

CMOS Switching Regulator (PWM controlled) Monolithic IC MM3005~MM3010

Outline

This IC is a PWM controlled switching regulator developed using the CMOS process. Low ripple and high efficiency of 83% typ. (MM3005E) are achieved through PWM control. Further, output voltage is high precision output $\pm 2.4\%$.

Features

1. Ultra low consumption current 17.2 μ A typ. (during operation) (MM3005E)
2. High efficiency 83% typ. (MM3005E)
3. High precision output voltage $\pm 2.4\%$
4. Wide operating temperature range $-30^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$
5. Output voltage 2~5.5V (0.1V can be set in 0.1V steps)

Package

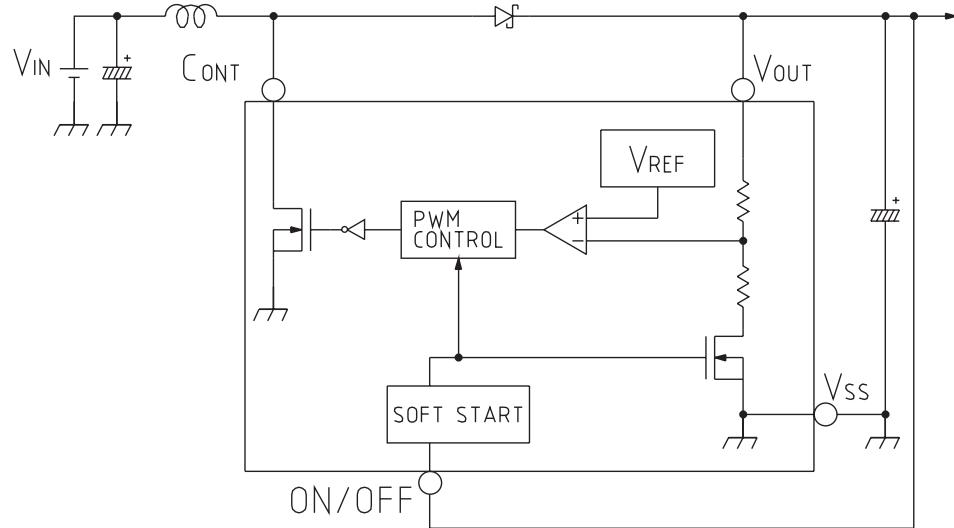
SOT-25A (Mini mold)

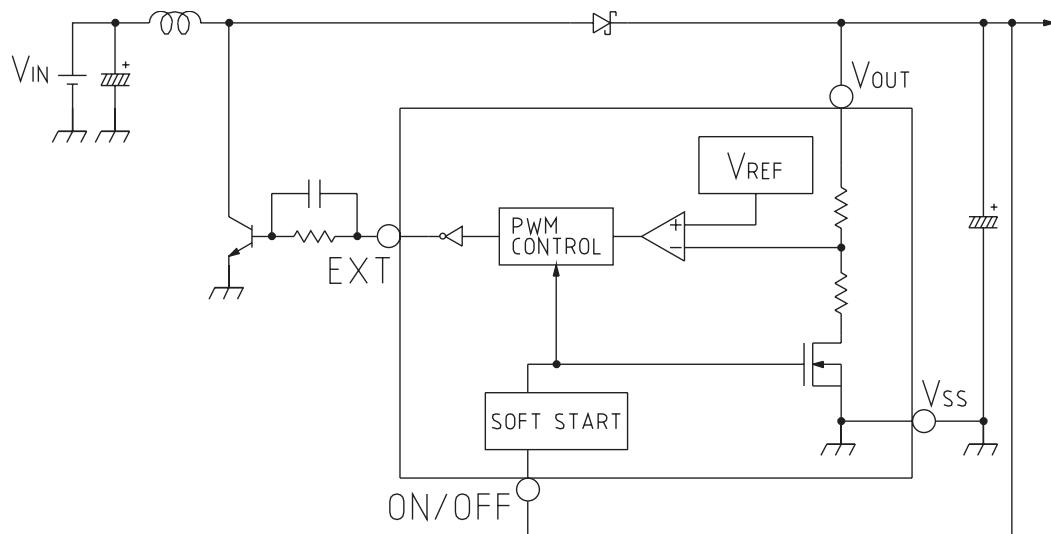
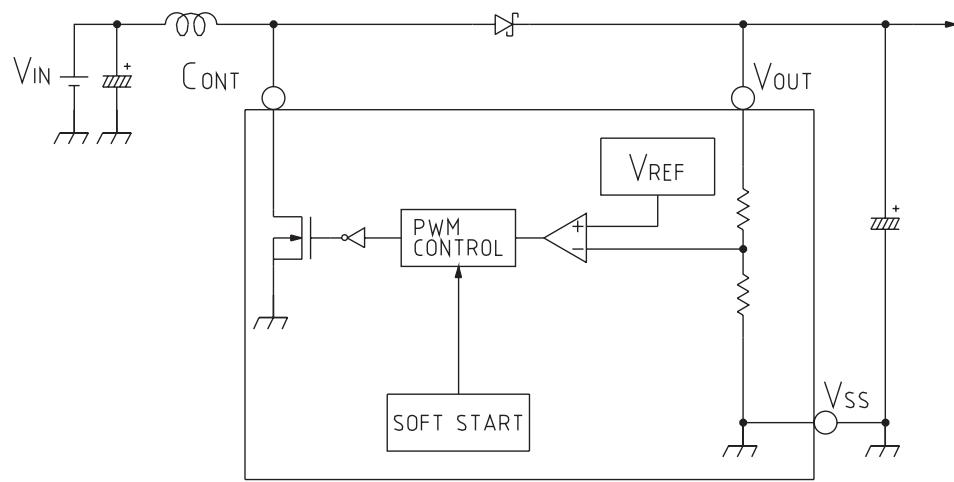
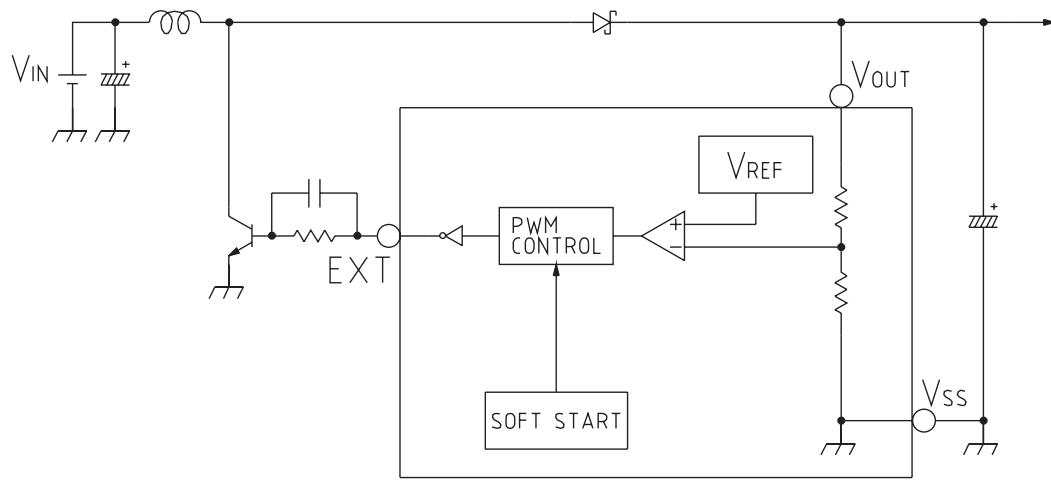
Applications

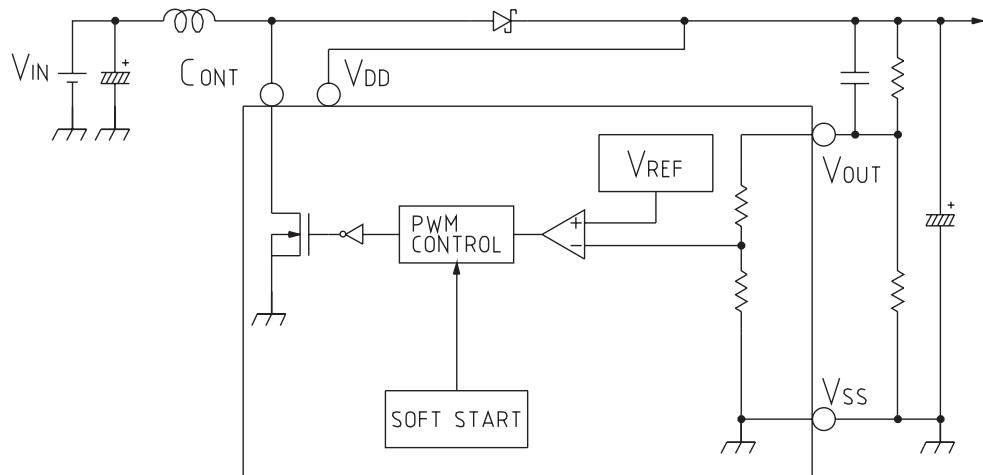
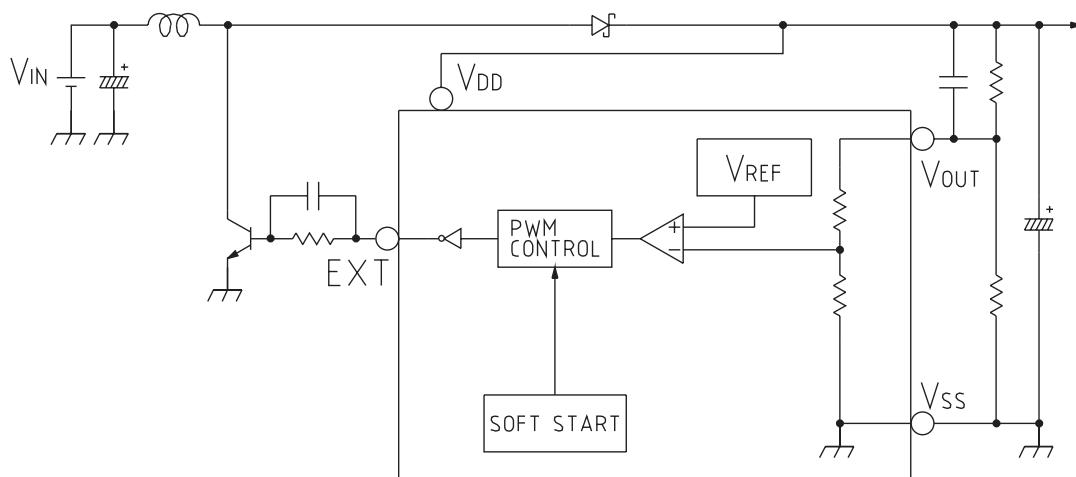
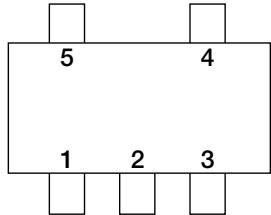
1. Mobile phones, PHS
2. Portable MD
3. Other battery-operated portable equipment

Block Diagram

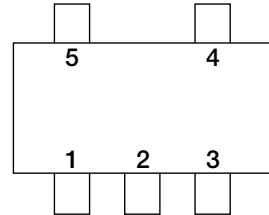
■ MM3005



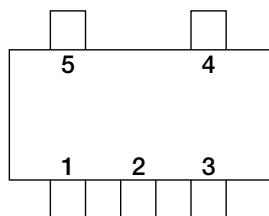
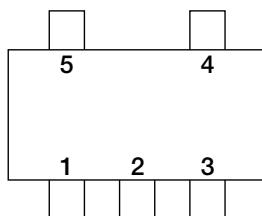
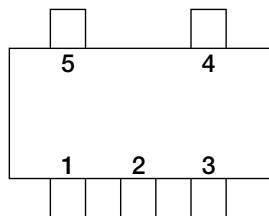
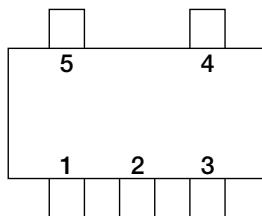
■ MM3006**■ MM3007****■ MM3008**

■ MM3009**■ MM3010****Pin Assignment****■ MM3005**

SOT-25A
(TOP VIEW)

■ MM3006

SOT-25A
(TOP VIEW)

■ MM3007SOT-25A
(TOP VIEW)**■ MM3008**SOT-25A
(TOP VIEW)**■ MM3009**SOT-25A
(TOP VIEW)**■ MM3010**SOT-25A
(TOP VIEW)**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-40~+125	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	-30~+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DDmax}	-0.3~+11	V
Allowable loss	P _d	150	mW
V _{OUT} pin voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.3~+11	V
ON/OFF pin voltage	ON/OFF	-0.3~+11	V
CONT pin voltage	V _{CONT}	-0.3~+11	V
CONT pin current	I _{CONT}	300	mA

Recommended Operating Conditions

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	-30~+85	°C
Input voltage	V _{IN}	+0.9~+9	V

Rank expand table Ta=25°C

MM3005A	2.0V±2.4%	MM3005B	2.5V±2.4%
MM3005C	2.7V±2.4%	MM3005D	2.8V±2.4%
MM3005E	3.0V±2.4%	MM3005F	3.3V±2.4%
MM3005G	3.6V±2.4%	MM3005H	5.0V±2.4%
MM3005J	5.2V±2.4%	MM3005K	5.4V±2.4%

*In addition to MM3005, MM3006 ~ MM3010 also have rank indications from A ~ K, as above.

Electrical Characteristics (Except where noted otherwise, Ta=25°C)

■ MM3005, MM3007, MM3009 (It is L rank only MM3009.)

Item	Symbol	Measurement circuit	Measuring Circuit	Rank	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	V _{IN}	1					9	V
Operating start voltage	V _{ST1}	1	I _{OUT} =1mA				0.9	V
Oscillation start voltage	V _{ST2}	2					0.8	V
Operation hold voltage	V _{HLD}	1	I _{OUT} =1mA		0.7			V
Consumption current 1	Iss1	2	V _{OUT} = Output voltage × 0.95	A B C D E F G H J K L	11.6 14.3 15.5 16.1 17.2 19.1 22.4 38.5 43.9 45.0 13.2	19.4 23.9 25.9 26.8 28.7 31.8 37.3 64.1 73.1 74.9 22.8		μA
Consumption current 2	Iss2		V _{OUT} = Output voltage + 0.5V	A B C D E F G H J K L	3.1 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.3 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.1	6.2 6.3 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.5 6.5 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.2		μA
Switching current	I _{SW}		V _{CONT} =0.4V	A B C D E F G H J K L	45 61 61 61 78 78 78 114 114 114 45	71 98 98 98 125 125 125 182 182 182 71		mA
Switching transistor leak current	I _{SWO}		V _{OUT} =V _{CONT} =9V				1	μA
Input stability	ΔV _{OUT1}	1	V _{IN} = Output voltage × 0.4 × 0.6			30	60	mV
Load stability	ΔV _{OUT2}	1	I _{OUT} =10μA-I _{OUT} (Following) × 1.25			30	60	mV
Output voltage temperature coefficient	ΔV _{OUT} ΔTa	1	Ta= -30~85°C			±50		ppm/°C
Oscillation frequency	fosc	2	V _{OUT} = Output voltage × 0.95		42.5	50	57.5	kHz
Maximum duty ratio	MaxDuty	2	V _{OUT} = Output voltage × 0.96		75	83	90	%
Soft start	Tss		I _{OUT} =1mA		3	6	12	ms

Item	Symbol	Measurement circuit	Measuring Circuit	Rank	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Efficiency	EFFI	1		A		75		%
				B		79		
				C		79		
				D		79		
				E		83		
				F		83		
				G		83		
				H		87		
				J		87		
				K		87		
				L		75		
Consumption current while power off*	I _{SSS}	2	ON/OFF pin=0V				0.5	μA
ON/OFF pin input voltage	V _{SH}	2	V _{OUT} =Output voltage × 0.95		0.75			V
	V _{SL}	2	V _{OUT} =Output voltage × 0.95				0.3	V

Note 1: *Consumption current when ON/OFF and power OFF pin input voltage apply only to MM3005.

Note 2: If rank is not filled in, applies to all ranks.

Note 3: I_{OUT}=Output voltage/250Ω

Note 4: The V_{DD} pin and V_{OUT} pin are connected for the V_{DD}/V_{OUT} separated type.

Electrical Characteristics2 (Except where noted otherwise, Ta=25°C)

■ MM3006, MM3008, MM3010

Item	Symbol	Measurement circuit	Measuring Circuit	Rank	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	V _{IN}	1					9	V
Operating start voltage	V _{ST1}	1	I _{OUT} =1mA				0.9	V
Oscillation start voltage	V _{ST2}	2					0.8	V
Operation hold voltage	V _{HLD}	1	I _{OUT} =1mA		0.7			V
Consumption current 1	I _{S1}	2	V _{OUT} =Output voltage × 0.95	A		14.5	24.1	μA
				B		17.8	29.7	
				C		19.2	32	
				D		20	33.3	
				E		21.4	35.7	
				F		23.7	39.5	
				G		28.8	48	
				H		54	89.9	
				J		56.2	93.6	
				K		58.9	98.1	
				A		3.8	7.6	μA
				B		3.9	7.7	
Consumption current 2	I _{S2}	2	V _{OUT} =Output voltage+0.5V	C		3.9	7.7	
				D		3.9	7.8	
				E		3.9	7.8	
				F		4	7.9	
				G		4	7.9	
				H		4.2	8.3	
				J		4.2	8.3	
				K		4.2	8.3	

Item	Symbol	Measurement circuit	Measuring Circuit	Rank	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
EXT pin output current	IEXTH		VEXT=VOUT-0.4V	A	-1.9	-2.9		mA
				B	-2.7	-4		
				C	-2.7	-4		
				D	-2.7	-4		
				E	-3.5	-5.3		
				F	-3.5	-5.3		
				G	-3.5	-5.3		
				H	-5.3	-8		
				J	-5.3	-8		
				K	-5.3	-8		
	IEXTL		VEXT=0.4V	A	3.8	5.7		mA
				B	5.3	8		
				C	5.3	8		
				D	5.3	8		
				E	7	10.5		
				F	7	10.5		
				G	7	10.5		
				H	10.7	16		
				J	10.7	16		
				K	10.7	16		
Input stability	ΔV_{OUT1}	3	$V_{IN}=\text{Output voltage} \times 0.4 \sim 0.6$			30	60	mV
Load stability	ΔV_{OUT2}	3	$I_{OUT}=10\mu A \sim I_{OUT} (\text{Following}) \times 1.25$			30	60	mV
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a}$	3	$T_a=-30 \sim 85^\circ C$			± 50		ppm/ $^\circ C$
Oscillation frequency	fosc	4	$V_{OUT}=\text{Output voltage} \times 0.95$		85	100	115	kHz
Maximum duty ratio	MaxDuty	4	$V_{OUT}=\text{Output voltage} \times 0.96$		75	83	90	%
Soft start	Tss		$I_{OUT}=1mA$		3	6	12	ms
Efficiency	EFFI	3		A		76		%
				B		80		
				C		80		
				D		80		
				E		84		
				F		84		
				G		84		
				H		88		
				J		88		
				K		88		
Consumption current while power off	Isss	4	Power off pin=0V				0.5	μA
ON/OFF pin input voltage	V _{SH}	4	$V_{OUT}=\text{Output voltage} \times 0.95$		0.75			V
	V _{SL}		$V_{OUT}=\text{Output voltage} \times 0.95$				0.3	

Notes: 1. The current consumption when powering down and input voltage at the ON/OFF pin apply only to the MM3006.

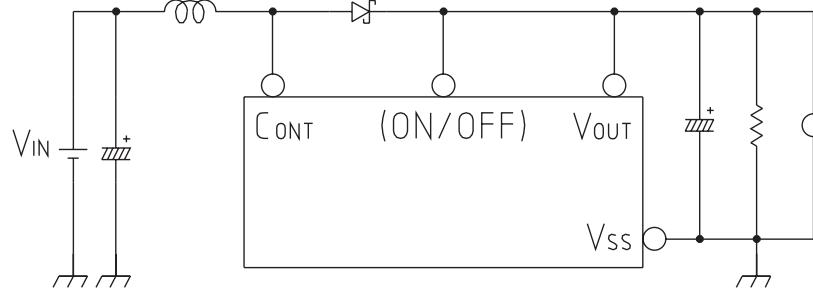
Notes: 2. Where the rank is omitted, the figure is common to all ranks.

Notes: 3. $I_{OUT}=\text{output voltage } 250\Omega$

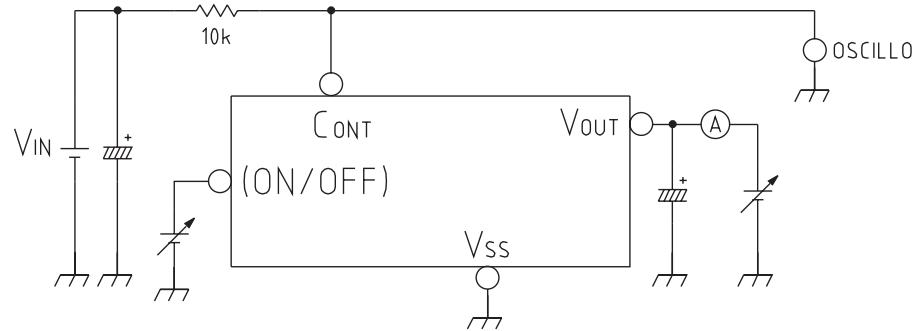
Notes: 4. Connect both V_{DD} and V_{OUT} pins in models with separate V_{DD} and V_{OUT} pins.

Measuring Circuit

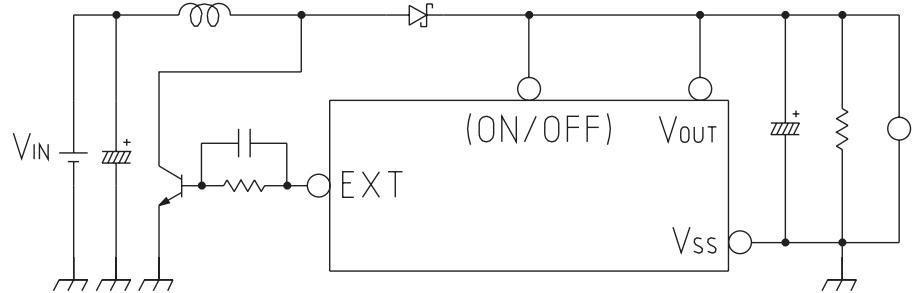
■ 1



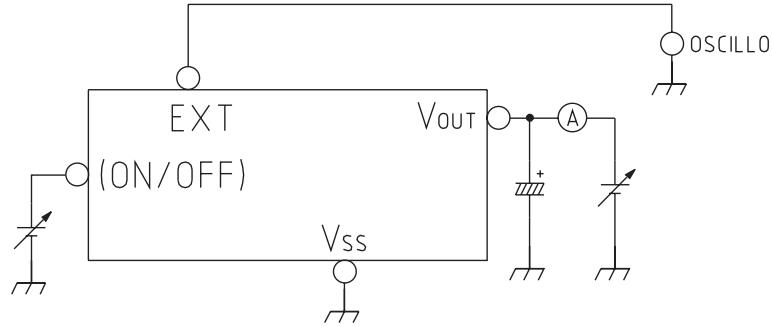
■ 2



■ 3



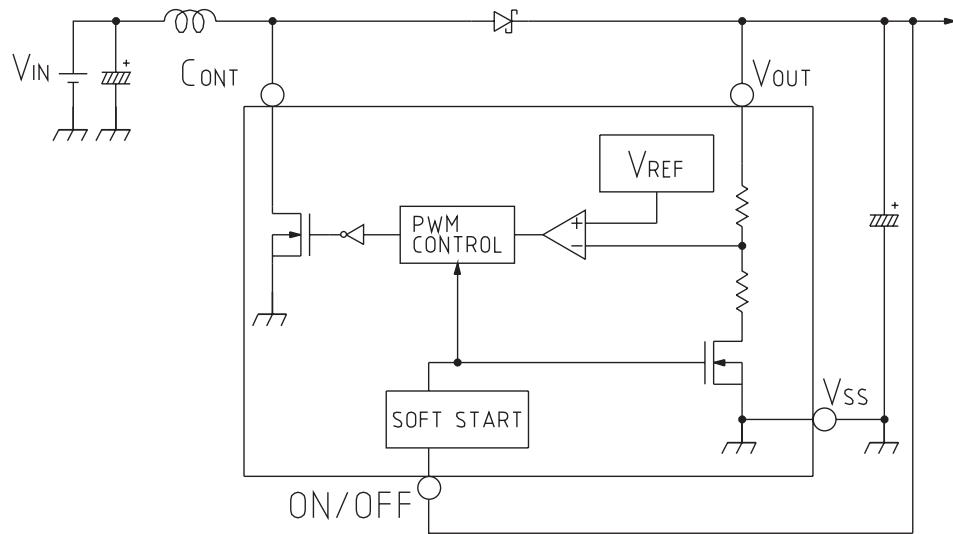
■ 4



Note 1: Coil: L=100μH (Mitsumi C5-K3L) transistor: SANYO 2SD1628
 Condenser: C=33μF (tantal condenser) Base resistor (R_b): 1.0kΩ
 Shot key barrier diode: ROHM RB491D Base resistor (C_b): 2200pF

Note 2: The cause of oscillation is due to set wiring and capacitance changes in capacitor caused by temperatures changes, so please take extra care in placing the wires.

Description of Operation



The MM3005 series are pulse width modulation type DC/DC converters.

1: PWM control uses load to change the duty ratio automatically from 0 ~ 83%.

2: A built-in soft start circuit softens the current inrush at start-up.

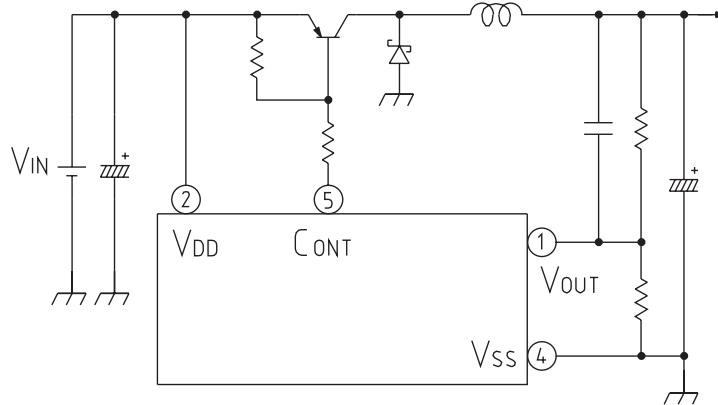
3: Power OFF pin: Stops or starts voltage rise operation.

When the power OFF pin is at low level the internal circuits all stop operating and consumption current is greatly reduced. Note that the power OFF pin structure is open and unstable, so please be sure not to use it open. Further, do not impress voltage of 0.3 ~ 0.75V, as this causes consumption current to increase.

When not using the power OFF pin, please connect it to the V_{OUT} pin.

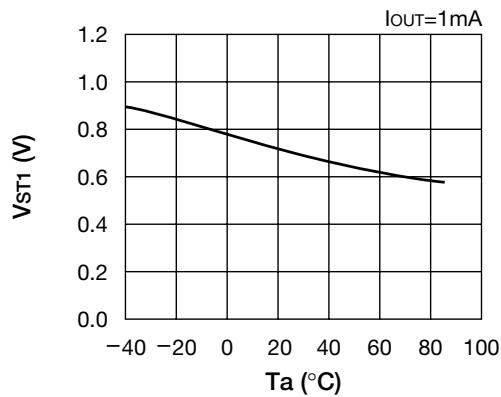
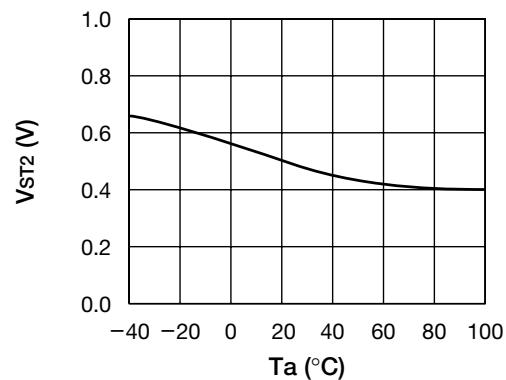
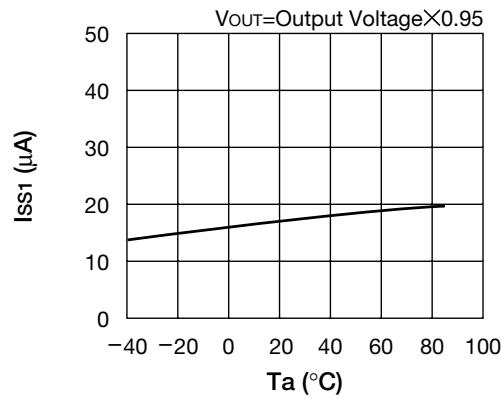
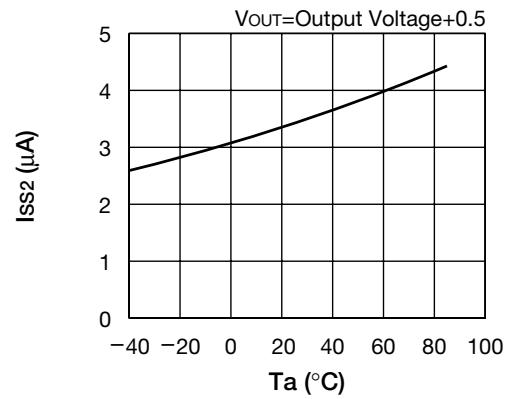
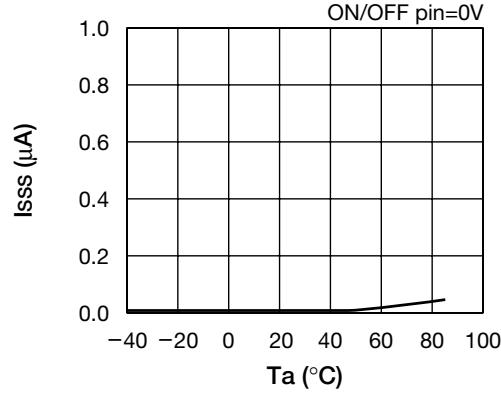
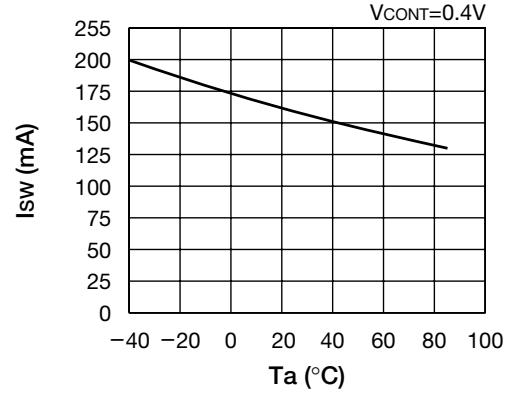
Power off pin	Operating condition
H	ON
L	OFF
Open	Irregular

Application Circuits



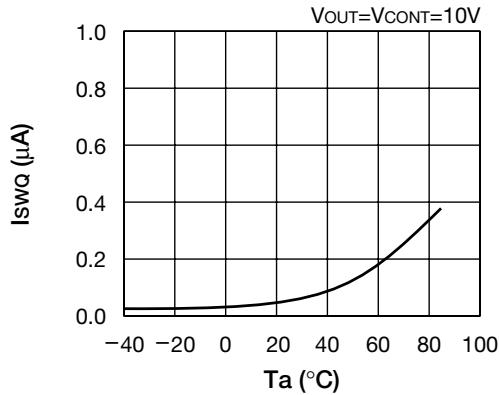
When used as voltage drop DC-DC converter.

Characteristics MM3005EN Output voltage 3V typ. product

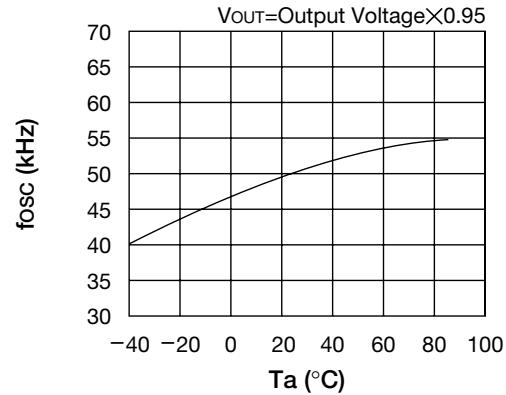
■ Starting output voltage – temperature

■ Starting oscillator voltage – temperature

■ Supply current 1 – temperature

■ Supply current 2 – temperature

■ Supply current (OFF) – temperature

■ Switch current – temperature


Note: these are typical characteristics.

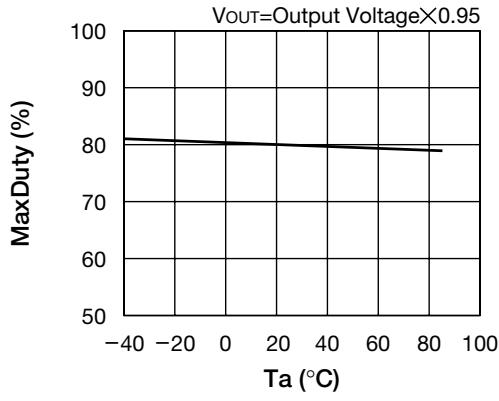
■ Switch transistor leak current – temperature



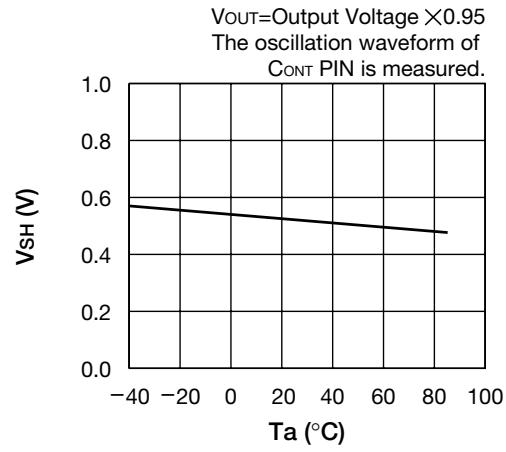
■ Oscillator frequency – temperature



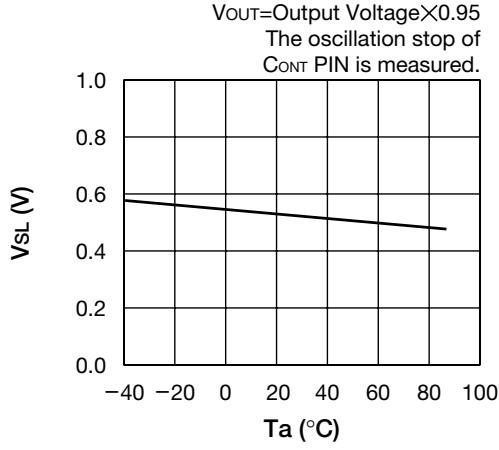
■ Maximum duty cycle – temperature



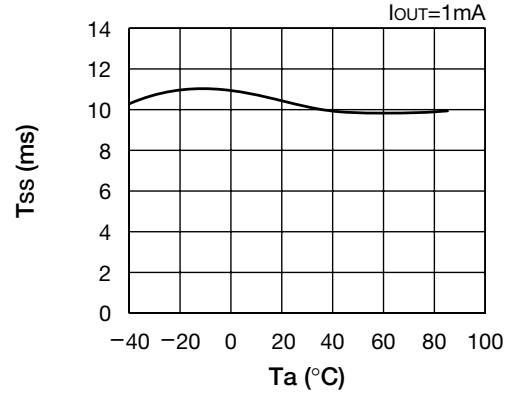
■ ON/OFF Pin input voltage (Vsh) – temperature



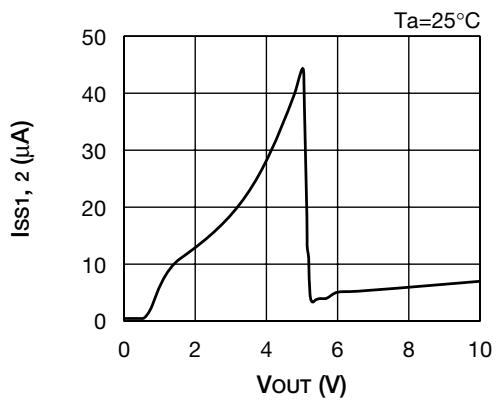
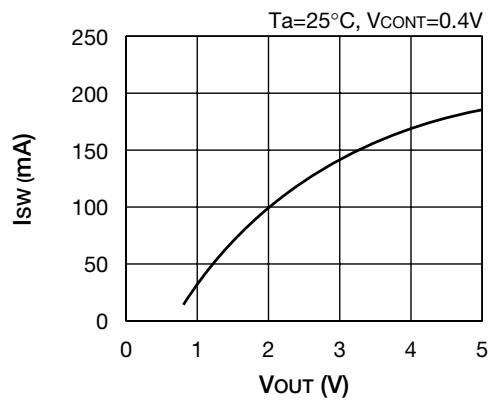
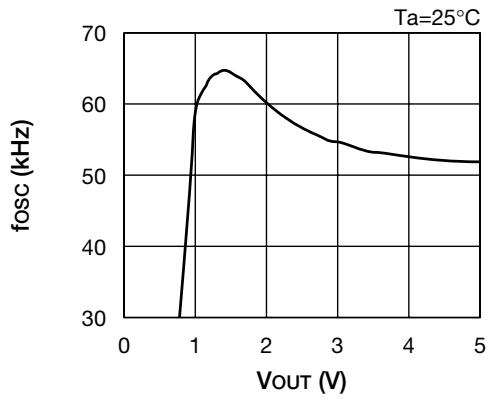
■ ON/OFF Pin input voltage (Vsl) – temperature



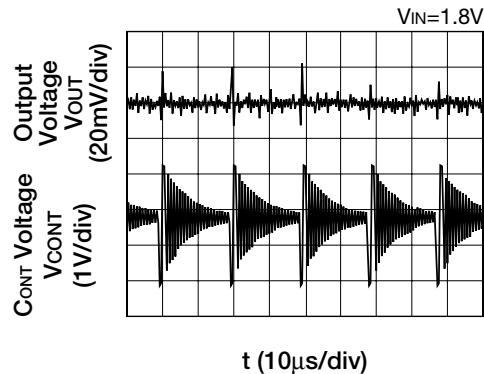
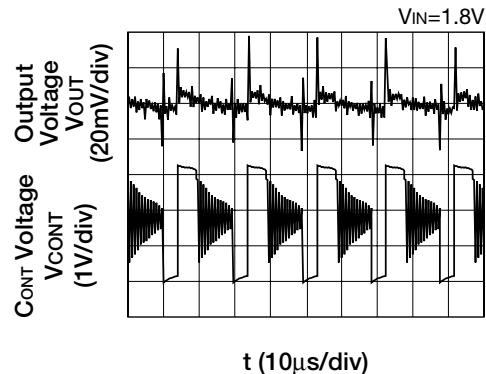
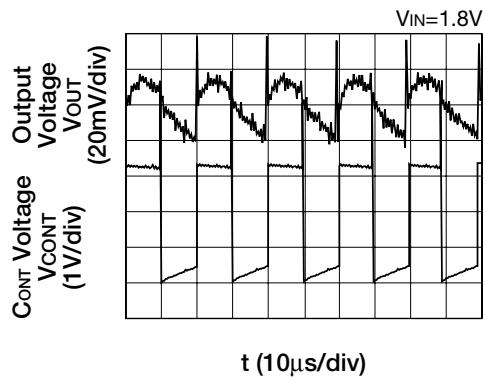
■ Soft start time – temperature



Note: these are typical characteristics.

■ Supply Current 1, 2 – V_{OUT}■ Switch current – V_{OUT}■ Oscillator frequency – V_{OUT}

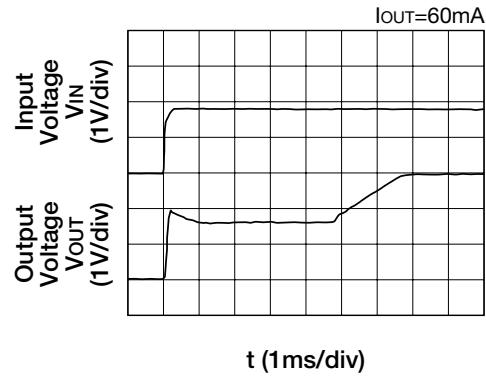
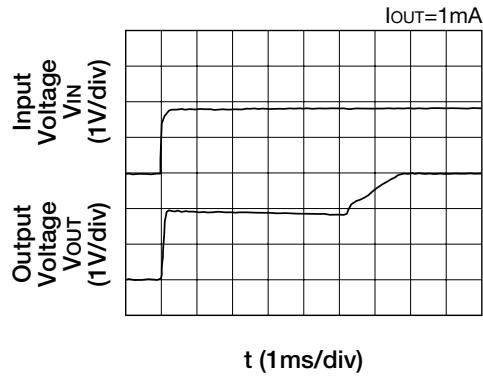
Note: these are typical characteristics.

■ Ripple voltage characteristic (MM3005EN)**■ 1. I_{OUT}=200μA****■ 2. I_{OUT}=10mA****■ 3. I_{OUT}=60mA**

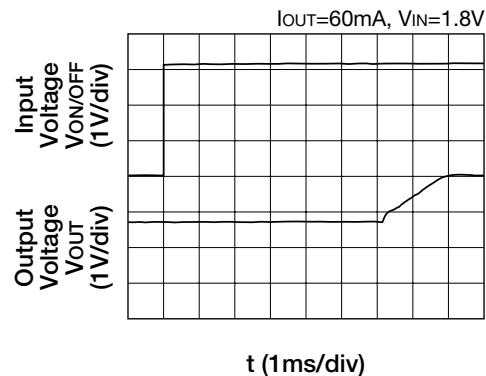
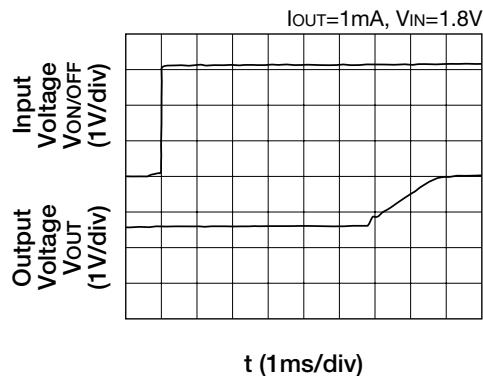
Note: these are typical characteristics.

■ Transient Response (MM3005EN)

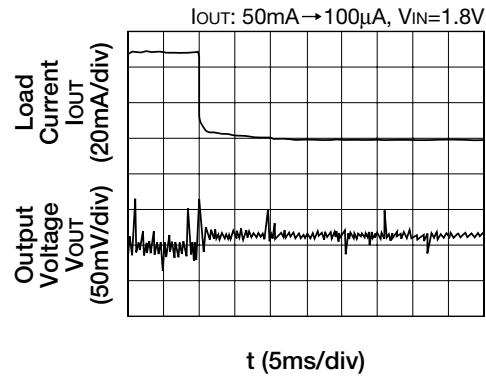
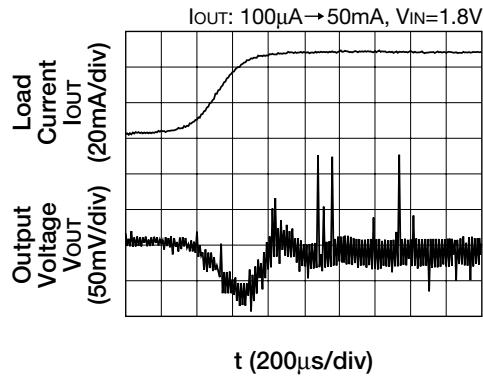
■ 1. $V_{IN} : 0V \rightarrow 1.8V$



■ 2. $V_{ON/OFF} : 0V \rightarrow 3.0V$

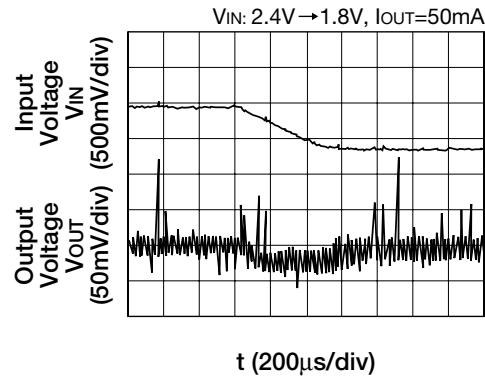
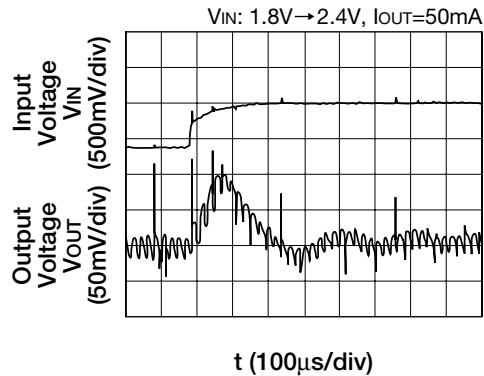


■ 3. Load regulation



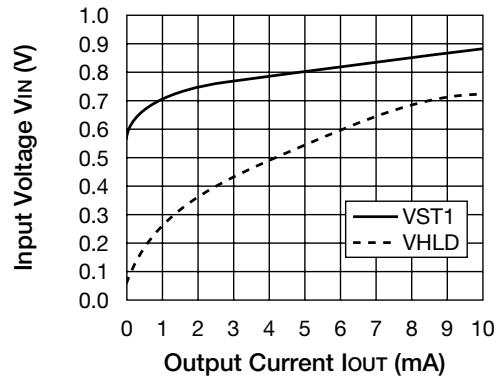
Note: these are typical characteristics.

■ 4. Line regulation

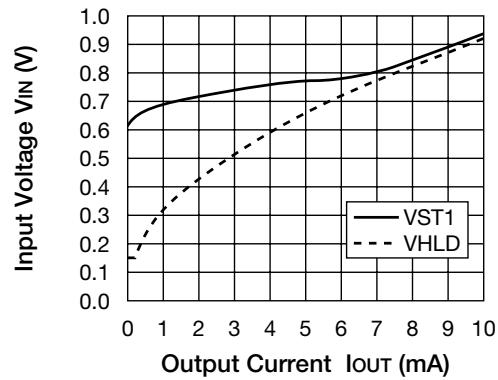


■ Output current – starting output voltage and holding output voltage dependence characteristic

■ MM3005EN

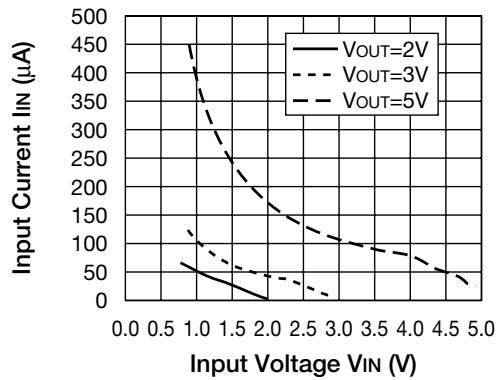


■ MM3005H



■ Input voltage – supply current dependency characteristic

■ MM3005

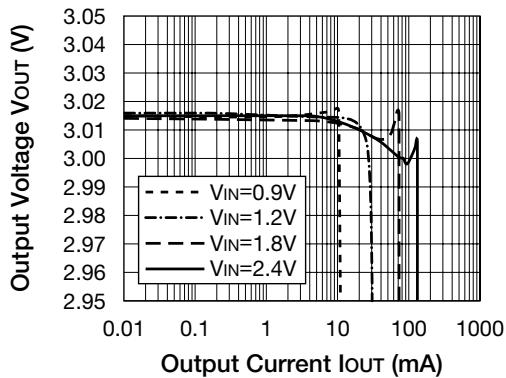


Note: these are typical characteristics.

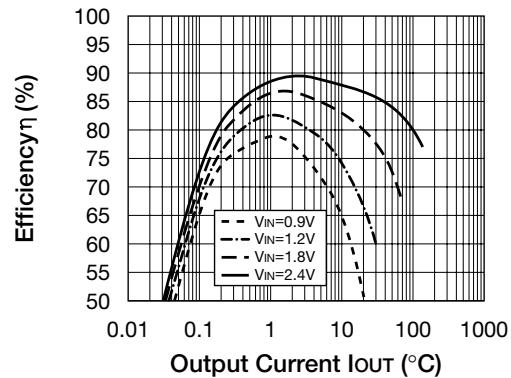
Reference Data

(1) MM3005EN (C5-K3L : 47μH)

■ Output current – output voltage

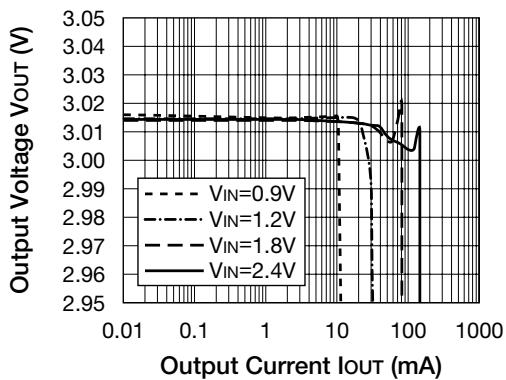


■ Output current – efficiency

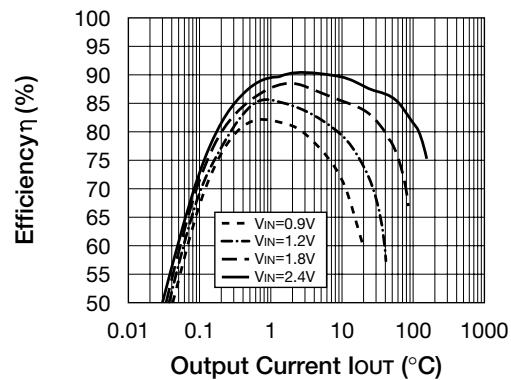


(2) MM3005EN (C5-K3L : 100μH)

■ Output current – output voltage

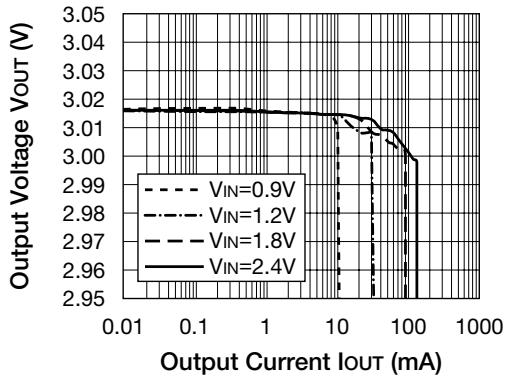


■ Output current – efficiency

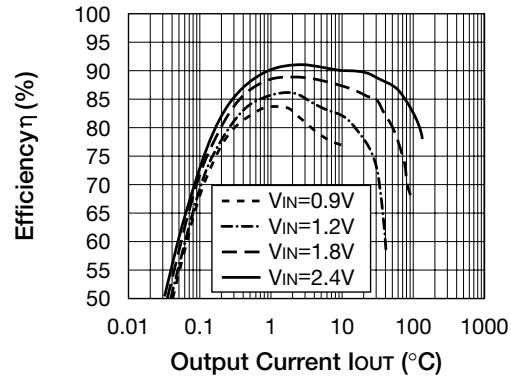


(3) MM3005EN (C5-K3L : 150μH)

■ Output current – output voltage



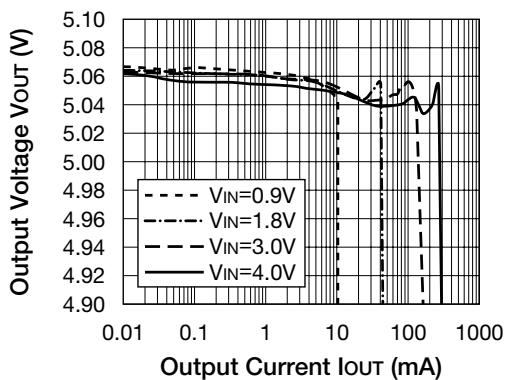
■ Output current – efficiency



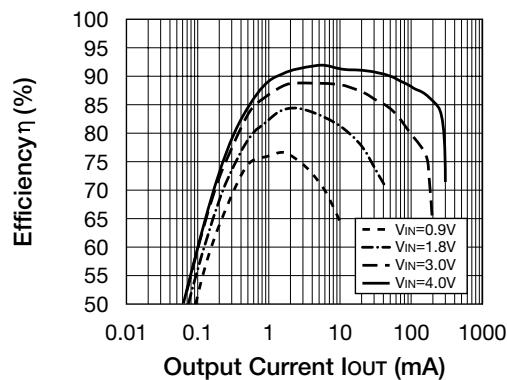
Note: these are typical characteristics.

(4) MM3005HN (C5-K3L : 47μH)

■ Output current – output voltage

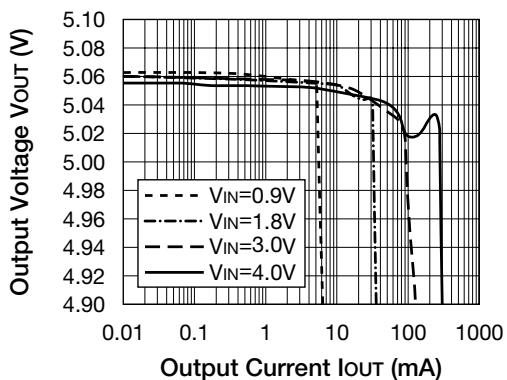


■ Output current – efficiency

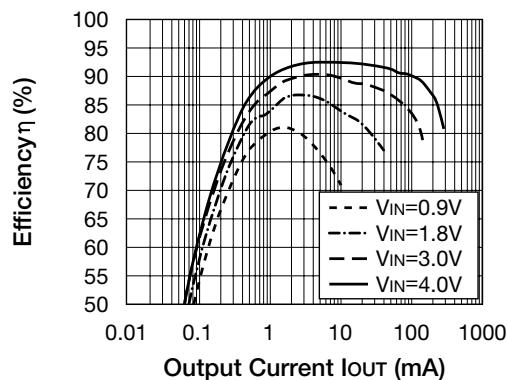


(5) MM3005HN (C5-K3L : 100μH)

■ Output current – output voltage

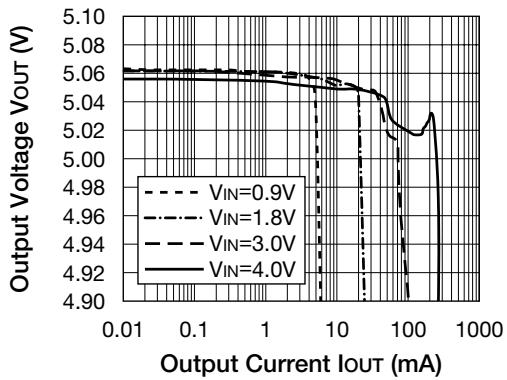


■ Output current – efficiency

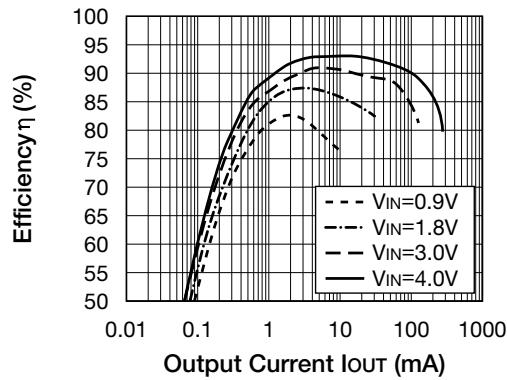


(6) MM3005HN (C5-K3L : 150μH)

■ Output current – output voltage



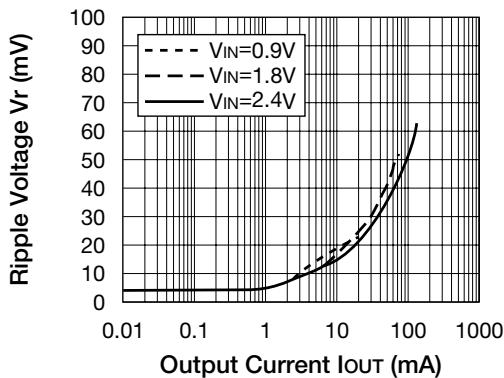
■ Output current – efficiency



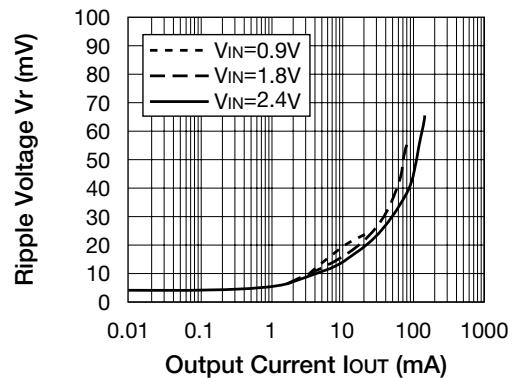
Note: these are typical characteristics.

(7) MM3005EN (C5-K3L : 47 μ H, Cout : 33 μ F) (8) MM3005EN (C5-K3L : 100 μ H, Cout : 33 μ F)

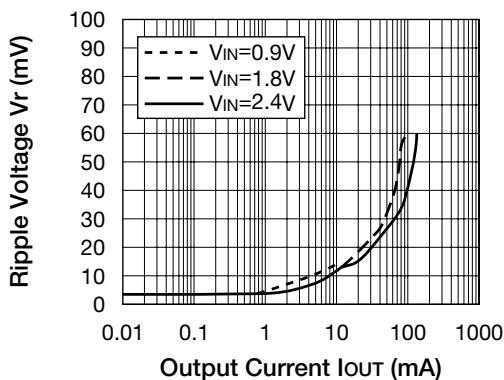
■ Output current – ripple voltage



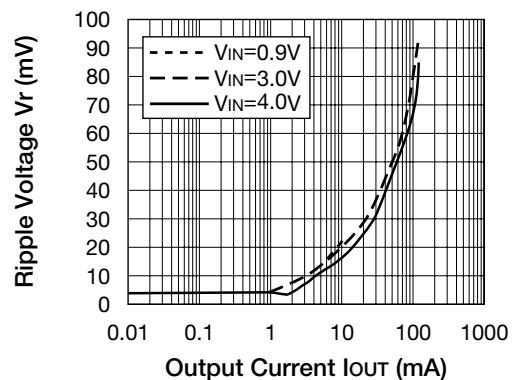
■ Output current – ripple voltage

(9) MM3005EN (C5-K3L : 150 μ H, Cout : 33 μ F) (10) MM3005HN (C5-K3L : 47 μ H, Cout : 33 μ F)

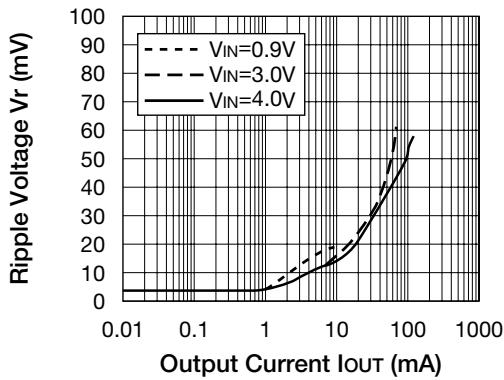
■ Output current – ripple voltage



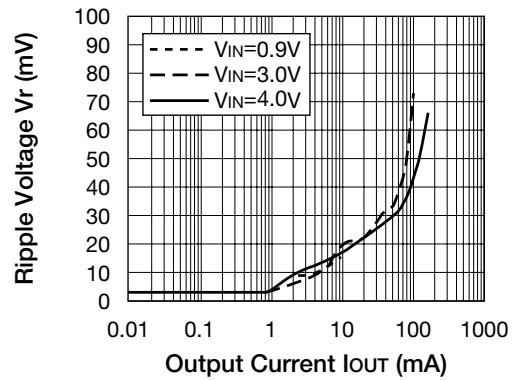
■ Output current – ripple voltage

(11) MM3005HN (C5-K3L : 100 μ H, Cout : 33 μ F) (12) MM3005HN (C5-K3L : 150 μ H, Cout : 33 μ F)

■ Output current – ripple voltage



■ Output current – ripple voltage



Note: these are typical characteristics.