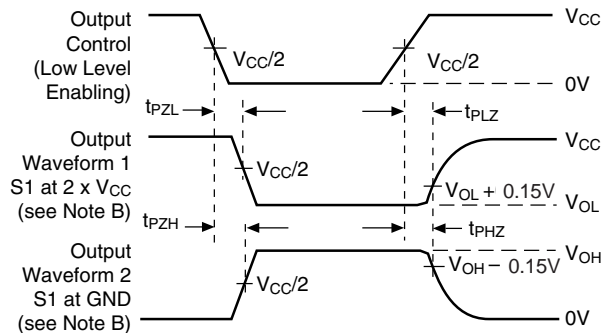
Voltage Waveforms  
Setup and Hold Times



Voltage Waveforms  
Pulse Duration



Voltage Waveforms  
Propagation Delay Times



Voltage Waveforms  
Enable and Disable Times

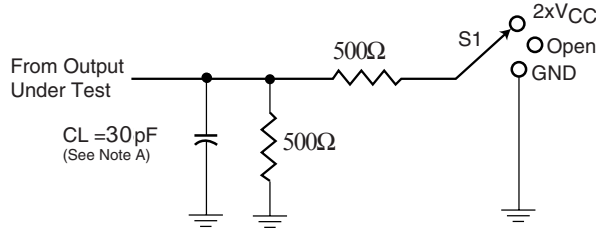
Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

Notes:

- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- All input impulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50Ω, t<sub>R</sub> ≤ 2.0ns, t<sub>F</sub> ≤ 2.0ns.
- The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- t<sub>PLZ</sub> and t<sub>PHZ</sub> are the same as t<sub>dis</sub>
- t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PZH</sub> are the same as t<sub>en</sub>
- t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub> are the same as t<sub>pd</sub>

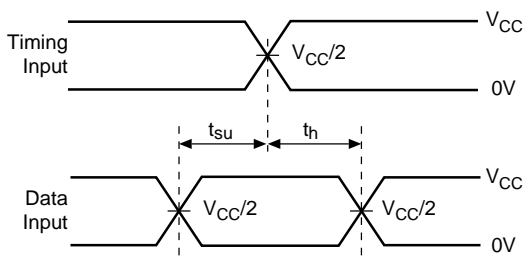
**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**

$V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$

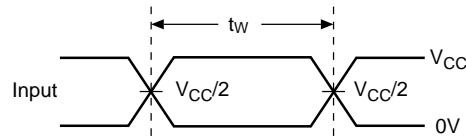


**Load Circuit**

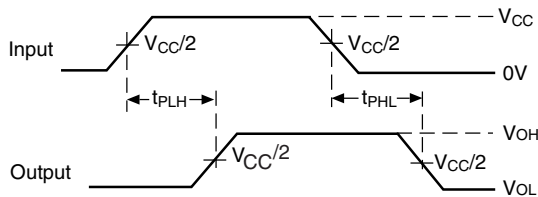
Test	S1
$t_{pd}$ $t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$ $t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	Open $2 \times V_{CC}$ GND



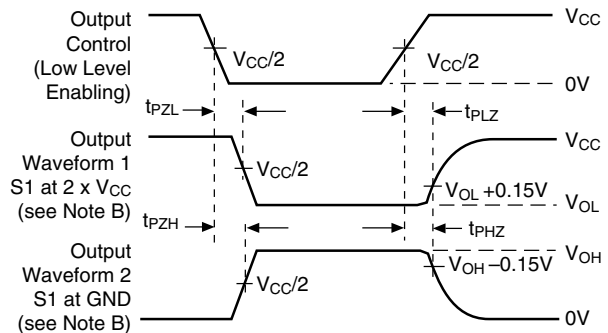
**Voltage Waveforms  
Setup and Hold Times**



**Voltage Waveforms  
Pulse Duration**



**Voltage Waveforms  
Propagation Delay Times**



**Voltage Waveforms  
Enable and Disable Times**

**Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

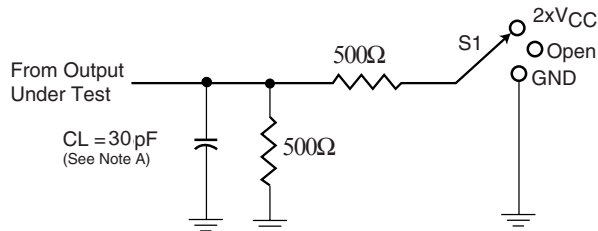
**Notes:**

- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- All input impulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_R \leq 2.0\text{ns}$ ,  $t_F \leq 2.0\text{ns}$ .
- The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$
- $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$
- $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$



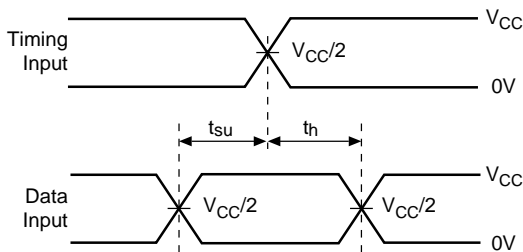
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

$V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$

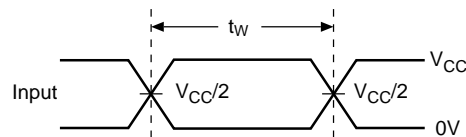


Load Circuit

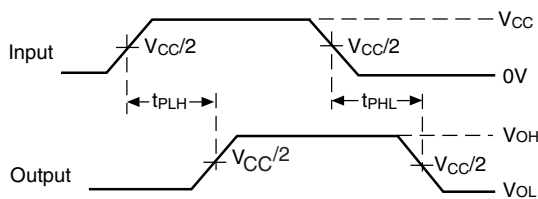
Test	S1
$t_{pd}$ $t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$ $t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	Open $2 \times V_{CC}$ GND



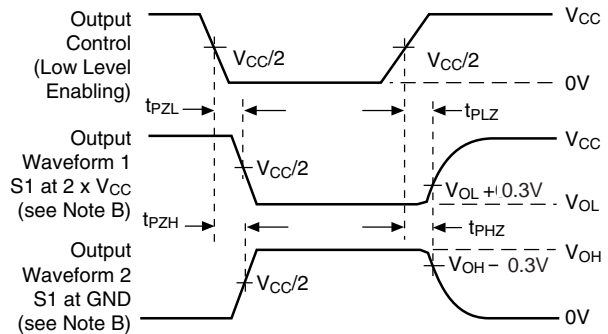
Voltage Waveforms  
Setup and Hold Times



Voltage Waveforms  
Pulse Duration



Voltage Waveforms  
Propagation Delay Times



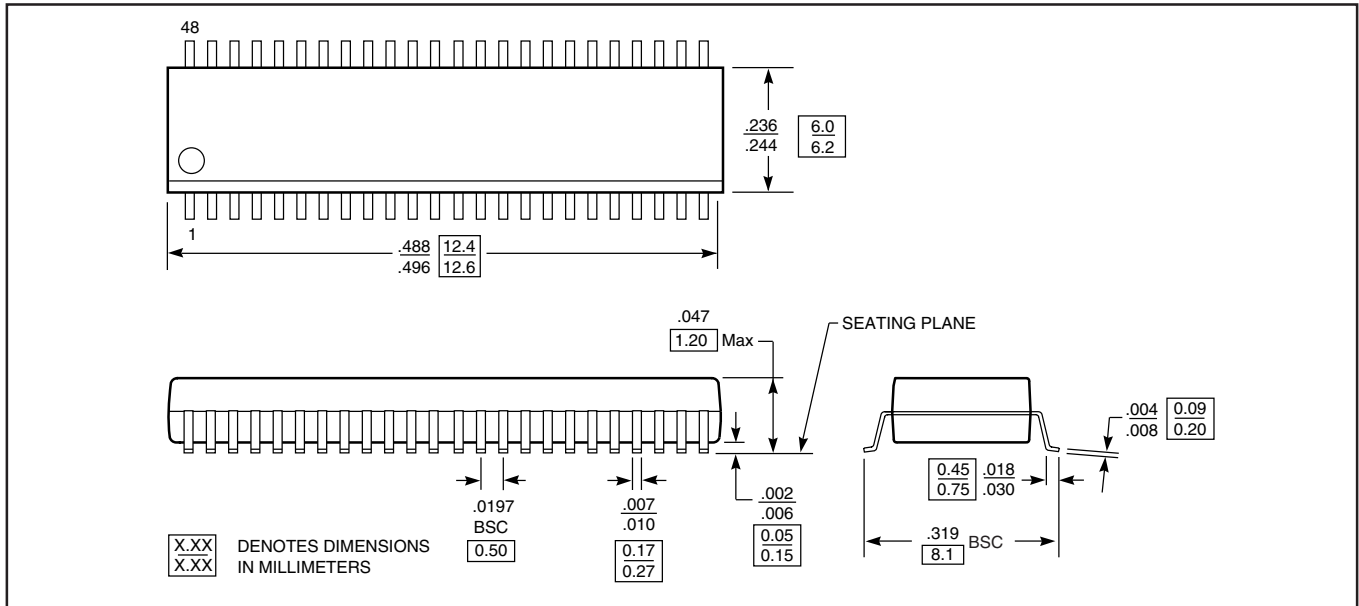
Voltage Waveforms  
Enable and Disable Times

Figure 4. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

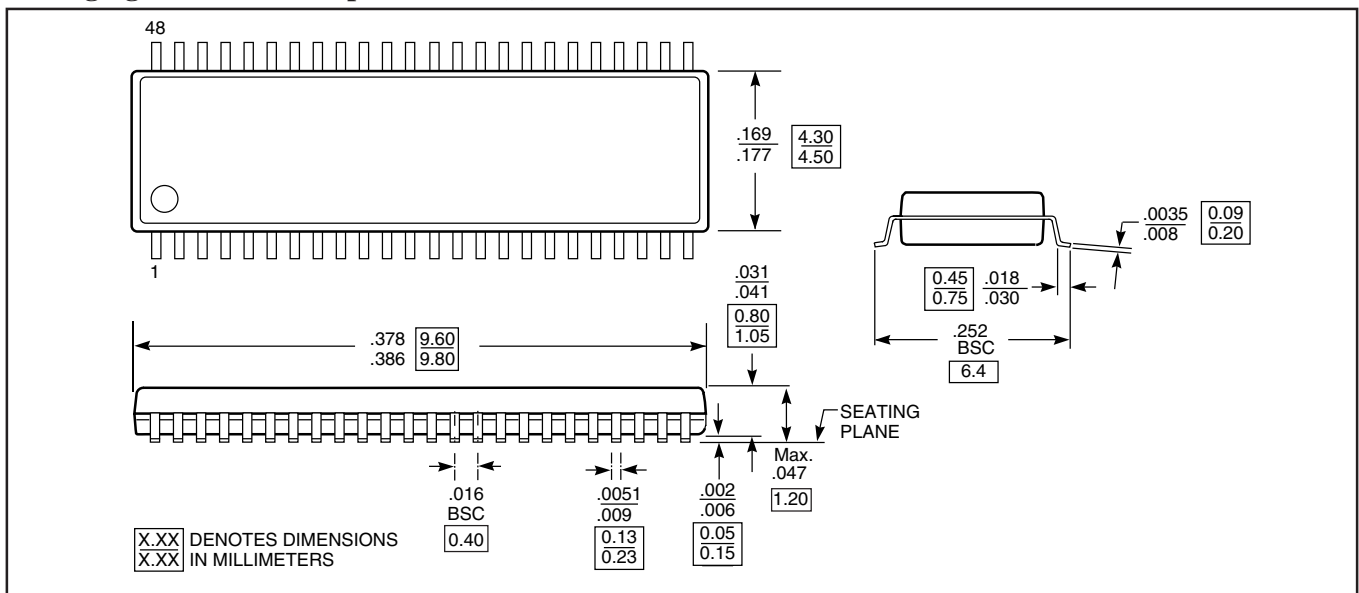
Notes:

- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- All input impulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_R \leq 2.0\text{ns}$ ,  $t_F \leq 2.0\text{ns}$ .
- The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$
- $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$
- $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$

Packaging Mechanical: 48-pin TSSOP (A)



Packaging Mechanical: 48-pin TVSOP (K)





**Ordering Information**

Ordering Code	Package Type	Package Description
PI74ALC+16374A	A	56-pin, 240 mil wide plastic TSSOP
PI74ALC+16374AE	A	Pb-free & Green, 56-pin, 240 mil wide plastic TSSOP
PI74ALC+16374K	K	56-pin, 173mil wide plastic TSVOP
PI74ALC+16374KE	K	Pb-free & Green, 56-pin, 173 mil wide plastic TVSOP

**Notes:**

- Thermal characteristics can be found on the company web site at [www.pericom.com/packaging/](http://www.pericom.com/packaging/)
- E = Pb-free & Green
- Adding an X suffix = Tape/Reel