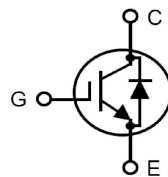


1200V XPT™ IGBT GenX3™ w/ Diode

IXYH30N120C3D1

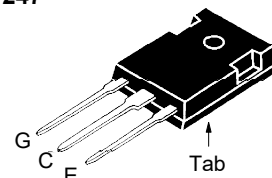


High-Speed IGBT
for 20-50 kHz Switching

$V_{CES} = 1200V$
 $I_{C110} = 30A$
 $V_{CE(sat)} \leq 3.3V$
 $t_{fi(typ)} = 88ns$

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	1200	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$, $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	1200	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	66	A
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	30	A
I_{F110}	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	20	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$, 1ms	133	A
I_A	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	20	A
E_{AS}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	400	mJ
SSOA (RBSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$, $R_G = 10\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 60$ @ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	A
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	416	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_{JM}		150	$^\circ C$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_L	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering 1.6 mm (0.062 in.) from Case for 10s	300	$^\circ C$
M_d	Mounting Torque	1.13/10	Nm/lb.in
Weight		6	g

TO-247



G = Gate C = Collector
E = Emitter Tab = Collector

Features

- Optimized for Low Switching Losses
- Square RBSOA
- Positive Thermal Coefficient of $V_{ce(sat)}$
- Anti-Parallel Ultra Fast Diode
- Avalanche Rated
- High Current Handling Capability
- International Standard Package

Advantages

- High Power Density
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

Applications

- High Frequency Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ C$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
BV_{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{GE} = 0V$	1200		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.0 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 125^\circ C$			25 μA 350 μA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 30A$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ C$		3.7	3.3 V V

Symbol Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)		Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 30\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$, Note 1	10	17	S
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		1640	pF
C_{oes}			140	pF
C_{res}			38	pF
$Q_{g(on)}$	$I_C = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		69	nC
Q_{ge}			9	nC
Q_{gc}			34	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 10\Omega$ Note 2		19	ns
t_{ri}			40	ns
E_{on}			2.6	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			130	ns
t_{fi}			88	ns
E_{off}			1.1	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 10\Omega$ Note 2		19	ns
t_{ri}			52	ns
E_{on}			6.0	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			156	ns
t_{fi}			140	ns
E_{off}			1.6	mJ
R_{thJC}			0.30	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{thCS}		0.21		$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified)		Characteristic Value		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
V_F	$I_F = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$, Note 1	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.75	3.00 V
I_{RM}	$I_F = 30\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, -di_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 600\text{V}$	$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$		9 A
t_{rr}		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	195	ns
R_{thJC}				0.90 $^\circ\text{C/W}$

Notes:

1. Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.
2. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher V_{CE} (clamp), T_J or R_G .

Littelfuse reserves the right to change limits, test conditions, and dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

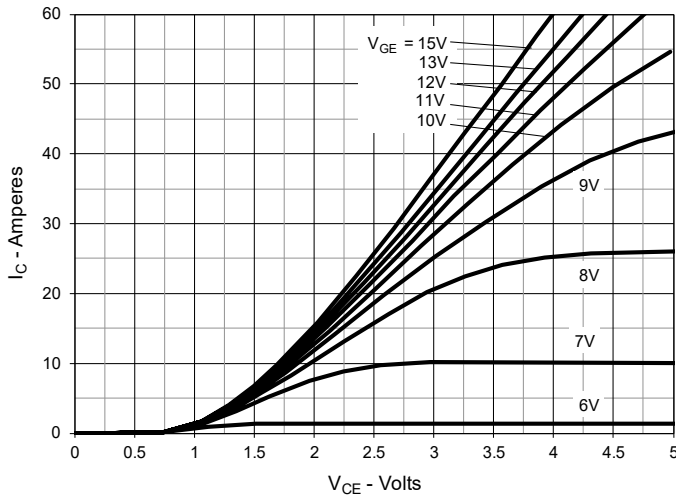
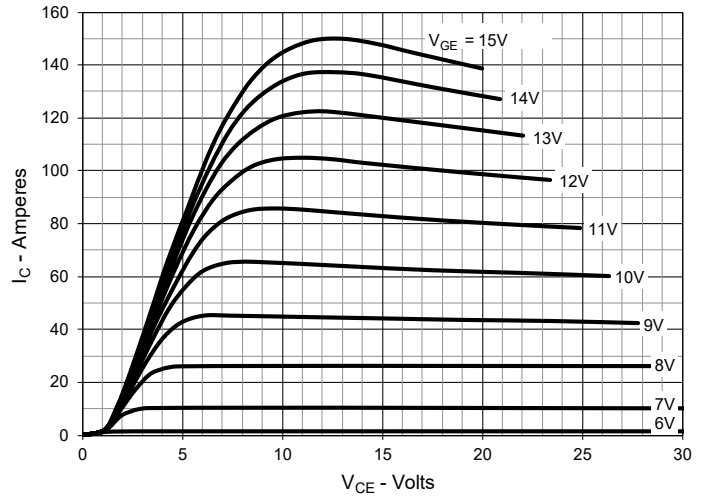
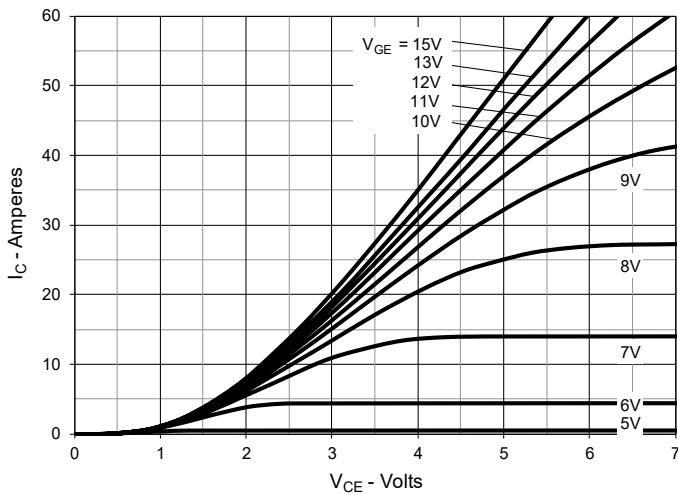
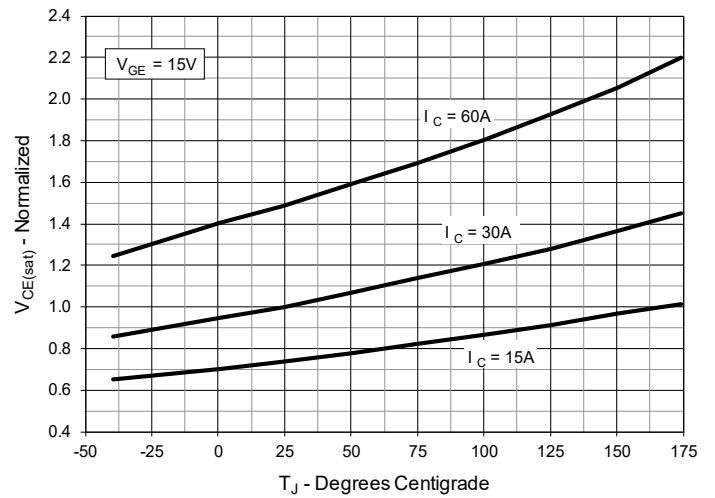
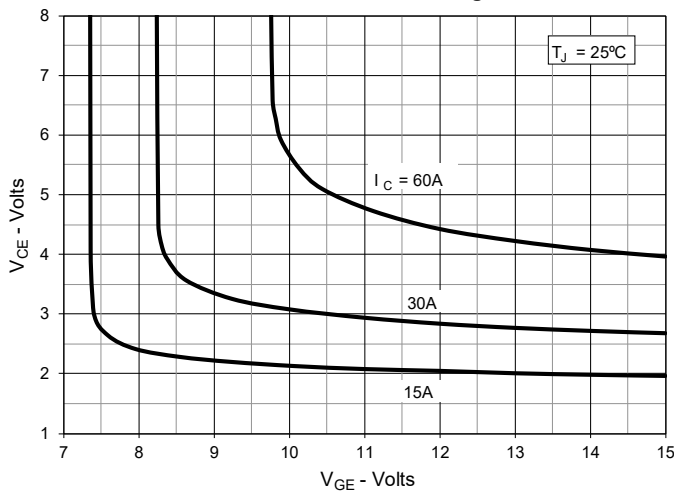
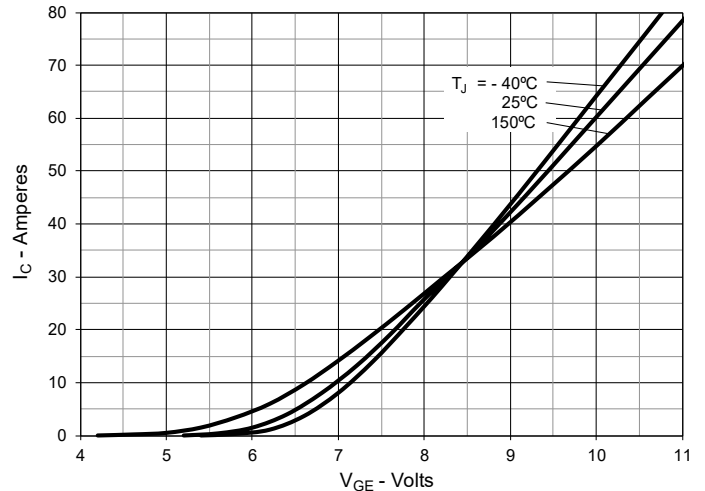
Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

Fig. 6. Input Admittance


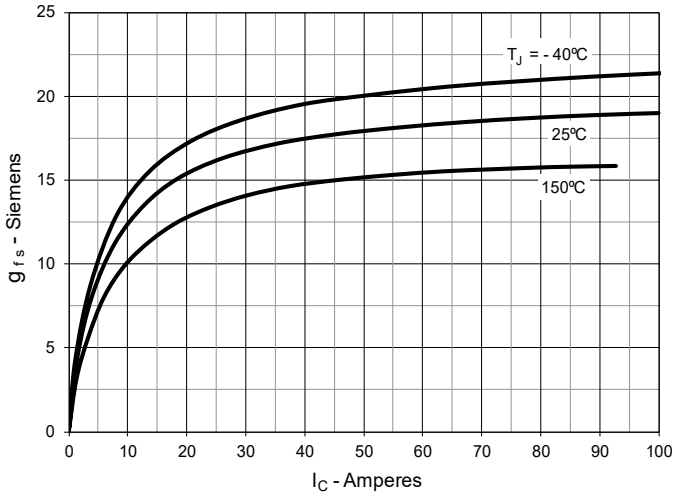
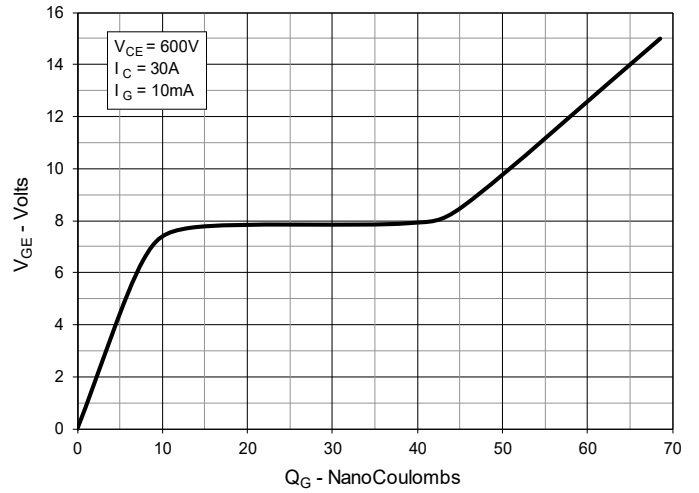
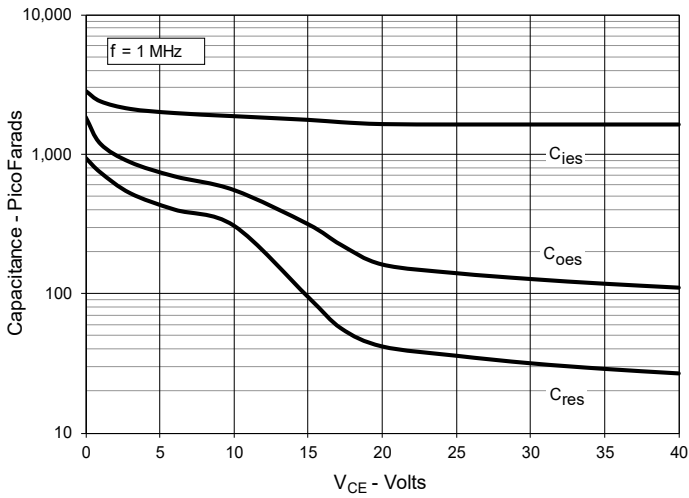
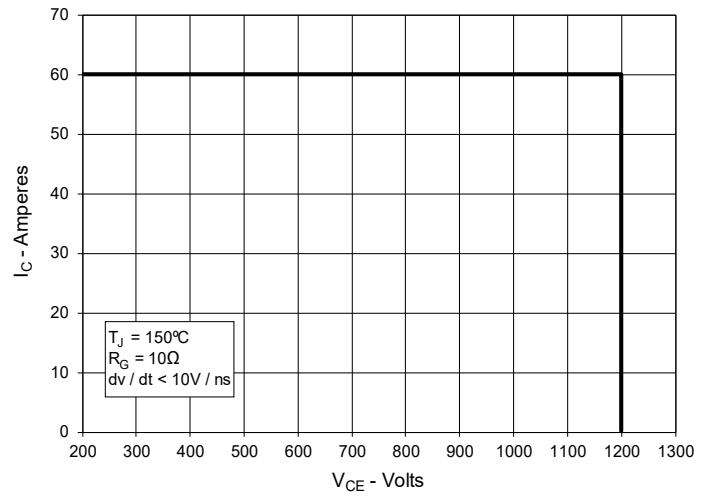
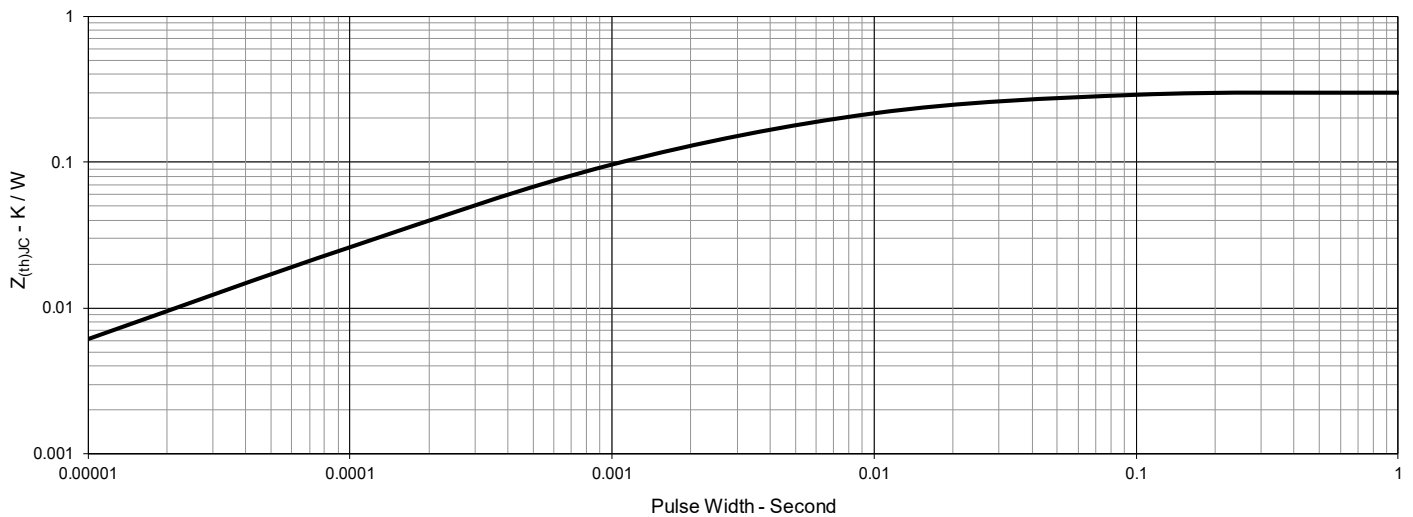
Fig. 7. Transconductance

Fig. 8. Gate Charge

Fig. 9. Capacitance

Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance


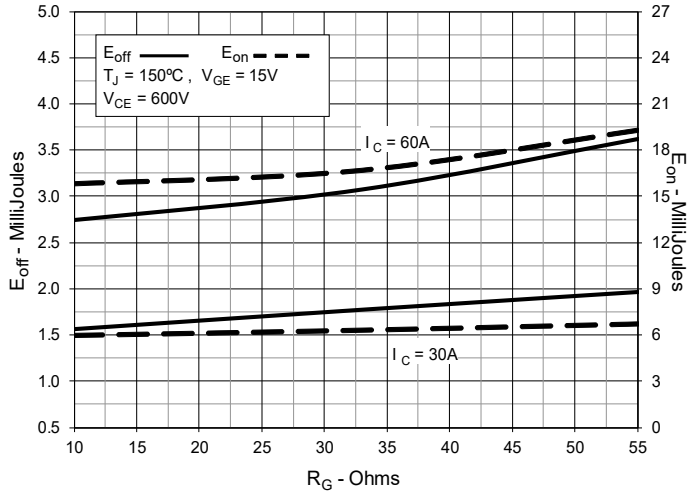
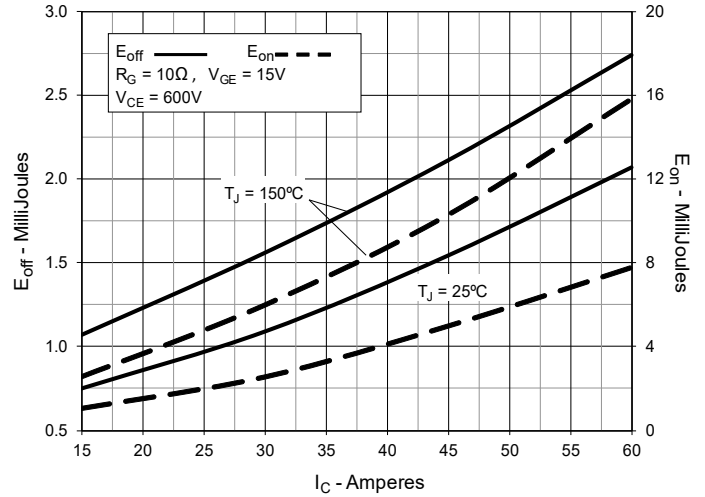
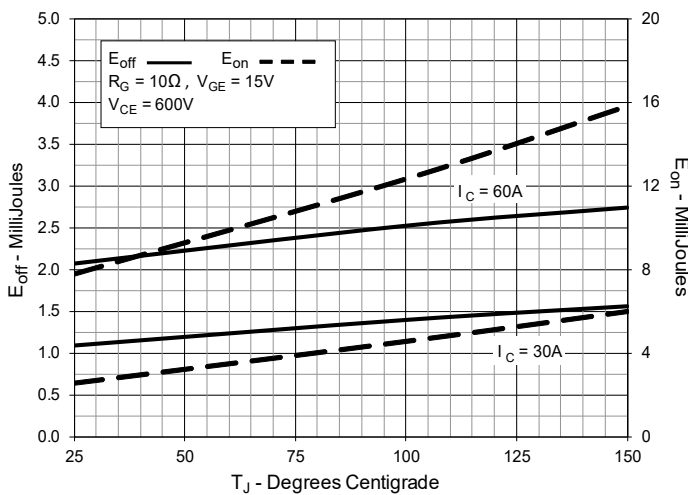
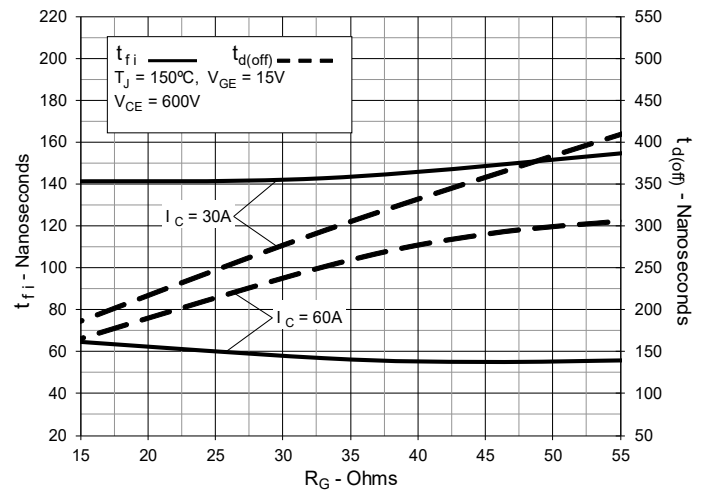
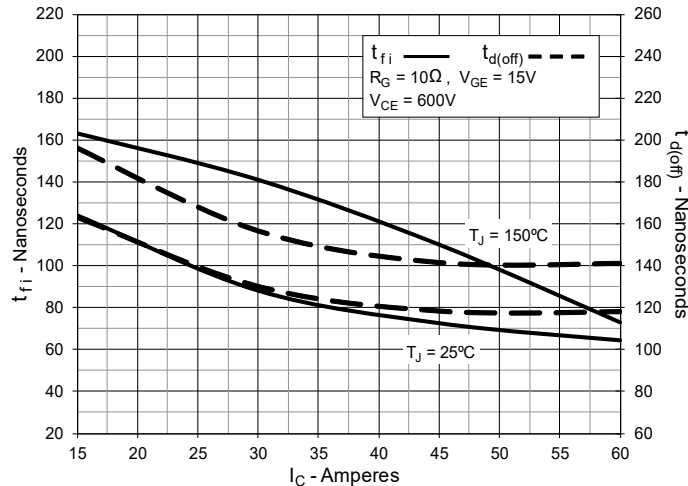
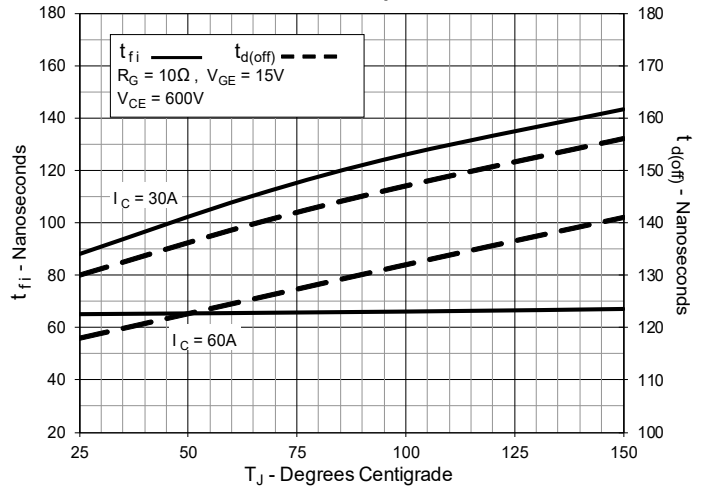
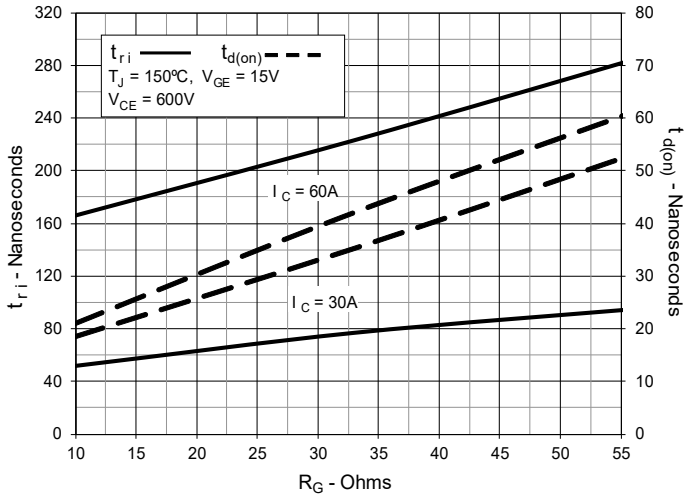
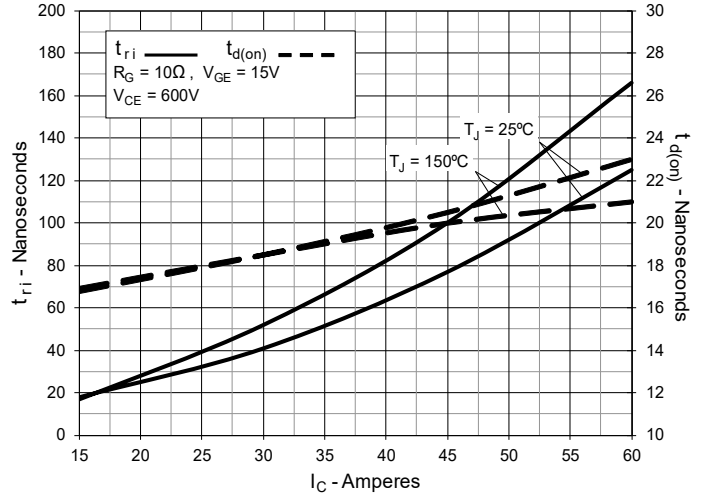
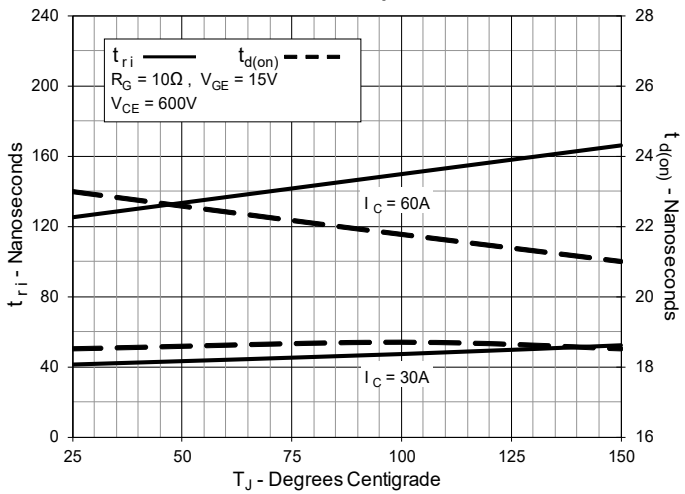
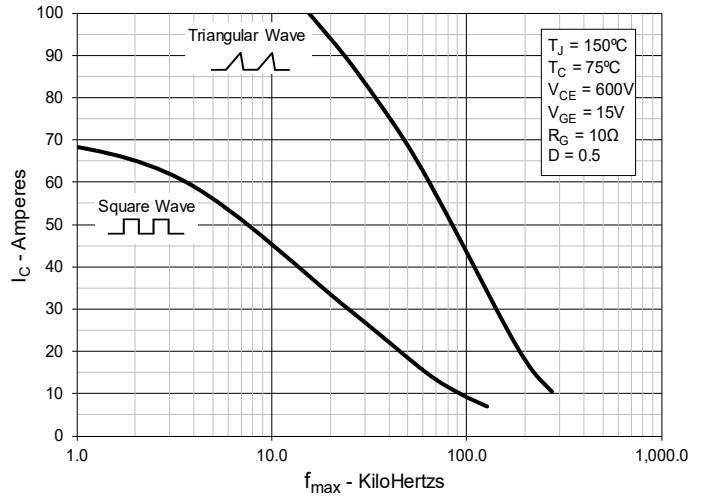
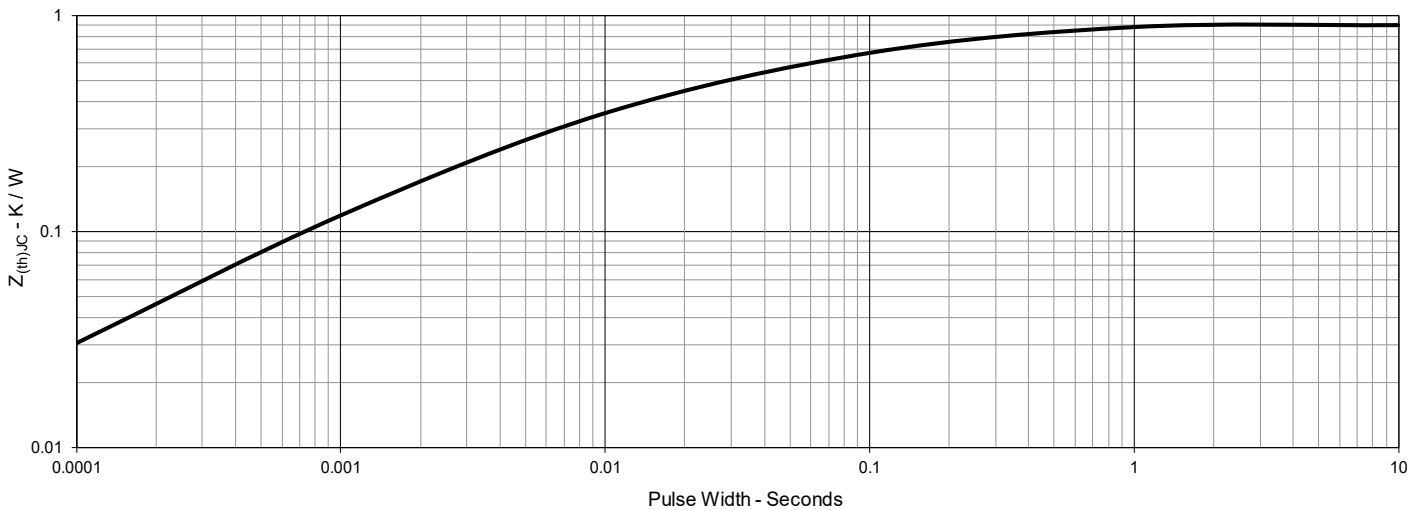
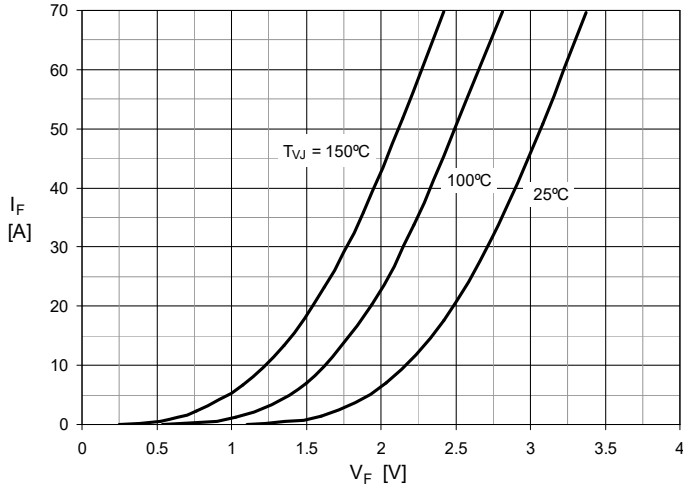
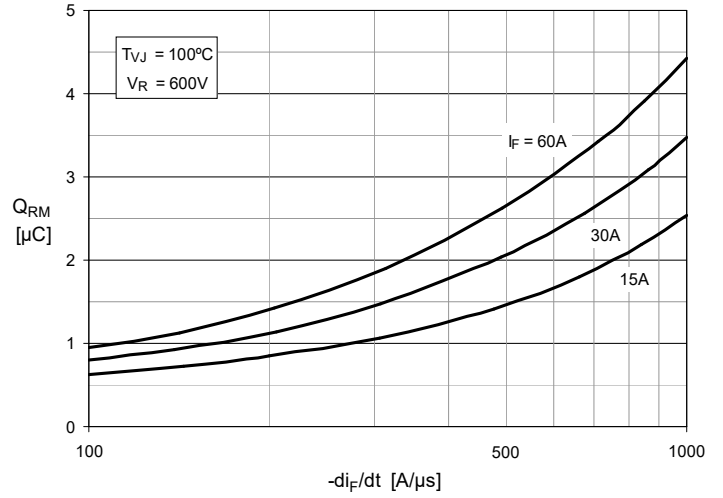
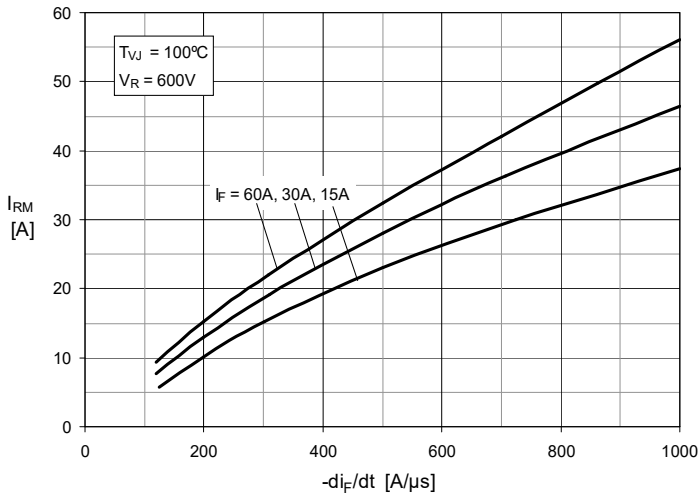
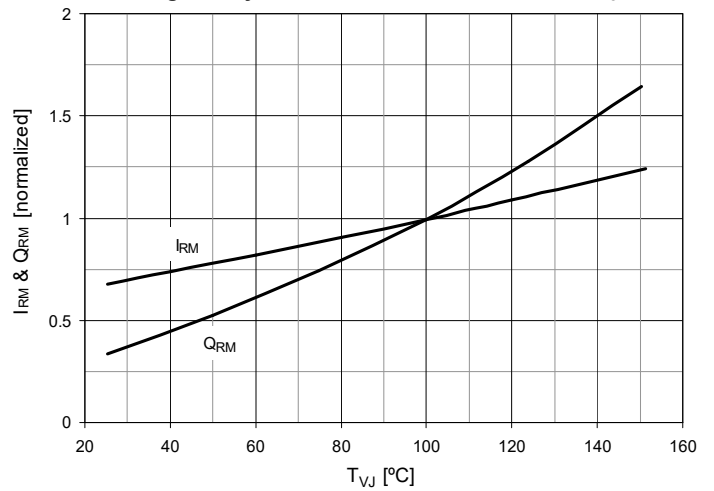
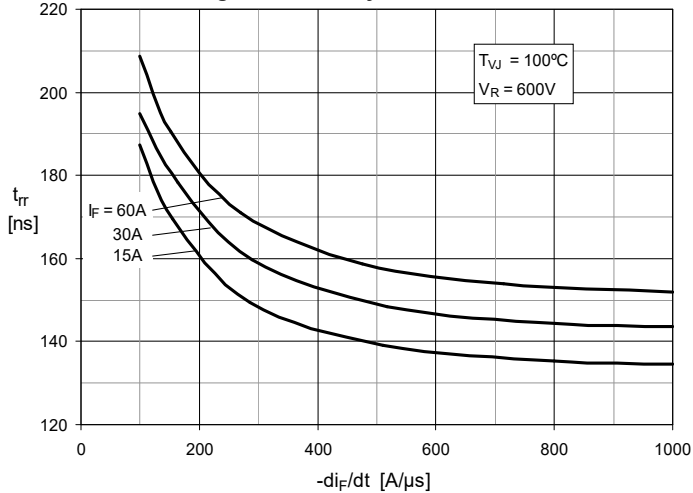
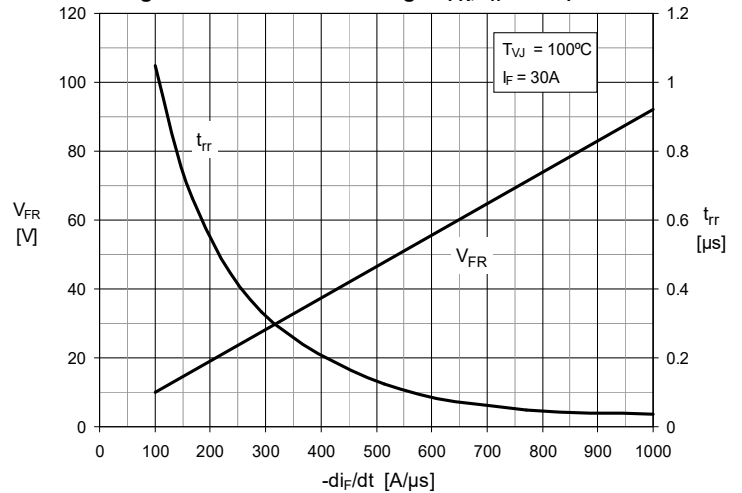
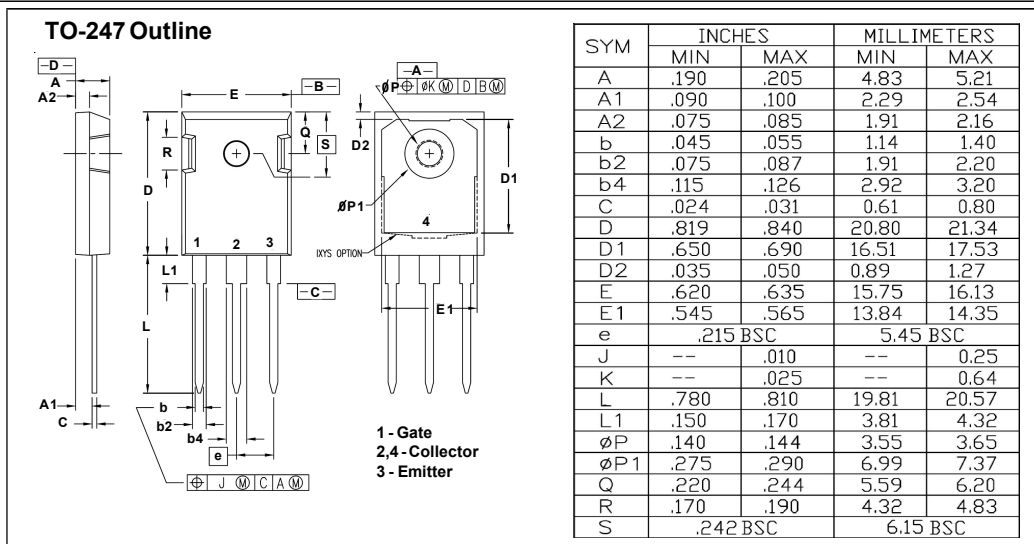
Fig. 12. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance

Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current

Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature

Fig. 15. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current

Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature


Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance

Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current

Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature

Fig. 21. Maximum Peak Load Current vs. Frequency

Fig. 22. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Diode)


Littelfuse reserves the right to change limits, test conditions, and dimensions.

Fig. 23. Forward Current I_F vs V_F

Fig. 24. Reverse Recovery Charge Q_{RM} vs. $-di_F/dt$

Fig. 25. Peak Reverse Current I_{RM} vs. $-di_F/dt$

Fig. 26. Dynamic Parameters Q_{RM} , I_{RM} vs. T_{VJ}

Fig. 27. Recovery Time t_{rr} vs. $-di_F/dt$

Fig. 28. Peak Forward Voltage V_{FR} , t_{rr} vs $-di_F/dt$






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