

CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A

1K/2K/4K/16K-Bit Serial E²PROM

FEATURES

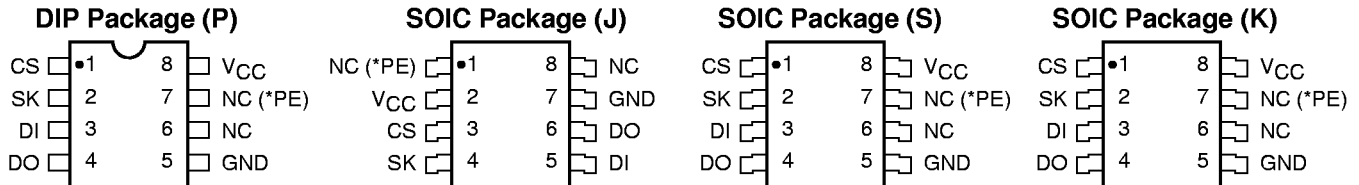
- High Speed Operation: 1MHz
- Low Power CMOS Technology
- Wide Operating Voltage Range
 - $V_{cc} = 4.5V$ to $5.5V$
 - $V_{cc} = 2.7V$ to $6.0V$
 - $V_{cc} = 2.5V$ to $6.0V$
 - $V_{cc} = 1.8V$ to $6.0V$
- Self-Timed Write Cycle with Auto-Clear
- Hardware and Software Write Protection
- Power-Up Inadvertant Write Protection
- 1,000,000 Program/Erase Cycles
- 100 Year Data Retention
- Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges
- x16 Serial Memory

DESCRIPTION

The CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A is a 1K/2K/4K/16K-bit Serial E²PROM memory devices which are configured as registers of 16-bits. Each register can be written (or read) serially by using the DI (or DO) pin. The CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A are manufactured using

Catalyst's advanced CMOS E²PROM floating gate technology. The devices are designed to endure 1,000,000 program/erase cycles and have a data retention of 100 years. The devices are available in 8-pin DIP or SOIC packages.

PIN CONFIGURATION



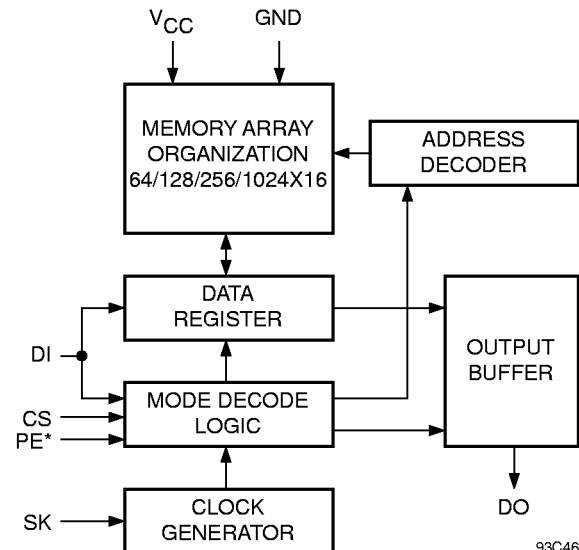
*PE (only for 93C86A)

93CXXA F01

PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin Name	Function
CS	Chip Select
SK	Clock Input
DI	Serial Data Input
DO	Serial Data Output
V _{CC}	+1.8V to 6.0V Power Supply
GND	Ground
PE*	Program Enable
NC	No Connect

BLOCK DIAGRAM



93C46/56/66 F02

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Temperature Under Bias -55°C to +125°C
 Storage Temperature -65°C to +150°C
 Voltage on any Pin with
 Respect to Ground⁽¹⁾ -2.0V to +V_{CC} +2.0V
 V_{CC} with Respect to Ground -2.0V to +7.0V
 Package Power Dissipation
 Capability (Ta = 25°C) 1.0W
 Lead Soldering Temperature (10 secs) 300°C
 Output Short Circuit Current⁽²⁾ 100 mA

***COMMENT**

Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside of those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to any absolute maximum rating for extended periods may affect device performance and reliability.

RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	Reference Test Method
N _{END} ⁽³⁾	Endurance	1,000,000		Cycles/Byte	MIL-STD-883, Test Method 1033
T _{DR} ⁽³⁾	Data Retention	100		Years	MIL-STD-883, Test Method 1008
V _{ZAP} ⁽³⁾	ESD Susceptibility	2000		Volts	MIL-STD-883, Test Method 3015
I _{LTH} ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	Latch-Up	100		mA	JEDEC Standard 17

D.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

V_{CC} = +1.8V to +6.0V, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Limits			Units	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
I _{CC}	Power Supply Current (Operating)			3	mA	DI = 0.0V, f _{SK} = 1MHz V _{CC} = 5.0V, CS = 5.0V, Output Open
I _{SB}	Power Supply Current (Standby)			50	µA	CS = 0V
I _{LI}	Input Leakage Current			2	µA	
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current			10	µA	V _{OUT} = 0V to V _{CC} , CS = 0V
V _{IL1} V _{IH1}	Input Low Voltage Input High Voltage	-0.1 2		0.8 V _{CC} +1	V V	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 5.5V
V _{IL2} V _{IH2}	Input Low Voltage Input High Voltage	0 V _{CC} X0.7		V _{CC} X0.2 V _{CC} +1	V V	1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7V
V _{OL1} V _{OH1}	Output Low Voltage Output High Voltage	2.4		0.4	V V	4.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 5.5V I _{OL} = 2.1 mA I _{OH} = -400µA
V _{OL2} V _{OH2}	Output Low Voltage Output High Voltage	V _{CC} -0.2		0.2	V V	1.8V ≤ V _{CC} < 2.7V I _{OL} = 1 mA I _{OH} = -100µA

Note:

- (1) The minimum DC input voltage is -0.5V. During transitions, inputs may undershoot to -2.0V for periods of less than 20 ns. Maximum DC voltage on output pins is V_{CC} +0.5V, which may overshoot to V_{CC} +2.0V for periods of less than 20 ns.
- (2) Output shorted for no more than one second. No more than one output shorted at a time.
- (3) This parameter is tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter.
- (4) Latch-up protection is provided for stresses up to 100 mA on address and data pins from -1V to V_{CC} +1V.

PIN CAPACITANCE

Symbol	Test	Max.	Units	Conditions
C _{OUT} ⁽¹⁾	OUTPUT CAPACITANCE (DO)	5	pF	V _{OUT} =OV
C _{IN} ⁽¹⁾	INPUT CAPACITANCE (CS, SK, DI)	5	pF	V _{IN} =OV

Note:

(1) This parameter is tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter.

INSTRUCTION SET

Instruction	Device Type	Start Bit	Opcode	Address x16	Data x16	PE ⁽¹⁾	Comments
READ	93C46A	1	10	A5-A0			Read Address AN-A0
	93C56A ⁽²⁾	1	10	A7-A0			
	93C66A	1	10	A7-A0			
	93C86A	1	10	A9-A0		X	
ERASE	93C46A	1	11	A5-A0			Clear Address AN-A0
	93C56A ⁽²⁾	1	11	A7-A0			
	93C66A	1	11	A7-A0			
	93C86A	1	11	A9-A0		1	
WRITE	93C46A	1	01	A5-A0	D15-D0		Write Address AN-A0
	93C56A ⁽²⁾	1	01	A7-A0	D15-D0		
	93C66A	1	01	A7-A0	D15-D0		
	93C86A	1	01	A9-A0	D15-D0	1	
EWEN	93C46A	1	00	11XXXX			Write Enable
	93C56A	1	00	11XXXXXX			
	93C66A	1	00	11XXXXXX			
	93C86A	1	00	11XXXXXXXX		X	
EWDS	93C46A	1	00	00XXXX			Write Disable
	93C56A	1	00	00XXXXXX			
	93C66A	1	00	00XXXXXX			
	93C86A	1	00	00XXXXXXXX		X	
ERAL	93C46A	1	00	10XXXX			Clear All Addresses
	93C56A	1	00	10XXXXXX			
	93C66A	1	00	10XXXXXX			
	93C86A	1	00	10XXXXXXXX		1	
WRAL	93C46A	1	00	01XXXX	D15-D0		Write All Addresses
	93C56A	1	00	01XXXXXX	D15-D0		
	93C66A	1	00	01XXXXXX	D15-D0		
	93C86A	1	00	01XXXXXXXX	D15-D0	1	

Note:

(1) Only applicable to 93C86A

(2) Address bit A7 is "Don't Care" bit, but must be kept at either a "1" or "0" for Read, Write and Erase Commands.

A.C. CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Limits						UNITS	Test Conditions
		V _{CC} = 1.8V-6V*		V _{CC} = 2.7V -6V V _{CC} = 2.5V-6V		V _{CC} = 4.5V-5.5V			
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
t _{CSS}	CS Setup Time	200		100		50		ns	C _L = 100pF
t _{CSH}	CS Hold Time	0		0		0		ns	
t _{DIS}	DI Setup Time	400		200		100		ns	
t _{DIH}	DI Hold Time	400		200		100		ns	
t _{PD1}	Output Delay to 1		1		0.5		0.25	μs	
t _{PD0}	Output Delay to 0		1		0.5		0.25	μs	
t _{HZ} ⁽¹⁾	Output Delay to High-Z		400		200		100	ns	
t _{EW}	Program/Erase Pulse Width		10		10		10	ms	
t _{CSMIN}	Minimum CS Low Time	1		0.5		0.25		μs	
t _{SKHI}	Minimum SK High Time	1		0.5		0.25		μs	
t _{SKLOW}	Minimum SK Low Time	1		0.5		0.25		μs	
t _{SV}	Output Delay to Status Valid		1		0.5		0.25	μs	
SK _{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency	DC	250	DC	500	DC	1000	KHZ	

* Preliminary data for 93C56A/66A/86A.

NOTE:

(1) This parameter is tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter.

DEVICE OPERATION

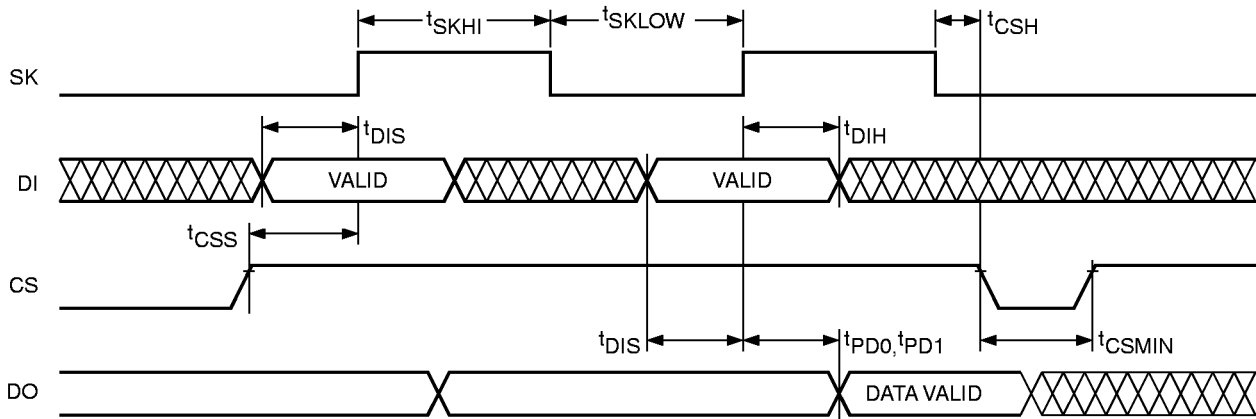
The CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A is a 1024/2048/4096/16384-bit nonvolatile memory intended for use with industry standard microprocessors. The CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A is organized as registers of 16-bits. Therefore, seven 9-bit instructions for 93C46A; seven 11-bit instructions for 93C56A and 93C66A; seven 13-bit instructions for 93C86A, control the reading, writing and erase operations of the device. The CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A operates on a single supply and will generate on chip, the high voltage required during any write operation.

Instructions, addresses, and write data are clocked into the DI pin on the rising edge of the clock (SK). The DO pin is normally in a high impedance state except when reading data from the device, or when checking the ready/busy status after a write operation.

The ready/busy status can be determined after the start of a write operation by selecting the device (CS high) and polling the DO pin; DO low indicates that the write operation is not completed, while DO high indicates that the device is ready for the next instruction. If necessary, the DO pin may be placed back into a high impedance state during chip select by shifting a dummy "1" into the DI pin. The DO pin will enter the high impedance state on the falling edge of the clock (SK). Placing the DO pin into the high impedance state is recommended in applications where the DI pin and the DO pin are to be tied together to form a common DI/O pin.

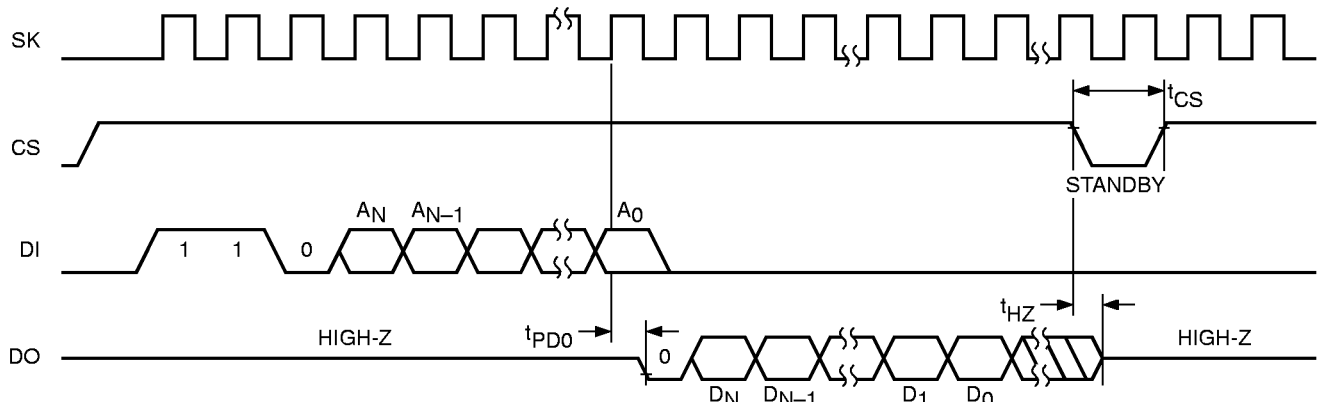
The format for all instructions sent to the device is a logical "1" start bit, a 2-bit (or 4-bit) opcode, 6-bit (93C46A)/8-bit (93C56A or 93C66A)/10-bit (93C86A) and for write operations a 16-bit data field.

Figure 1. Synchronous Data Timing



93C46/56/66A F03

Figure 2. Read Instruction Timing



93C46/56/66A F04

Read

Upon receiving a READ command and an address (clocked into the DI pin), the DO pin of the CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A will come out of the high impedance state and, after sending an initial dummy zero bit, will begin shifting out the data addressed (MSB first). The output data bits will toggle on the rising edge of the SK clock and are stable after the specified time delay (t_{PD0} or t_{PD1}).

Write

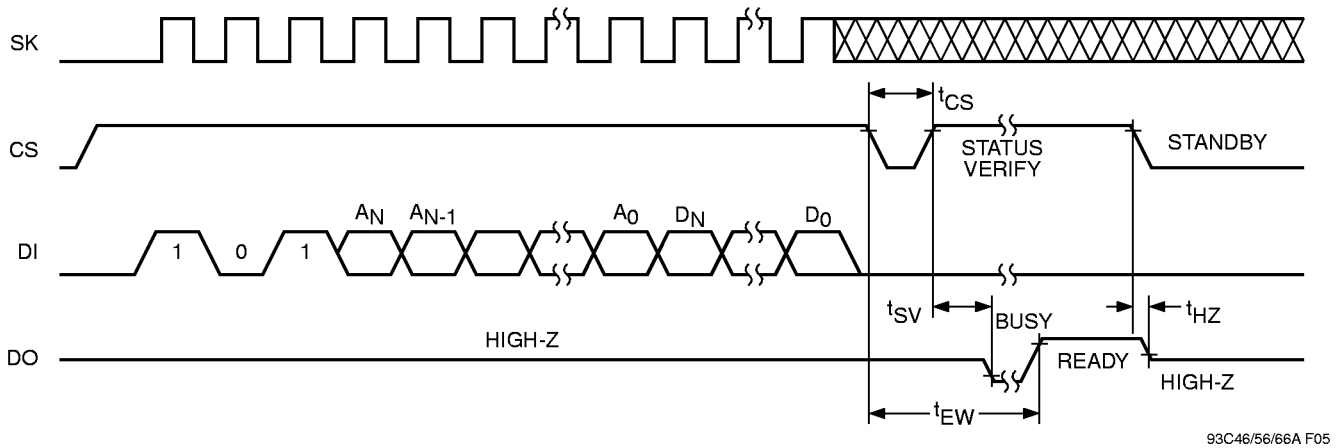
After receiving a WRITE command, address and the data, the CS (Chip Select) pin must be deselected for a minimum of 250ns (t_{CSMIN}). The falling edge of CS will start the self clocking clear and data store cycle of the memory location specified in the instruction. The clocking of the SK pin is not necessary after the device has entered the self clocking mode. The ready/busy status of

the CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A can be determined by selecting the device and polling the DO pin. Since this device features Auto-Clear before write, it is NOT necessary to erase a memory location before it is written into.

Erase

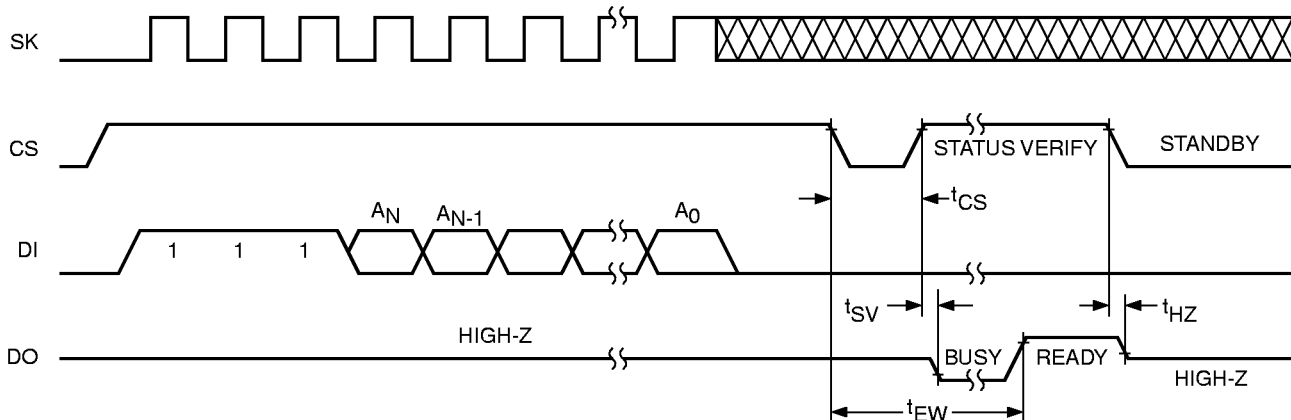
Upon receiving an ERASE command and address, the CS (Chip Select) pin must be deasserted for a minimum of 250ns (t_{CSMIN}). The falling edge of CS will start the self clocking clear cycle of the selected memory location. The clocking of the SK pin is not necessary after the device has entered the self clocking mode. The ready/busy status of the CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A can be determined by selecting the device and polling the DO pin. Once cleared, the content of a cleared location returns to a logical "1" state.

Figure 3. Write Instruction Timing



93C46/56/66A F05

Figure 4. Erase Instruction Timing



93C46/56/66A F06

Erase/Write Enable and Disable

The CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A powers up in the write disable state. Any writing after power-up or after an EWDS (write disable) instruction must first be preceded by the EWEN (write enable) instruction. Once the write instruction is enabled, it will remain enabled until power to the device is removed, or the EWDS instruction is sent. The EWDS instruction can be used to disable all write and clear instructions, and will prevent any accidental writing or clearing of the device. Data can be read normally from the device regardless of the write enable/disable status.

Erase All

Upon receiving an ERAL command, the CS (Chip Select) pin must be deselected for a minimum of 250ns (t_{CSMIN}). The falling edge of CS will start the self clocking clear cycle of all memory locations in the device. The clocking of the SK pin is not necessary after the device has entered the self clocking mode. The ready/busy status of the CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A can be determined by selecting the device and polling the DO pin. It is not necessary for all memory locations to be cleared before the WRAL command is executed.

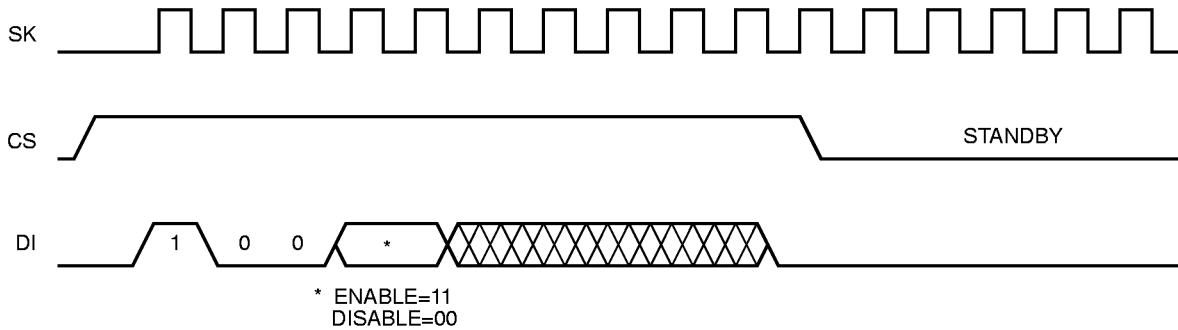
status of the CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A can be determined by selecting the device and polling the DO pin. Once cleared, the contents of all memory bits return to a logical "1" state.

Write All

Upon receiving a WRAL command and data, the CS (Chip Select) pin must be deselected for a minimum of 250ns (t_{CSMIN}). The falling edge of CS will start the self clocking data write to all memory locations in the device. The clocking of the SK pin is not necessary after the device has entered the self clocking mode. The ready/busy status of the CAT93C46A/56A/66A/86A can be determined by selecting the device and polling the DO pin. It is not necessary for all memory locations to be cleared before the WRAL command is executed.

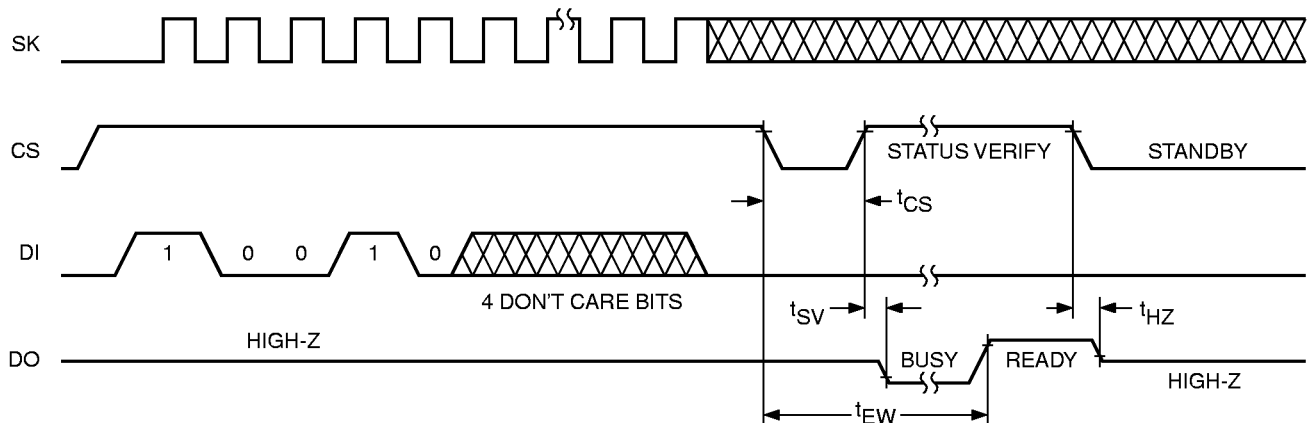
Note: This note is applicable only to 93C86A. The write, erase, write all and erase all instruction requires PE=1 for 93C86A. If PE is left floating, 93C86A is in program enabled mode.

Figure 5. EWEN/EWDS Instruction Timing



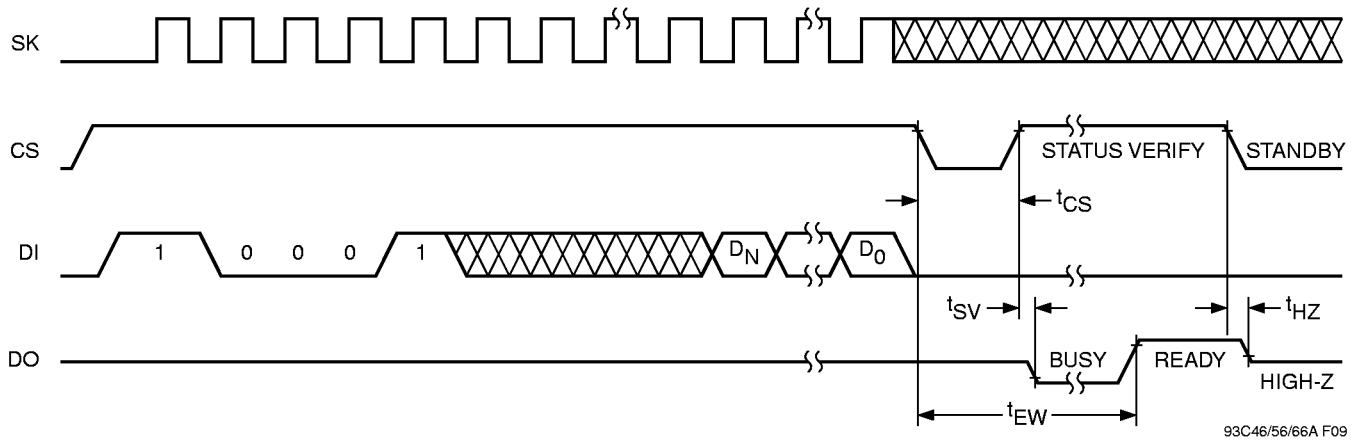
93C46/56/66A F07

Figure 6. ERAL Instruction Timing



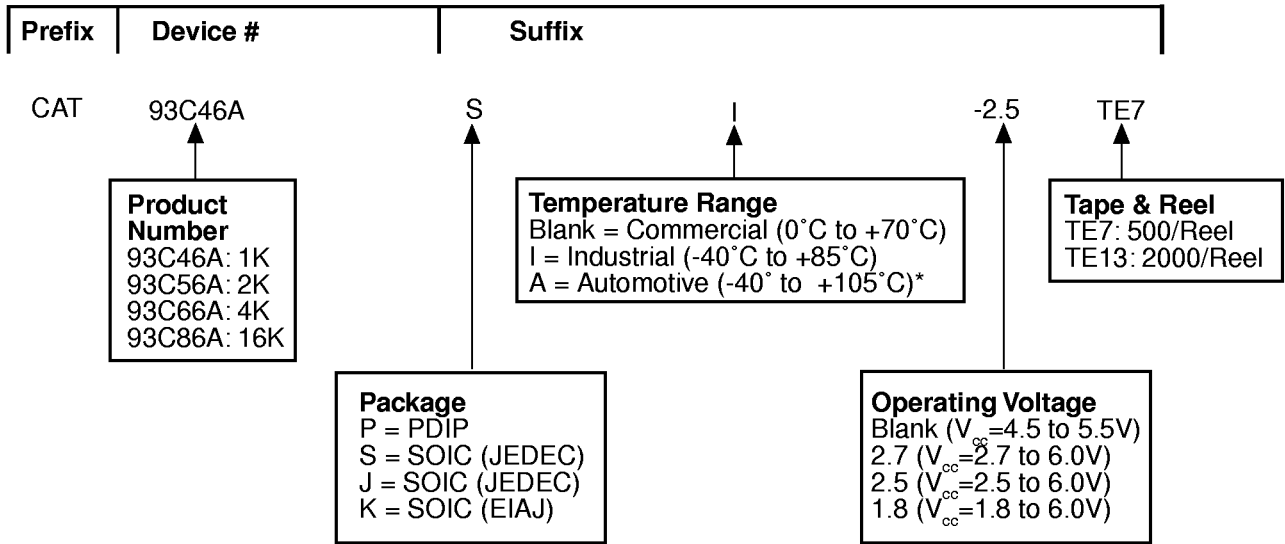
93C46/56/66A F08

Figure 7. WRAL Instruction Timing



93C46/56/66A F09

ORDERING INFORMATION



* -40°C to +125°C is available upon request

93C46/56/66A F10

Notes:

(1) The device used in the above example is a 93C46ASI-2.5TE7 (SOIC, Industrial Temperature, 2.5 Volt to 6 Volt Operating Voltage, Tape & Reel)