## Si1401EDH

**Vishay Siliconix** 

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P-Channel 12 V (D-S) MOSFET



#### Marking code: BP

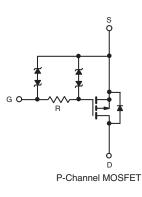
PRODUCT SUMMARY	
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	-12
$R_{DS(on)}$ max. ( $\Omega$ ) at $V_{GS}$ = -4.5 V	0.034
$R_{DS(on)}$ max. ( $\Omega$ ) at $V_{GS}$ = -2.5 V	0.046
$R_{DS(on)}$ max. ( $\Omega$ ) at $V_{GS}$ = -1.8 V	0.070
$R_{DS(on)}$ max. ( $\Omega$ ) at $V_{GS}$ = -1.5 V	0.110
Q <sub>g</sub> typ. (nC)	14.1
I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>a</sup>	-4
Configuration	Single

### **FEATURES**

- TrenchFET® power MOSFET
- Typical ESD performance 1500 V
- 100 % R<sub>g</sub> tested
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see <u>www.vishav.com/doc?99912</u>

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Load switch, PA switch and battery switch for portable devices
  - Cellular phone
  - DSC
  - Portable game console
  - MP3
  - GPS



ORDERING INFORMATION		
Package	SC-70	
Lead (Pb)-free and halogen-free	Si1401EDH-T1-GE3	

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT	
Drain-source voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	-12	V	
Gate-source voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 10	v	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		-4 a		
Constinuous dusis summert (T. 150.80)	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C		-4 a	A	
Continuous drain current ( $T_J = 150 \ ^{\circ}C$ )	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>D</sub>	-4 <sup>a, b, c</sup>		
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		_4 a, b, c		
Pulsed drain current		I <sub>DM</sub>	-25		
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	1	-2.3		
Continuous source-drain diode current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>S</sub>	-1.3 <sup>b, c</sup>		
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		2.8	w	
Maximum neuror discinction	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C		1.8		
Maximum power dissipation	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	P <sub>D</sub>	1.6 <sup>b, c</sup>		
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		1 <sup>b, c</sup>		
Operating junction and storage temperature range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C	
Soldering recommendations (peak temperature)			260		

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS							
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TYPICAL	MAXIMUM	UNIT		
Maximum junction-to-ambient b, d	t ≤ 5 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	60	80	°C/W		
Maximum junction-to-foot (drain)	Steady state	R <sub>thJF</sub>	34	45	C/W		

#### Notes

a. Package limited

b. Surface mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board

c. t = 5 s

d. Maximum under steady state conditions is 125 °C/W

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Document Number: 70080

Pb-free

RoHS COMPLIANT HALOGEN

Vishay Siliconix

Si1401EDH

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Static						•	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = -250 \mu A$	-12	-	-	V	
V <sub>DS</sub> temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	L 050 A	-	-5.2	-		
V <sub>GS(th)</sub> temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$	I <sub>D</sub> = -250 μA	-	2.5	-	mV/°C	
Gate-source threshold voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = -250 \ \mu A$	-0.4	-	-1	V	
Cata agurag lagkaga		$V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = \pm 8 V$		± 5			
Gate-source leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS}=0~V,~V_{GS}=\pm~4.5~V$	-	-	± 1		
Zere gete veltage drain ourrent	1	$V_{DS} = -12 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$	-	-	-1	μA	
Zero gate voltage drain current	IDSS	$V_{DS}$ = -12 V, $V_{GS}$ = 0 V, $T_{J}$ = 55 °C	-	-	-10		
On-state drain current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \leq$ -5 V, $V_{GS}$ = -10 V	-15	-	-	Α	
		$V_{GS}$ = -4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = -5.5 A	-	0.028	0.034	Ω	
Drain actures on state resistance à		$V_{GS}$ = -2.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = -4.8 A	-	0.038	0.046		
Drain-source on-state resistance <sup>a</sup>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	$V_{GS} = -1.8 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = -1.4 \text{ A}$	-	0.053	0.070		
		$V_{GS} = -1.5 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = -0.9 \text{ A}$	-	0.072	0.110		
Forward transconductance a	9 <sub>fs</sub>	$V_{DS} = -6 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = -5.5 \text{ A}$	-	16	-	S	
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>							
Total gate charge	Qg	$V_{DS}$ = -6 V, $V_{GS}$ = -8 V, $I_D$ = -5.5 A	-	24	36		
			-	14.1	22		
Gate-source charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	$V_{DS}$ = -6 V, $V_{GS}$ = -4.5 V, $I_{D}$ = -5.5 A	-	1.9	-	- nC	
Gate-drain charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>		-	4	-		
Gate resistance	R <sub>g</sub>	f = 1 MHz	80	420	840	Ω	
Turn-on delay time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>		-	160	240		
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = -6 V, $R_L$ = 1.4 $\Omega$	-	420	630	]	
Turn-off delay time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong$ -4.4 A, $V_{GEN}$ = -4.5 V, $R_g$ = 1 $\Omega$	-	1325	1990		
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>		-	985	1480		
Turn-on delay time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>		-	72	110	ns	
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = -6 V, $R_L$ = 1.4 $\Omega$	-	210	320		
Turn-off delay time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong$ -4.4 A, $V_{GEN}$ = -8 V, $R_g$ = 1 $\Omega$	-	2100	3150		
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>		-	1015	1525		
Drain-Source Body Diode Characterist	ics						
Continuous source-drain diode current	Is	$T_{C} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$	-	-	-2.3	^	
Pulse diode forward current	I <sub>SM</sub>		-	-	-25	A	
Body diode voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	$I_{\rm S}$ = -5.5 A, $V_{\rm GS}$ = 0 V	-	-0.85	-1.2	V	
Body diode reverse recovery time	t <sub>rr</sub>		-	27	50	ns	
Body diode reverse recovery charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = -5.5 A, di/dt = 100 A/μs,	-	12	25	nC	
Reverse recovery fall time	t <sub>a</sub>	$T_J = 25 \ ^\circ C$	-	10	-		
Reverse recovery rise time	t <sub>b</sub>			17	-	ns	

Notes

a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300 µs, duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %

b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing

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Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

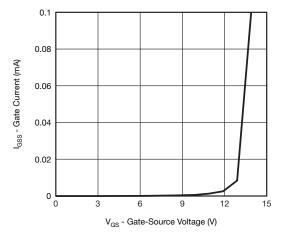
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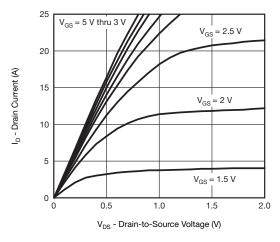
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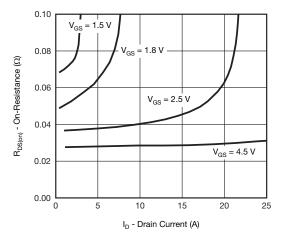
### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



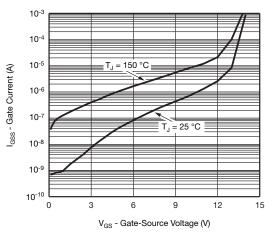
Gate Current vs. Gate-Source Voltage



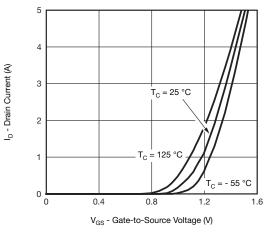
**Output Characteristics** 



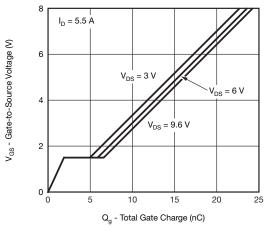
**On-Resistance vs. Drain Current** 



Gate Current vs. Gate-Source Voltage



Transfer Characteristics



Gate Charge

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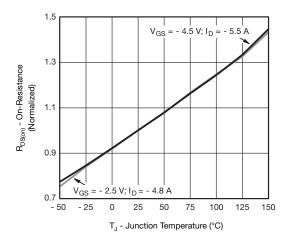
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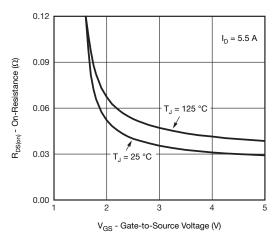
# Si1401EDH

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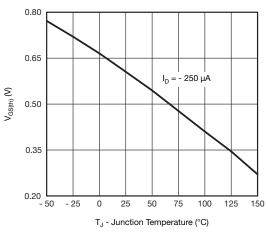
### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



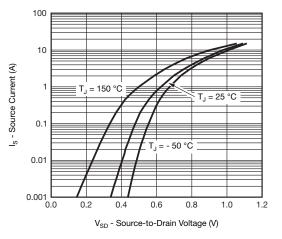
**On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature** 



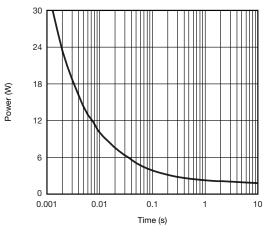
**On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage** 



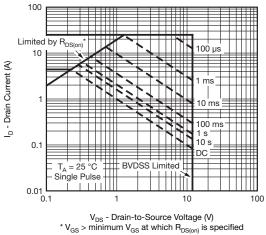
**Threshold Voltage** 



Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient



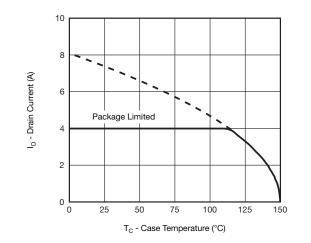
Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient

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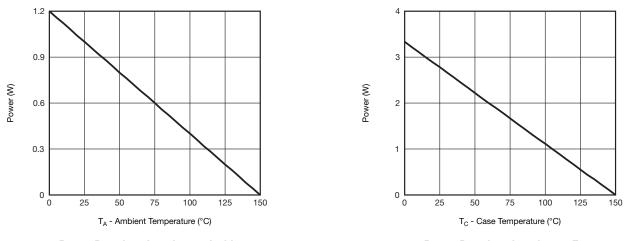


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### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)







**Power Derating, Junction-to-Ambient** 

Power Derating, Junction-to-Foot

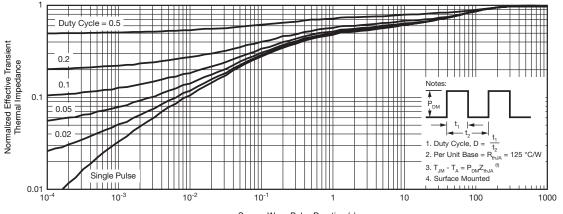
#### Note

a. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J</sub> max. = 150 °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.



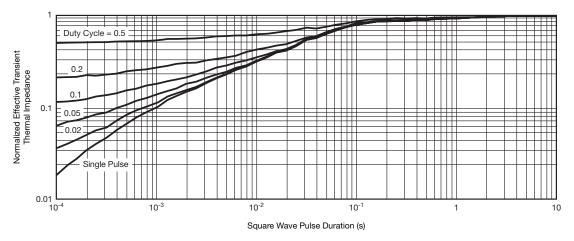
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### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)



Square Wave Pulse Duration (s)

Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

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# Package Information Vishay Siliconix

### SC-70: 6-LEADS





	MILLIMETERS			I	NCHE	S
Dim	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
Α	0.90	-	1.10	0.035	-	0.043
<b>A</b> <sub>1</sub>	-	-	0.10	-	-	0.004
A <sub>2</sub>	0.80	-	1.00	0.031	-	0.039
b	0.15	-	0.30	0.006	-	0.012
С	0.10	-	0.25	0.004	-	0.010
D	1.80	2.00	2.20	0.071	0.079	0.087
E	1.80	2.10	2.40	0.071	0.083	0.094
E <sub>1</sub>	1.15	1.25	1.35	0.045	0.049	0.053
е	0.65BSC				0.026BSC	;
e <sub>1</sub>	1.20	1.30	1.40	0.047	0.051	0.055
L	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.004	0.008	0.012
٩	7°Nom				7°Nom	
ECN: S-03946—Rev. B, 09-Jul-01 DWG: 5550						



### Single-Channel LITTLE FOOT® SC-70 6-Pin MOSFET Copper Leadframe Version Recommended Pad Pattern and Thermal Performance

### INTRODUCTION

The new single 6-pin SC-70 package with a copper leadframe enables improved on-resistance values and enhanced thermal performance as compared to the existing 3-pin and 6-pin packages with Alloy 42 leadframes. These devices are intended for small to medium load applications where a miniaturized package is required. Devices in this package come in a range of on-resistance values, in n-channel and p-channel versions. This technical note discusses pin-outs, package outlines, pad patterns, evaluation board layout, and thermal performance for the single-channel version.

### **BASIC PAD PATTERNS**

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286) for the basic pad layout and dimensions. These pad patterns are sufficient for the low to medium power applications for which this package is intended. Increasing the drain pad pattern yields a reduction in thermal resistance and is a preferred footprint. The availability of four drain leads rather than the traditional single drain lead allows a better thermal path from the package to the PCB and external environment.

### **PIN-OUT**

Figure 1 shows the pin-out description and Pin 1 identification. The pin-out of this device allows the use of four pins as drain leads, which helps to reduce on-resistance and junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

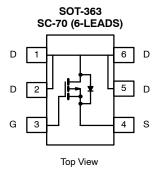


FIGURE 1.

For package dimensions see outline drawing SC-70 (6-Leads) (http://www.vishay.com/doc?71154)

### **EVALUATION BOARDS — SINGLE SC70-6**

The evaluation board (EVB) measures 0.6 inches by 0.5 inches. The copper pad traces are the same as in Figure 2. The board allows examination from the outer pins to 6-pin DIP connections, permitting test sockets to be used in evaluation testing. See Figure 3.

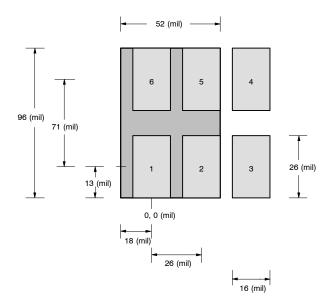


FIGURE 2. SC-70 (6 leads) Single

The thermal performance of the single 6-pin SC-70 has been measured on the EVB, comparing both the copper and Alloy 42 leadframes. This test was first conducted on the traditional Alloy 42 leadframe and was then repeated using the 1-inch<sup>2</sup> PCB with dual-side copper coating.

## AN815 Vishay Siliconix





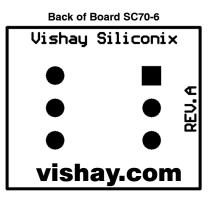


FIGURE 3.

### THERMAL PERFORMANCE

# Junction-to-Foot Thermal Resistance (Package Performance)

The junction to foot thermal resistance is a useful method of comparing different packages thermal performance.

A helpful way of presenting the thermal performance of the 6-Pin SC-70 copper leadframe device is to compare it to the traditional Alloy 42 version.

Thermal performance for the 6-pin SC-70 measured as junction-to-foot thermal resistance, where the "foot" is the drain lead of the device at the bottom where it meets the PCB. The junction-to-foot thermal resistance is typically 40°C/W in the copper leadframe and 163°C/W in the Alloy 42 leadframe — a four-fold improvement. This improved performance is obtained by the enhanced thermal conductivity of copper over Alloy 42.

### **Power Dissipation**

The typical R $\theta_{JA}$  for the single 6-pin SC-70 with copper leadframe is 103°C/W steady-state, compared with 212°C/W for the Alloy 42 version. The figures are based on the 1-inch<sup>2</sup> FR4 test board. The following example shows how the thermal resistance impacts power dissipation for the two different leadframes at varying ambient temperatures.

ALLOY 42 LEADFRAME			
Room Ambient 25 °C	Elevated Ambient 60 °C		
$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R\theta_{JA}}$	$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R\theta_{JA}}$		
$P_{D} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{212^{\circ}C/W}$	$P_{D} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{212^{\circ}C/W}$		
$P_D = 590 \text{ mW}$	$P_{D} = 425 \text{ mW}$		

COOPER LEADFRAME				
Room Ambient 25 $^{\circ}$ C	Elevated Ambient 60 °C			
$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R\theta_{JA}}$ $P_{D} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{124^{\circ}C/W}$	$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R\theta_{JA}}$ $P_{D} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 60^{\circ}C}{124^{\circ}C/W}$			
$P_{D} = 1.01 W$	$P_D = 726 \text{ mW}$			

As can be seen from the calculations above, the compact 6-pin SC-70 copper leadframe LITTLE FOOT power MOSFET can handle up to 1 W under the stated conditions.

### Testing

To further aid comparison of copper and Alloy 42 leadframes, Figure 5 illustrates single-channel 6-pin SC-70 thermal performance on two different board sizes and two different pad patterns. The measured steady-state values of  $R\theta_{JA}$  for the two leadframes are as follows:

# LITTLE FOOT 6-PIN SC-70 Alloy 42 Copper 1) Minimum recommended pad pattern on the EVB board V (see Figure 3. 329.7°C/W 208.5°C/W 2) Industry standard 1-inch<sup>2</sup> PCB with maximum copper both sides. 211.8°C/W 103.5°C/W

The results indicate that designers can reduce thermal resistance ( $R\theta_{JA}$ ) by 36% simply by using the copper leadframe device rather than the Alloy 42 version. In this example, a 121°C/W reduction was achieved without an increase in board area. If increasing in board size is feasible, a further 105°C/W reduction could be obtained by utilizing a 1-inch<sup>2</sup> square PCB area.

The copper leadframe versions have the following suffix:

Single:	Si14xxEDH
Dual:	Si19xxEDH
Complementary:	Si15xxEDH



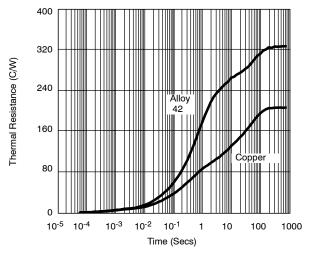
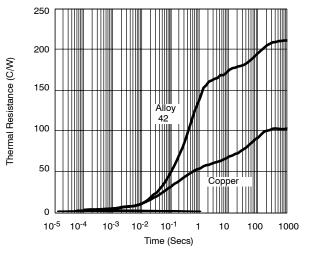


FIGURE 4. Leadframe Comparison on EVB





## **Application Note 826**

Vishay Siliconix



**RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SC-70: 6-Lead** 



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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