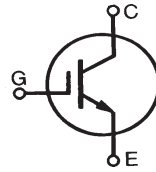
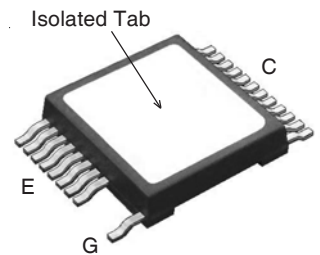
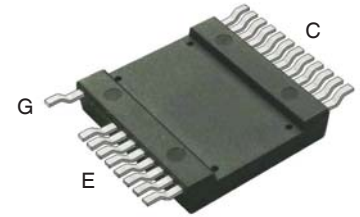


**XPT™ 600V IGBT  
GenX3™**
**MMIX1X200N60B3**
**(Electrically Isolated Tab)**

 Extreme Light Punch Through  
IGBT for 10-30kHz Switching

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{CES} &= 600V \\
 I_{C110} &= 120A \\
 V_{CE(sat)} &\leq 1.7V \\
 t_{fi(typ)} &= 110ns
 \end{aligned}$$

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$V_{CES}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C to } 175^\circ\text{C}$	600	V
$V_{CGR}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C to } 175^\circ\text{C}, R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	600	V
$V_{GES}$	Continuous	$\pm 20$	V
$V_{GEM}$	Transient	$\pm 30$	V
$I_{C25}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Chip Capability)	223	A
$I_{C110}$	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	120	A
$I_{CM}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, 1\text{ms}$	1000	A
$I_A$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	100	A
$E_{AS}$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1	J
<b>SSOA</b> <b>(RBSOA)</b>	$V_{GE} = 15V, T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 1\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 400$ @ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	A
$t_{sc}$ <b>(SCSOA)</b>	$V_{GE} = 15V, V_{CE} = 360V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $R_G = 10\Omega$ , Non Repetitive	10	$\mu\text{s}$
$P_C$	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	625	W
$T_J$		-55 ... +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{JM}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$		-55 ... +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_L$	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{SOLD}$	1.6 mm (0.062 in.) from Case for 10	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60Hz, 1 minute	2500	V~
$F_C$	Mounting Force	50..200/11..45	N/lb.
<b>Weight</b>		8	g


 G = Gate                      E = Emitter  
 C = Collector

**Features**

- Silicon Chip on Direct-Copper Bond (DCB) Substrate
- Isolated Mounting Surface
- 2500V~ Electrical Isolation
- Optimized for Low Conduction and Switching Losses
- Avalanche Rated
- Short Circuit Capability
- Very High Current Capability
- Square RBSOA

**Advantages**

- High Power Density
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

**Applications**

- Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$BV_{CES}$	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0V$	600		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.5		6.0 V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V$ Note 2, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$			50 $\mu\text{A}$ 3 mA
$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE} = 0V, V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			$\pm 200$ nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 100A, V_{GE} = 15V$ , Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.40	1.58	V V

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$g_{fs}$	$I_C = 60\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ , Note 1	27	45	S
$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		9970	pF
$C_{oes}$			570	pF
$C_{res}$			183	pF
$Q_{g(on)}$	$I_C = 200\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		315	nC
$Q_{ge}$			98	nC
$Q_{gc}$			130	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	<b>Inductive load, <math>T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}</math></b> $I_C = 100\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 360\text{V}, R_G = 1\Omega$ Note 3		48	ns
$t_{ri}$			100	ns
$E_{on}$			2.85	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			160	ns
$t_{fi}$			110	ns
$E_{off}$			2.90	4.40 mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	<b>Inductive load, <math>T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}</math></b> $I_C = 100\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 360\text{V}, R_G = 1\Omega$ Note 3		46	ns
$t_{ri}$			94	ns
$E_{on}$			4.40	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			180	ns
$t_{fi}$			215	ns
$E_{off}$			3.45	mJ
$R_{thJC}$			0.24	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{thCS}$		0.05		$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

**Notes:**

1. Pulse test,  $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle,  $d \leq 2\%$ .
2. Part must be heatsunk for high-temp  $I_{CES}$  measurement.
3. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher  $V_{CE}(\text{Clamp})$ ,  $T_J$  or  $R_G$ .

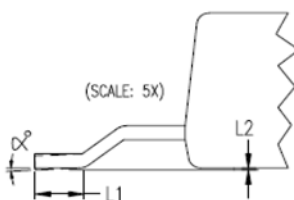
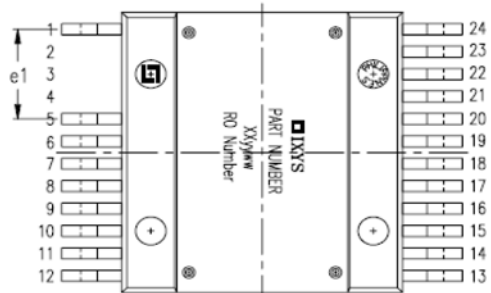
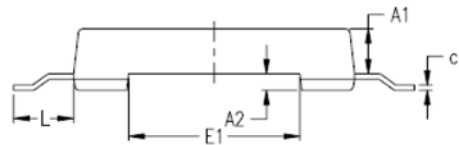
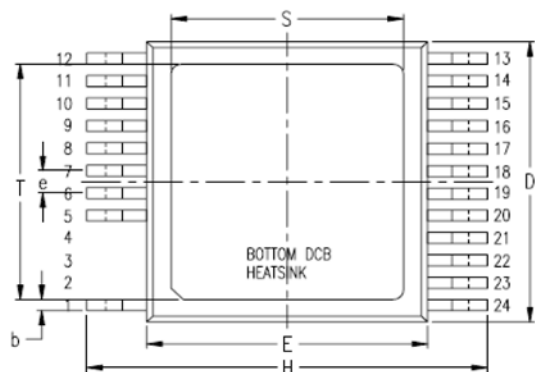
**PRELIMINARY TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

The product presented herein is under development. The Technical Specifications offered are derived from a subjective evaluation of the design, based upon prior knowledge and experience, and constitute a "considered reflection" of the anticipated result. IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions, and dimensions without notice.

IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

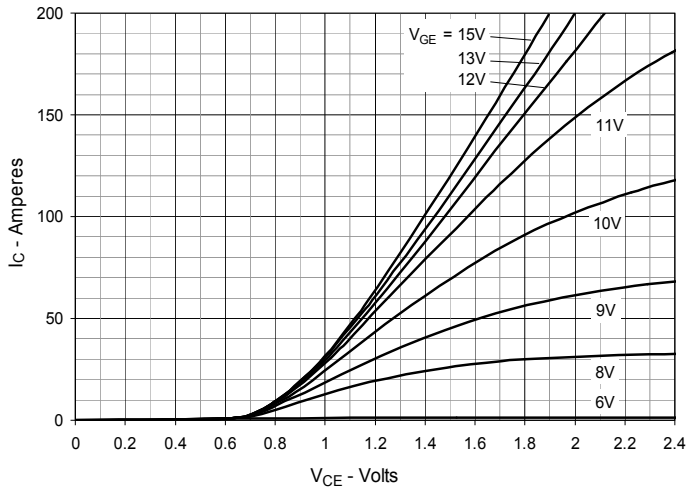
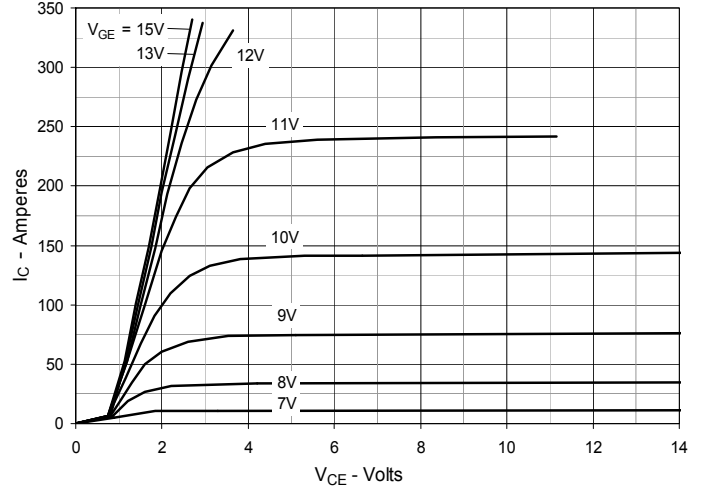
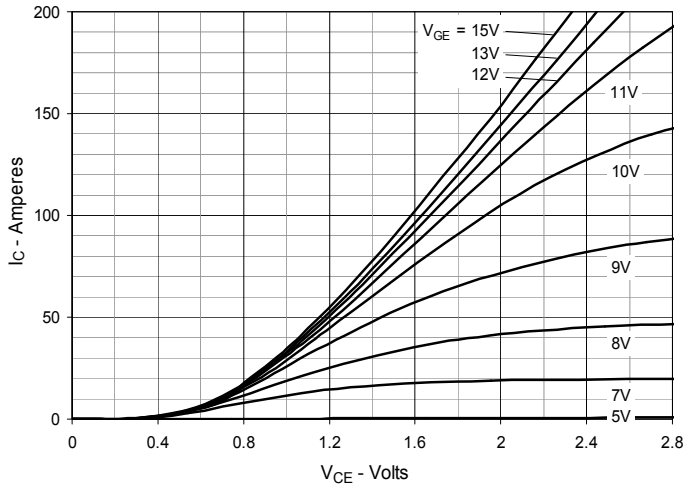
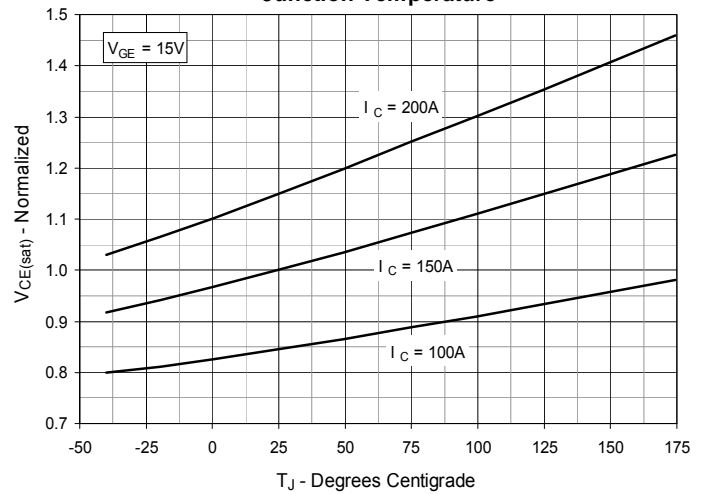
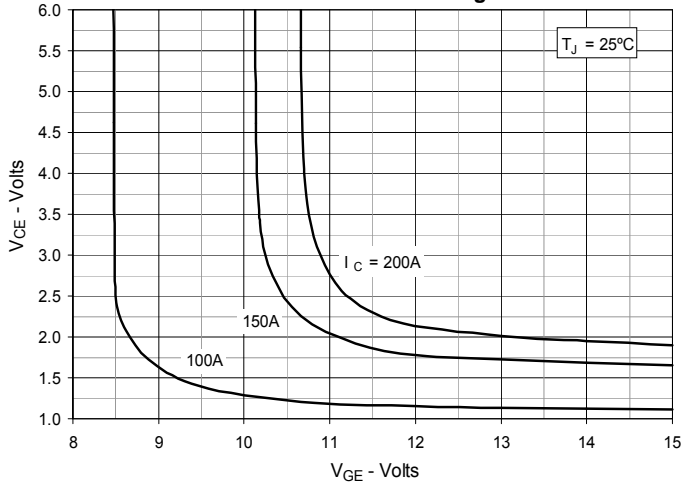
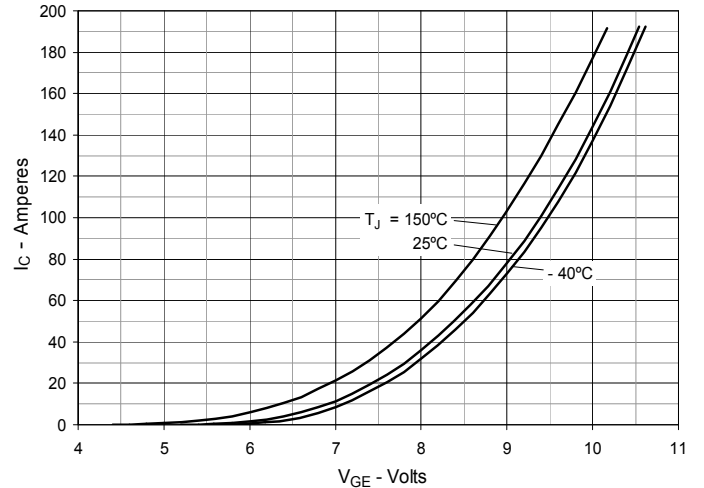
IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:

4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

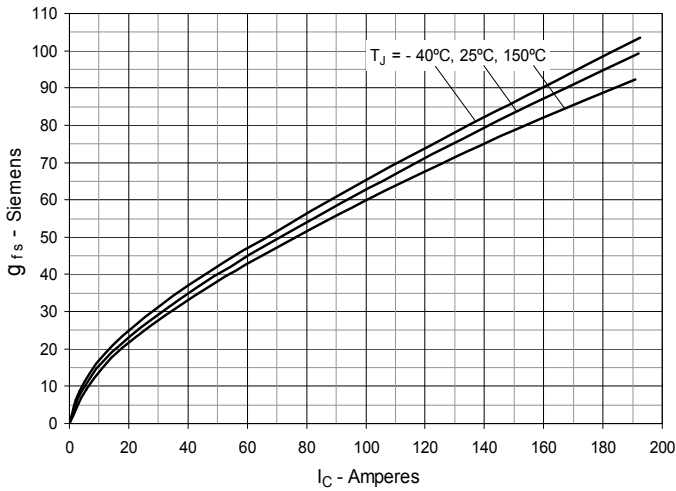


SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.209	.224	5.30	5.70
A1	.154	.161	3.90	4.10
A2	.055	.063	1.40	1.60
b	.035	.045	0.90	1.15
c	.018	.026	0.45	0.65
D	.976	.994	24.80	25.25
E	.898	.915	22.80	23.25
E1	.543	.559	13.80	14.20
e	.079 BSC		2.00 BSC	
e1	.315 BSC		8.00 BSC	
H	1.272	1.311	32.30	33.30
L	.181	.209	4.60	5.30
L1	.051	.067	1.30	1.70
L2	.000	.006	0.00	0.15
S	.736	.760	18.70	19.30
T	.815	.839	20.70	21.30
α	0	4°	0	4°

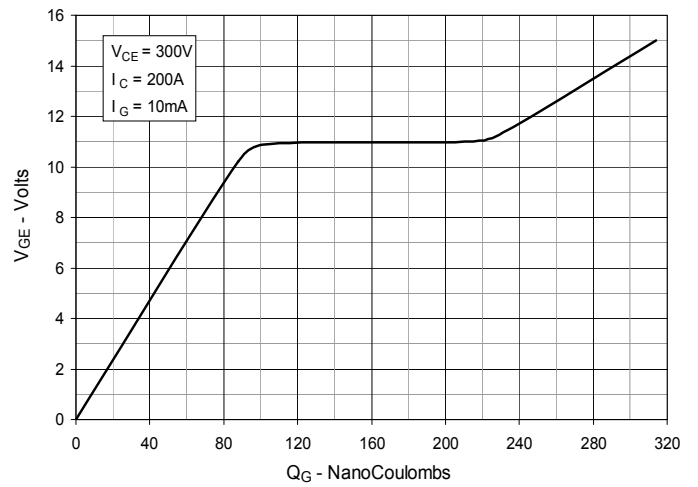
**PIN: 1 = Gate**  
**5-12 = Emitter**  
**13-24 = Collector**

**Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 4. Dependence of  $V_{CE(sat)}$  on Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**

**Fig. 6. Input Admittance**


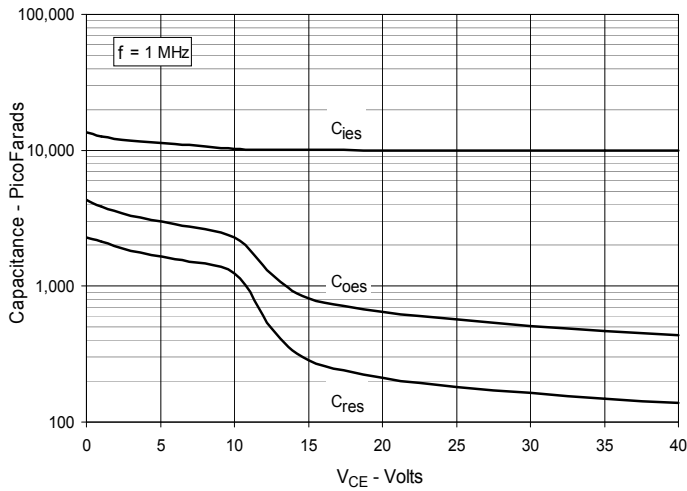
**Fig. 7. Transconductance**



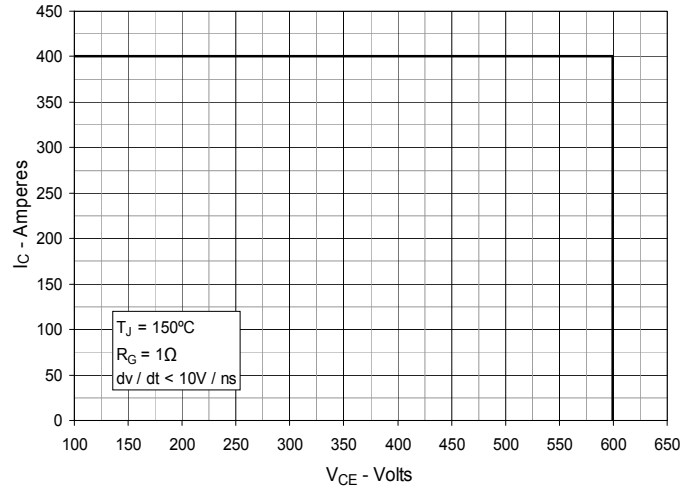
**Fig. 8. Gate Charge**



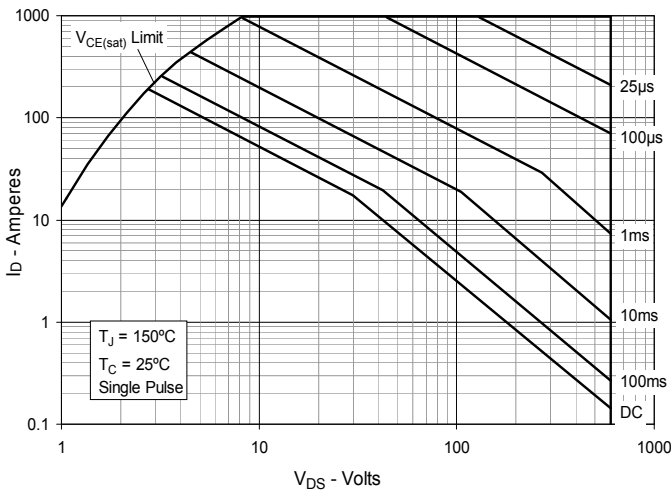
**Fig. 9. Capacitance**



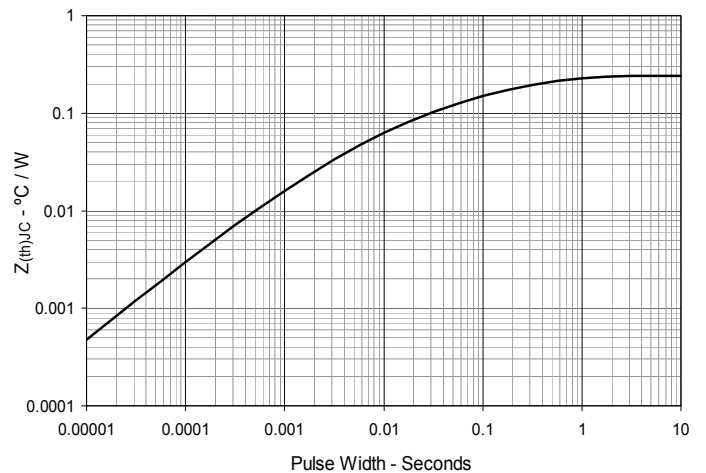
**Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area**

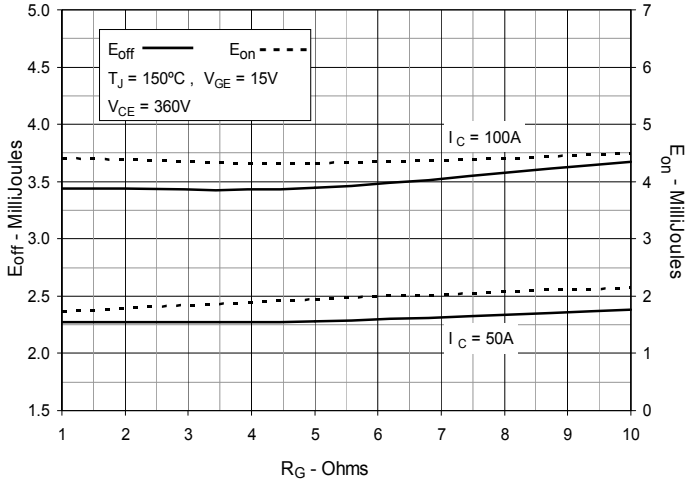
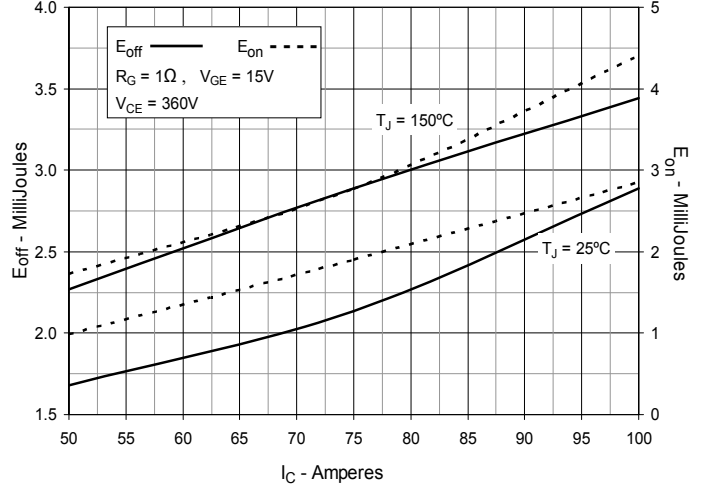
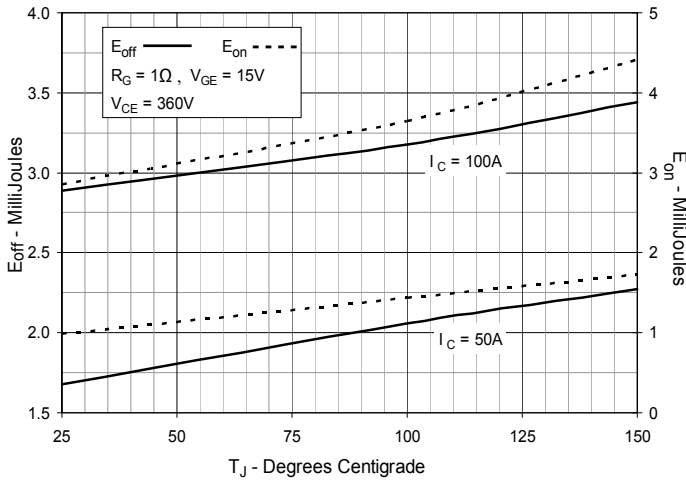
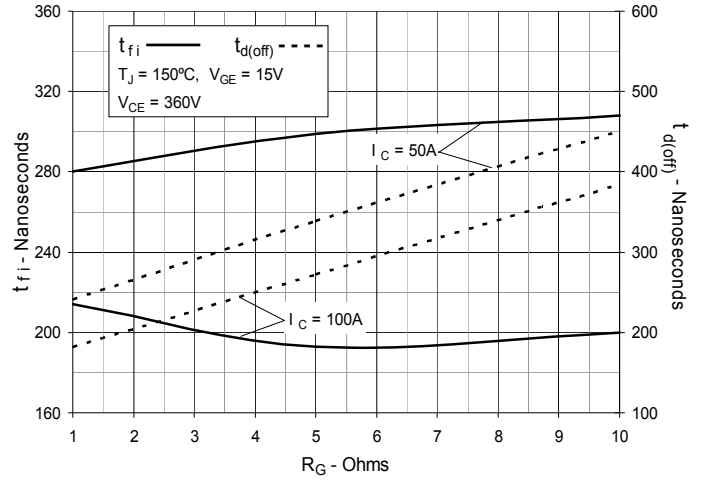
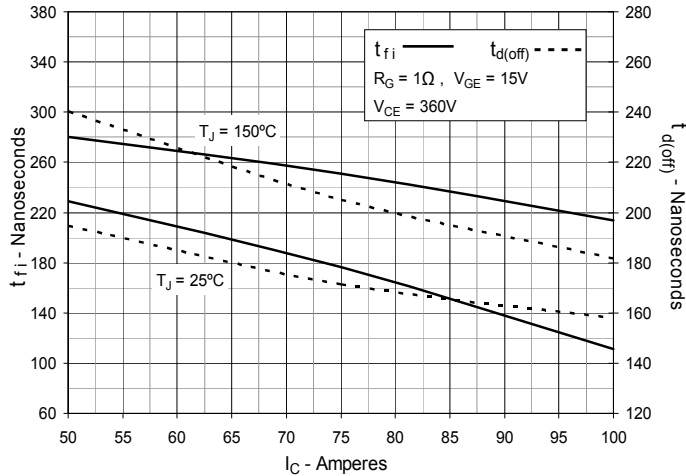
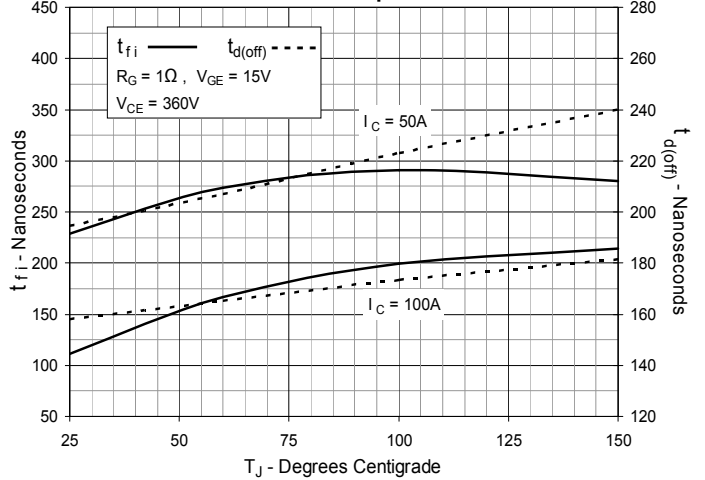


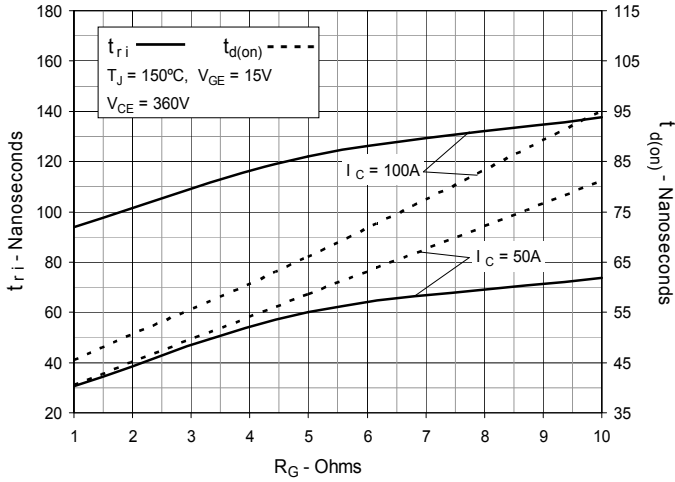
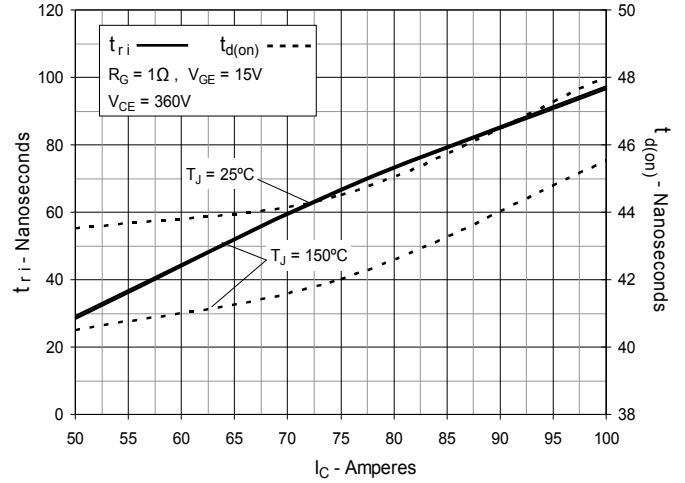
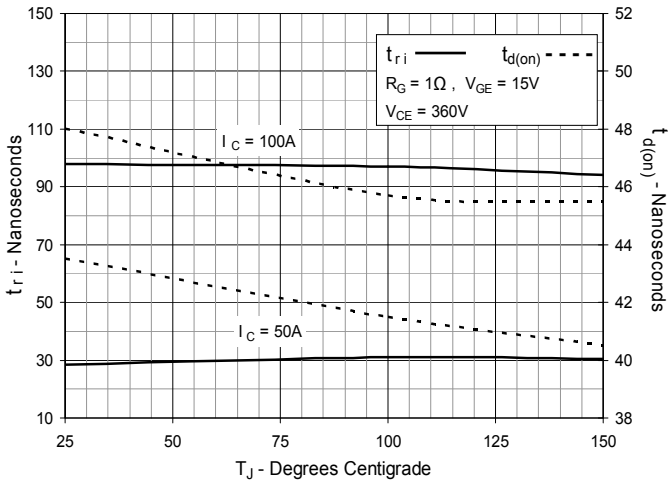
**Fig. 11. Forward-Bias Safe Operating Area**



**Fig. 12. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**



**Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 15. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**


**Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 21. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**




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