## PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION SHEET

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES, DIODE, SILICON, VOLTAGE REGULATOR, TYPES 1N962B-1 THROUGH 1N992B-1, AND 1N962BUR-1 THROUGH 1N992BUR-1, 1N962C-1 THROUGH 1N992C-1, AND 1N962CUR-1 THROUGH 1N992CUR-1, AND 1N962D-1 THROUGH 1N992D-1, 1N962DUR-1 THROUGH 1N992DUR-1, JAN, JANTX, JANTXV, AND JANHC

JANS level (see 6.4).
This specification is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

The requirements for acquiring the product described herein shall consist of this specification sheet and MIL-PRF-19500.

## 1. SCOPE

1.1 Scope. This specification covers the performance requirements for 500 milliwatt, silicon, voltage regulator diodes with voltage tolerances of 5 percent, 2 percent, and 1 percent. Three levels of product assurance are provided for each encapsulated device type as specified in MIL-PRF-19500. One level of product assurance is provided for each unencapsulated device type.
1.2 Physical dimensions. See figure 1 (DO-35), figure 2 ( DO-213AA), and figure 3 for (JANHC die).
1.3 Maximum ratings. Maximum ratings are as shown in maximum and primary test ratings (see 3.8) herein and as follows:
a. $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{TL}}=500 \mathrm{~mW},(\mathrm{DO}-35)$ at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}=+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{L}=.375$ inch ( 9.53 mm ); both ends of case or diode body to heat sink at $L=.375$ inch ( 9.53 mm ). Derate I Z to 0.0 mA dc at $+175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
b. $P_{\text {TEC }}=500 \mathrm{~mW}$, (DO-213AA) at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{EC}}=+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, derate to 0 at $+175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}$ J $\leq+175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$;
$-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq$ TSTG $\leq+175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
c. $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}(\mathrm{PCB})=400 \mathrm{~mW}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. this address information using the ASSIST Online database at http://assist.daps.dla.mil .
1.4 Primary electrical characteristics. Primary electrical characteristics are as shown in maximum and primary test ratings (see 3.8) herein and as follows:
a. $11 \mathrm{Vdc} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}} \leq 200 \mathrm{~V}$ dc.
b. 1 N962B-1 through 1 N992B-1 are 5 percent voltage tolerance.
c. 1 N962C-1 through 1 N992C-1 are 2 percent voltage tolerance.
d. 1 N962D-1 through 1N992D-1 are 1 percent voltage tolerance.

Thermal resistance:
$\mathrm{R}_{\Theta \mathrm{JL}}=250^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ maximum at $\mathrm{L}=.375$ inch ( 9.53 mm ) (DO-35).
$\mathrm{R}_{\Theta J E C}=100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ maximum. Junction to end-caps (DO-213AA).
$\mathrm{R}_{\Theta J A}(\mathrm{PCB})=300^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ junction to ambient including PCB see note (1).
(1) See figures 4,5 , and 6 for derating curves. $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for both axial and MELF (Metal Electrical Leadless Face) (US) on printed circuit board (PCB), PCB = FR4 . 0625 inch ( 1.59 mm ) 1-layer 1-Oz Cu, horizontal, still air, pads $(U S)=.067$ inch $(1.70 \mathrm{~mm}) \times .105$ inch $(2.67 \mathrm{~mm})$; pads (axial) $=.092$ inch $(2.34 \mathrm{~mm})$ diameter, strip $=.030$ inch $(0.762 \mathrm{~mm}) \times 1$ inch $(25.4 \mathrm{~mm})$ long, axial lead length $\mathrm{L} \leq .187$ inch $(\leq 4.76 \mathrm{~mm}) ; \mathrm{R}_{\Theta \mathrm{JA}}(\mathrm{PCB})$ with a defined thermal resistance condition included is measured at $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Z}}=$ as defined in the electrical characteristics tolerance table herein.
(2) For thermal impedance curves see figures 7, 8, and 9.

## 2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 General. The documents listed in this section are specified in sections 3,4 , or 5 of this specification. This section does not include documents cited in other sections of this specification or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements of documents cited in sections 3,4 , or 5 of this specification, whether or not they are listed.

### 2.2 Government documents.

2.2.1 Specifications, standards, and handbooks. The following specifications, standards, and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those cited in the solicitation or contract.

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPECIFICATIONS

MIL-PRF-19500 - Semiconductor Devices, General Specification for.

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STANDARDS

MIL-STD-750 - Test Methods for Semiconductor Devices.
(Copies of these documents are available online at http://assist.daps.dla.mil/quicksearch/ or http://assist.daps.dla.mil or from the Standardization Document Order Desk, 700 Robbins Avenue, Building 4D, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.)
2.3 Order of precedence. In the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.


| Symbol | Dimensions |  |  |  | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inches |  | Millimeters |  |  |
|  | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| BD | .055 | .090 | 1.40 | 2.29 | 3 |
| BL | .120 | .200 | 3.05 | 5.08 | 3 |
| LD | .018 | .022 | 0.46 | 0.56 |  |
| LL | 1.000 | 1.500 | 25.40 | 38.10 |  |
| LL 1 |  | .050 |  | 1.27 | 4 |

NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in inches.
2. Millimeters are given for general information only.
3. Package contour optional within BD and length BL. Heat slugs, if any, shall be included within this cylinder but shall not be subject to minimum limit of LD. The BL dimension shall include the entire body including slugs (new note).
4. Within $L_{1}$ lead diameter may vary to allow for flash, lead finish build-up, and minor irregularities other than heat slugs.
5. In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to $\Phi X$ symbology.

FIGURE 1. Physical dimensions for types 1N962B-1 through 1N992B-1,
1N962C-1 through 1N992C-1, 1N962D-1 through 1N992D-1 (DO-35).


| Symbol | Dimensions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inches |  | Millimeters |  |
|  | Min | Max | Min | Max |
| BL | .130 | .146 | 3.30 | 3.70 |
| BD | .063 | .067 | 1.60 | 1.70 |
| ECT | .016 | .022 | 0.41 | 0.55 |
| S | .001 min |  | 0.03 min |  |

## NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in inches.
2. Millimeters are given for general information only.
3. In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to $\Phi X$ symbology.

FIGURE 2. Physical dimensions for types 1N962BUR-1 through 1N992BUR-1,1N962CUR-1 through 1N992CUR-1, 1N962DUR-1 through 1N992DUR-1 (DO-213AA).


BACKSIDE IS CATHODE

| Ltr | Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | JANHCA |  |  | JANHCB |  |  |  |  |
|  | Inches |  | Millimeters |  | Inches |  | Millimeters |  |
|  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |
| A | .021 | .025 | .53 | .63 | .024 | .028 | 0.61 | 0.71 |
| B | .013 | .017 | .33 | .43 | .017 | .021 | 0.43 | 0.53 |

## NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in inches.
2. Millimeters are given for general information only.
3. The physical characteristics of the die thickness are $.010 \pm .002$ ( $0.25 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.051$ ).

Metallization:
top $=($ anode $)-A L$,
back: (cathode) - AU,
AL thickness $=12,000 \AA$ A minimum for JANHCA and 40,000 Å minimum for JANHCB,
AU thickness $=3,000 \AA$ i minimum for JANHCA, and 5,000 Å minimum for JANHCB.
4. Circuit layout data: For zener operation, cathode must be operated positive with respect to anode.
5. Requirements in accordance with appendix $G$ of MIL-PRF-19500, are performed in a TO-5 package (see 6.5).

FIGURE 3. Physical dimensions (JANHCA and JANHCB die dimensions).

## 3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 General. The individual item requirements shall be as specified in MIL-PRF-19500 and as modified herein.
3.2 Qualification. Devices furnished under this specification shall be products that are manufactured by a manufacturer authorized by the qualifying activity for listing on the applicable qualified manufacturer's list (QML) before contract award (see 4.2 and 6.3).
3.3 Abbreviations, symbols, and definitions. The abbreviations, symbols, and definitions used herein are defined in MIL-PRF-19500, and as follows.

EC - - -- -- - end-caps.
$\mathrm{R}_{\Theta J A}(\mathrm{PCB})-$ - thermal resistance junction to ambient, with a defined printed circuit board mounting.
$R_{\Theta J B B}-$ - - - - Thermal resistance junction to burn-in board.
3.4 Interface and physical dimensions. The interface and physical dimensions shall be specified in MIL-PRF-19500 and figures 1 and 2 (similar to DO-35 and DO-213AA), and figure 3 (die) herein.
3.4.1 Lead finish. Lead finish shall be solderable in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500, MIL-STD-750, and herein. Where a choice of lead finish is desired, it shall be specified in the acquisition document (see 6.2).
3.4.2 Diode construction. All devices shall be metallurgically bonded double plug construction in accordance with the requirements of category I, II, or III (see MIL-PRF-19500).
3.5 Marking. Marking shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500. Manufacturer's identification and date code shall be marked on the devices. Initial container package marking shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500. The polarity shall be indicated with a contrasting color band to denote the cathode end. The prefixes JAN, JANTX, and JANTXV can be abbreviated as J, JX, and JV, respectively. (example: The part number can be reduced to J962B1) No color coding shall be permitted for part numbering.
3.5.1 Marking of UR devices. For 'UR' version devices only, all marking, except polarity may be omitted from the body, but shall be retained on the initial container. Polarity marking of 'UR' devices shall consist as a minimum, a band or 3 contrasting dots around the periphery of the cathode.
3.6 Selection of tight tolerance devices. The $C$ and $D$ suffix devices shall be selected from JAN, JANTX, or JANTXV devices, which have successfully completed all applicable screening, and groups A, B, and C testing as 5 percent tolerance devices. All sublots of $C$ and $D$ suffix devices shall pass table $I$, subgroup 2 , at tightened tolerances. Tighter tolerances for mounting clip temperature shall be maintained for reference purpose to establish correlation. For C and D tolerance levels, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at .375 inch ( 9.53 mm ) from body or equivalent.
3.7 Electrical performance characteristics. Unless otherwise specified herein, the electrical performance characteristics are as specified in 1.3, 1.4, and table I, II, and III.
3.8 Electrical test requirements. The electrical test requirements shall be the subgroups specified in table I herein.
3.9 Maximum and primary test ratings. Maximum and primary test ratings for voltage regulator diodes are specified in table IV herein.
3.10 Workmanship. Semiconductor devices shall be processed in such a manner as to be uniform in quality and shall be free from other defects that will affect life, serviceability, or appearance.

## 4. VERIFICATION

4.1 Classification of inspections. The inspection requirements specified herein are classified as follows:
a. Qualification inspection (see 4.2).
b. Screening (see 4.3).
c. Conformance inspection (see 4.4).
4.2 Qualification inspection. Qualification inspection shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500 and as specified herein.
4.2.1 Group E qualification. Group E inspection shall be performed for qualification or re-qualification only. In case qualification was awarded to a prior revision of the specification sheet that did not request the performance of table II tests, the tests specified in table II herein that were not performed in the prior revision shall be performed on the first inspection lot of this revision to maintain qualification.
4.2.2 JANHC devices. JANHC devices shall be qualified in accordance with appendix G of MIL-PRF-19500.
4.2.3 Construction verification. Cross sectional photos from three devices shall be submitted in the qualification report.
4.3 Screening (JAN, JANTX, and JANTXV levels only). Screening shall be in accordance with table E-IV of MIL-PRF-19500 and as specified herein. The following measurements shall be made in accordance with table I herein. Devices that exceed the limits of table I herein shall not be acceptable.

| Screen <br> (see table E-IV of <br> MIL-PRF-19500) | Measurement |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | JANTX and JANTXV levels |
| 3 a | Temperature cycling |
| (1) 3 c | Thermal impedance (see 4.3.2) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 7 \mathrm{a} \\ & 7 \mathrm{~b} \end{aligned}$ | Not required Optional |
| 9 | Not required |
| 11 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R} 1}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ |
| 12 | See 4.3.3 |
| (2) 13 | $\Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R} 1} \leq 100$ percent of initial reading or 50 nA dc , whichever is greater. <br> $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}} \leq \pm 2$ percent initial reading. <br> Subgroup 2 of table I herein. |
| $\begin{gathered} 14 a \\ \text { (3) } \quad 14 \mathrm{~b} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Not required Required |

(1) Thermal impedance shall be performed any time after sealing provided temperature cycling is performed in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500, screen 3 prior to this thermal test.
(2) $\mathrm{PDA}=5$ percent for screen 13 applies to $\Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R} 1}$ and $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}$. Thermal impedance $\left(\mathrm{Z}_{\Theta J X}\right)$ is not required in screen 13.
(3) For clear glass diodes, the hermetic seal (gross leak) may be performed at anytime after temperature cycling.
4.3.1 Screening (JANHC). Screening of JANHC die shall be in accordance with appendix G of MIL-PRF-19500.
4.3.1.1 JAN testing. JAN level product will have temperature cycling and thermal impedance testing performed in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500, JANTX level screening level requirements.
4.3.2 Thermal impedance. The thermal impedance measurements shall be performed in accordance with method 3101 or 4081 , as applicable, of MIL-STD-750 using the guidelines in that method for determining $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{H}}$, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{MD}}$ (and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}$ where appropriate). Measurement delay time $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{MD}}=70 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ max. (See table II, subgroup 4). See figure 10 for mounting conditions.
4.3.3 Power burn-in conditions. Power burn-in conditions are as follows: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{zm}}(\mathrm{min})=$ column 8 of table $\mathrm{IV} ; \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=$ $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ maximum. Test conditions in accordance with method 1038 of MIL-STD-750, condition B (see 4.5.6). Adjust $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ or $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ to achieve the required $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}} . \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ minimum. With approval of the qualifying activity and preparing activity, alternate burn-in criteria (hours, bias conditions, $T_{J}$ mounting conditions) may be used for JANTX and JANTXV quality levels. A justification demonstrating equivalence is required. In addition, the manufacturing site's burn-in data and performance history will be essential criteria for burn-in modification approval.
4.4 Conformance inspection. Conformance inspection shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500 and as specified herein. Group A inspection shall be performed on each sublot.
4.4.1 Group A inspection. Group A inspection shall be conducted in accordance with MIL-PRF-19500, and table I herein.
4.4.2 Group B inspection. Group B inspection shall be conducted in accordance with the conditions specified for subgroup testing in appendix E, table E-VIb (JAN, JANTX, and JANTXV) of MIL-PRF-19500 and 4.4.2.1 herein. Electrical measurements (end-points) shall be in accordance with the applicable inspections of table III herein.

### 4.4.2.1 Group B inspection, appendix E, table E-VIb (JAN, JANTX and JANTXV) of MIL-PRF-19500.

| Subgroup | Method | Condition |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B2 | 1056 | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 10$ cycles. |
| B2 | 1051 | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 25$ cycles. |
| B2 | 4066 | See 4.5.1. |
| B3 | 1027 | $\mathrm{I} Z(\min )=$ column 8 of table IV. Adjust $\mathrm{I} Z$ <br> (see 4.5 .6$).$ |
| B4 $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ to achieve $\mathrm{TJ}^{2}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ minimum |  |  |

4.4.3 Group $C$ inspection. Group $C$ inspection shall be conducted in accordance with the conditions specified for subgroup testing in appendix E, table E-VII of MIL-PRF-19500, and as follows. Electrical measurements (endpoints) shall be in accordance with table III herein.

| Subgroup | Method | Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C2 | 1056 | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 10$ cycles. |
| C2 | 1051 | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 20$ cycles. |
| C2 | 2036 | Tension: Test condition A; weight $=4$ pounds, $t=15$ seconds. Lead fatigue: Test condition $E$. (Tension and lead fatigue are not required for UR-1 suffix devices) |
| C2 | 1071 | Test condition E. |
| C3 |  | Not applicable. |
| C5 | 4081 | See 4.3.2 herein. |
| C6 | 1027 | $\mathrm{I}(\min )=$ column 8 of table IV . Adjust $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ or $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ to achieve $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ minimum (see 4.5.6). |
| C7 |  | Not applicable. |
| C8 | 4071 | $\mathrm{IZ}=$ column 5 of table $\mathrm{IV} ; \mathrm{T}_{1}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{T}_{2}=+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. (Maximum limit in accordance with column 14 of table IV). Sample size $=22$, $c=0$. (See 4.5.4.) |

4.4.4 Group E inspection. Group E inspection shall be conducted in accordance with appendix E, table E-IX of MIL-PRF-19500 and table II herein. Electrical measurements (end-points) shall be in accordance with the applicable inspections of table III herein.
4.5 Methods of inspection. Methods of inspection shall be as specified in the appropriate tables and as follows.
4.5.1 Surge current (IZSM). The peak currents shown in column 10 of table IV shall be applied in the reverse direction and these shall be imposed on the current $(\mathrm{IZ}=\mathrm{I} \mathrm{Z} 1)$ (column 5 of table IV ) a total of 5 surges at 1-minute intervals. Each individual surge shall be one-half square-wave-pulse of one one-hundred twenty second duration or an equivalent one-half sine wave with the same effective rms current.
4.5.2 Regulator voltage measurements. The test current shall be applied until thermal equilibrium is attained (90 seconds minimum) prior to reading the breakdown voltage. For this test, the diode shall be suspended by its leads with mounting clips whose inside edge is located at .375 inch ( 9.53 mm ) from the body (UR version $=0$ lead length) and the mounting clips shall be maintained at a temperature of $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and $-2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. This measurement may be performed after a shorter time following application of the test current than that which provides thermal equilibrium if correlation to stabilized readings can be established to the satisfaction of the Government.
4.5.3 Voltage regulation $\mathrm{V} \underline{Z}(\mathrm{reg})$. Voltage regulation shall be determined by the difference of the regulator voltage measured at different currents as specified in table I, subgroup 7 herein. Both tests shall be performed at thermal equilibrium. This $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ shall not exceed column 9 of table IV.
4.5.4 Temperature coefficient of regulator voltage ( $\alpha \mathrm{V} \underline{Z}$ ). The device shall be temperature stabilized with current applied prior to reading regulator voltage at the specified ambient temperature as specified in 4.4.3, subgroup C8.
4.5.5 Scope display evaluation. Scope display evaluation shall be stable in accordance with method 4023 of MIL-STD-750, condition A. Scope display may be performed on ATE (automatic test equipment) for screening only with the approval of the qualifying activity. Scope display in table I, subgroup 4 shall be performed on a scope. The reverse current over the knee shall be $500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ peak.
4.5.6 Free air burn-in and life tests. The use of a current limiting or ballast resistor is permitted provided that each DUT still sees as a minimum the $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Z}}(\min )$ described in 4.3 .3 and that the minimum applied voltage, where applicable, is maintained through-out the burn-in period. Use method 3100 of MIL-STD-750 to measure TJ (see figure 10).

TABLE I. Group A inspection.

| Inspection 1/ | MIL-STD-750 |  | Symbol | Limits 2/ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Method | Conditions |  | Min | Max |  |
| Subgroup 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Visual and mechanical examination | 2071 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subgroup 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forward voltage | 4011 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=200 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{dc}$. | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |  |  | V dc |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1N962-1N985 } \quad \text { 3/ } \\ & \text { 1N986-1N992 } \underline{3} / \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 1.1 1.3 |  |
| Reverse current | 4016 | DC method, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}=$ column 11 of table IV. | IR1 |  | Col. 12 | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| Regulator voltage | 4022 | I Z1 = column 5 of table IV , see 4.5.2 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ | Col. 3 | Col. 4 | V dc |
| Thermal impedance | 3101 | See 4.3.2 | $\mathrm{Z}_{\Theta \mathrm{JX}}$ |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Subgroup 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High temperature operation |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Reverse current Subgroup 4 | 4016 | DC method, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}=$ column 11 of table IV. | IR2 |  | Col. 13 | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| Small-signal reverse breakdown impedance | 4051 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Z}}=$ column 5 of table IV . <br> ISIG $=10$ percent of IZ rms. | $\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ |  | Col. 6 | ohm |
| Small-signal reverse breakdown impedance | 4051 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{ZK}}=250 \mu \mathrm{Adc}$, <br> ISIG $=25 \mu \mathrm{Arms}$. | $\mathrm{Z}_{\text {ZK }}$ |  | Col. 7 | ohm |
| Scope display | 4023 | See 4.5.5, $\mathrm{n}=116, \mathrm{c}=0$. |  |  |  |  |

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE I. Group A inspection - Continued.


1/ For sampling plan, see MIL-PRF-19500.
2/ Column references are to table IV.
3/ Applies to all suffix versions.

TABLE II. Group E inspection qualification and requalification (all product assurance levels).

| Inspection 1/ | MIL-STD-750 |  | Qualification conformance inspection (sampling plan) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Method | Conditions |  |
| Subgroup 1 |  |  | 45 devices, $\mathrm{c}=0$ |
| Temperature cycling | 1051 | 500 cycles |  |
| Electrical measurements |  | See table III, steps 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 |  |
| Subgroup 2 |  |  | 45 devices, $\mathrm{c}=0$ |
| Intermittent life | 1037 | 6,000 cycles. IZ = column 8 of table IV |  |
| Electrical measurements |  | See table III, steps 2, 3, 4, and 5 |  |
| Subgroup 4 |  |  |  |
| Thermal impedance curve |  | See MIL-PRF-19500 |  |
| Subgroups 5 and 6 |  |  |  |
| Not applicable |  |  |  |
| Subgroup 9 |  |  | $\mathrm{n}=45$ |
| Resistance to glass cracking | 1057 | Condition B. Cool down after solder immersion is permitted. Test until failure occurs on all devices with the chosen sample or to a maximum of 25 cycles, whichever comes first |  |

1/ A separate sample may be pulled for each test.

TABLE III. Group B, C, and E electrical and delta end-point measurements. $1 / \underline{2} / \underline{3} /$

| Step | Inspection | MIL-STD-750 |  | Symbol | Limits |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Method | Conditions |  | Min | Max |  |
| 1. | Reverse current | 4016 | DC method; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}=$ column 11 of table IV. | IR1 |  | Column 12 of table IV | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| 2. | Reverse current | 4016 | DC method; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}=$ column 11 of table IV. | IR3 |  | 2 | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| 3. | Regulator voltage (see 4.5.2) | 4022 | I Z1 $=$ column 5 of table IV. | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ | Column 3 of table IV | Column <br> 4 of table IV | V dc |
| 4. | Small-signal breakdown impedance | 4051 | IZ1 = column 5 of table IV. <br> ISIG $=10$ percent of $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Z}} \mathrm{rms}$ | ZZT |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Column } \\ & 6 \text { of } \\ & \text { table IV } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Ohms |
| 5. | Thermal impedance | 3101 | See 4.3.2 | $\Delta Z_{\Theta J X}$ |  | 10 percent of initial value max. | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

1/ The electrical measurements for table VIb of MIL-PRF-19500 are as follows:
a. Subgroup 2, see table III herein, steps 1, 3, 4, and 5.
b. Subgroups 3 and 6 , see table III herein, steps 2 , 3 , and 4.

2/ The electrical measurements for table VII of MIL-PRF-19500 are as follows:
a. Subgroup 2, see table III herein, steps 1, 3, 4, and 5.
b. Subgroup 6, see table III herein, steps 2, 3, and 4.

3/ The electrical measurements for table IX of MIL-PRF-19500 are as follows:
a. Subgroup 1, see table III herein, steps 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.
b. Subgroup 2, see table III herein, steps 2, 3, 4, and 5 .
TABLE IV．Electrical characteristics（ 5 percent tolerance diodes）．

| $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{0} \\ & \overrightarrow{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { N }}{ }$ | $\frac{0}{3}$ |  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{\pi}{0}$ |  | § |  |
| $\frac{7}{0}$ |  | § | － |
| ¢ 7 | $\stackrel{\text { r }}{ }$ | $\stackrel{n}{7}$ |  |
| ¢丆¢ 0 | $\sum_{N}^{N}$ | E |  |
| す。の | $\stackrel{N}{7}$ | $\stackrel{n}{\square}$ |  <br>  |
| $\frac{\infty}{0}$ | $\sum_{N}$ | 吕 |  |
| $\overline{\mathrm{O}}$ | N | $\stackrel{n}{E}$ |  |
| $\div$ | N | $\stackrel{n}{E}$ |  |
| $\frac{0}{0}$ | N | E | 咐 <br>  |
| $\frac{\pi}{0}$ | $\stackrel{\text { N }}{\text { ® }}$ | $\stackrel{n}{9}$ |  <br>  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{m} \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\frac{9}{9}$ |  <br>  |
| $\stackrel{N}{0}$ | $\stackrel{\text { N }}{ } \times$ | $\stackrel{0}{5}$ | ন |
| $\frac{7}{0}$ | $\stackrel{\otimes}{\stackrel{\omega}{\wedge}}$ |  |  |

TABLE IV．Electrical characteristics（2 percent tolerance diodes）－Continued

| $\frac{ন}{\bar{O}}$ | $\underset{8}{\text { N }}$ | $\frac{0}{3}$ |  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{m}{\overline{0}}$ |  | § |  |
| $\frac{\pi}{0}$ |  | § | －i |
| $\overline{7}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{\text { n }}{\square}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \overline{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\sum_{N}^{5}$ | 区 |  |
| ¢ ¢ | $\stackrel{N}{\sim}$ | $\stackrel{\frac{n}{9}}{ }$ |  <br>  |
| $\frac{\infty}{0}$ | $\stackrel{\text { N }}{ }$ | 號 |  |
| $\overline{\mathrm{O}}$ | N | $\begin{gathered} \text { n } \\ \stackrel{n}{\delta} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\div$ | N | $\begin{gathered} \text { n } \\ \stackrel{n}{0} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\frac{n}{0}$ | N | 『 |  <br>  |
| $\frac{7}{0}$ | $>^{N}$ ¢ | $\frac{y}{0}$ |  <br>  |
| $\frac{m}{0}$ | $>^{\text {N }}$ ¢ | $\frac{\frac{n}{0}}{>}$ | か ㅇN <br>  |
| $\bar{\circ}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{E}{\sigma} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{N} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { \％}}{\frac{0}{0}}$ | ন |
| $\frac{7}{0}$ | $\stackrel{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\wedge}}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\wedge}}$ |  |  © <br>  |

MIL-PRF-19500/117R


## TEMPERATURE-POWER DERATING CURVE DO-35



NOTES:

1. All devices are capable of operating at $\leq T_{J}$ specified on this curve. Any parallel line to this curve will intersect the appropriate power for the desired maximum $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ allowed.
2. Derate design curve constrained by the maximum junction temperature $\left(T_{J} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and power rating specified. (See 1.3 herein.)
3. Derate design curve chosen at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}} \leq 150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, where the maximum temperature of electrical test is performed.
4. Derate design curves chosen at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}} \leq, 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to show power rating where most users want to limit $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ in their application.

FIGURE 4. Temperature-power derating curve.

## TEMPERATURE-POWER DERATING CURVE

 DO-213AA

## NOTES:

1. All devices are capable of operating at $\leq T_{j}$ specified on this curve. Any parallel line to this curve will intersect the appropriate power for the desired maximum $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ allowed.
2. Derate design curve constrained by the maximum junction temperature $\left(T_{J} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and power rating specified. (See 1.3 herein.)
3. Derate design curve chosen at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}} \leq 150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, where the maximum temperature of electrical test is performed.
4. Derate design curves chosen at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}} \leq, 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to show power rating where most users want to limit $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ in their application.

FIGURE 5. Temperature-power derating curve.

## TEMPERATURE-POWER DERATING CURVE

 DO-35

## NOTES:

1. All devices are capable of operating at $\leq T_{j}$ specified on this curve. Any parallel line to this curve will intersect the appropriate power for the desired maximum $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ allowed.
2. Derate design curve constrained by the maximum junction temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}} \leq 175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) and power rating specified. (See 1.3 herein.)
3. Derate design curve chosen at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}} \leq 150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, where the maximum temperature of electrical test is performed.
4. Derate design curves chosen at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}} \leq, 125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to show power rating where most users want to limit $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ in their application.

FIGURE 6. Temperature-power derating curve.


Thermal impedance DO-35 PCB mount, FR4, 1 oz Cu, $50 \times 87$ mil pad (MELF) and 92 mil diameter (axial with .125 inch ( 3.175 mm ) lead length) at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
NOTE: Thermal resistance $=300^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$. Maximum power rating $=400 \mathrm{~mW}$ at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

FIGURE 7. Thermal impedance DO-35 PCB mount.


Thermal impedance DO- 35 axial, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at .375 inch ( 9.52 mm ) from body. NOTE: Thermal resistance $=250^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$. Maximum power rating $=500 \mathrm{~mW}$ at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

FIGURE 8. Thermal impedance DO-35 axial.


Thermal impedance DO-213AA MELF, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{EC}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
NOTE: Thermal resistance $=100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$. Power rating $=500 \mathrm{~mW}$ at $\mathrm{T} \mathrm{EC}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

FIGURE 9. Thermal impedance DO-213AA MELF.


FIGURE 10. Mounting conditions.


FIGURE 11. Maximum power versus lead temperature and lead length.

## 5. PACKAGING

5.1 Packaging. For acquisition purposes, the packaging requirements shall be as specified in the contract or order (see 6.2). When packaging of materiel is to be performed by DoD or in-house contractor personnel, these personnel need to contact the responsible packaging activity to ascertain packaging requirements. Packaging requirements are maintained by the Inventory Control Point's packaging activities within the Military Service or Defense Agency, or within the Military Service's system commands. Packaging data retrieval is available from the managing Military Department's or Defense Agency's automated packaging files, CD-ROM products, or by contacting the responsible packaging activity.

## 6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

* (This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature that may be helpful, but is not mandatory. The notes specified in MIL-PRF-19500 are applicable to this specification.)
* 6.1 Intended use. Semiconductors conforming to this specification are intended for original equipment design applications and logistic support of existing equipment.
6.2 Acquisition requirements. Acquisition documents should specify the following:
a. Title, number, and date of this specification.
b. Packaging requirements (see 5.1).
c. Lead finish (see 3.4.1).
d. Product assurance level and type designator.
6.3 Qualification. With respect to products requiring qualification, awards will be made only for products which are, at the time of award of contract, qualified for inclusion in Qualified Manufacturers List (QML 19500) whether or not such products have actually been so listed by that date. The attention of the contractors is called to these requirements, and manufacturers are urged to arrange to have the products that they propose to offer to the Federal Government tested for qualification in order that they may be eligible to be awarded contracts or orders for the products covered by this specification. Information pertaining to qualification of products may be obtained from Defense Supply Center, Columbus, ATTN: DSCC/VQE, P.O. Box 3990, Columbus, OH 43218-3990 or e-mail vge.chief@dla.mil.
6.4 Cross reference substitution list. JANS level will no longer be built to MIL-PRF-19500/117. Devices in stock are acceptable provided the date code does not exceed the date of 8 September 1997. Devices required for space flight applications will meet the requirements of MIL-PRF-19500/533. Existing supplies of parts can be used until existing supplies are exhausted. A PIN for PIN replacement table follows, and these devices are directly interchangeable:

| JANS <br> superseded PIN | JANS <br> superseding PIN |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1N962B-1 | 1N6325 |
| 1N963B-1 | 1N6326 |
| 1N964B-1 | 1N6327 |
| 1N965B-1 | 1N6328 |
| 1N966B-1 | 1N6329 |
| 1N967B-1 | 1N6330 |
| 1N968B-1 | 1N6331 |
| 1N969B-1 | 1N6332 |
| 1N970B-1 | 1N6333 |
| 1N971B-1 | 1N6334 |
| 1N972B-1 | 1N6335 |
| 1N973B-1 | 1N6336 |
| 1N974B-1 | 1N6337 |
| 1N975B-1 | 1N6338 |
| 1N976B-1 | 1N6339 |
| 1N977B-1 | 1N6340 |
|  |  |


| JANS <br> superseded PIN | JANS <br> superseding PIN |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1N978B-1 | 1N6341 |
| 1N979B-1 | 1N6342 |
| 1N980B-1 | 1N6343 |
| 1N981B-1 | 1N6344 |
| 1N982B-1 | 1N6345 |
| 1N983B-1 | 1N6346 |
| 1N984B-1 | 1N6347 |
| 1N985B-1 | 1N6348 |
| 1N986B-1 | 1N6349 |
| 1N987B-1 | 1N6350 |
| 1N988B-1 | 1N6351 |
| 1N989B-1 | 1N6352 |
| 1N990B-1 | 1N6353 |
| 1N991B-1 | 1N6354 |
| 1N992B-1 | 1N6355 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

* 6.4.1 Substitutability of dash one parts. Non-dash-one devices have been deleted from this specification. Dashone devices are a direct substitute for non dash-one devices and are preferred. The following table shows the direct substitutability. This is for all quality levels and tolerances.

| Superseded PIN | Superseding PIN |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1N962B | 1N962B-1 |
| 1N963B | 1N963B-1 |
| 1N964B | 1N964B-1 |
| 1N965B | 1N965B-1 |
| 1N966B | 1N966B-1 |
| 1N967B | 1N967B-1 |
| 1N968B | 1N968B-1 |
| 1N969B | 1N969B-1 |
| 1N970B | 1N970B-1 |
| 1N971B | 1N971B-1 |
| 1N972B | 1N972B-1 |
| 1N973B | 1N973B-1 |
| 1N974B | 1N974B-1 |
| 1N975B | 1N975B-1 |
| 1N976B | 1N976B-1 |
| 1N977B | 1N977B-1 |


| Superseded PIN | Superseding PIN |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1N978B | 1N978B-1 |
| 1N979B | 1N979B-1 |
| 1N980B | 1N980B-1 |
| 1N981B | 1N981B-1 |
| 1N982B | 1N982B-1 |
| 1N983B | 1N983B-1 |
| 1N984B | 1N984B-1 |
| 1N985B | 1N985B-1 |
| 1N986B | 1N986B-1 |
| 1N987B | 1N987B-1 |
| 1N988B | 1N988B-1 |
| 1N989B | 1N989B-1 |
| 1N990B | 1N990B-1 |
| 1N991B | 1N991B-1 |
| 1N992B | 1N992B-1 |
|  |  |

6.4.2 Substitutability of 2 percent and 1 percent tolerance devices. Devices of tighter tolerance are a direct oneway substitute for the looser tolerance devices (example: JANTX1N964D-1 substitutes for JANTX1N964B-1).
6.5 Suppliers of JANHC and JANKC die. The qualified JANHC and JANKC die suppliers with the applicable letter version (example JANHCA1N4370A) will be identified on the QML.

| JANHC ordering information (1) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PIN | Manufacture CAGE |  | PIN | Manufacture CAGE |  |
|  | 43611 | 12954 |  | 43611 | 12954 |
| 1N964B | JANHCA1N964B | JANHCB1N964B | 1N979B | JANHCA1N979B | JANHCB1N979B |
| 1N965B | JANHCA1N965B | JANHCB1N965B | 1N980B | JANHCA1N980B | JANHCB1N980B |
| 1N966B | JANHCA1N966B | JANHCB1N966B | 1N981B | JANHCA1N981B | JANHCB1N981B |
| 1N967B | JANHCA1N967B | JANHCB1N967B | 1N982B | JANHCA1N982B | JANHCB1N982B |
| 1N968B | JANHCA1N968B | JANHCB1N968B | 1N983B | JANHCA1N983B | JANHCB1N983B |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1N969B | JANHCA1N969B | JANHCB1N969B | 1N984B | JANHCA1N984B | JANHCB1N984B |
| 1N970B | JANHCA1N970B | JANHCB1N970B | 1N985B | JANHCA1N985B | JANHCB1N985B |
| 1N971B | JANHCA1N971B | JANHCB1N971B | 1N986B | JANHCA1N986B | JANHCB1N986B |
| 1N972B | JANHCA1N972B | JANHCB1N972B | 1N987B | JANHCA1N987B | JANHCB1N987B |
| 1N973B | JANHCA1N973B | JANHCB1N973B | 1N988B | JANHCA1N988B | JANHCB1N988B |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1N974B | JANHCA1N974B | JANHCB1N974B | 1N989B | JANHCA1N989B | JANHCB1N989B |
| 1N975B | JANHCA1N975B | JANHCB1N975B | 1N990B | JANHCA1N990B | JANHCB1N990B |
| 1N976B | JANHCA1N976B | JANHCB1N976B | 1N991B | JANHCA1N991B | JANHCB1N991B |
| 1N977B | JANHCA1N977B | JANHCB1N977B | 1N992B | JANHCA1N992B | JANHCB1N992B |
| 1N978B | JANHCA1N978B | JANHCB1N978B |  |  |  |

(1) Applies to "C" and " $D$ " suffix versions also. Replace all " $B$ " suffixes with " $C$ " or " $D$ " as applicable for correct PIN.
6.6 Maximum power versus lead temperature. Typical maximum power rating as a function of lead temperature for various lead lengths is shown on figure 11.
6.7 Changes from previous issue. The margins of this specification are marked with asterisks to indicate where changes from the previous issue were made. This was done as a convenience only and the Government assumes no liability whatsoever for any inaccuracies in these notations. Bidders and contractors are cautioned to evaluate the requirements of this document based on the entire content irrespective of the marginal notations and relationship to the last previous issue.

| Custodians: | Preparing activity: |
| :--- | :---: |
| Army - CR | DLA - CC |
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| Air Force - 11 |  |
| NASA - NA |  |
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Army - AR, AV, MI, SM
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