

FDS6982

Dual N-Channel, Notebook Power Supply MOSFET

General Description

This part is designed to replace two single SO-8 MOSFETs in synchronous DC:DC power supplies that provide the various peripheral voltage rails required in notebook computers and other battery powered electronic devices. FDS6982 contains two unique 30V, N-channel, logic level, PowerTrench® MOSFETs designed to maximize power conversion efficiency.

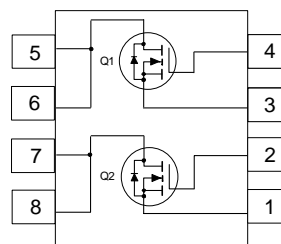
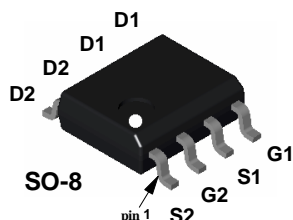
The high-side switch (Q1) is designed with specific emphasis on reducing switching losses while the low-side switch (Q2) is optimized for low conduction losses (less than 20mΩ at $V_{GS} = 4.5V$).

Applications

- Battery powered synchronous DC:DC converters.
- Embedded DC:DC conversion.

Features

- Q2: 8.6A, 30V. $R_{DS(on)} = 0.015 \Omega @ V_{GS} = 10V$
 $R_{DS(on)} = 0.020 \Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5V$
- Q1: 6.3A, 30V. $R_{DS(on)} = 0.028 \Omega @ V_{GS} = 10V$
 $R_{DS(on)} = 0.035 \Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5V$
- Fast switching speed.
- High performance trench technology for extremely low $R_{DS(on)}$.



Absolute Maximum Ratings T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Q2	Q1	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	30	30	V
V_{GSS}	Gate-Source Voltage	±20	±20	V
I_D	Drain Current - Continuous (Note 1a)	8.6	6.3	A
	- Pulsed	30	20	
P_D	Power Dissipation for Dual Operation	2		W
	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1a)	1.6		
	(Note 1b)	1		
	(Note 1c)	0.9		
T_J, T_{stg}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150		°C

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	78	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	40	°C/W

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
FDS6982	FDS6982	13"	12mm	2500 units

Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Min	Typ	Max	Units
--------	-----------	-----------------	------	-----	-----	-----	-------

Off Characteristics

BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	Q2 Q1	30 30			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$, Referenced to 25°C	Q2 Q1		27 26		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 24\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	All			1	μA
I_{GSSF}	Gate-Body Leakage, Forward	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	All			100	nA
I_{GSSR}	Gate-Body Leakage, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	All			-100	nA

On Characteristics (Note 2)

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	Q2 Q1	1 1	2.2 1.6	3 3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$, Referenced to 25°C	Q2 Q1		-5 -4		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 8.6\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 8.6\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 7.5\text{ A}$	Q2		0.012 0.018 0.016	0.015 0.024 0.020	Ω
		$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 6.3\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 6.3\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 5.6\text{ A}$	Q1		0.021 0.038 0.028	0.028 0.047 0.035	Ω
$I_{D(on)}$	On-State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}$	Q2 Q1	30 20			A
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 8.6\text{ A}$	Q2		50		S
		$V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 6.3\text{ A}$	Q1		40		

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	Q2 Q1		2085 760		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		Q2 Q1		420 160		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		Q2 Q1		160 70		pF

Electrical Characteristics (continued) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Min	Typ	Max	Units
--------	-----------	-----------------	------	-----	-----	-----	-------

Switching Characteristics (Note 2)

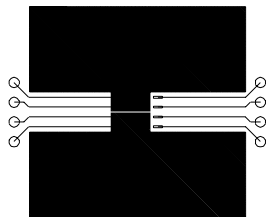
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 1\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$	Q2		15	27	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time		Q1		10	18	ns
			Q2		11	20	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		Q1		14	25	ns
		Q2		36	58		
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time	Q1		21	34	ns	
		Q2		18	29		
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	Q2 $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 8.6\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$	Q2		18.5	26	nC
			Q1		8.5	12	
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge	Q1 $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 6.3\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$	Q2		7.3		nC
			Q1		2.4		
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		Q2		6.2		nC
			Q1		3.1		

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings

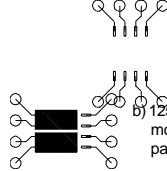
I_S	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current		Q2			1.3	A
V_{SD}	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 1.3\text{ A}$ (Note 2)	Q2		0.72	1.2	V
			Q1		0.74	1.2	

Notes:

- $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. $R_{\theta JC}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta CA}$ is determined by the user's board design. Thermal rating based on independent single device operation.



a) 78°C/W when mounted on a 0.5 in^2 pad of 2 oz. copper.



b) 125°C/W when mounted on a 0.02 in^2 pad of 2 oz. copper.

c) 135°C/W when mounted on a minimum pad.

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

- Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2.0\%$

Typical Characteristics: Q2

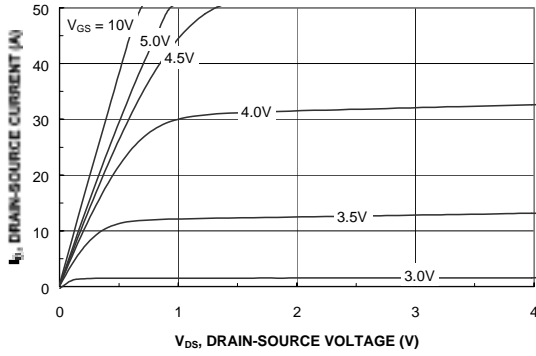


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

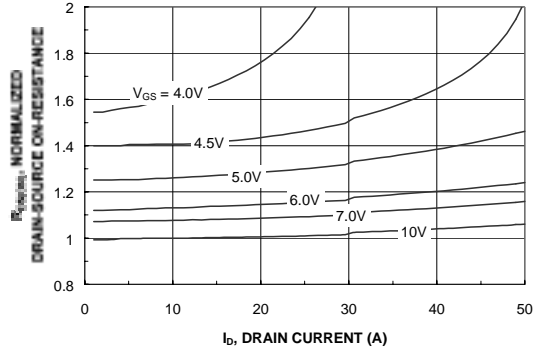


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

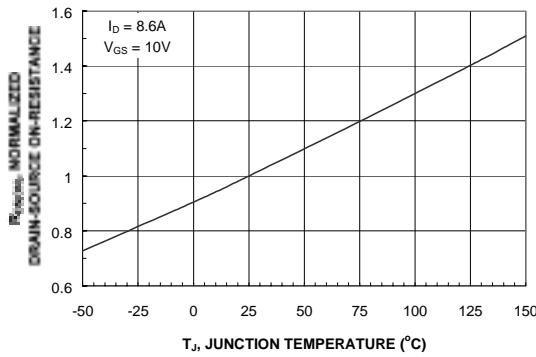


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

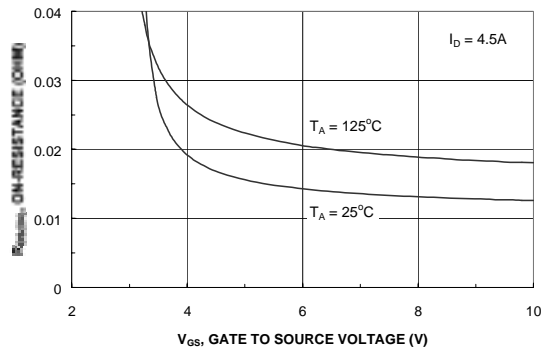


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

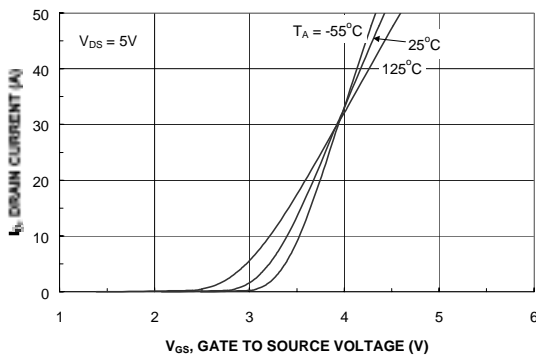


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

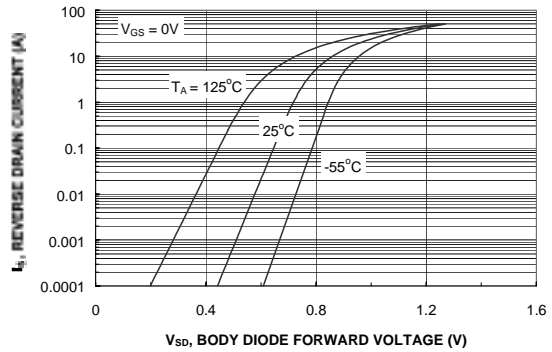


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

Typical Characteristics: Q2 (continued)

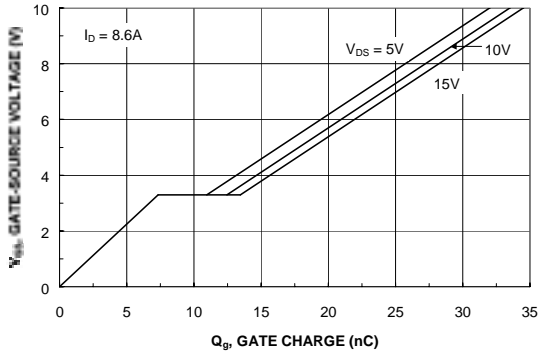


Figure 7. Gate-Charge Characteristics.

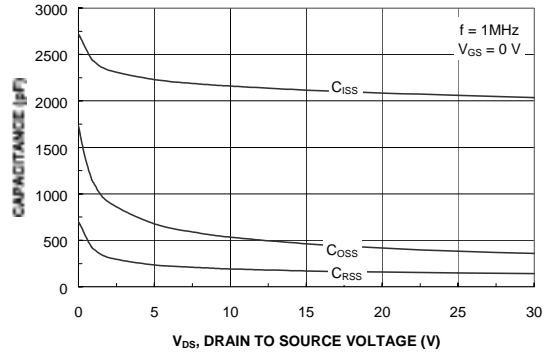


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.

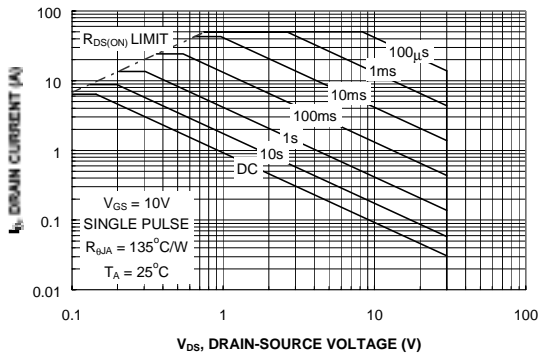


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

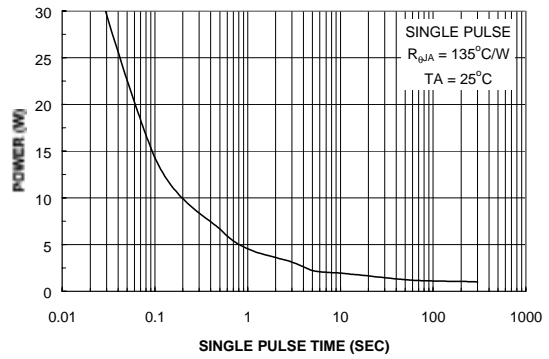


Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.

Typical Characteristics: Q1

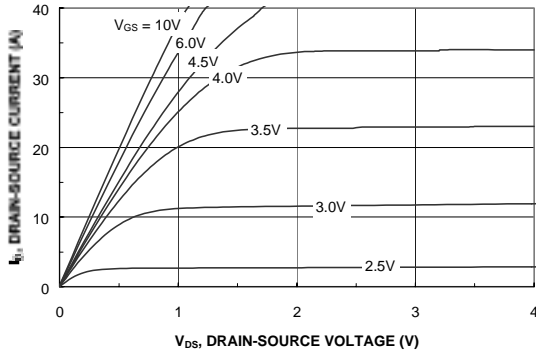


Figure 11. On-Region Characteristics.

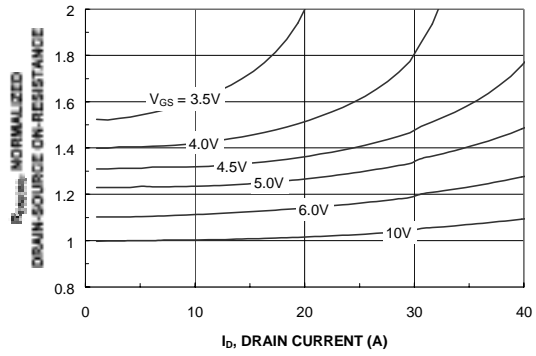


Figure 12. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

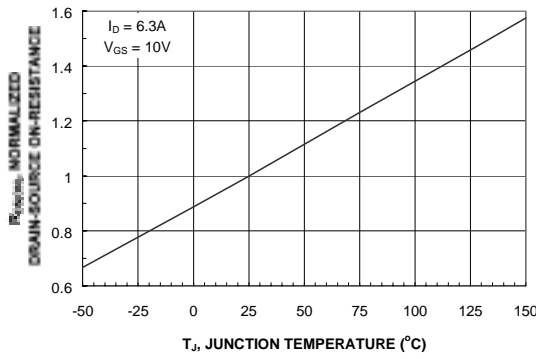


Figure 13. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

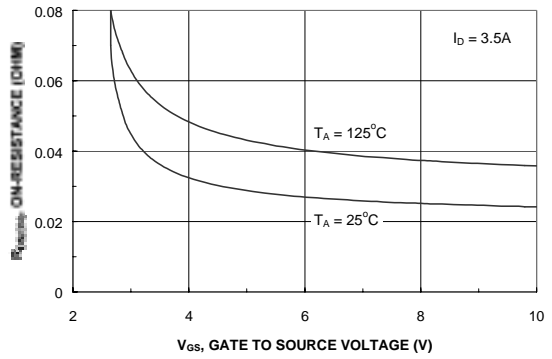


Figure 14. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

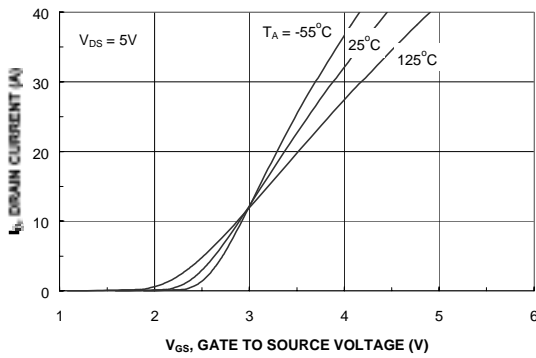


Figure 15. Transfer Characteristics.

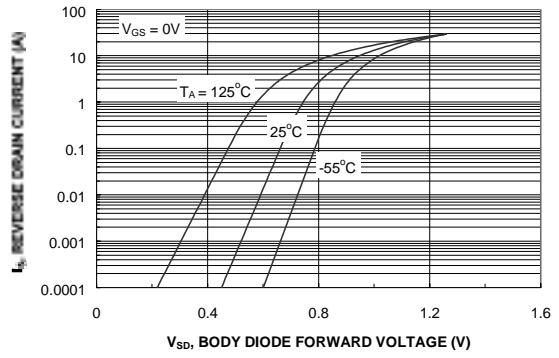


Figure 16. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

Typical Characteristics: Q1 (continued)

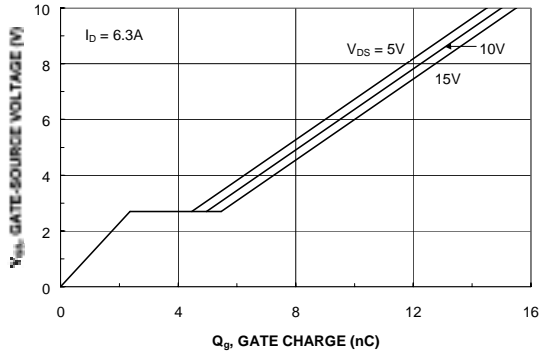


Figure 17. Gate-Charge Characteristics.

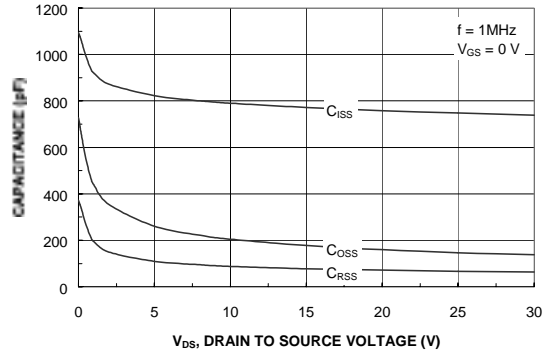


Figure 18. Capacitance Characteristics.

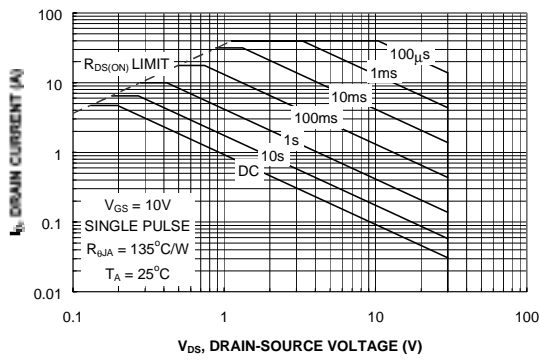


Figure 19. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

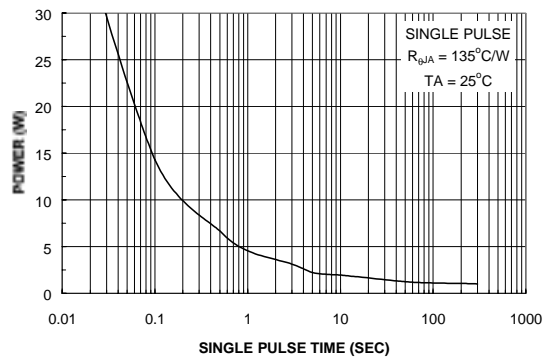


Figure 20. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.

Typical Characteristics: Q1 & Q2 (continued)

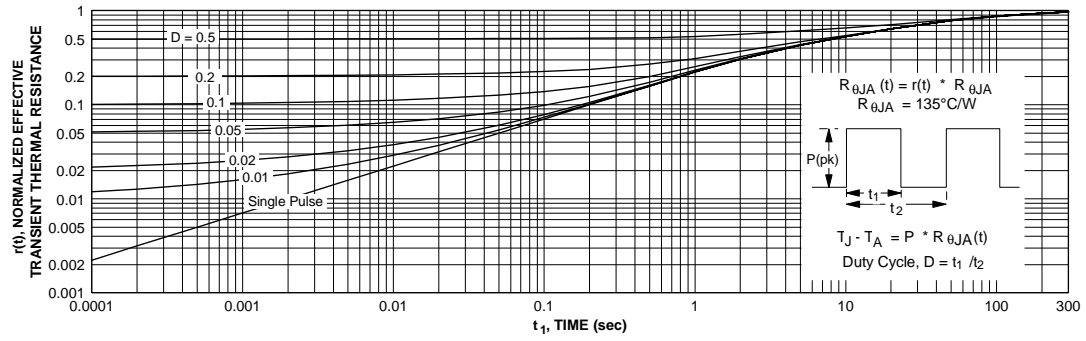


Figure 21. Transient Thermal Response Curve.

TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

ACE _x TM	FAST [®]	OPTOLOGIC TM	SMART START TM	VCX TM
Bottomless TM	FAST _r TM	OPTOPLANAR TM	STAR*POWER TM	
CoolFET TM	FRFET TM	PACMAN TM	Stealth TM	
CROSSVOLT TM	GlobalOptoisolator TM	POP TM	SuperSOT TM -3	
DenseTrench TM	GTO TM	Power247 TM	SuperSOT TM -6	
DOMET TM	HiSeC TM	PowerTrench [®]	SuperSOT TM -8	
EcoSPARK TM	ISOPLANAR TM	QFET TM	SyncFET TM	
E ² CMOS TM	LittleFET TM	QS TM	TinyLogic TM	
EnSigna TM	MicroFET TM	QT Optoelectronics TM	TruTranslation TM	
FACT TM	MicroPak TM	Quiet Series TM	UHC TM	
FACT Quiet Series TM	MICROWIRE TM	SILENT SWITCHER [®]	UltraFET [®]	

STAR*POWER is used under license

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.