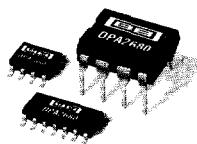


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**OPA2680**

[www.burr-brown.com/databook/OPA2680.html](http://www.burr-brown.com/databook/OPA2680.html)

## *Speedplus™* Dual Wideband, Voltage Feedback OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER With Disable

### FEATURES

- WIDEBAND +5V OPERATION: 220MHz ( $G = 2$ )
- HIGH OUTPUT CURRENT: 150mA
- OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING:  $\pm 4.0V$
- HIGH SLEW RATE:  $1800V/\mu s$
- LOW SUPPLY CURRENT: 6.4mA/Ch.
- LOW DISABLED CURRENT:  $200\mu A$ /Ch.
- ENABLE/DISABLE TIME: 25ns/100ns

### APPLICATIONS

- VIDEO LINE DRIVING
- xDSL LINE DRIVER/RECEIVER
- HIGH SPEED IMAGING CHANNELS
- ADC BUFFERS
- PORTABLE INSTRUMENTS
- TRANSIMPEDANCE AMPLIFIERS
- ACTIVE FILTERS

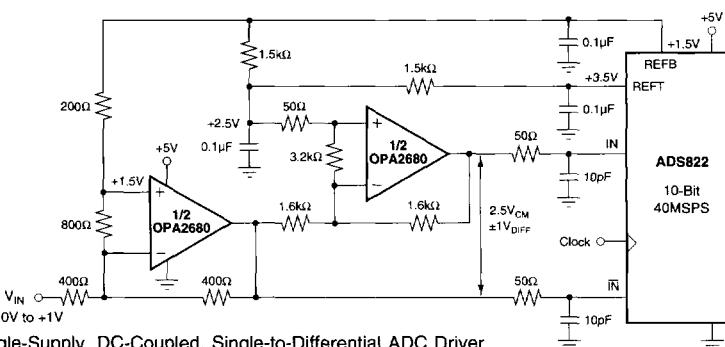
### DESCRIPTION

The OPA2680 represents a major step forward in unity gain stable, voltage feedback op amps. A new internal architecture provides slew rate and full power bandwidth previously found only in wideband current feedback op amps. A new output stage architecture delivers high currents with a minimal headroom requirement. These combine to give exceptional single supply operation. Using a single +5V supply, the OPA2680 can deliver a 1V to 4V output swing with over 100mA drive current and 150MHz bandwidth. This combination of features makes the OPA2680 an ideal RGB line driver or single supply ADC input driver.

The OPA2680's low 6.4mA/ch. supply current is precisely trimmed at 25°C. This trim, along with low temperature drift, guarantees lower maximum supply current than competing products. System power may be reduced further using the optional disable control pin (SO-14 package only). Leaving this disable pin open, or holding it high, will operate the OPA2680N normally. If pulled low, the OPA2680N supply current drops to less than 400μA while the output goes into a high impedance state. This feature may be used for either power savings or to implement video MUX applications.

### OPA2680 PRODUCT FAMILY

	SINGLES	DUALS
Voltage Feedback	OPA680	OPA2680
Current Feedback	OPA681	OPA2681



Single-Supply, DC-Coupled, Single-to-Differential ADC Driver

International Airport Industrial Park • Mailing Address: PO Box 11400, Tucson, AZ 85734 • Street Address: 6730 S. Tucson Blvd., Tucson, AZ 85706 • Tel: (520) 746-1111 • Twx: 910-952-1111  
Internet: <http://www.burr-brown.com/> • FAXLine: (800) 548-6133 (US/Canada Only) • Cable: BBRCORP • Telex: 066-8491 • FAX: (520) 889-1510 • Immediate Product Info: (800) 548-6132

Or, Call Customer Service at 1-800-548-6132 (USA Only)

## SPECIFICATIONS: $V_S = \pm 5V$

$R_F = 402\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega$ , and  $G = +2$ , (Figure 1 for AC performance only), unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	OPA2680P, U, N						TEST LEVEL <sup>(1)</sup>
		TYP	GUARANTEED					
			+25°C	+25°C <sup>(2)</sup>	0°C to 70°C <sup>(3)</sup>	-40°C to +85°C <sup>(3)</sup>	UNITS	MIN/MAX
<b>AC PERFORMANCE (Figure 1)</b>								
Small Signal Bandwidth	$G = +1$ , $V_O = 0.5Vp-p$ , $R_F = 25\Omega$	400					MHz	Typ C
	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 0.5Vp-p$	220	210	200	190		MHz	Min B
	$G = +10$ , $V_O = 0.5Vp-p$	30	20	—	—		MHz	Min B
	$G \geq 10$	300	200	—	—		MHz	Min B
Gain-Bandwidth Product	$G = +2$ , $V_O < 0.5Vp-p$	30					MHz	Typ C
Bandwidth for 0.1dB Gain Flatness	$V_O < 0.5Vp-p$	4					dB	C
Peaking at a Gain of +1	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 5Vp-p$	175					dB	Typ C
Large Signal Bandwidth	$G = +2$ , 4V Step	1800	1400	1200	900		V/μs	Min B
Slew Rate	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 0.5V$ Step	1.4	—	—	—		ns	Max B
Rise/Fall Time	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 5V$ Step	2.8	—	—	—		ns	Max B
	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 2V$ Step	—		—	—		ns	Typ C
Settling Time to 0.02% 0.1%	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 2V$ Step	—		—	—		ns	C
Harmonic Distortion	$G = +2$ , $f = 5MHz$ , $V_O = 2Vp-p$							
2nd Harmonic	$R_L = 100\Omega$	-68	-63	—	—		dBc	Max B
	$R_L \geq 500\Omega$	-80	-70	—	—		dBc	Max B
3rd Harmonic	$R_L = 100\Omega$	-80	-75	—	—		dBc	Max B
	$R_L \geq 500\Omega$	-88	-85	—	—		dBc	Max B
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	$f = 5MHz$	-70					dBc	Typ C
Input Voltage Noise	$f > 1MHz$	4.8	—	—	—		nV/√Hz	Max B
Input Current Noise	$f > 1MHz$	2.5	—	—	—		pA/√Hz	Max B
Differential Gain	$G = +2$ , NTSC, $V_O = 1.4Vp$ , $R_L = 150\Omega$	0.05					%	Typ C
Differential Phase	$G = +2$ , NTSC, $V_O = 1.4Vp$ , $R_L = 150\Omega$	0.03					deg	Typ C
<b>DC PERFORMANCE<sup>(4)</sup></b>								
Open-Loop Voltage Gain ( $A_{OL}$ )	$V_O \pm 2V$ , $R_L = 100\Omega$	62	<b>56</b>	54	52		dB	Min A
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = 0V$	±1.0	<b>±4.5</b>	—	—		mV	Max A
Average Offset Voltage Drift	$V_{CM} = 0V$		—	—	—		μV/°C	Max B
Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = 0V$	+8	<b>+14</b>	—	—		μA	Max A
Average Bias Current Drift	$V_{CM} = 0V$		—	—	—		nA/°C	Max B
Input Offset Current	$V_{CM} = 0V$	±0.1	<b>±0.7</b>	—	—		μA	Max A
Average Offset Current Drift	$V_{CM} = 0V$		—	—	—		nA/°C	Max B
<b>INPUT</b>								
Common-Mode Input Range (CMIR) <sup>(5)</sup>	$V_{CM} = \pm 1V$	±3.5	<b>±3.4</b>	—	—		V	Min A
		59	<b>56</b>	—	—		dB	Min A
Common-Mode Rejection (CMR)								
Input Impedance							kΩ pF	Typ C
Differential-Mode							MΩ pF	Typ C
Common-Mode								
<b>OUTPUT</b>								
Voltage Output Swing	No Load	±4.0	<b>±3.8</b>	±3.7	±3.6		V	Min A
	100Ω Load	±3.9	<b>±3.7</b>	±3.6	±3.3		V	Min A
Current Output, Sourcing	$V_O = 0$	+190	<b>+160</b>	+140	+80		mA	Min A
Current Output, Sinking	$V_O = 0$	-150	<b>-135</b>	-130	-80		mA	Min A
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	$G = +2$ , $f = 100kHz$	0.03					Ω	Typ C
<b>DISABLE (SO-14 Only)</b>								
Power Down Supply Current (+VS)	Disabled Low $V_{DIS} = 0$ , Both Channels	-400					μA	Typ C
Disable Time		100					ns	Typ C
Enable Time		25					ns	Typ C
Off Isolation	$G = +2$ , 5MHz	70					dB	Typ C
Output Capacitance in Disable		4					pF	Typ C
Turn On Glitch	$G = +2$ , $R_L = 150\Omega$ , $V_{IN} = 0$	±50					mV	Typ C
Turn Off Glitch	$G = +2$ , $R_L = 150\Omega$ , $V_{IN} = 0$	±20					mV	Typ C
Enable Voltage		2.0	<b>2.4</b>	—	—		V	Min A
Disable Voltage		1.1	.8	—	—		V	Max A
Control Pin Input Bias Current ( $V_{DIS}$ )	$V_{DIS} = 0$ , Each Channel	100	<b>160</b>	—	—		μA	Max A
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>								
Specified Operating Voltage		±5					V	Typ C
Maximum Operating Voltage Range			<b>±6</b>	±6	±6		V	Max A
Max Quiescent Current	$V_S = \pm 5V$	12.8	<b>13.6</b>	14.0	14.4		mA	Max A
Min Quiescent Current	$V_S = \pm 5V$	12.8	<b>12.0</b>	12.0	10.6		mA	Min A
Power Supply Rejection (+PSR)	Input Referred	70	<b>60</b>	—	—		dB	Min A
<b>THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Specified Operating Range P, U, N Package	Junction-to-Ambient	-40 to +85					°C	Typ C
Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{JA}$								
P 8-Pin DIP		100					°C/W	Typ C
U SO-8		125					°C/W	Typ C
N SO-14		100					°C/W	Typ C

NOTES: (1) Test Levels: (A) 100% tested at 25°C. Over temperature limits by characterization and simulation. (B) Limits set by characterization and simulation. (C) Typical value only for information. (2) Junction Temperature = Ambient for 25°C guaranteed specifications. (3) Junction Temperature = Ambient at low temperature limit; Junction Temperature = Ambient +23°C at high temperature limit for over temperature guaranteed specifications. (4) Current is considered positive out of node.  $V_{CM}$  is the input common-mode voltage. (5) Tested < 3dB below minimum CMR specification at ±CMR limits.

*For Immediate Assistance, Contact Your Local Salesperson*

## SPECIFICATIONS: $V_S = +5V$

$R_F = 402\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 100\Omega$  to  $V_S/2$ ,  $G = +2$ , (Figure 2 for AC performance only), unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	OPA2680P, U, N						TEST LEVEL <sup>(1)</sup>	
		TYP	GUARANTEED						
			+25°C	+25°C <sup>(2)</sup>	0°C to 70°C <sup>(3)</sup>	-40°C to +85°C <sup>(3)</sup>	UNITS	MIN/MAX	
<b>AC PERFORMANCE (Figure 2)</b>									
Small Signal Bandwidth	$G = +1$ , $V_O < 0.5Vp-p$ , $R_F = \pm 25\Omega$	300					MHz	Typ	C
	$G = +2$ , $V_O < 0.5Vp-p$	220	120	—	—	—	MHz	Min	B
	$G = +10$ , $V_O < 0.5Vp-p$	25	—	—	—	—	MHz	Min	B
	$G \geq 10$	250	—	—	—	—	MHz	Min	B
Gain-Bandwidth Product	$G = +2$ , $V_O < 0.5Vp-p$	20					MHz	Typ	C
Bandwidth for 0.1dB Gain Flatness	$V_O < 0.5Vp-p$	5					dB	Typ	C
Peaking at a Gain of +1	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 2Vp-p$	200					MHz	Typ	C
Large Signal Bandwidth	$G = +2$ , 2V Step	1000	700	—	—	—	V/μs	Min	B
Slew Rate	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 0.5V$ Step	1.6					ns	Typ	C
Rise/Fall Time	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 2V$ Step	2.0					ns	Typ	C
	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 2V$ Step	—					ns	Typ	C
Settling Time to 0.02% 0.1%	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 2V$ Step	—					ns	Typ	C
	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 2V$ Step	—					ns	Typ	C
Harmonic Distortion	$G = +2$ , $f = 5MHz$ , $V_O = 2Vp-p$								
2nd Harmonic	$R_L = 100\Omega$ to $V_S/2$	-60	—	—	—	—	dBc	Max	B
	$R_L \geq 500\Omega$ to $V_S/2$	-70	—	—	—	—	dBc	Max	B
3rd Harmonic	$R_L = 100\Omega$ to $V_S/2$	-72	—	—	—	—	dBc	Max	B
	$R_L \geq 500\Omega$ to $V_S/2$	-80	—	—	—	—	dBc	Max	B
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	$f = 5MHz$	-70					dBc	Typ	C
Input Voltage Noise	$f > 1MHz$	5	—	—	—	—	nV/√Hz	Max	B
Input Current Noise	$f > 1MHz$	2.5	—	—	—	—	pA/√Hz	Max	B
Differential Gain	$G = +2$ , NTSC, $V_O = 1.4Vp$ , $R_L = 150$ to $V_S/2$	0.06					%	Typ	C
Differential Phase	$G = +2$ , NTSC, $V_O = 1.4Vp$ , $R_L = 150$ to $V_S/2$	0.03					deg	Typ	C
<b>DC PERFORMANCE<sup>(4)</sup></b>									
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	$V_O = 2.5V$ , $R_L = 100\Omega$ to 2.5V	62	56	—	—	—	dB	Min	A
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	±2.0	±6.0	—	—	—	mV	Max	A
Average Offset Voltage Drift	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$			—	—	—	μV/°C	Max	B
Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	+8	+15	—	—	—	μA	Max	A
Average Bias Current Drift	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$			—	—	—	nA/°C	Max	B
Input Offset Current	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	±0.1	±0.6	—	—	—	μA	Max	A
Average Offset Current Drift	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$			—	—	—	nA/°C	Max	B
<b>INPUT</b>									
Least Positive Input Voltage <sup>(5)</sup>			1.5	1.6	—	—	V	Max	A
Most Positive Input Voltage <sup>(5)</sup>			3.5	3.4	—	—	V	Min	A
Common-Mode Rejection (CMR)	$V_{CM} = 2.5V \pm 0.5V$	59	56	—	—	—	dB	Min	A
Input Impedance							KΩ II pF	Typ	C
Differential-Mode Common-Mode	$V_{CM} = 2.5V$	—					MΩ II pF	Typ	C
<b>OUTPUT</b>									
Most Positive Output Voltage	No Load	4	3.8	3.6	3.5	V	Min	A	
	$R_L = 100\Omega$ to 2.5V	3.9	3.7	3.5	3.4	V	Min	A	
Least Positive Output Voltage	No Load	1	1.2	1.4	1.5	V	Max	A	
	$R_L = 100\Omega$ to 2.5V	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	V	Max	A	
Current Output, Sourcing		+150	+110	+110	+60	mA	Min	A	
Current Output, Sinking		-110	-80	-70	-50	mA	Min	A	
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	$G = +2$ , $f = 100kHz$	0.03				Ω	Typ	C	
<b>DISABLE (SO-14 Only)</b>									
Power Down Supply Current (+VS)	Disabled Low								
Disable Time	$V_{DIS} = 0$ , Both Channels	-260					μA	Typ	C
Enable Time		100					ns	Typ	C
Off Isolation		25					ns	Typ	C
Output Capacitance in Disable		65					dB	Typ	C
Turn On Glitch	$G = +2$ , $5MHz$	4					pF	Typ	C
Turn Off Glitch		±50					mV	Typ	C
Enable Voltage	$G = +2$ , $R_L = 150\Omega$ , $V_{IN} = V_S/2$	±20					mV	Typ	C
Disable Voltage	$G = +2$ , $R_L = 150\Omega$ , $V_{IN} = V_S/2$	2.0	2.4	—	—	—	V	Min	A
Control Pin Input Bias Current ( $V_{DIS}$ )		1.1	.8	—	—	—	V	Max	A
	$V_{DIS} = 0$ , Each Channel	100					μA	Typ	C
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>									
Specified Single Supply Operating Voltage		5					V	Typ	C
Maximum Single Supply Operating Voltage		10.2	12.0	12.0	12.0	V	Max	B	
Max Quiescent Current	$V_S = +5V$	10.2	8.0	8.0	7.6	mA	Min	A	
Min Quiescent Current	$V_S = -5V$	10.2				mA	Min	A	
Power Supply Rejection (+PSR)	Input Referred	59				dB	Typ	C	
<b>TEMPERATURE RANGE</b>									
Specification: P, U, N	Junction-to-Ambient	-40 to +85				°C	Typ	C	
Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{JA}$									
P 8-Pin DIP		100				°C/W	Typ	C	
U SO-8		125				°C/W	Typ	C	
N SO-14		100				°C/W	Typ	C	

NOTES: (1) Test Levels: (A) 100% tested at 25°C. Over temperature limits by characterization and simulation. (B) Limits set by characterization and simulation. (C) Typical value only for information. (2) Junction Temperature = Ambient for 25°C guaranteed specifications. (3) Junction Temperature = Ambient at low temperature limit; Junction Temperature = Ambient +23°C at high temperature limit for over temperature guaranteed specifications. (4) Current is considered positive out of node.  $V_{CM}$  is the input common-mode voltage. (5) Tested < 3dB below minimum CMR specification at ±CMR limits.

*Or, Call Customer Service at 1-800-548-6132 (USA Only)*

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Power Supply .....	$\pm 6.5\text{VDC}$
Internal Power Dissipation .....	See Thermal Analysis
Differential Input Voltage .....	$\pm 1.2\text{V}$
Input Voltage Range .....	$\pm V_S$
Storage Temperature Range: P, U, N .....	-40°C to +125°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....	+300°C
(soldering, SOIC 3s) .....	+260°C
Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ ) .....	+175°C

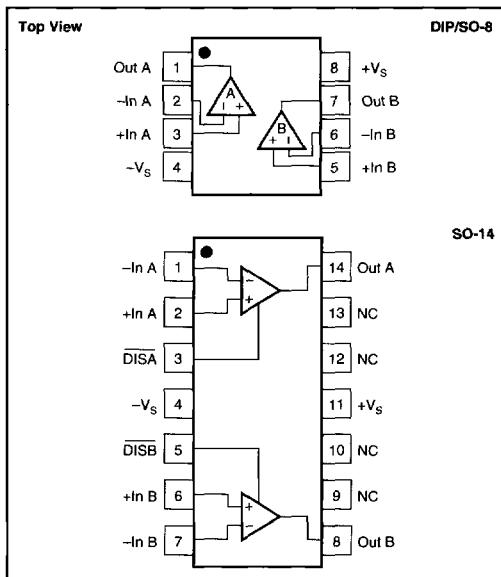


## ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVITY

Electrostatic discharge can cause damage ranging from performance degradation to complete device failure. Burr-Brown Corporation recommends that all integrated circuits be handled and stored using appropriate ESD protection methods.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet published specifications.

## PIN CONFIGURATIONS



## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

PRODUCT	PACKAGE	PACKAGE DRAWING NUMBER <sup>(1)</sup>	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER
OPA2680P	8-Pin Plastic DIP	006	-40°C to +85°C	OPA2680P	Contact Factory for Availability
OPA2680U	SO-8 Surface Mount	182	-40°C to +85°C	OPA2680U	OPA2680U
OPA2680N	SO-14 Surface Mount	235	-40°C to +85°C	OPA2680N	Contact Factory for Availability

NOTES: (1) For detailed drawing and dimension table, please see end of data sheet, or Appendix C of Burr-Brown IC Data Book.

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