

CD4069UB Types

COS/MOS Hex Inverter

High-Voltage Types (20-Volt Rating)

The RCA-CD4069UB types consist of six COS/MOS inverter circuits. These devices are intended for all general-purpose inverter applications where the medium-power TTL-drive and logic-level-conversion capabilities of circuits such as the CD4009 and CD4049 Hex Inverter/Buffers are not required.

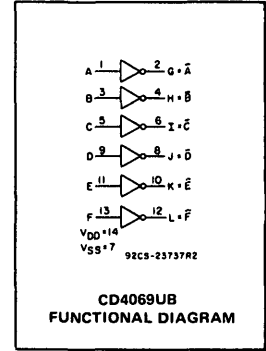
The CD4069UB-Series types are supplied in 14-lead hermetic dual-in-line ceramic packages (D and F suffixes), 14-lead dual-in-line plastic package (E suffix), 14-lead ceramic flat package, (K suffix), and in chip form (H suffix).

Features:

- Standardized symmetrical output characteristics
- Medium Speed Operation— $t_{PHL}, t_{PLH} = 30$ ns (typ.) at 10 V
- 100% tested for quiescent current at 20 V
- Maximum input current of $1 \mu A$ at 18 V over full package-temperature range; 100 nA at 18 V and 25°C
- Meets all requirements of JEDEC Tentative Standard No. 13A, "Standard Specifications for Description of 'B' Series CMOS Devices"

Applications:

- Logic inversion
- Pulse shaping
- Oscillators
- High-input-impedance amplifiers



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

For maximum reliability, nominal operating conditions should be selected so that operation is always within the following ranges:

CHARACTERISTIC	LIMITS		UNITS
	Min	Max.	
Supply Voltage Range (For T_A = Full Package Temperature Range)	3	18	V

MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values:

DC SUPPLY-VOLTAGE RANGE, (V_{DD}) (Voltages referenced to V_{SS} Terminal)	-0.5 to +20 V
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE, ALL INPUTS	-0.5 to $V_{DD} + 0.5$ V
DC INPUT CURRENT, ANY ONE INPUT	± 10 mA
POWER DISSIPATION PER PACKAGE (P_D)	
For $T_A = -40$ to $+60^\circ C$ (PACKAGE TYPE E)	500 mW
For $T_A = +60$ to $+85^\circ C$ (PACKAGE TYPE E)	Derate Linearly at 12 mW/ $^\circ C$ to 200 mW
For $T_A = -55$ to $+100^\circ C$ (PACKAGE TYPES D, F)	500 mW
For $T_A = +100$ to $+125^\circ C$ (PACKAGE TYPES D, F)	Derate Linearly at 12 mW/ $^\circ C$ to 200 mW
DEVICE DISSIPATION PER OUTPUT TRANSISTOR FOR $T_A =$ FULL PACKAGE-TEMPERATURE RANGE (All Package Types)	100 mW
OPERATING-TEMPERATURE RANGE (T_A):	
PACKAGE TYPES D, F, H	-55 to $+125^\circ C$
PACKAGE TYPE E	-40 to $+85^\circ C$
STORAGE TEMPERATURE RANGE (T_{stg})	-65 to $+150^\circ C$
LEAD TEMPERATURE (DURING SOLDERING)	
At distance $1/16 \pm 1/32$ inch (1.59 ± 0.79 mm) from case for 10 s max.	$+265^\circ C$

DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A = 25^\circ C$; Input $t_r, t_f = 20$ ns,

$C_L = 50$ pF, $R_L = 200$ K Ω .

CHARACTERISTIC	CONDITIONS	ALL TYPES LIMITS		UNITS	
		V_{DD} V	LIMITS		
			Typ.		Max.
Propagation Delay Time; t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}		5	55	110	ns
		10	30	60	
		15	25	50	
Transition Time; t_{THL}, t_{TLH}		5	100	200	ns
		10	50	100	
		15	40	80	
Input Capacitance; C_{IN}	Any Input	10	15	pF	

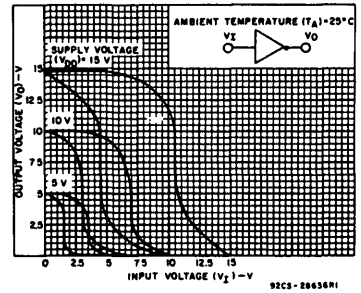


Fig. 1 — Minimum and maximum voltage transfer characteristics.

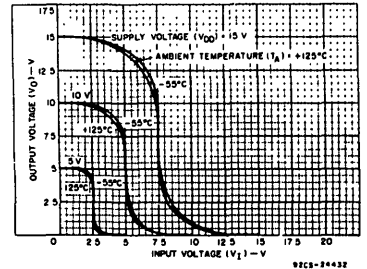


Fig. 2 — Typical voltage transfer characteristics as a function of temperature.

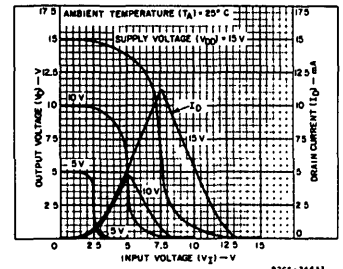


Fig. 3 — Typical current and voltage transfer characteristics.

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STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTIC	CONDITIONS			LIMITS AT INDICATED TEMPERATURES (°C)							UNITS
	V _O (V)	V _{IN} (V)	V _{DD} (V)	Values at -55, +25, +125 Apply to D,F,H Packages				Values at -40, +25, +85 Apply to E Package			
				-55	-40	+85	+125	+25			
						Min.	Typ.	Max.			
Quiescent Device Current, I _{DD} Max.	-	0,5	5	0.25	0.25	7.5	7.5	-	0.01	0.25	μA
	-	0,10	10	0.5	0.5	15	15	-	0.01	0.5	
	-	0,15	15	1	1	30	30	-	0.01	1	
	-	0,20	20	5	5	150	150	-	0.02	5	
Output Low (Sink) Current I _{OL} Min.	0.4	0,5	5	0.64	0.61	0.42	0.36	0.51	1	-	mA
	0.5	0,10	10	1.6	1.5	1.1	0.9	1.3	2.6	-	
	1.5	0,15	15	4.2	4	2.8	2.4	3.4	6.8	-	
Output High (Source) Current, I _{OH} Min.	4.6	0,5	5	-0.64	-0.61	-0.42	-0.36	-0.51	-1	-	mA
	2.5	0,5	5	-2	-1.8	-1.3	-1.15	-1.6	-3.2	-	
	9.5	0,10	10	-1.6	-1.5	-1.1	-0.9	-1.3	-2.6	-	
	13.5	0,15	15	-4.2	-4	-2.8	-2.4	-3.4	-6.8	-	
Output Voltage Low-Level, V _{OL} Max.	-	5	5	0.05				-	0	0.05	V
	-	10	10	0.05				-	0	0.05	
	-	15	15	0.05				-	0	0.05	
Output Voltage High-Level, V _{OH} Min.	-	0	5	4.95				4.95	5	-	V
	-	0	10	9.95				9.95	10	-	
	-	0	15	14.95				14.95	15	-	
Input Low Voltage, V _{IL} Max.	4.5	-	5	1				-	-	1	V
	9	-	10	2				-	-	2	
	13.5	-	15	2.5				-	-	2.5	
Input High Voltage, V _{IH} Min.	0.5	-	5	4				4	-	-	V
	1	-	10	8				8	-	-	
	1.5	-	15	12.5				12.5	-	-	
Input Current I _{IN} Max.		0,18	18	±0.1	±0.1	±1	±1	-	±10 ⁻⁵	±0.1	μA

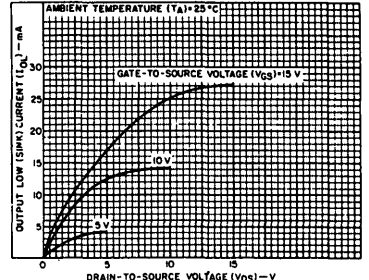


Fig. 4 - Typical output low (sink) current characteristics.

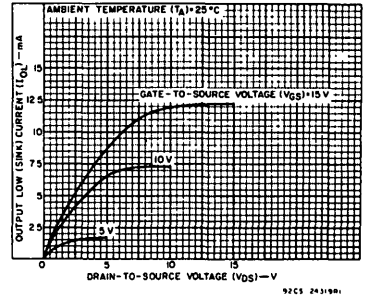


Fig. 5 - Minimum output low (sink) current characteristics.

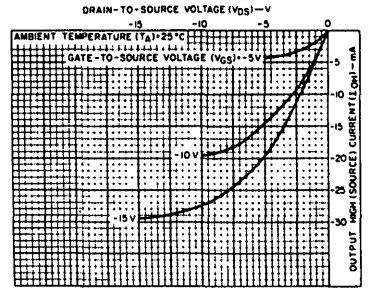


Fig. 8 - Typical output high (source) current characteristics.

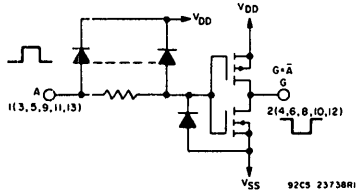


Fig. 6 - Schematic diagram of one of six identical inverters.

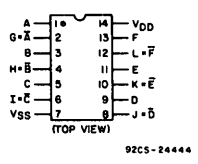


Fig. 7 - CD4069UB terminal assignment.

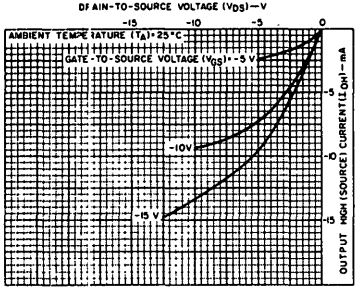


Fig. 9 - Minimum output high (source) current characteristics.

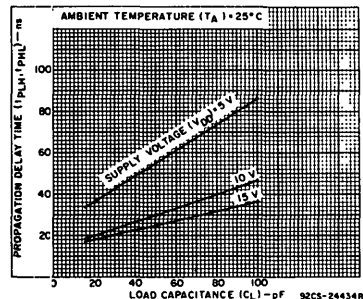


Fig. 10 - Typical propagation delay time vs. load capacitance.

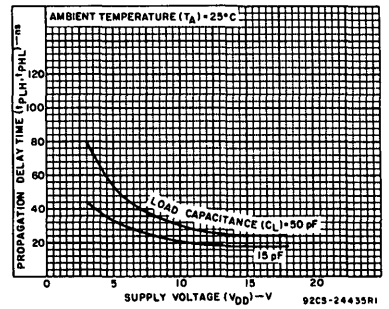


Fig. 11 - Typical propagation delay time vs. supply voltage.

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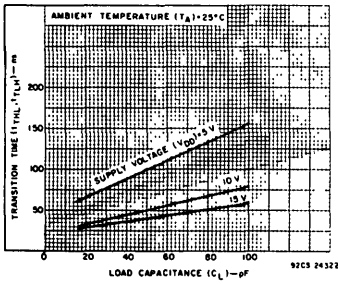


Fig. 12 - Typical transition time vs. load capacitance.

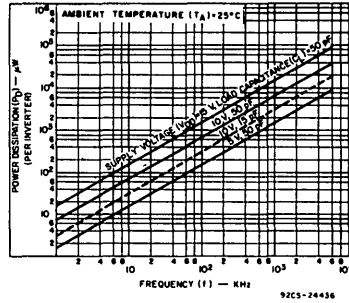


Fig. 13 - Typical dynamic power dissipation vs. frequency.

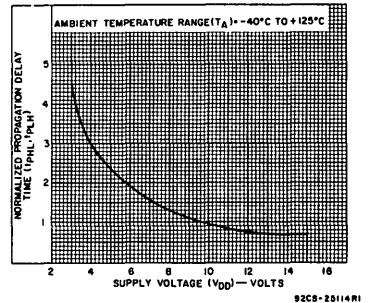


Fig. 14 - Variation of normalized propagation delay time (t_{PHL} and t_{PLH}) with supply voltage.

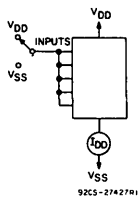


Fig. 15 - Quiescent device current test circuit.

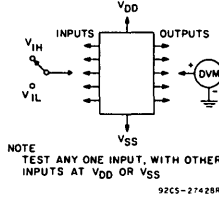


Fig. 16 - Noise immunity test circuit.

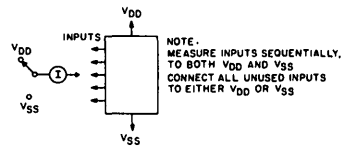


Fig. 17 - Input leakage current test circuit.

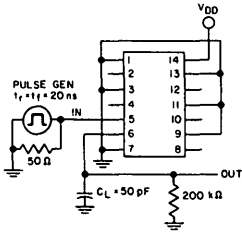
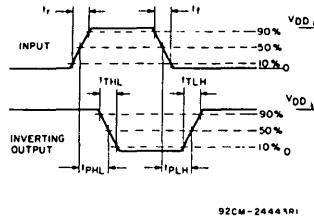


Fig. 18 - Dynamic electrical characteristics test circuit and waveforms.



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APPLICATIONS

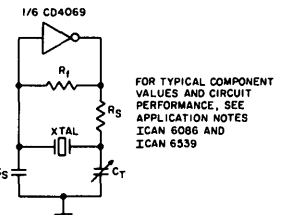


Fig. 19 - Typical crystal oscillator circuit.

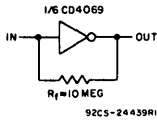


Fig. 20 - High-input impedance amplifier.

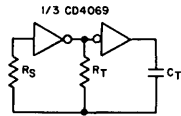


Fig. 21 - Typical RC oscillator circuit.

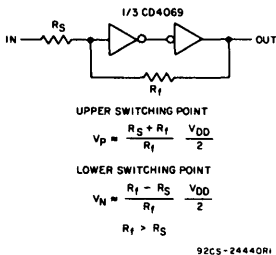
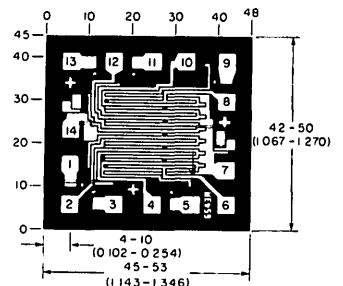


Fig. 22 - Input pulse shaping circuit (Schmitt trigger).

Dimensions in parentheses are in millimeters and are derived from the basic inch dimensions as indicated. Grid graduations are in mils (10^{-3} inch).

The photographs and dimensions of each COS/MOS chip represent a chip when it is part of the wafer. When the wafer is cut into chips, the cleavage angles are 57° instead of 90° with respect to the face of the chip. Therefore, the isolated chip is actually 7 mils (0.17 mm) larger in both dimensions.



92CS-32205

Dimensions and pad layout for CD4069UBH.