



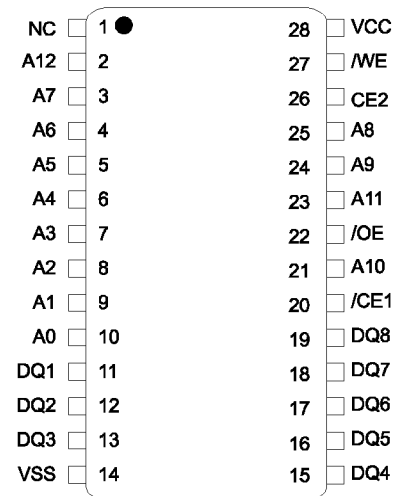
# EK6264

## 8K x 8 Bit CMOS SRAM Low Power and Low Low Power

### Features

- Low Low Power  
1 mA CMOS Standby from 0 to +40°C
- Low Operating Current 35mA at Min Cycle
- Address Access Times  
35ns, 55ns, 70ns, 100ns
- Single 5V  $\pm 10\%$  Power Supply
- Industry Standard Pin Assignment
- Package Options  
330 mil 28 pin SOP  
300 mil 28 pin PDIP (Skinny)  
600 mil 28 pin PDIP

### Pin Configuration



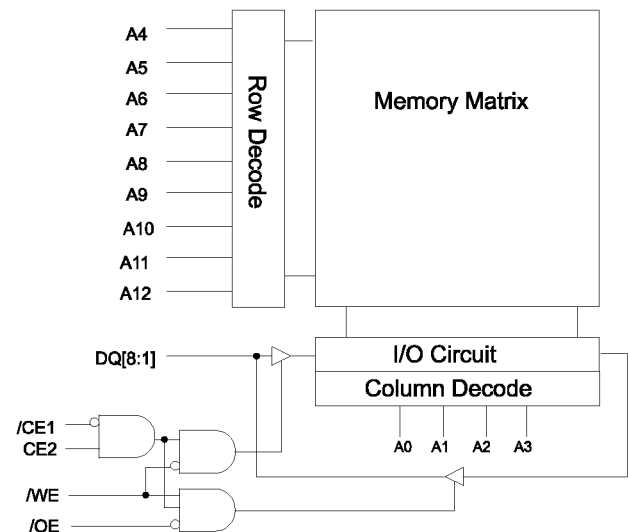
### Description

The EK6264 from Eureka is a 64-kilobit density static random access memory organized as 8,192 words by 8 bits. The device is fabricated using high performance CMOS technology enabling low CMOS standby power. This device is ideal for battery backup application.

### Pin Assignment

Symbol	Description
A0-A12	Address Inputs
DQ1-DQ8	Data Inputs/Outputs
/CE1, CE2	Chip Enables
/WE	Write Enable
/OE	Output Enable
NC	No Connect
Vcc	Power Supply
Vss	Ground

### Block Diagram





## EUREKA

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5 to 7.0	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	V
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	0 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to +150	°C
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	1.0	W
Short Circuit Output Current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	50	mA

Stresses greater than those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

### Truth Table

/CE	/OE	/WE	Mode	DQ Pin	Supply Current
H	X	X	Not Selected	High - Z	I <sub>SB</sub> , I <sub>SB1</sub>
X	X	X	Not Selected	High - Z	I <sub>SB</sub> , I <sub>SB1</sub>
L	H	H	Output Disabled	High - Z	I <sub>CCA</sub>
L	L	H	Read	Data Out	I <sub>CCA</sub>
L	X	L	Write	Data In	I <sub>CCA</sub>

### Electrical Characteristics and DC Operating Conditions

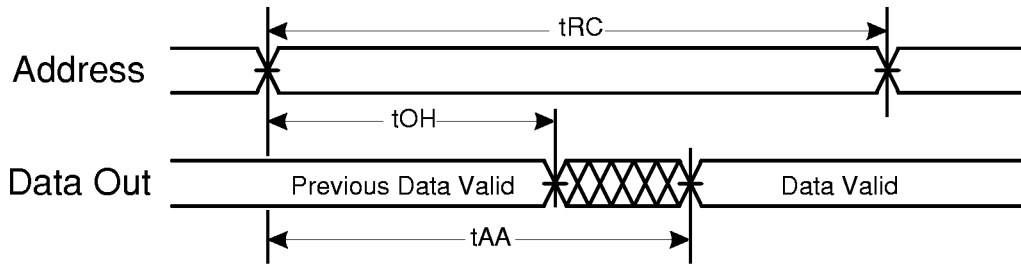
(T<sub>A</sub>=0 to +70 °C; V<sub>CC</sub>= +5V ±10% unless otherwise noted; Note 1)

Description	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5	-	5.5	V	
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		-0.5	-	0.8	V	
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		2.2	-	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	V	
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>LI</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub>	-1	-	1	μA	
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>LO</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub> ; /CE=V <sub>IH</sub> or /OE=V <sub>IH</sub> or /WE=V <sub>IL</sub>	-1	-	1	μA	
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1mA	-	-	0.4	V	
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0mA	2.4	-	-	V	
Power Supply Operating Current	I <sub>CCA</sub>	/CE = V <sub>IH</sub> ; f <sub>max</sub> , DQ=0mA	-	25	35	mA	
Power Supply Standby Current	I <sub>SB</sub>	/CE = V <sub>IL</sub> , DQ=0mA		0.5	1	mA	
Low Power CMOS Standby Current (EK6264x-yL)	I <sub>SB1</sub> - L	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.5V; /CE1 ≥ 5.3V or CE2 ≤ 0.2V; f=0MHz ; DQ = 0mA	0 to +70 °C	-	-	50	μA
Low Low Power CMOS Standby Current (EK6264x-yLL)	I <sub>SB1</sub> - LL		0 to +70 °C	-	1.5	6	μA
			0 to +40 °C	-	0.4	1	μA
			+25 °C	-	0.2	0.5	μA

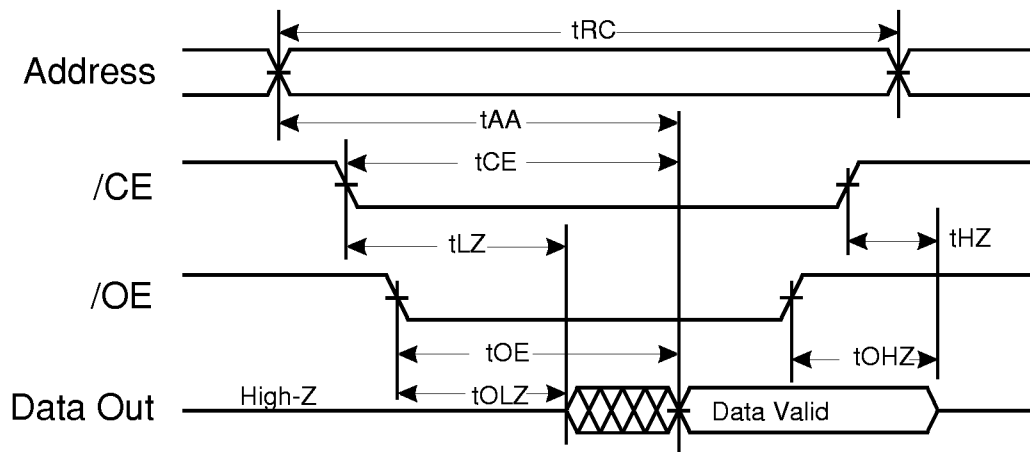
### Capacitance

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Units
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	6	pF
Input/Output Capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	8	pF

## Read Cycle (Address Access)



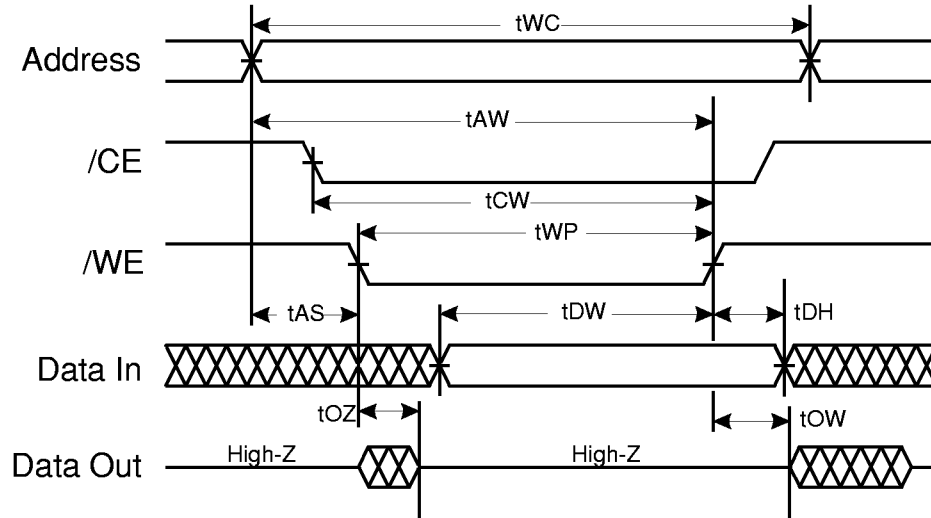
## Read Cycle (Chip Enable Access)



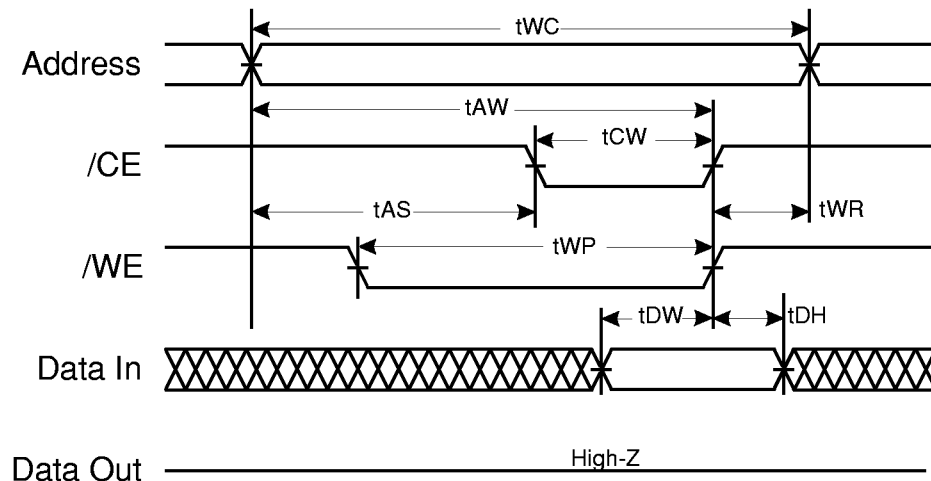
## Read Cycle

DESCRIPTION	Symbol	-35		-55		-70		-100		Units	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Read Cycle Time	$t_{RC}$	35	-	55	-	70	-	100	-	ns	2,3,6
Address Access Time	$t_{AA}$	-	35	-	55	-	70	-	100	ns	2,3
Chip Enable Access Time	$t_{CE}$	-	35	-	55	-	70	-	100	ns	2,3
Output Enable Access Time	$t_{OE}$	-	15	-	25	-	35	-	50	ns	2,3
Output Hold from Address Change	$t_{OH}$	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	ns	2,3
Chip Enable Active to Low-Z	$t_{LZ}$	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	ns	2,3
Output Enable to Low-Z	$t_{OLZ}$	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	ns	2,3
Chip Disable Active to High-Z	$t_{HZ}$	0	10	0	20	0	25	0	35	ns	2,3,5
Output Disable to High-Z	$t_{OHZ}$	0	10	0	20	0	25	0	35	ns	2,3,5

## Write Cycle (/WE Controlled)



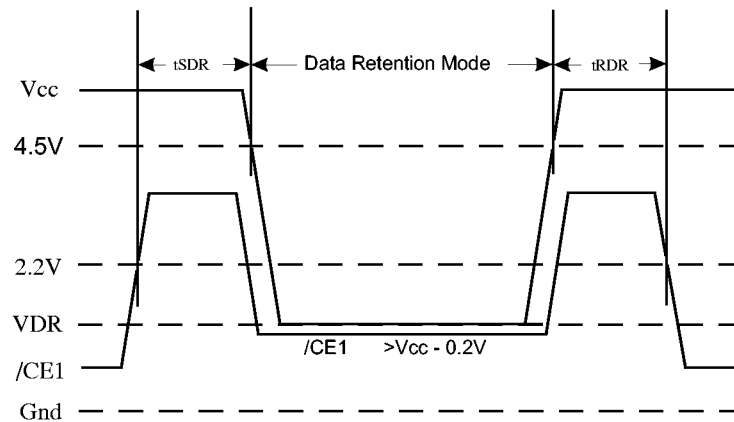
## Write Cycle (/CE Controlled)



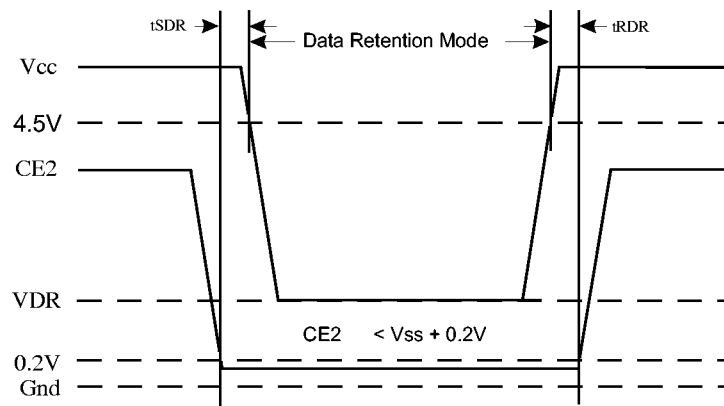
## Write Cycle

DESCRIPTION		-35		-55		-70		-100			
	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	Notes
Write Cycle Time	tWC	35	-	55	-	70	-	100	-	ns	2,3,5
Address Setup Time	tAS	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	2,3
Address Valid to End of Write	tAW	20	-	45	-	60	-	80	-	ns	2,3
Write Pulse Width	tWP	20	-	40	-	50	-	60	-	ns	2,3
Chip Enable to End of Write	tCW	30	-	40	-	50	-	60	-	ns	2,3
Data Valid to End of Write	tDW	15	-	25	-	30	-	40	-	ns	2,3
Data Hold from End of Write	tDH	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	2,3
Write Low to Output High-Z	tOZ	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	ns	2,3,4
Write High to Output Low-Z	tOW	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	ns	2,3
Write Recovery Time	tWR	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	2,3

## Data Retention (/CE1 Controlled)



## Data Retention (CE2 Controlled)



## Data Retention

Description	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units		
Data Retention Supply Voltage	VDR	$/CE1 \geq V_{CC}-0.2V$ or $CE2 \leq V_{SS}+0.2V$	2.0	-	5.5	V		
Data Retention Current (EK6264x-yL)	ICCDR1	VCC=3.0V	0 to +70	C	-	40	$\mu A$	
	ICCDR2	VCC=2.0V	0 to +70	C	-	35	A	
Data Retention Current (EK6264x-yLL)	ICCDR1	VCC=3.0V	0 to +70	C	0.5	0.8	A	
			0 to +70	C	-	0.4	0.5	A
	ICCDR2	VCC=2.0V	0 to +40	C	-	0.2	0.4	A
			+25	C	-	0.1	0.3	A
Data Retention Setup Time	tSDR		0	-	-	ns		
Data Retention Recovery Time	tRDR		tRC	-	-	ns		

## AC Test Conditions

(TA = 0 to +70°C, VCC = 5V ±10%)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Units
Input Pulse High Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.4	V
Input Pulse Low Level	V <sub>IL</sub>	0.8	V
Input Rise Time	TR	5.0	ns
Input Fall Time	TF	5.0	ns
Input and Output Timing Reference Level		1.5	V

## AC Test Loads

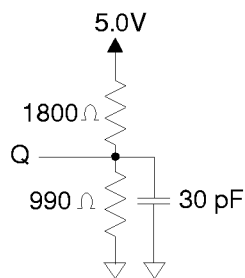


Figure 1A - AC Test Load

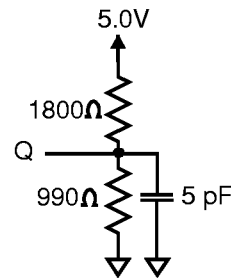


Figure 1B - Hi Z Test Load

### Notes:

1. When /WE goes low, outputs are in a Hi-Z state and /OE is overridden.
2. /WE is high for a read cycle.
3. /CE1 and CE2 are represented by /CE in this data sheet. CE2 is of the opposite polarity of /CE in the timing diagrams.
4. A write occurs during the overlap of /CE and /WE.
5. Measured at ±500mv from steady state with the Hi-Z load.
6. Referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address pin.

## Ordering Information

(Order by Complete Part Number)

