

2-Ampere Silicon P-N-P Power Transistors

Complementary to the D40E Series

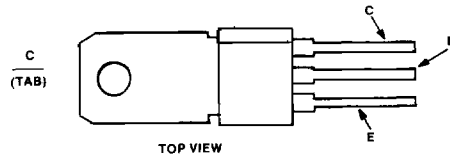
Features:

- High free-air power dissipation
- Low collector saturation voltage (-0.5V typ. @ -1A I_C)
- Excellent linearity
- Fast switching

The D41E-series of silicon p-n-p power transistors are designed for various specific and general purpose applications, such as: output and driver stages of amplifiers operating at frequencies from DC to greater than 1 MHz; series, shunt and switching regulators; and low and high frequency inverters/converters.

These devices are supplied in the JEDEC TO-202AB plastic package.

TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS



92CS-43222

JEDEC TO-202AB

MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25° C) (unless otherwise specified)

RATING	SYMBOL	D41E1	D41E5	D41E7	UNITS
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V _{CEO}	-30	-60	-80	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V _{CES}	-45	-70	-90	Volts
Emitter Base Voltage	V _{EBO}	-5	-5	-5	Volts
Collector Current — Continuous	I _C	-2	-2	-2	A
Peak ⁽¹⁾	I _{CM}	-3	-3	-3	
Base Current — Continuous	I _B	-1	-1	-1	A
Total Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25° C @ T _C = 25° C	P _D	1.33 8	1.33 8	1.33 8	Watts
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	R _{θJA}	75	75	75	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R _{θJC}	15.6	15.6	15.6	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds	T _L	+260	+260	+260	°C

(1) Pulse Test Pulse Width = 300ms Duty Cycle ≤ 2%.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$) (unless otherwise specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
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OFF CHARACTERISTICS⁽¹⁾

Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage ($I_C = -10\text{mA}$)	D41E1 D41E5 D41E7	$V_{CE(sus)}$	-30 -60 -80	— — —	— — —	Volts
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = \text{Rated } V_{CES}$)		I_{CES}	—	—	-0.1	μA
Emitter Cutoff Current ($V_{EB} = -5\text{V}$)		I_{EBO}	—	—	-0.1	μA

SECOND BREAKDOWN

Second Breakdown with Base Forward Biased	FBSOA	SEE FIGURE 1
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ON CHARACTERISTICS⁽¹⁾

DC Current Gain ($I_C = -100\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = -2\text{V}$) ($I_C = -1\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = -2\text{V}$)	h_{FE} h_{FE}	50 10	— —	— —	— —
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = -1.0\text{A}$, $I_B = -0.1\text{A}$)	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	—	-1.0	Volts
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = -1.0\text{mA}$, $I_B = 0.1\text{A}$)	$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	—	-1.3	Volts

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Collector Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 10\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$)	C_{CBO}	—	13	—	μF
Current-Gain Bandwidth Product ($I_C = -100\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$)	f_T	—	175	—	MHz

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Resistive Load						
Delay Time + Rise Time	$I_C = -1\text{A}$, $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = -0.1\text{A}$	$t_d + t_r$	—	180	—	nS
Storage Time		t_s	—	250	—	
Fall Time	$V_{CC} = -30\text{V}$, $t_p = 25 \mu\text{sec}$	t_f	—	110	—	

(1) Pulse Test PW = 300ms Duty Cycle \leq 2%.

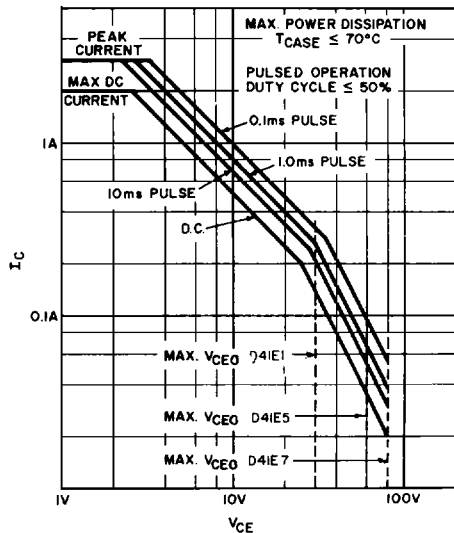


FIG. 1 SAFE REGION OF OPERATION

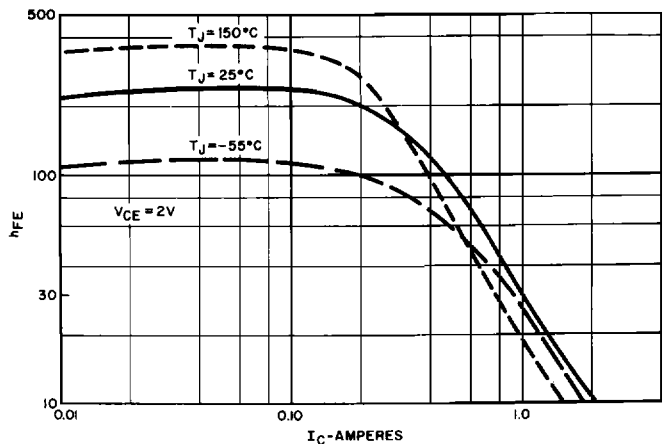


FIG. 2 TYPICAL h_{FE} VS I_C

D41E Series

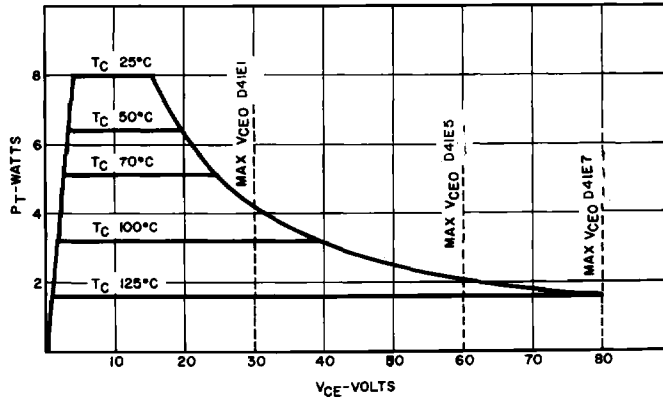


FIG. 3 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE DC POWER DISSIPATION

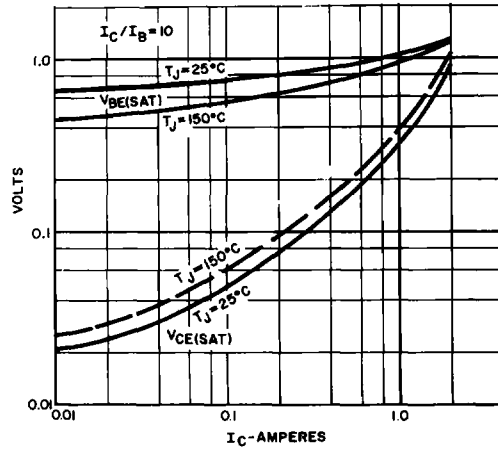


FIG. 4 TYPICAL SATURATION VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS

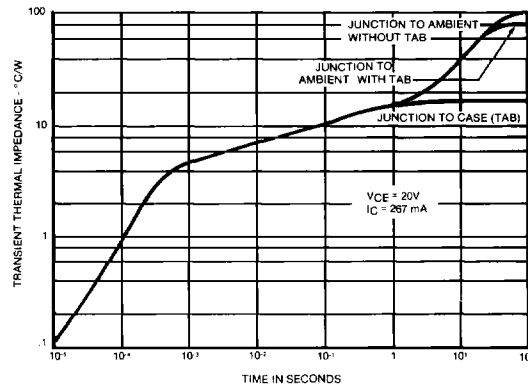


FIG. 5 MAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE