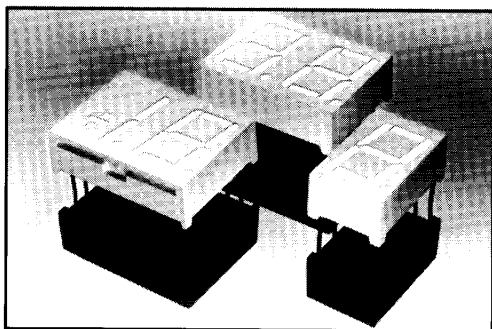


HIGH EFFICIENCY RED MAN6900 SERIES



DESCRIPTION

The MAN6900 Series is a family of large digits which includes double and single digits. The series features the sculptured font which minimizes "gappiness" at the segment intersections. Available models include two-digit, one and one-half digits with polarity sign, and single digits. All models have right hand decimal points and are available in common anode or common cathode configuration. This device has a Red face and Red segments.

FEATURES

- High Efficiency Red nitrogen-doped GaAsP on GaP
- Large, easy to read, digits
- Common anode or common cathode models
- Fast switching — excellent for multiplexing
- Low power consumption
- Bold solid segments that are highly legible
- Solid state reliability — long operation life
- Rugged plastic construction
- Directly compatible with integrated circuits
- High brightness with high contrast
- Categorized for Luminous Intensity (See Note 6)
- Wide angle viewing...150°
- Low forward voltage
- Two-digit package simplifies alignment and assembly

APPLICATIONS

- For industrial and consumer applications such as:
- Digital readout displays
 - Instrument panels
 - Point of sale equipment
 - Digital clocks
 - TV and radios

MODEL NUMBERS					
PART NUMBER	COLOR	DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE DRAWING	PIN OUT SPECIFICATION	
MAN6910	High Eff. Red	2 Digit; Common Anode; Rt. Hand Decimal	A	A	
MAN6930	High Eff. Red	1½ Digit; Common Anode; Overflow ±1.8; Rt. Hand Decimal	B	B	
MAN6940	High Eff. Red	2 Digit; Common Cathode; Rt. Hand Decimal	A	C	
MAN6950	High Eff. Red	1½ Digit; Common Cathode; Overflow ±1.8; Rt. Hand Decimal	B	D	
MAN6960	High Eff. Red	Single Digit; Common Anode; Rt. Hand Decimal	C	E	
MAN6980	High Eff. Red	Single Digit; Common Cathode; Rt. Hand Decimal	C	F	

RECOMMENDED OPTICAL FILTERS

For optimum ON and OFF contrast, one of the following filters or equivalents should be used over the display:

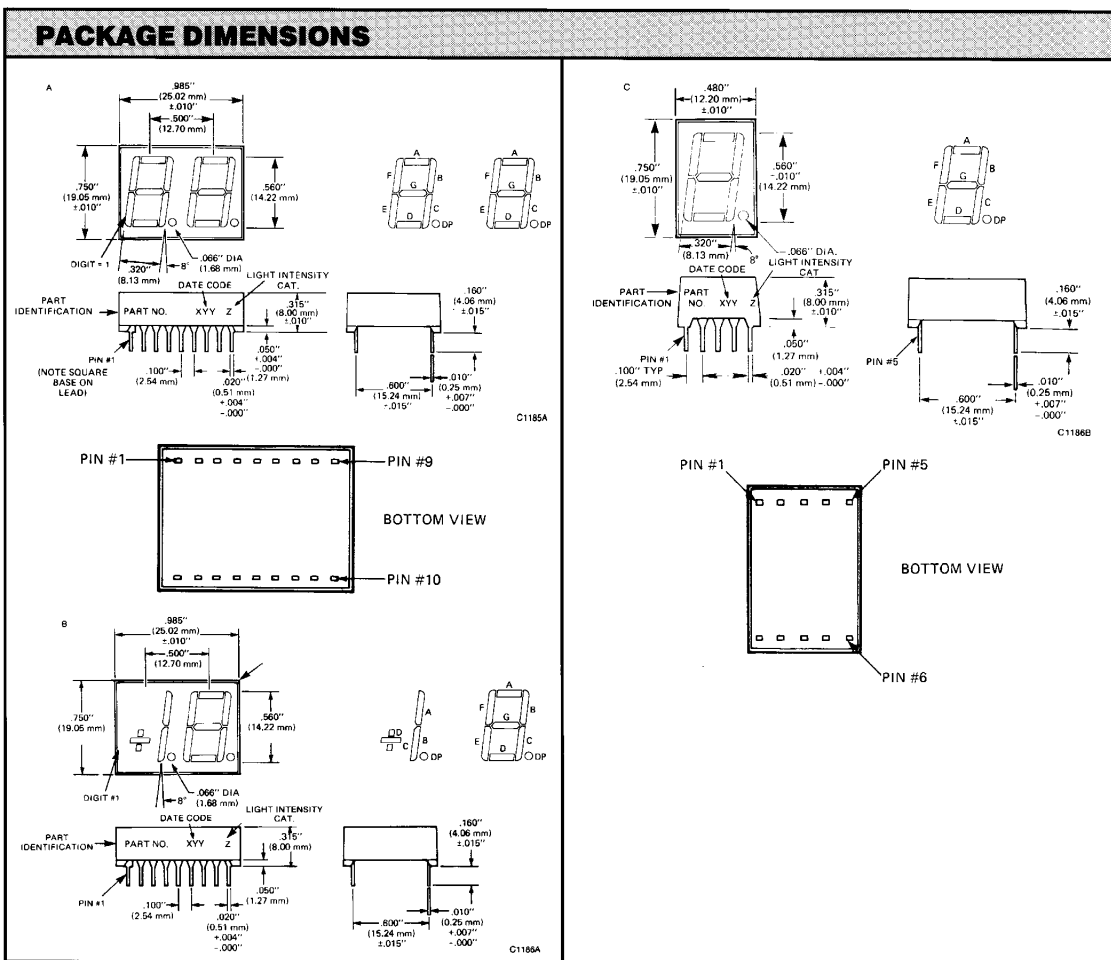
<u>DEVICE TYPE</u>	<u>FILTER</u>
MAN6900 Series	Panelgraphic Scarlet 65 Homalite 100-1670

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Per Diode at 25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified)					
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
Luminous Intensity, digit average (See Note 1)	510	2200		μcd	I _f = 10 mA
Peak emission wavelength		635		nm	
Spectral line half width		40		nm	
Forward voltage Segment			2.5	V	I _f = 20 mA
Decimal point			2.5	V	I _f = 20 mA
Dynamic resistance Segment		26		Ω	I _f = 20 mA
Decimal point		26		Ω	I _f = 20 mA
Capacitance Segment		35		pF	V = 0
Decimal point		35		pF	V = 0
Reverse current Segment			100	μA	V _r = 5.0 V
Decimal point			100	μA	V _r = 5.0 V

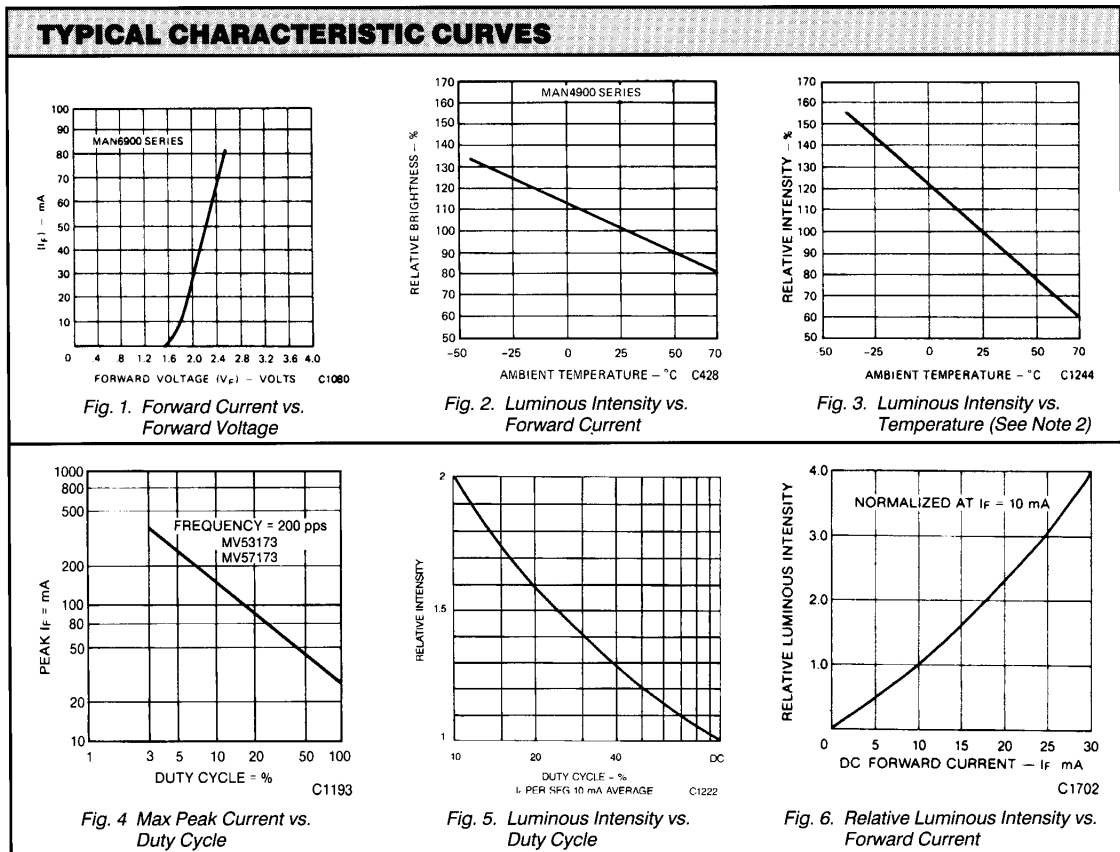
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS				
	MAN6910 MAN6940	MAN6930 MAN6950	MAN6960 MAN6980	
Power dissipation at 25°C ambient	1200 mW	1050 mW	600 mW	
Derate linearly from 50°C	-17.1 mW/°C	-15.0 mW/°C	-8.6 mW/°C	
Storage and operating temperature	-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +85°C	-40°C to +85°C	
Continuous forward current				
Total	480 mA	420 mA	240 mA	
Per segment	30 mA	30 mA	30 mA	
Decimal point	30 mA	30 mA	30 mA	
Reverse voltage				
Per segment	6.0 V	6.0 V	6.0 V	
Decimal point	6.0 V	6.0 V	6.0 V	
Soldering time at 260°C (See Notes 3 and 4)	5 sec.	5 sec.	5 sec.	

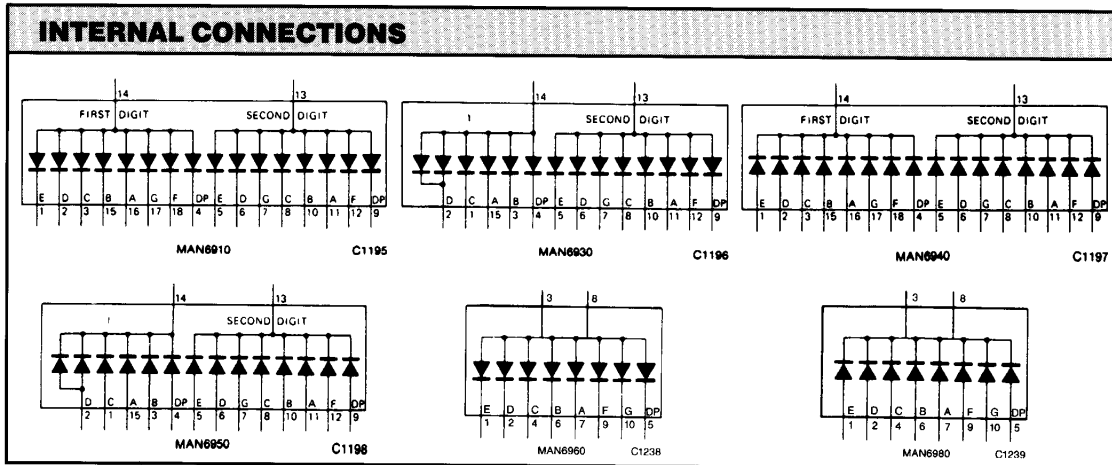
TYPICAL THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Thermal resistance junction to free air Φ _{JA}	160°C/W
Wavelength temperature coefficient (case temperature)	1.0Å/°C
Forward voltage temperature coefficient	-2.0 mV/°C

NOTES	
1. The digit average Luminous Intensity is obtained by summing the Luminous Intensity of each segment and dividing by the total number of segments. Intensity will not vary more than ±33.3% between all segments within a digit.	
2. The curve in Figure 3 is normalized to the brightness at 25°C to indicate the relative efficiency over the operating temperature range.	
3. Leads of the device immersed to 1/16 inch from the body. Maximum device surface temperature is 140°C.	
4. For flux removal, Freon TF, Freon TE, Isoproponal or water may be used up to their boiling points.	
5. All displays are categorized for Luminous Intensity. The Intensity category is marked on each part as a suffix letter to the part number.	



ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS						
PIN NO.	ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS					
	A MAN6910	B MAN6930	C MAN6940	D MAN6950	E MAN6960	F MAN6980
1	Cathode E 1	Cathode C 1	Anode E 1	Anode C 1	Cathode E	Anode E
2	Cathode D 1	Cathode D 1	Anode D 1	Anode D 1	Cathode D	Anode D
3	Cathode C 1	Cathode B 1	Anode C 1	Anode B 1	Com. Anode	Com. Cathode
4	Cathode D.P. 1	Cathode D.P. 1	Anode D.P. 1	Anode D.P. 1	Cathode C	Anode C
5	Cathode E 2	Cathode E 2	Anode E 2	Anode E 2	Cathode D.P.	Anode D.P.
6	Cathode D 2	Cathode D 2	Anode D 2	Anode D 2	Cathode B	Anode B
7	Cathode G 2	Cathode G 2	Anode G 2	Anode G 2	Cathode A	Anode A
8	Cathode C 2	Cathode C 2	Anode C 2	Anode C 2	Com. Anode	Com. Cathode
9	Cathode D.P. 2	Cathode D.P. 2	Anode D.P. 2	Anode D.P. 2	Cathode F	Anode F
10	Cathode B 2	Cathode B 2	Anode B 2	Anode B 2	Cathode G	Anode G
11	Cathode A 2	Cathode A 2	Anode A 2	Anode A 2		
12	Cathode F 2	Cathode F 2	Anode F 2	Anode F 2		
13	Anode Digit 2	Anode Digit 2	Cathode Digit 2	Cathode Digit 2		
14	Anode Digit 1	Anode Digit 1	Cathode Digit 1	Cathode Digit 1		
15	Cathode B 1	Cathode A 1	Anode B 1	Anode A 1		
16	Cathode A 1	No Connection	Anode A 1	No Connection		
17	Cathode G 1	No Connection	Anode G 1	No Connection		
18	Cathode F 1	No Connection	Anode F 1	No Connection		







0.560-INCH SEVEN SEGMENT DISPLAYS

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.