

# TC74HCU04AP/AF/AFN

## HEX INVERTER

The TC74HCU04A is a high speed CMOS INVERTER fabricated with silicon gate C<sup>2</sup>MOS technology.

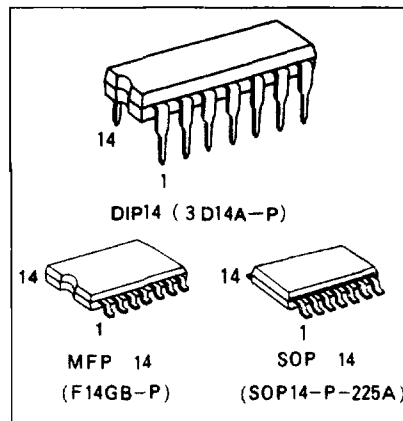
It achieves the high speed operation similar to equivalent LSTTL while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

Since the internal circuit is composed of a single stage inverter, it can be used in analog applications such as crystal oscillators.

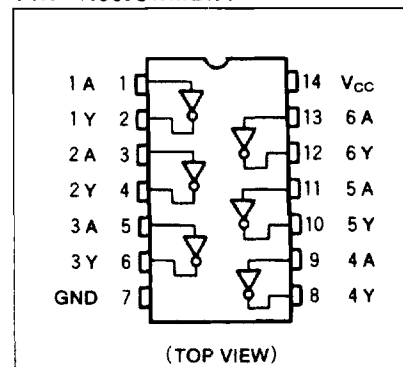
All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

### FEATURES:

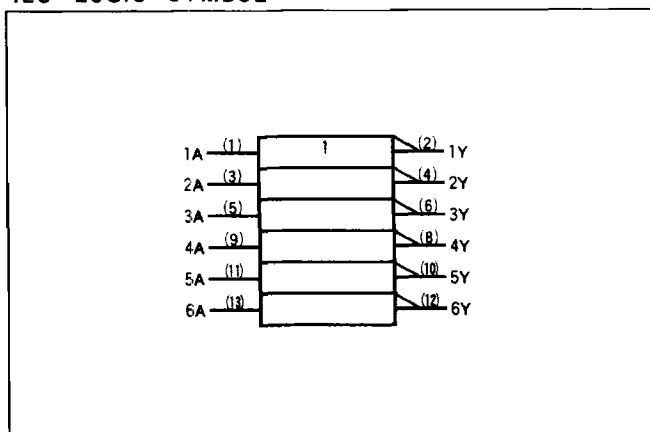
- High Speed .....  $t_{pd}=4ns$ (typ.) at  $V_{CC}=5V$
- Low Power Dissipation .....  $I_{CC}=1\mu A$ (Max.) at  $T_a=25^\circ C$
- High Noise Immunity .....  $V_{NH}=V_{NL}=10\% V_{CC}$ (Min.)
- Output Drive Capability ..... 10 LSTTL Loads
- Symmetrical Output Impedance ...  $|I_{OH}|=I_{OL}=4mA$ (Min.)
- Balanced Propagation Delays .....  $t_{pLH}\approx t_{pHL}$
- Wide Operating Voltage Range ...  $V_{CC}(opr)=2V\sim 6V$
- Pin and Function Compatible with 74LS04



### PIN ASSIGNMENT



### IEC LOGIC SYMBOL



### TRUTH TABLE

A	Y
L	H
H	L

# TC74HCU04AP/AF/AFN

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{CC}$	-0.5 ~ 7	V
DC Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.5 ~ $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
DC Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	-0.5 ~ $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
Input Diode Current	$I_{IK}$	±20	mA
Output Diode Current	$I_{OK}$	±20	mA
DC Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	±25	mA
DC $V_{CC}$ /Ground Current	$I_{CC}$	±50	mA
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	500(DIP)*/180(MFP)	mW
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 ~ 150	°C
Lead Temperature 10sec	$T_L$	300	°C

\*500mW in the range of  $T_a = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim 65^\circ\text{C}$ . From  $T_a = 65^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  a derating factor of  $-10\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$  shall be applied until 300mW.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	2 ~ 6	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	0 ~ $V_{CC}$	V
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	0 ~ $V_{CC}$	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 ~ 85	°C

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$						UNIT	
			$V_{CC}$	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
High-Level Input Voltage	$V_{IH}$		2.0	1.7	-	-	1.7	-	V	
			4.5	3.6	-	-	3.6	-		
			6.0	4.8	-	-	4.8	-		
Low-Level Input Voltage	$V_{IL}$		2.0	-	-	0.3	-	0.3	V	
			4.5	-	-	0.9	-	0.9		
			6.0	-	-	1.2	-	1.2		
High-Level Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IL}$	$I_{OH} = -20 \mu\text{A}$	2.0	1.8	2.0	-	1.9	-	V
				4.5	4.0	4.5	-	4.4	-	
				6.0	5.5	5.9	-	5.9	-	
		$V_{IN} = \text{GND}$	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	4.5	4.18	4.31	-	4.13	-	
				6.0	5.68	5.80	-	5.63	-	
				6.0	5.68	5.80	-	5.63	-	
Low-Level Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$	$I_{OL} = 20 \mu\text{A}$	2.0	-	0.0	0.2	-	0.2	V
				4.5	-	0.0	0.5	-	0.5	
				6.0	-	0.1	0.5	-	0.5	
		$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$	$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$	4.5	-	0.17	0.26	-	0.33	
				6.0	-	0.18	0.26	-	0.33	
				6.0	-	0.18	0.26	-	0.33	
Input Leakage Current	$I_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	6.0	-	-	±0.1	-	±1.0	$\mu\text{A}$	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	6.0	-	-	1.0	-	10.0		

**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(C<sub>L</sub>=15pF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, T<sub>a</sub>=25°C, Input t<sub>r</sub>=t<sub>f</sub>=6ns)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Transition Time	t <sub>TLH</sub>		-	4	8	ns
	t <sub>THL</sub>					
Propagation Delay Time	t <sub>PLH</sub>		-	4	8	
	t <sub>PHL</sub>					

**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(C<sub>L</sub>=50pF, Input t<sub>r</sub>=t<sub>f</sub>=6ns)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	T <sub>a</sub> =25°C			T <sub>a</sub> =-40 ~85°C		UNIT	
			V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.		MAX.
Output Transition Time	t <sub>TLH</sub> t <sub>THL</sub>		2.0	-	25	75	-	95	ns
			4.5	-	7	15	-	19	
			6.0	-	6	13	-	16	
Propagation Delay Time	t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>		2.0	-	18	60	-	75	ns
			4.5	-	6	12	-	15	
			6.0	-	5	10	-	13	
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>		-	9	15	-	15	pF	
Power Dissipation Capacitance	C <sub>PD(1)</sub>		-	13	-	-	-		

Note(1) C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC(OP)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/6(\text{per Gate})$$