## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The LM107, LM207, and LM307 high-gain, general purpose operational amplifiers are monolithically constructed and internally compensated. The addition of a 30pF MOS capacitor guarantees unconditional stability eliminating the need for external frequency compensation. Input currents are a factor of ten lower than an industry standard device such as the 709, LM101, and 741.

This series offers all the best features of the LM101. In addition, the devices provide better accuracy and lower noise in high impedance circuitry.

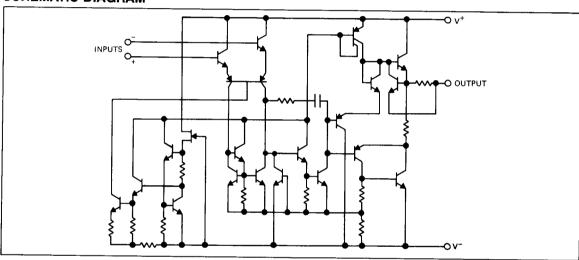
The LM107 operates over a temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $+125^{\circ}$ C. The LM307 operates from 0°C to  $+70^{\circ}$ C

The LM207 is the same as the LM107 except its performance is guaranteed from -25°C to +85°C.

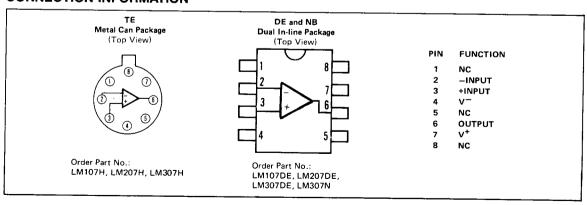
## **DESIGN FEATURES**

- Offset Voltage 3mV Maximum Over Temperature
- Input Current 100nA Maximum Over Temperature
- Offset Current 20nA Maximum Over Temperature
- Offsets Guaranteed Over Entire Common-Mode Range and Supply Voltage Range
- Internal Frequency Compensation
- Supply Voltage ±5V to ±20V

### SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



#### **CONNECTION INFORMATION**



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage 107A, 207A: ±22V 307A: ±18V  Power Dissipation (Note 1) 500mW  Differential Input Voltage ±30V  Input Voltage (Note 2) ±15V  Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 3) Indefinite
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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** LM107A, LM207A: $\pm 5V \le V_S \le \pm 20V$ ; LM307A: $\pm 5 \le V_S \le \pm 15V$ (Note 4)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	L	M107/20	)7	LM307			UNITS
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 50 kΩ		0.7	2.0		2.0	7.5	mV
Input Offset Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		1.5	10		3	50	nA
Input Bias Current	TA = 25°C		30	75		70	250	nA
Input Resistance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	1.5	4		0.5	2		MΩ
Supply Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, V <sub>S</sub> = ±20V		1.8	3.0		1.8	3.0	mA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_S = \pm 15V$ $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$ , $R_L \ge 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	50	160		25	160		V/mV
Input Offset Voltage	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 50 kΩ			3.0		,,,	10	mV
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage			3.0	15		6.0	30	μV/ºC
Input Offset Current			-	20			70	nΑ
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current	25°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 125°C 25°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 70°C -55°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C		0.01	0.1		0.01	0.3	nA/00 nA/00 nA/00
	0°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C		0.02	0.2		0.02	0.6	nA/0C
Input Bias Current				100			300	nA
Supply Current	$T_A = +125$ °C, $V_S = \pm 20$ V		1.2	2.5				mA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$ $R_L \ge 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	25			15			V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	±12 ±10	±14 ±13		±12 ±10	±14 ±13		V V
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>S</sub> = ±20V	±15			±12			V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 10 kΩ	80	96		70	90		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 10 kΩ	80	96		70	96		dB

#### NOTES:



For operating at elevated temperatures, the device must be derated based on +150°C for LM107 or 100°C for LM207 and LM307, maximum junction temperature and a thermal resistance of 150°C/W junction to ambient or 45°C/W junction to case.
 For supply voltages less than ±15V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
 Continuous short-circuit is allowed for case temperatures to +125°C and ambient temperatures to +75°C for LM107, case temperatures to +70°C and ambient temperatures to +55°C for LM307.
 These specifications apply for -55°C < T<sub>A</sub> < + 125°C LM107, -25°C to +85°C LM207, and 0°C < T<sub>A</sub> < +70°C LM307, unless otherwise specified.</li>