23A256/23K256

256-Kbit SPI Bus Low-Power Serial SRAM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Page Size	Temperature Ranges	Packages
23K256	2.7V-3.6V	32 Bytes	I, E	P, SN, ST
23A256	1.5V-1.95V	32 Bytes	I	P, SN, ST

Features

- Maximum Clock 20 MHz
- Low-Power CMOS Technology:
  - Read Current: 3 mA at 1 MHz
  - Standby Current: 4 µA maximum at +85°C
- 32,768 x 8-bit Organization
- 32-Byte Page
- $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Pin
- Flexible Operating Modes:
  - Byte read and write
  - Page mode (32-Byte Page)
  - Sequential mode
- Sequential Read/Write
- High Reliability
- Temperature Ranges Supported:
  - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
  - Extended (E): -40°C to +125°C
- RoHS Compliant, Halogen Free
- Automotive AEC-Q100 Qualified

Pin Function Table

Name	Function
$\overline{\text{CS}}$	Chip Select Input
SO	Serial Data Output
Vss	Ground
SI	Serial Data Input
SCK	Serial Clock Input
$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$	Hold Input
Vcc	Supply Voltage

Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. 23X256 is a 256-Kbit Serial SRAM device. The memory is accessed via a simple Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) compatible serial bus. The bus signals required are a clock input (SCK) plus separate data in (SI) and data out (SO) lines. Access to the device is controlled through a Chip Select ($\overline{\text{CS}}$) input.

Communication to the device can be paused via the hold pin ($\overline{\text{HOLD}}$). While the device is paused, transitions on its inputs will be ignored, with the exception of Chip Select, allowing the host to service higher priority interrupts.

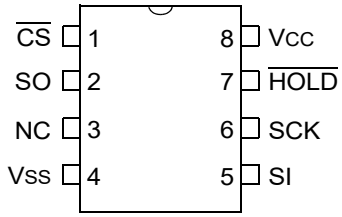
Note: 23X256 is used in this document as a generic part number for the 23A256/23K256 devices.

Packages

- 8-lead PDIP
- 8-lead SOIC
- 8-lead TSSOP

Package Types (not to scale)

PDIP/SOIC/TSSOP



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings (†)

VCC.....4.5V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. VSS .....-0.3V to VCC +0.3V
Storage temperature .....-65°C to +150°C
Ambient temperature under bias.....-40°C to +125°C
ESD protection on all pins.....2kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for an extended period of time may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Electrical Characteristics: Industrial (I): TA = -40°C to +85°C Extended (E): TA = -40°C to +125°C				
Param. No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Minimum**	**Typical(1)**	**Maximum**	**Units**	**Test Conditions**
D001	VCC	Supply Voltage	1.5	—	1.95	V	23A256 (I-Temp)
D001	VCC	Supply Voltage	2.7	—	3.6	V	23K256 (I,E-Temp)
D002	VIH	High-Level Input Voltage	0.7 VCC	—	VCC +0.3	V	
D003	VIL	Low-Level Input Voltage	-0.3	—	0.2xVCC	V	
			-0.3	—	0.15xVCC	V	23K256 (E-Temp)
D004	VOL	Low-Level Output Voltage	—	—	0.2	V	IOL = 1 mA
D005	VOH	High-Level Output Voltage	VCC -0.5	—	—	V	IOH = -400 µA
D006	ILI	Input Leakage Current	—	—	±0.5	µA	$\overline{CS}$ = VCC, VIN = VSS OR VCC
D007	ILO	Output Leakage Current	—	—	±0.5	µA	$\overline{CS}$ = VCC, VOUT = VSS OR VCC
D008	ICCREAD	Operating Current	—	—	3	mA	FCLK = 1 MHz; SO = O
			—	—	6	mA	FCLK = 10 MHz; SO = O
			—	—	10	mA	FCLK = 20 MHz; SO = O
D009	ICCS	Standby Current	—	0.2	1	µA	$\overline{CS}$ = VCC = 1.8V, Inputs tied to VCC or VSS
			—	1	4	µA	$\overline{CS}$ = VCC = 3.6V, Inputs tied to VCC or VSS
			—	5	10	µA	$\overline{CS}$ = VCC = 3.6V, Inputs tied to VCC or VSS @ +125°C
D010	CINT	Input Capacitance			7	pF	VCC = 0V, f = 1 MHz, Ta = +25°C (**Note 1**)
D011	VDR	RAM Data Retention Voltage	—	1.2	—	V	**Note 2**

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested. Typical measurements taken at room temperature (+25°C).

2: This is the limit to which VDD can be lowered without losing RAM data. This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Electrical Characteristics: Industrial (I): T_A = -40°C to +85°C Extended (E): T_A = -40°C to +125°C			
Param. No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Minimum**	**Maximum**	**Units**	**Test Conditions**
1	FCLK	Clock Frequency	—	10	MHz	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			—	16	MHz	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			—	16	MHz	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			—	20	MHz	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
2	TCSS	$\overline{CS}$ Setup Time	50	—	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			25	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
3	TCSH	$\overline{CS}$ Hold Time	50	—	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			50	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			50	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			50	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
4	TCSD	$\overline{CS}$ Disable Time	50	—	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			25	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
5	Tsu	Data Setup Time	10	—	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			10	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			10	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			10	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
6	THD	Data Hold Time	10	—	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			10	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			10	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			10	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
7	TR	CLK Rise Time	—	2	us	**Note 1**
8	TF	CLK Fall Time	—	2	us	**Note 1**
9	THI	Clock High Time	50	—	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			25	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
10	TLO	Clock Low Time	50	—	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			25	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Electrical Characteristics: Industrial (I): TA = -40°C to +85°C Extended (E): TA = -40°C to +125°C			
Param. No.	**Symbol**	**Characteristic**	**Minimum**	**Maximum**	**Units**	**Test Conditions**
11	TCLD	Clock Delay Time	50	—	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			32	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			25	—	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
12	TV	Output Valid from Clock Low	—	50	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			—	32	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			—	32	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			—	25	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
13	THO	Output Hold Time	0	—	ns	Note 1
14	TDIS	Output Disable Time	—	20	ns	VCC = 1.5V (I-Temp)
			—	20	ns	VCC = 1.8V (I-Temp)
			—	20	ns	VCC = 3.0V (E-Temp)
			—	20	ns	VCC = 3.0V (I-Temp)
15	THS	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Setup Time	10	—	ns	
16	THH	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Hold Time	10	—	ns	
17	THZ	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Low to Output High-Z	—	10	ns	
18	THV	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ High to Output Valid	—	50	ns	

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

TABLE 1-3: AC TEST CONDITIONS

AC Waveform:	
Input pulse level	0.1 VCC to 0.9 VCC
Input rise/fall time	5 ns
Operating temperature	-40°C to +125°C
CL = 100 pF	—
Timing Measurement Reference Level:	
Input	0.5 VCC
Output	0.5 VCC

FIGURE 1-1: HOLD TIMING

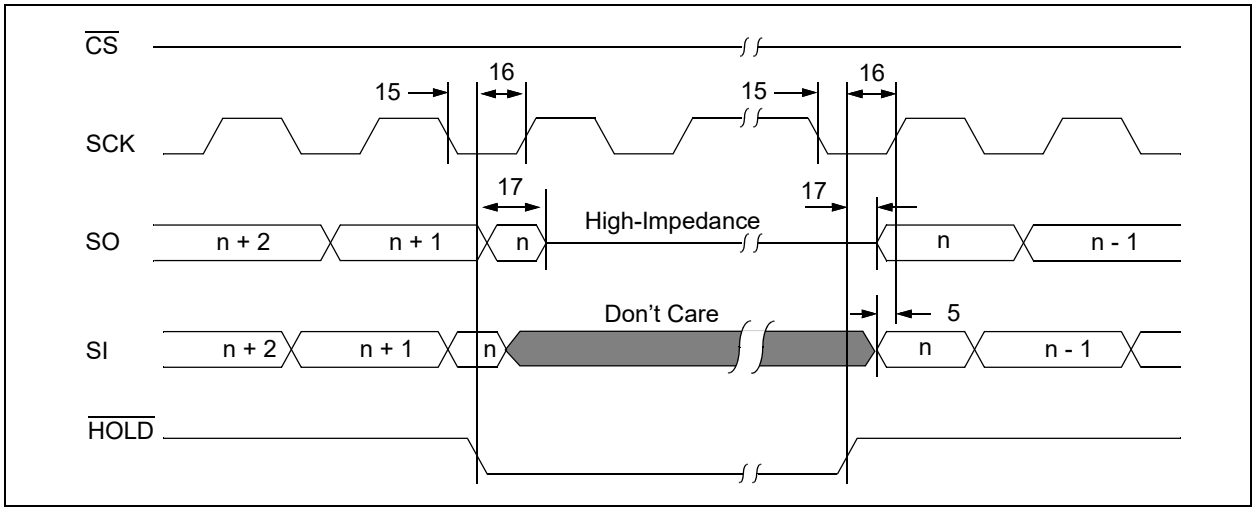


FIGURE 1-2: SERIAL INPUT TIMING

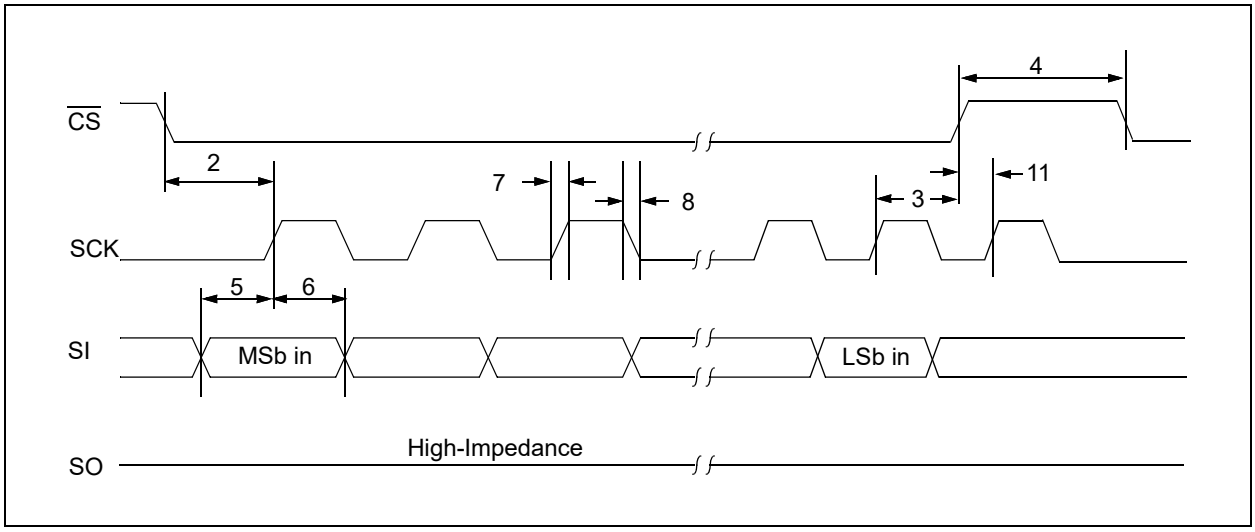
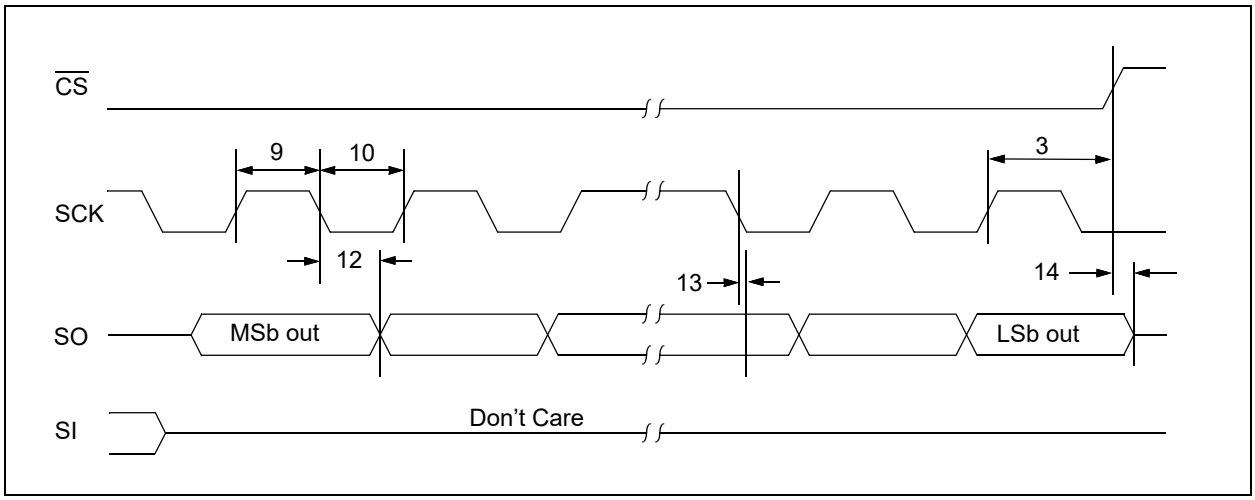


FIGURE 1-3: SERIAL OUTPUT TIMING



2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Principles of Operation

The 23X256 is a 32,768-byte Serial SRAM device designed to interface directly with the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) port of many of today's popular microcontroller families, including Microchip's PIC® microcontrollers. It may also interface with microcontrollers that do not have a built-in SPI port by using discrete I/O lines programmed properly in firmware to match the SPI protocol. The 23X256 supports SPI Mode 0 only.

The 23X256 contains an 8-bit instruction register. The device is accessed via the SI pin, with data being clocked in on the rising edge of SCK. The $\overline{CS}$ pin must be low and the $\overline{HOLD}$ pin must be high for the entire operation.

Table 2-1 contains a list of the possible instruction bytes and formats for device operation. All instructions, addresses and data are transferred MSb first, LSb last.

Data (SI) are sampled on the first rising edge of SCK after $\overline{CS}$ goes low. If the clock line is shared with other peripheral devices on the SPI bus, the user can assert the $\overline{HOLD}$ input and place the 23X256 in 'HOLD' mode. After releasing the $\overline{HOLD}$ pin, operation will resume from the point when the $\overline{HOLD}$ was asserted.

2.2 Modes of Operation

The 23X256 has three modes of operation that are selected by setting bits 7 and 6 in the STATUS register. The modes of operation are Byte, Page and Sequential.

Byte Operation – is selected when bits 7 and 6 in the STATUS register are set to `00`. In this mode, the read/write operations are limited to only one byte. The Command followed by the 16-bit address is clocked into the device and the data to/from the device are transferred on the next 8 clocks (see Figure 2-1, Figure 2-2).

Page Operation – is selected when bits 7 and 6 in the STATUS register are set to `10`. The 23X256 has 1024 pages of 32 bytes. In this mode, the read and write operations are limited to within the addressed page (the address is automatically incremented internally). If the data being read or written reach the page boundary, then the internal address counter will increment to the start of the page (see Figure 2-3, Figure 2-4).

Sequential Operation – is selected when bits 7 and 6 in the STATUS register are set to `01`. Sequential operation allows the entire array to be written to and read from. The internal address counter is automatically incremented and page boundaries are ignored. When the internal address counter reaches the end of the array, the address counter will roll over to 0x0000 (see Figure 2-5, Figure 2-6).

2.3 Read Sequence

The device is selected by pulling $\overline{CS}$ low. The 8-bit `READ` instruction is transmitted to the 23X256 followed by the 16-bit address, with the first MSb of the address being a "don't care" bit. After the correct `READ` instruction and address are sent, the data stored in the memory at the selected address are shifted out on the SO pin.

If operating in Page mode, after the first byte of data is shifted out, the next memory location on the page can be read out by continuing to provide clock pulses. This allows for 32 consecutive address reads. After the 32nd address read the internal address counter wraps back to the byte 0 address on that page.

If operating in Sequential mode, the data stored in the memory at the next address can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal Address Pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each byte of data is shifted out. When the highest address is reached (7FFFh), the address counter rolls over to address 0000h, allowing the read cycle to be continued indefinitely. The read operation is terminated by raising the $\overline{CS}$ pin (see Figure 2-1).

2.4 Write Sequence

Prior to any attempt to write data to the 23X256, the device must be selected by bringing $\overline{CS}$ low.

Once the device is selected, the Write command can be started by issuing a `WRITE` instruction, followed by the 16-bit address, with the first MSb of the address being a "don't care" bit and then the data to be written. A write is terminated by the $\overline{CS}$ being brought high.

If operating in Page mode, after the initial data byte is shifted in, additional bytes can be shifted into the device. The Address Pointer is automatically incremented. This operation can continue for the entire page (32 bytes) before data will start to be overwritten.

If operating in Sequential mode, after the initial data byte is shifted in, additional bytes can be clocked into the device. The internal Address Pointer is automatically incremented. When the Address Pointer reaches the highest address (7FFFh), the address counter rolls over to (0000h). This allows the operation to continue indefinitely, however, previous data will be overwritten.

TABLE 2-1: INSTRUCTION SET

Instruction Name	Instruction Format	Description
READ	0000 0011	Read data from memory array beginning at selected address
WRITE	0000 0010	Write data to memory array beginning at selected address
RDSR	0000 0101	Read STATUS register
WRSR	0000 0001	Write STATUS register

FIGURE 2-1: BYTE READ SEQUENCE

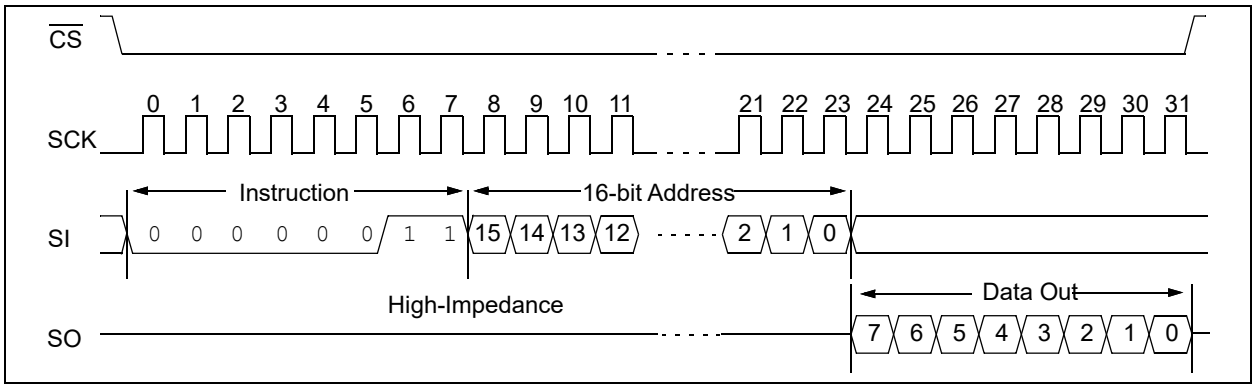


FIGURE 2-2: BYTE WRITE SEQUENCE

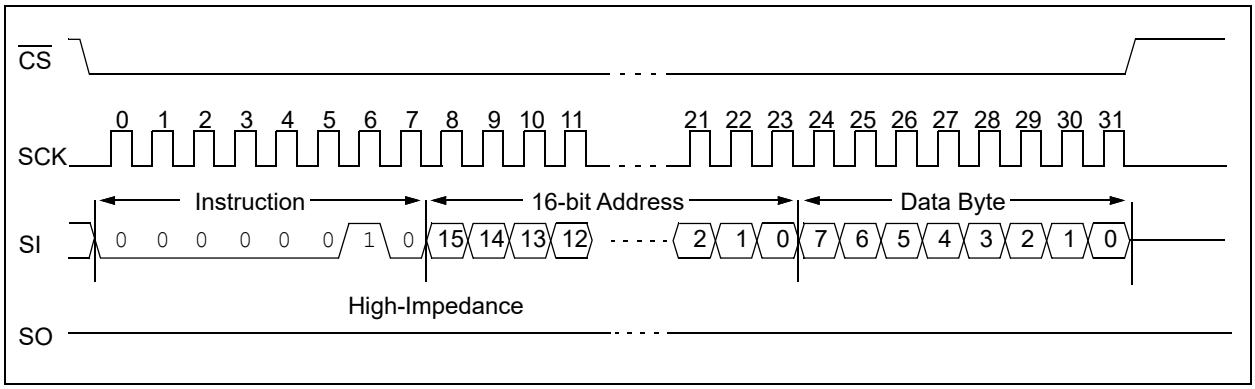


FIGURE 2-3: PAGE READ SEQUENCE

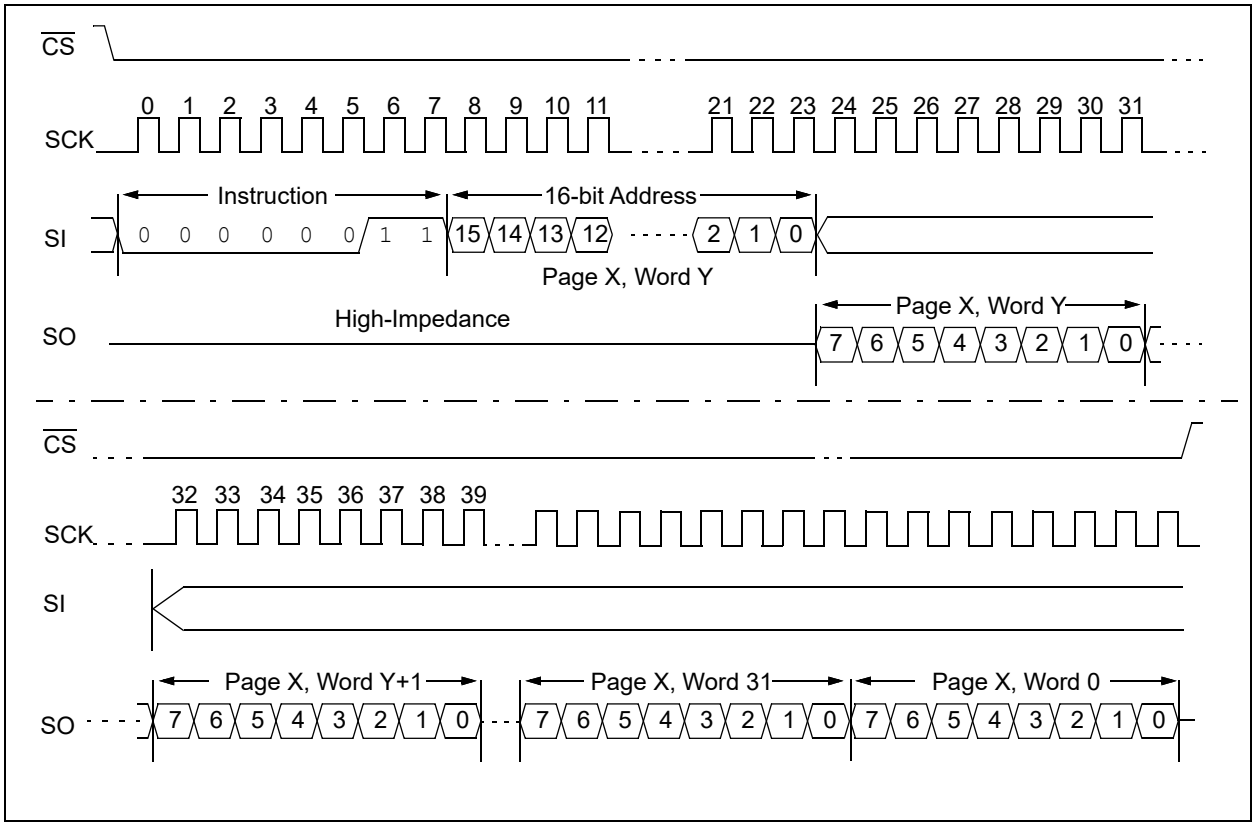


FIGURE 2-4: PAGE WRITE SEQUENCE

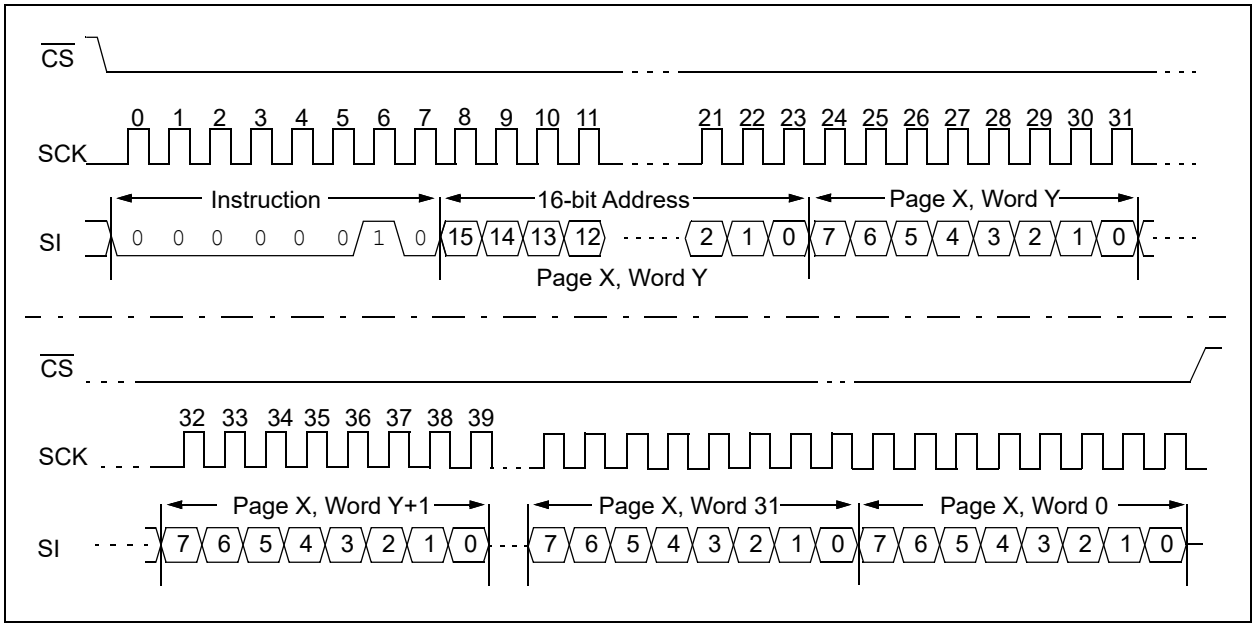


FIGURE 2-5: SEQUENTIAL READ SEQUENCE

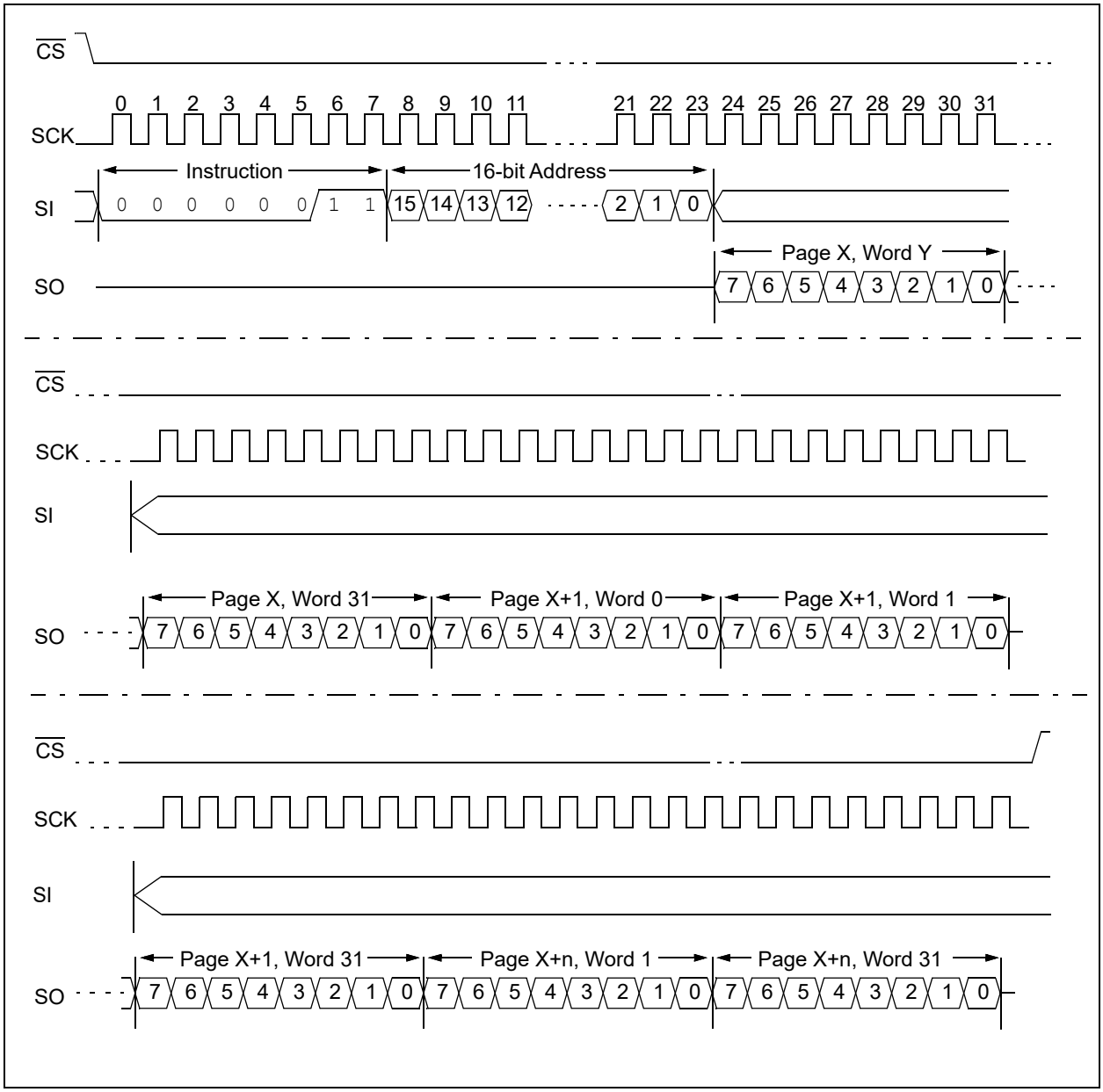
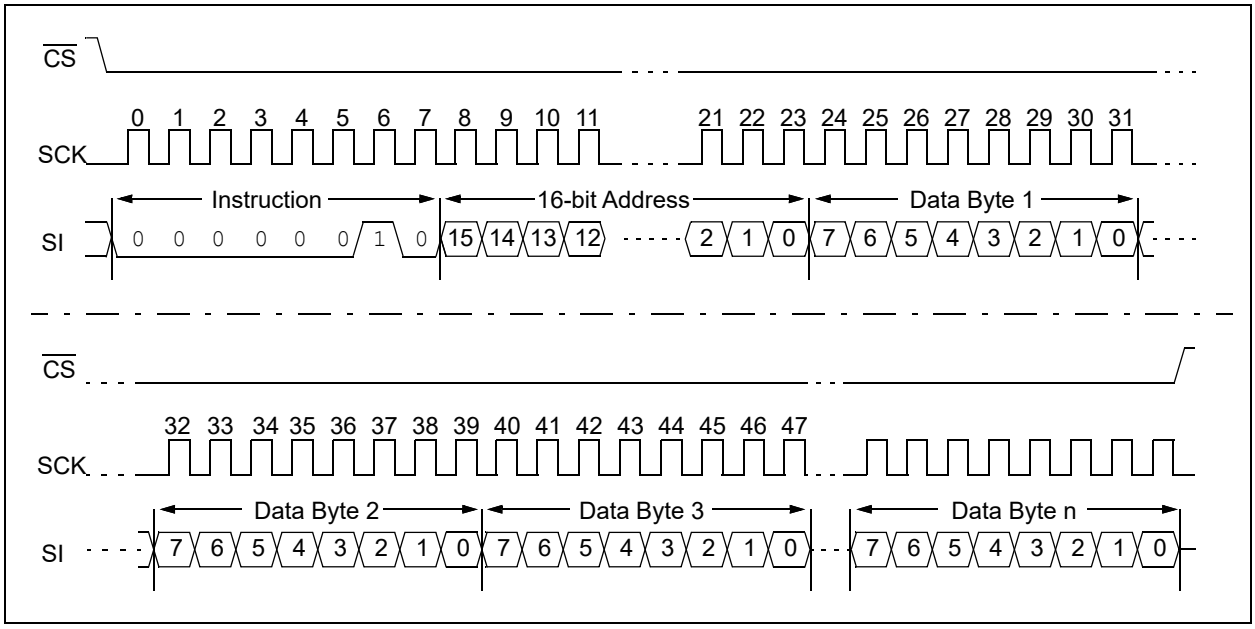


FIGURE 2-6: SEQUENTIAL WRITE SEQUENCE



2.5 Read Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

The Read Status Register instruction (RDSR) provides access to the STATUS register. The STATUS register may be read at any time. The STATUS register is formatted as follows:

TABLE 2-2: STATUS REGISTER

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
W/R	W/R	–	–	–	–	–	W/R
MODE	MODE	0	0	0	0	0	HOLD

Note 1: W/R = writable/readable.

The mode bits indicate the operating mode of the SRAM. The possible modes of operation are:

0 0 = Byte mode (default operation)

1 0 = Page mode

0 1 = Sequential mode

1 1 = Reserved

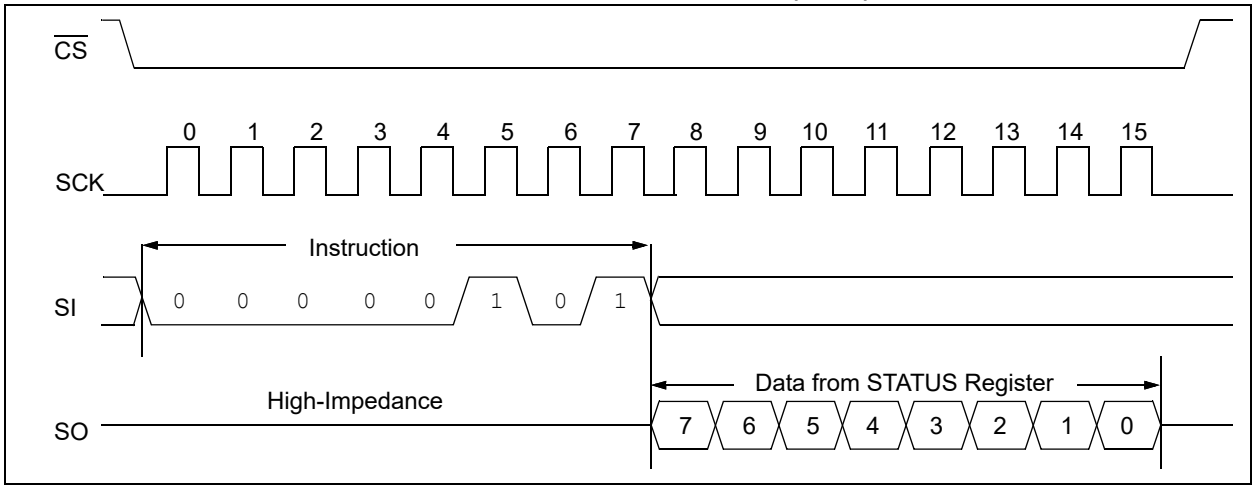
Write and read commands are shown in Figure 2-7 and Figure 2-8.

The HOLD bit enables the Hold pin functionality. It must be set to a '0' before the HOLD pin is brought low for the HOLD function to work properly. Setting HOLD to '1' disables the feature.

Bits 1 through 5 are reserved and should always be set to '0'.

See Figure 2-7 for the RDSR timing sequence.

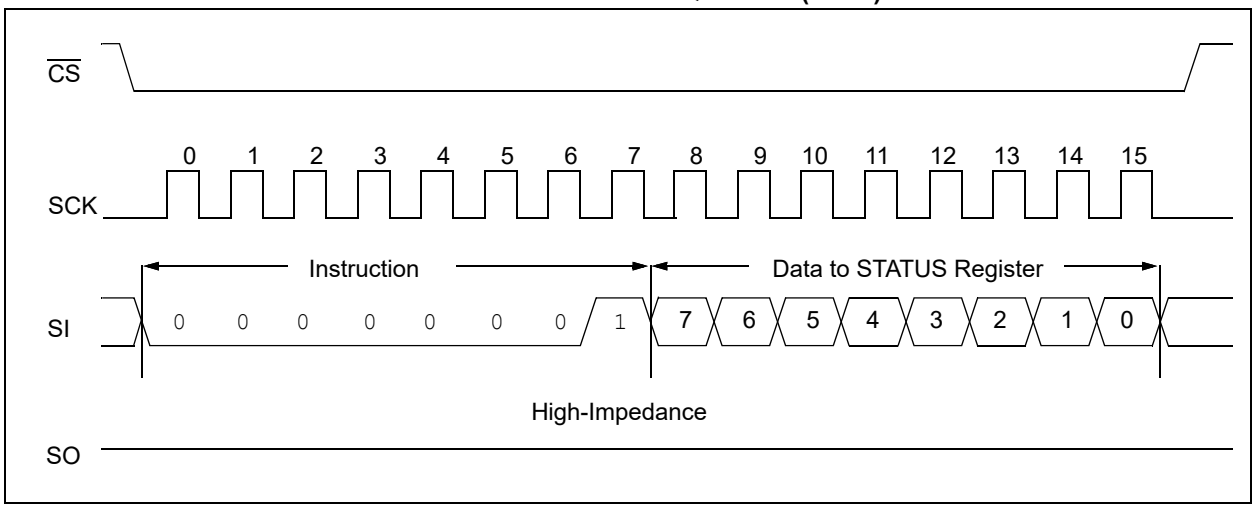
FIGURE 2-7: READ STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (RDSR)



2.6 Write Status Register Instruction (WRSR)

The Write Status Register instruction (WRSR) allows the user to write to the bits in the STATUS register as shown in Table 2-2. This allows for setting of the Device operating mode. Several of the bits in the STATUS register must be cleared to '0'. See Figure 2-8 for the WRSR timing sequence.

FIGURE 2-8: WRITE STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (WRSR)



2.7 Power-On State

The 23X256 powers on in the following state:

- The device is in low-power Standby mode ($\overline{CS}$ = 1)
- A high-to-low-level transition on $\overline{CS}$ is required to enter active state

3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP	Function
$\overline{CS}$	1	1	1	Chip Select Input
SO	2	2	2	Serial Data Output
VSS	4	4	4	Ground
SI	5	5	5	Serial Data Input
SCK	6	6	6	Serial Clock Input
$\overline{HOLD}$	7	7	7	Hold Input
VCC	8	8	8	Supply Voltage

3.1 Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$)

A low level on this pin selects the device. A high level deselects the device and forces it into Standby mode. When the device is deselected, SO goes to the high-impedance state, allowing multiple parts to share the same SPI bus. After power-up, a low level on $\overline{CS}$ is required prior to any sequence being initiated.

3.2 Serial Data Output (SO)

The SO pin is used to transfer data out of the 23X256. During a read cycle, data are shifted out on this pin after the falling edge of the serial clock.

3.3 Serial Data Input (SI)

The SI pin is used to transfer data into the device. It receives instructions, addresses and data. Data are latched on the rising edge of the serial clock.

3.4 Serial Clock Input (SCK)

The SCK is used to synchronize the communication between a host and the 23X256. Instructions, addresses or data present on the SI pin are latched on the rising edge of the clock input, while data on the SO pin are updated after the falling edge of the clock input.

3.5 Hold ($\overline{HOLD}$)

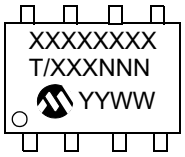
The $\overline{HOLD}$ pin is used to suspend transmission to the 23X256 while in the middle of a serial sequence without having to retransmit the entire sequence again. It must be held high any time this function is not being used. Once the device is selected and a serial sequence is underway, the $\overline{HOLD}$ pin may be pulled low to pause further serial communication without resetting the serial sequence. The $\overline{HOLD}$ pin must be brought low while SCK is low, otherwise the HOLD function will not be invoked until the next SCK high-to-low transition. The 23X256 must remain selected during this sequence. The SI, SCK and SO pins are in a high-impedance state during the time the device is paused, and transitions on these pins will be ignored. To resume serial communication, $\overline{HOLD}$ must be brought high while the SCK pin is low; otherwise serial communication will not resume. Lowering the HOLD line at any time will tri-state the SO line.

Hold functionality is disabled by the STATUS register bit.

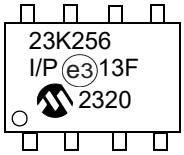
4.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

4.1 Package Marking Information

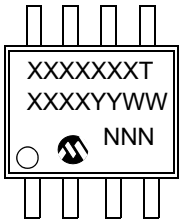
8-Lead PDIP



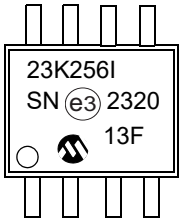
Example



8-Lead SOIC (3.90 mm)

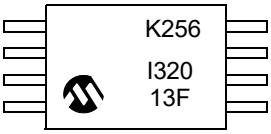


Example



8-Lead TSSOP

Example



Part Number	1st Line Marking Codes		
	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP
23K256	23K256	23K256T	K256
23A256	23A256	23A256T	A256

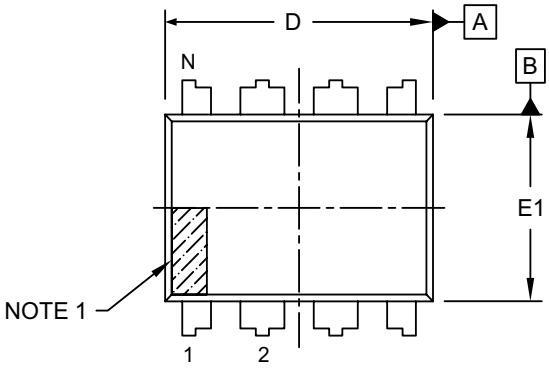
Legend:	XX...X	Part number or part number code
	T	Temperature (I, E)
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week ‘01’)
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code (2 characters for small packages)
	(e3)	RoHS Compliant JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)

Note: For very small packages with no room for the RoHS Compliant JEDEC designator (e3), the marking will only appear on the outer carton or reel label.

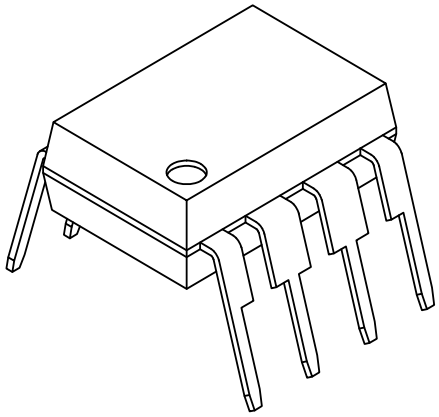
Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

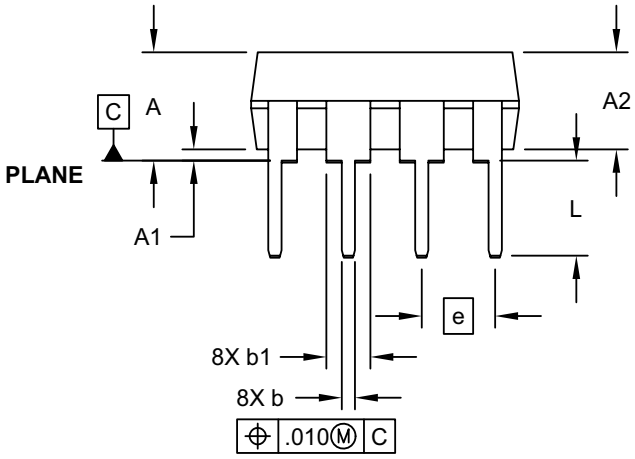
8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) - 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note:	For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging

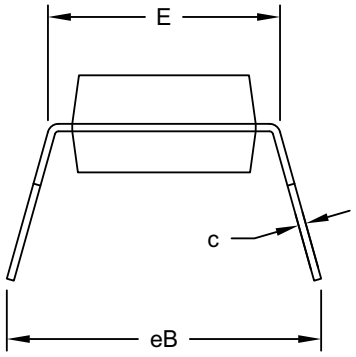


TOP VIEW





SIDE VIEW

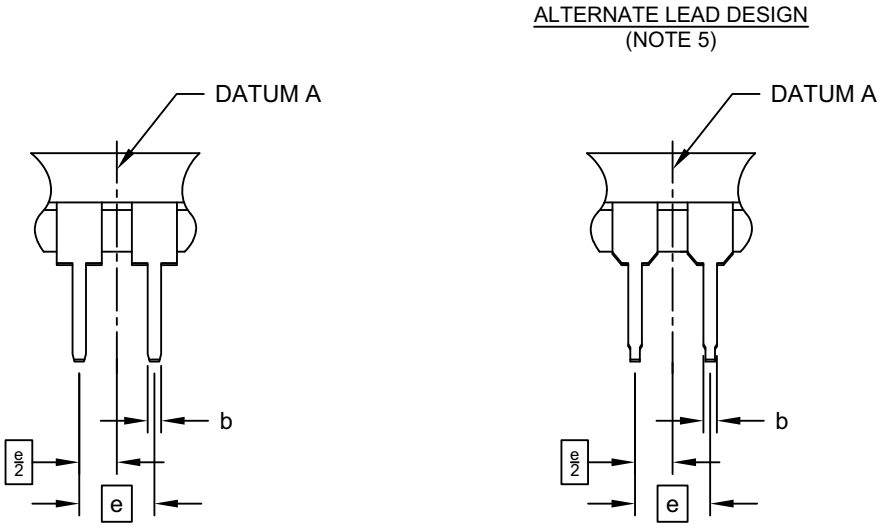


END VIEW

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-018-P Rev G Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P) - 300 mil Body [PDIP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		INCHES		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		.100 BSC	
Top to Seating Plane	A	-	-	.210
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	-	-
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	-	-	.430

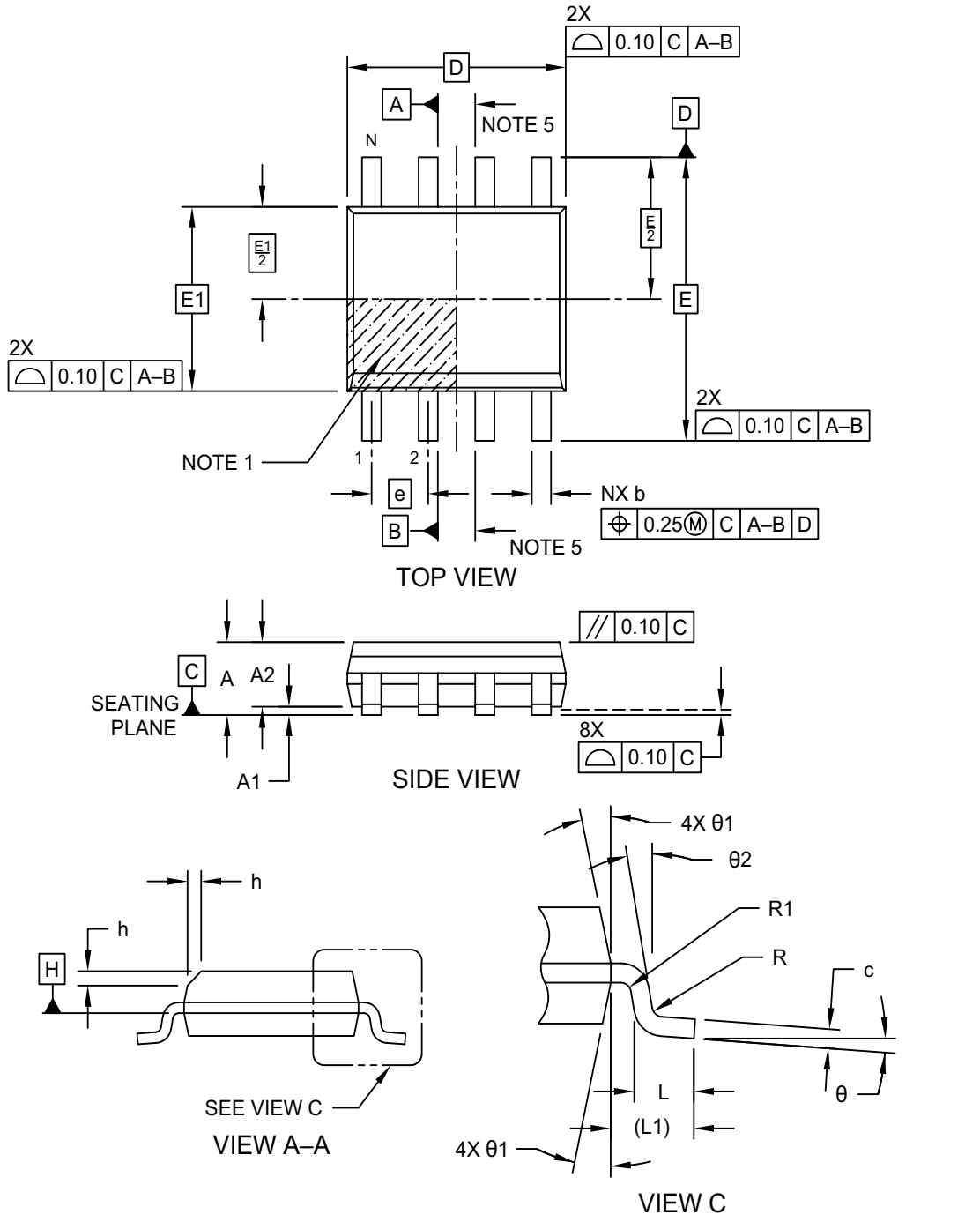
Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
5. Lead design above seating plane may vary, based on assembly vendor.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-018-P Rev G Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

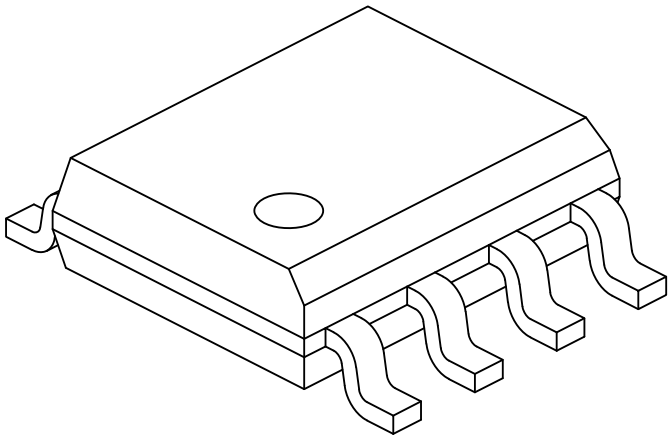
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057-SN Rev K Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	–	-
Standoff §	A1	0.10	–	0.25
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		3.90 BSC	
Overall Length	D		4.90 BSC	
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	–	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	–	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF	
Lead Thickness	c	0.17	–	0.25
Lead Width	b	0.31	–	0.51
Lead Bend Radius	R	0.07	–	–
Lead Bend Radius	R1	0.07	–	–
Foot Angle	θ	0°	–	8°
Mold Draft Angle	θ1	5°	–	15°
Lead Angle	θ2	0°	–	–

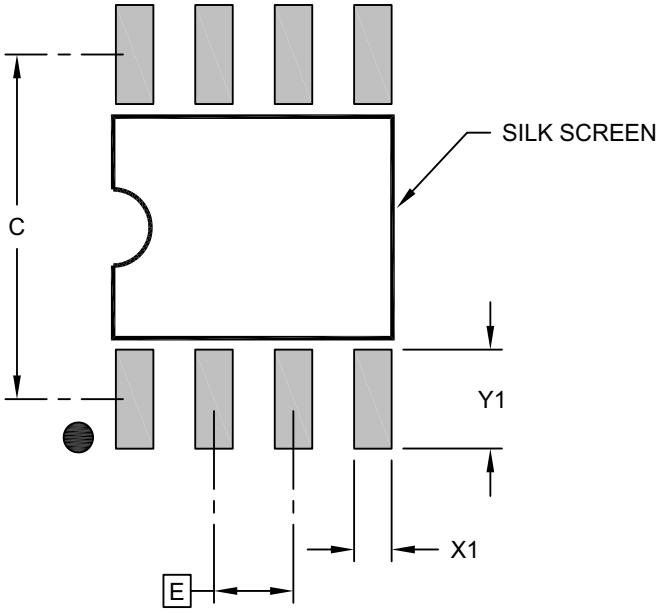
Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
   REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
5. Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057-SN Rev K Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

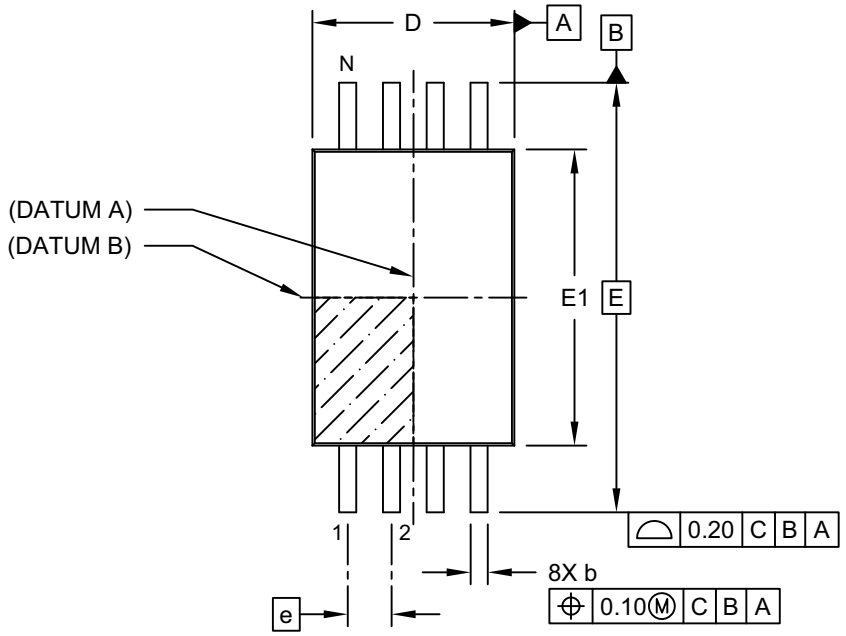
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

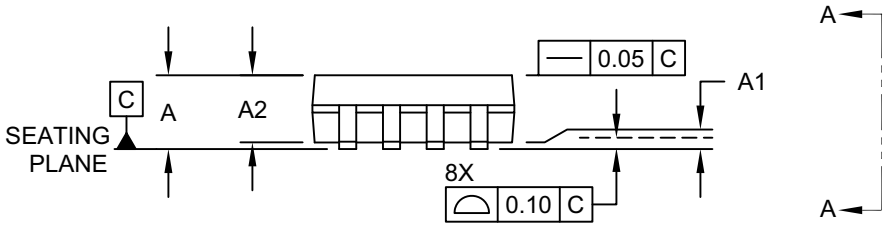
Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2057-SN Rev K

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

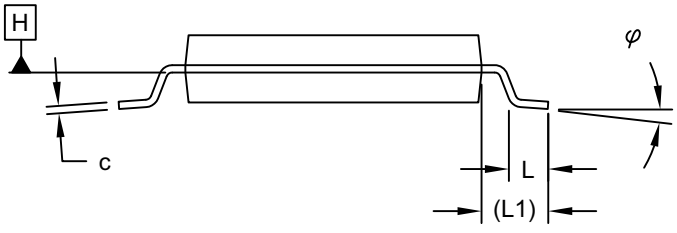
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

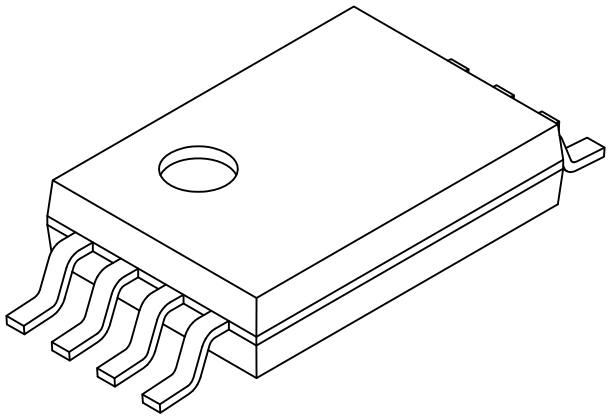


VIEW A-A

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086 Rev C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	e		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	-	-
Overall Width	E		6.40 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Overall Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1		1.00 REF	
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	-	0.25
Foot Angle	φ	0°	4°	8°
Lead Width	b	0.19	-	0.30

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.20mm per side.
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

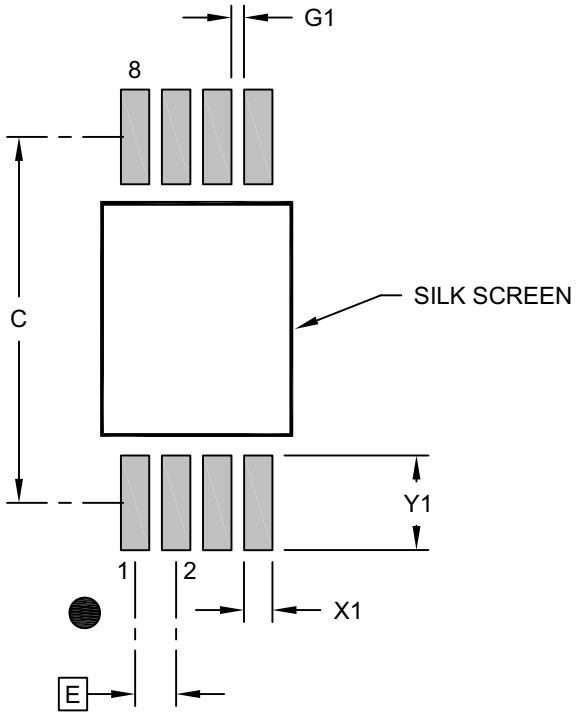
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

   REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086 Rev C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) - 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.65 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C		5.80	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.50
Contact Pad to Center Pad (X6)	G1	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
   BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
2. For best soldering results, thermal vias, if used, should be filled or tented to avoid solder loss during reflow process

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2086 Rev B

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision H (10/2023)

Updated section 2.1: “Principles of Operation”.

Revision G (04/2022)

Replaced Automotive with Extended; Replaced terminology “Master” with “Host”; Updated PDIP, SOIC and TSSOP package drawings.

Revision F (10/2011)

Revised Parameter D003 in Table 1-1: DC Characteristics.

Revision E (08/2010)

Revised Table 1-1, Param. No. D009; Revised Package Drawings.

Revision D (04/2009)

Removed Preliminary status; Revised Standby Current; Revised Table 1-1, Param. No. D009; Revised TSSOP Package marking; Revised Product ID.

Revision C (01/2009)

Revised Section 2.5: Added a paragraph.

Revision B (12/2008)

Updates; Table 1-1, add Param. D011.

Revision A (11/2008)

Original Release.

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PART NO.	X[1]	-X	/XX
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Device:	23A256 =		256-Kbit, 1.8V, SPI Serial SRAM
	23K256 =		256-Kbit, 3.6V, SPI Serial SRAM
Tape and Reel Option [1]:	Blank	=	Standard packaging (tube)
	T	=	Tape & Reel
Temperature Range:	I	=	-40°C to+85°C
	E		-40°C to+125°C
Package:	P	=	Plastic PDIP (300 mil body), 8-lead
	SN	=	Plastic SOIC (3.90 mml body), 8-lead
	ST	=	TSSOP, 8-lead

Examples:

a) 23K256-I/ST: 256-Kbit, 3.6V Serial SRAM, Industrial temperature, TSSOP package

b) 23A256T-I/SN: 256-Kbit, 1.8V Serial SRAM, Industrial temperature, Tape and Reel, SOIC package

c) 23K256-E/ST: 256-Kbit, 3.6V Serial SRAM, Extended temperature, TSSOP package

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