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# Assembly Guide for RedBot with Shadow Chassis

## Introduction

The SparkFun RedBot is a platform for teaching basic robotics and sensor integration! It is based on the SparkFun RedBoard and fully programmable using Arduino. This guide describes the assembly of the new Shadow Chassis for the RedBot. If you want to learn how to program your robot, see the Experiment Guide for RedBot.



**NOTE:** We recommend that you read **all** of the directions first, before building your RedBot.

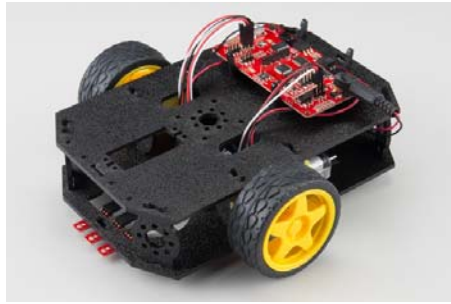
## RedBot Basic Kit vs. SIK for RedBot

This tutorial will cover how to install all the parts in the SparkFun RedBot Basic Kit and the SparkFun Inventor's Kit for RedBot (SIK for RedBot).






The SIK for RedBot contains additional parts to the RedBot Basic Kit. If you have the RedBot Basic Kit, please ignore sections pertaining to these extra parts. These sections are marked with the label **(SIK)**.

## SparkFun RedBot Basic Kit

We have two flavors of the RedBot available - the Basic kit and the SparkFun Inventor's Kit for RedBot. If you have the SparkFun RedBot Basic Kit, you can **skip** the sections marked with **(SIK)**.



Alternatively, you can pick up additional sensors to install on your RedBot. These parts include the Wheel Encoder Kit, RedBot Buzzer, and **two** RedBot Mechanical Bumpers. Follow the sections in this guide that covers any of the extra sensors you might have.

RedBot Extra Sensors SparkFun Wish List	
	<p>SparkFun USB Mini-B Cable - 6 Foot CAB-11301</p> <p>This is a USB 2.0 type A to Mini-B 5-pin cable. You know, the mini-B...</p>
	<p>(2) Jumper Wire - 0.1", 3-pin, 6" (Black, Red, White) PRT-13164</p> <p>This is a simple three wire cable. Each cable is 6" long and is great fo...</p>
	<p>SparkFun RedBot Buzzer ROB-12567</p> <p>This buzzer is an add-on for your RedBot that gives your robot the abi...</p>
	<p>Wheel Encoder Kit ROB-12629</p> <p>This is the Wheel Encoder Kit from DAGU, a simple add-on to any wh...</p>
	<p>(2) SparkFun RedBot Sensor - Mechanical Bumper SEN-11999</p> <p>These simple switches are the Mechanical Bumper sensor for the Sp...</p>

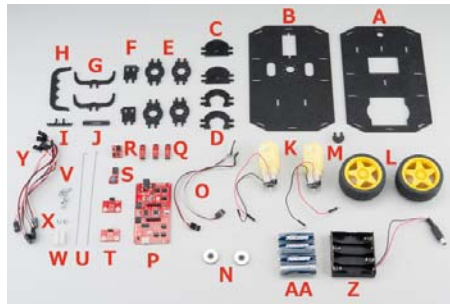
### SIK for RedBot

The SIK for RedBot has a few extra parts that you won't see in the Basic Kit. These include the mechanical bump sensors (whiskers), the buzzer, and wheel encoders. If you have the SIK for RedBot, you can follow all the sections in this guide, including those marked with **(SIK)**.



### Materials

The SparkFun RedBot Basic Kit contains the following pieces. SIK-only parts are noted with an asterisk (\*). Note that several of the parts need to be snapped out of the main chassis boards.



	Part	Qty
A	Bottom Chassis Plate	1
B	Top Chassis Plate	1
C	Front Motor Mount	2
D	Rear Motor Mount	2
E	Side Strut	4
F	Encoder Mount	2
G	Mainboard Mount	2
H	Battery Pack Clip	1
I	Line Follower Mount	1
J	Line Follower Mount Plate	1
K	Motor	2
L	Wheel	2
M	Nub Caster	1
N*	Encoder Magnet Plate (SIK)	2
O*	Encoder Hall Effect Sensor (SIK)	2
P	RedBot Mainboard	1
Q	Line Follower Board	3
R	Accelerometer Board	1
S*	Buzzer Board (SIK)	1
T*	Bumper Board (SIK)	2
U*	Bumper Whisker (SIK)	2
V*	#4-40 x 3/8" Screw (SIK)	6
W*	#4-40 Nylon Standoff (SIK)	2
X*	#4-40 Hex Nut (SIK)	2
Y	3-Wire Jumper Cable (SIK)	3 (5*)
Z	Battery Holder	1

AA*	AA Batteries (SIK)	4
AB*	Screwdriver (SIK) (Not Shown)	1
AC*	USB Mini-B Cable (SIK) (Not Shown)	1
* Indicates parts included in the SIK for RedBot		

**IMPORTANT:** If you have the RedBot Basic Kit, you will need 4x AA batteries.

## Recommended Tools

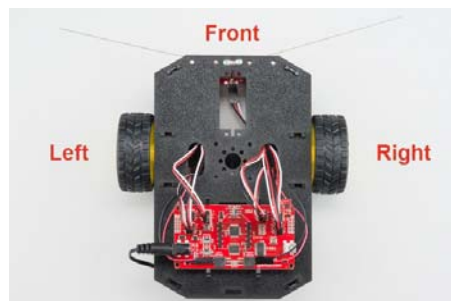
None! The RedBot Basic Kit does not require any additional tools. The SIK for RedBot comes with a screwdriver, which you will need to mount the Bumper Boards. If you bought the Bumper Boards separately, you will need a Phillips screwdriver.

**WARNING:** Do **not** attempt to remove chassis parts by squeezing them with pliers. You will break them, and the robot will be sad.



## A Note About Directions

When we talk about the “front,” “left,” “right,” and “back” of the RedBot, we are referring to specific sides of the robot when viewed from above.



Notice that we consider the Mainboard to be on the “back” of the RedBot and the Bumper Whiskers and Line Follower Boards to be in the “front.”



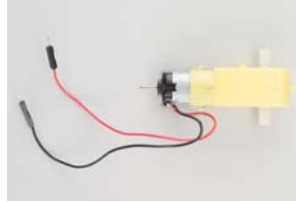


## 1. Wheel Encoders (SIK)

Read on if you have the SIK for RedBot or are using the Wheel Encoder Kit. If not, skip to the next section.

The Wheel Encoder Kit is a simple add-on sensor that can be used to detect how far each wheel rotates. The wheel encoders will allow you to monitor and control the distance the robot travels. The Wheel Encoder Kit uses a multi-pole diametric ring magnet attached to the motor shaft. As the motor spins, the ring magnet spins as well. This is detected by a small magnetic sensor called a hall effect sensor. The RedBot can use this sensor input to count / track the number of rotations of the motor and hence how far the wheel moves.

**NOTE:** You will likely need some scissors to open the Wheel Encoder Kit. Also, the Encoder Kit might contain some extra parts (e.g. screws and some blue mounting bars). You won't need those, as the Shadow Chassis contains all the necessary mounting hardware.

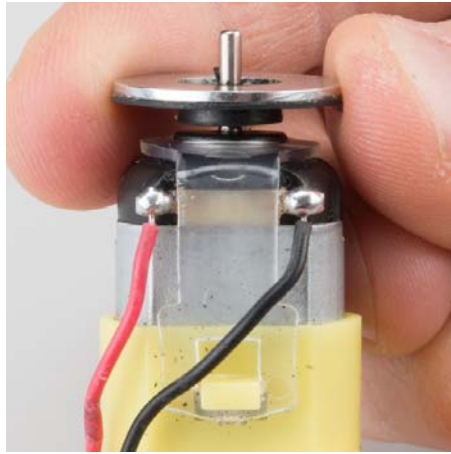
### Locate the Following:

1x Bottom Chassis Plate (A)	2x Encoder Mount (F)	2x Motor (K)
		
2x Encoder Magnet Plate (N)	2x Encoder Hall Effect Sensor (O)	
		

### Add the Magnets

Slide the Encoder Magnet Plates (N) onto the metal shaft on the back of the Motors (K). Note that magnet side (silver) should face away from the motor. Slide the magnet down onto the shaft, but make sure that it does not rub or interfere with the back of the motor housing.

Repeat this for both motors.

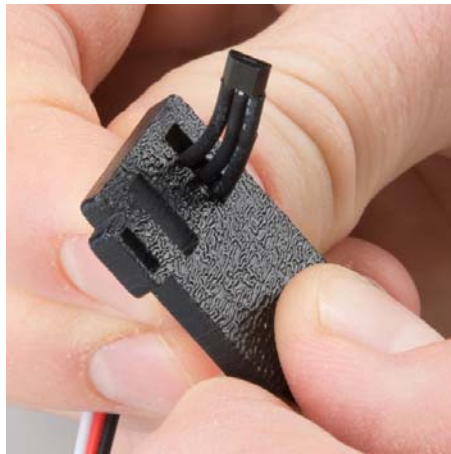


## Attach the Hall Effect Sensors

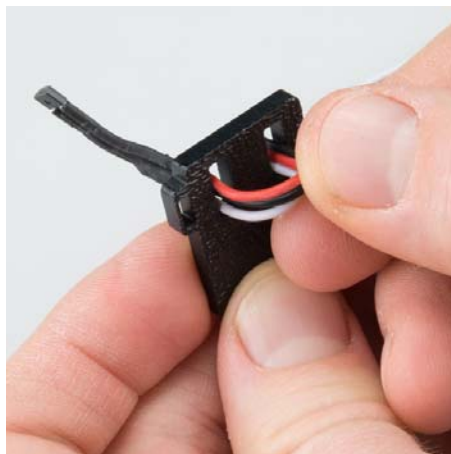
### Left Encoder

Take one of the Encoder Mounts (F) and hold it so that the protruding slot is on the left. Push one of the encoder sensors through the first slot on the right.

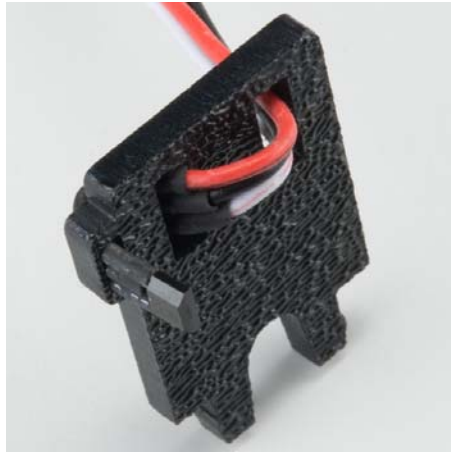
**Note:** The direction of the sensor does not matter.



Loop the sensor and push it through the second (middle) slot.



Once more, push the sensor through the small protruding slot on the left. Carefully pull the wires so there is no more slack in the mount. Make sure the whole sensor can be seen coming out of the final slot (the sensor should protrude between  $\frac{1}{4}$ " and  $\frac{3}{8}$ " past the mount).



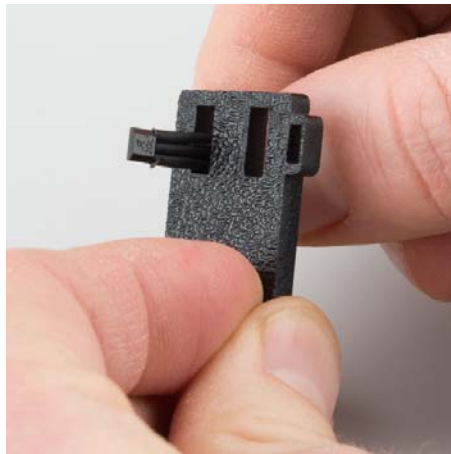
Snap the assembled encoder mount into the back-left vertical slot of the Bottom Chassis Plate (A).



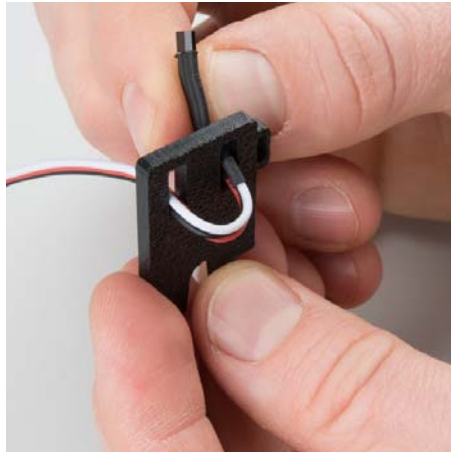
### Right Encoder

The right encoder is a mirrored assembly of the left encoder.

Take the other Encoder Mount (F) and hold it so that the protruding slot is on the right. Push the other encoder sensor through the first slot on the left.



Loop the sensor and push it through the second (middle) slot.



Once more, push the sensor through the protruding slot on the right. Carefully pull the wires so there is no more slack in the mount. Make sure the whole sensor can be seen coming out of the final slot (the sensor should protrude between  $\frac{1}{4}$ " and  $\frac{3}{8}$ " past the mount).



Snap the assembled encoder mount into the back-left vertical slot of the Bottom Chassis Plate (A). Note that the hall effect sensors are facing to the outside of the chassis.



## 2. Motors and Wheels

The motors add some motion to the RedBot by turning the nice, rubbery wheels.

**NOTE:** If you completed the previous Wheel Encoder (SIK) step, your motors will each have an encoder magnet plate attached to their rear shaft. However, they are not necessary to complete this step.

**ALSO NOTE:** Your motors might not be yellow. Worry not, they will work just as well!



## Locate the Following:

2x Front Motor Mount (C)



2x Rear Motor Mount (D)



2x Motor (K)

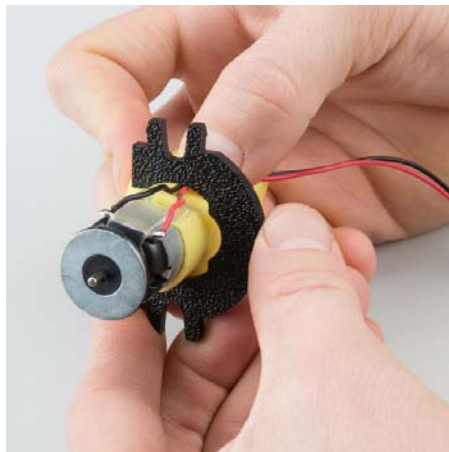


2x Wheel (L)

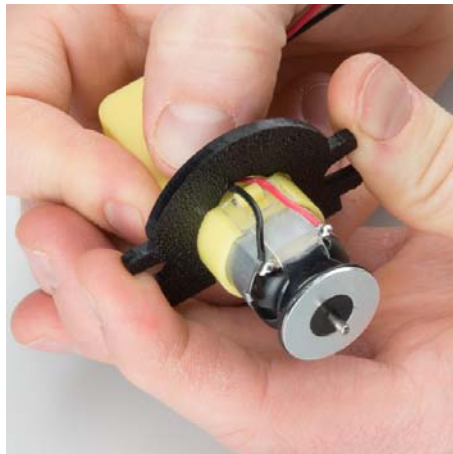


## Attach Rear Motor Mounts

Hold the wires near the middle of the Motor (K), and carefully slide a Rear Motor Mount (D) in from the side and over the two motor wires. Be careful not to snag the wires, the cable tie, or the clear plastic strap.



Holding the motor wires, gently twist the Rear Motor Mount counter clockwise so that it snaps in place on the motor and the wires are centered in the gap of the motor mount. Again, be sure not to snag the wires under the motor mount.

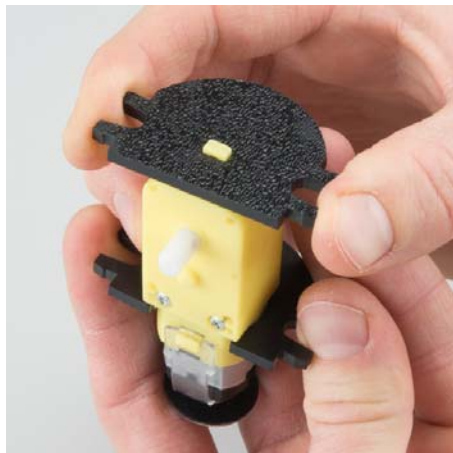


Repeat the process for the second motor.

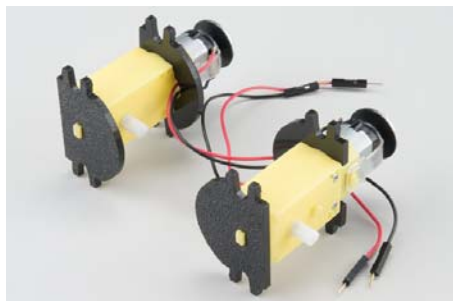


### Attach the Front Motor Mounts

Slide a Front Motor Mount (C) onto the protruding eyelet on the front of a Motor (K). Ensure the rounded sides of the motor mounts are facing the same way.



Repeat the process for the second motor.



## Attach the Motor Assemblies to the Chassis

Snap one of the motor assemblies into the left 2 horizontal slots of the Bottom Chassis Plate (A). Make sure that the rounded edges of the motor mounts and the wires are facing toward the center of the chassis.

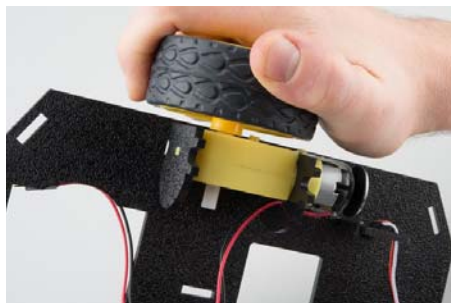


Snap the other motor assembly into the right 2 horizontal slots of the Bottom Chassis Plate (A). Again, make sure that the rounded edges of the motor mounts and the wires are facing the center of the chassis.



## Attach the Wheels

Slide one Wheel (L) onto the plastic shaft of a Motor (K). Look at the motor shaft. Notice it has two flat edges. Make sure to line up the flat edges of the motor shaft with the flat edges of the wheel.



Repeat with the other wheel.



## 3. Line Follower

In this section, you will be putting standoffs on the RedBot Sensor - Line Followers. Then you will add the sensors to your chassis.

### Locate the Following:

1x Line Follower Mount (I)



1x Line Follower Mount Plate (J)



3x Line Follower Board (Q)



3x 3-Wire Jumper Cable (Y)



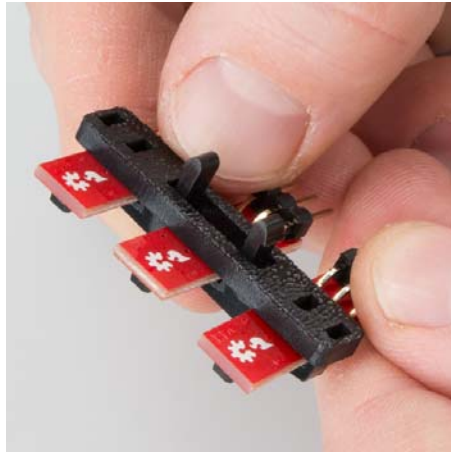
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### Construct the Line Follower Assembly

Attach the 3 Line Follower Boards (Q) to the Line Follower Mount (I) such that the rectangular pegs in the Line Follower Mount poke through the mounting holes in the Line Follower Boards. Make sure the sensors are facing *away/down* from the clip of the mount.



Place the Line Follower Mount Plate (J) on top of the Line Follower Mount (I) so that the center clip of the mount is poking through the center slot of the plate.



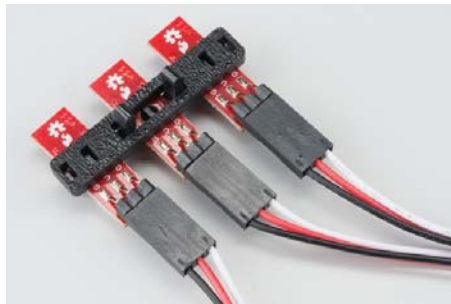
## Attach the Cables

You will need to connect a 3-Wire Jumper Cable (Y) to each of the Line Follower Boards (Q). Note the color of the wire attached to each pin.

### Line Follower Connections:

Jumper Wire Color	RedBot Sensor - Line Follower
Black	GND
Red	VCC
White	OUT

Attach all 3 cables to the 3 Line Follower Boards. Notice that the white wire should be on the right and the black wire should be on the left.



## Attach the Line Follower Assembly to the Chassis

Locate the wide, rectangular slot near the front of the chassis and snap the line follower assembly in from the bottom side of the chassis. Route the cables through the large hole in the bottom plate.

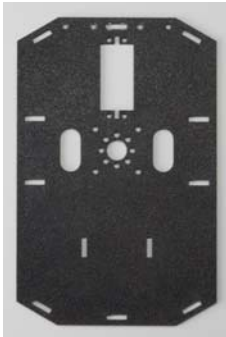
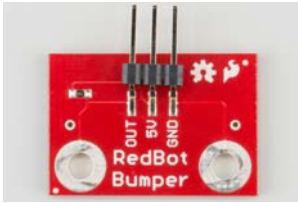








## 4. Mechanical Bumpers (SIK)

Read on if you have the SIK for RedBot or are using the Mechanical Bumpers. If not, skip to the next section.

One of the sensors included in the SIK for RedBot are a set of Whisker Mechanical Bumpers. These are basically simple switches that close a circuit when the whisker pushes against an object. The whiskers are made from a thick music wire and a simple RedBot Bumper board. You will need to prepare the music wire by bending the wire itself. Then, you will add standoffs and screws to your mechanical bumpers, followed by adding the mechanical bumpers to the RedBot chassis.

Locate the Following:

1x Top Chassis Plate (B)	2x Bumper Board (T)	2x Bumper Whisker (U)
		
6x #4-40 x 3/8" Screw (V)	2x #4-40 Nylon Standoff (W)	2x #4-40 Hex Nut (X)
		
2x 3-Wire Jumper Cable (Y)	1x Phillips Screwdriver (AB)	
		

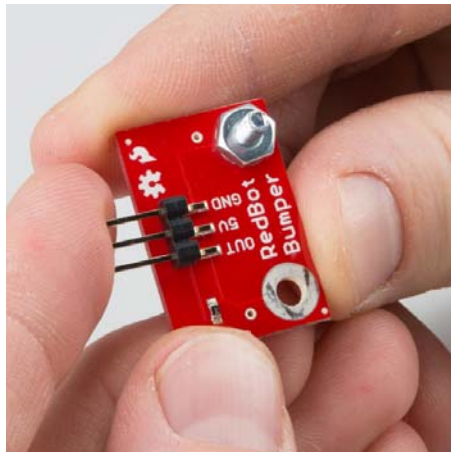
A Note About the Screwdriver

The Mini Screwdriver contains a flat-head and Phillips head. To change to the Phillips head, you might have to remove the metal shaft, turn it around, and insert it back into the plastic handle.



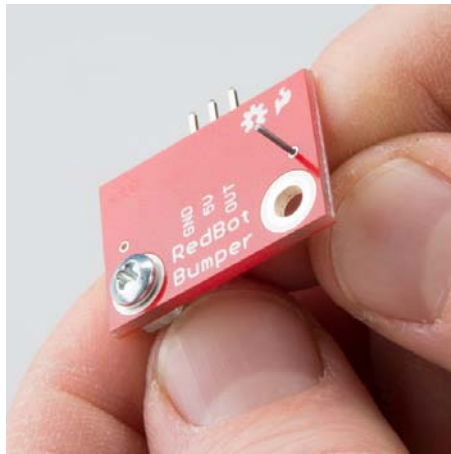
### Prepare the Mechanical Bumpers

Screw a #4-40 x 3/8" screw (V) and #4-40 hex nut (X) to **one** of the two large mechanical bumper holes. You can get it pretty tight with just your fingers, but we've included a screwdriver screwdriver (AB) in your kit. Note that the screwdriver has both a Phillips and a regular head. Pull the screwdriver out of the handle to change the head.

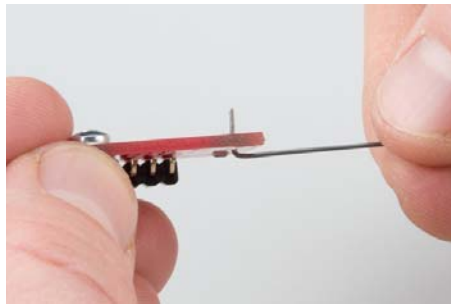


Time to bend the whisker!

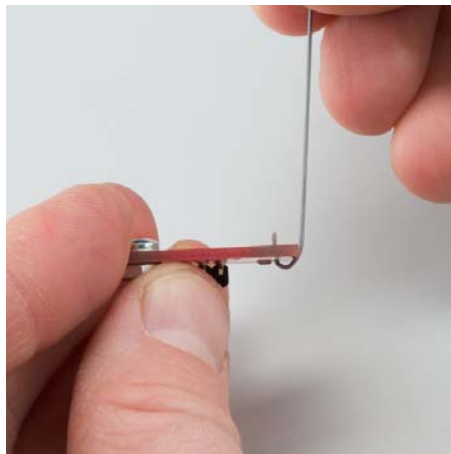
It is easy to bend the whisker using needle nose pliers. However, there is a trick to bend the whisker using the Mechanical Bumper Board itself. First, stick one of the whiskers (U) through one of the smaller side holes. It only needs to stick out a little bit.



Bend the whisker 90 degrees.



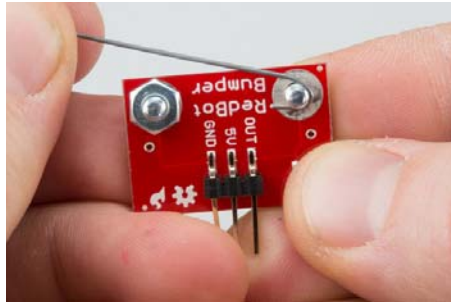
Bend the whisker 90 degrees again.



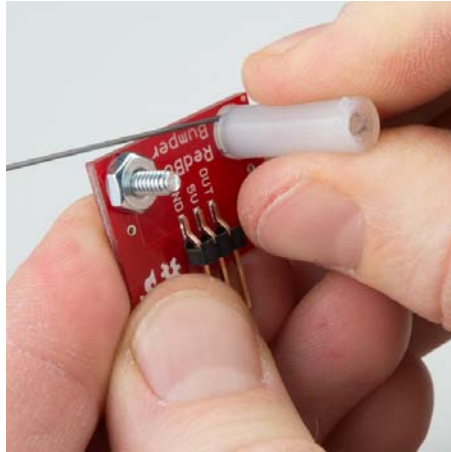
Now that the whisker is bent, take the wire out of the PCB hole. Add a #4-40 x 3/8" Screw (V) from the bottom and loop the bent whisker around the screw. Hold this tight and secure it with a the #4-40 nylon standoff.

Note: It is very important that you do not let the whisker touch the hex nut or screw on the other side. This is what triggers the sensor. Leave a little space between the wire and other side's nut.





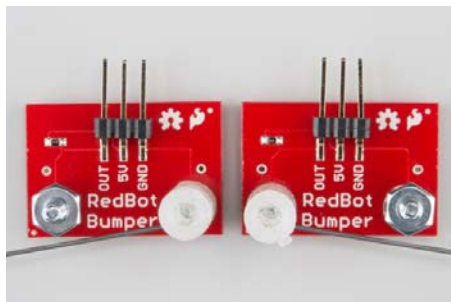
Twist and tighten the #4-40 nylon standoff on top of the screw to secure the whisker.



Double check that the whisker does not touch the #4-40 hex nut or screw on the other side. Use the screwdriver to tighten the screw with out moving the position of the whisker.

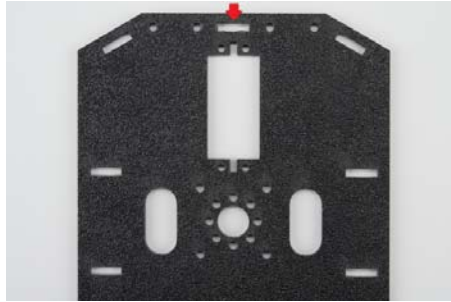


We want to opposing whiskers. Take note of which side your #4-40 x  $\frac{3}{4}$ " standoff is on for the first mechanical bumper. Do the opposite for the other bumper. Double check that there is one mechanical bumper that has a #4-40 x  $\frac{3}{4}$ " standoff on the **right** side of the "RedBot Bumper" silkscreen and one that has a #4-40 x  $\frac{3}{4}$ " standoff on the **left** side.



**Attach the Bumpers to the Chassis**

Locate the wide rectangular slot on the front of the Top Chassis Plate (B). Notice the four circular holes as well. This is the front of the chassis.



Using two #4-40 x 3/8" Screws (V), tighten down the bumper assemblies with the two wires pointing in opposite directions on the **bottom side** of the **top chassis plate**. The mechanical bumpers' header pins should be pointing **toward** the center of the chassis piece.



## Attach the Cables

You will need to connect a 3-Wire Jumper Cable (Y) to each of the Bumper Boards (T). Note the color of the wire attached to each pin.

### Bumper Connections:

Jumper Wire Color	RedBot Sensor - Line Follower
Black	GND
Red	VCC
White	OUT

Attach both cables to the 2 Bumper Boards.



Route the cables through the left and right oval cutouts, respectively.



## 5. Chassis

With the motors and a few sensors attached, we can assemble the main body of the robot.

### Locate the Following:

4x Side Strut (E)

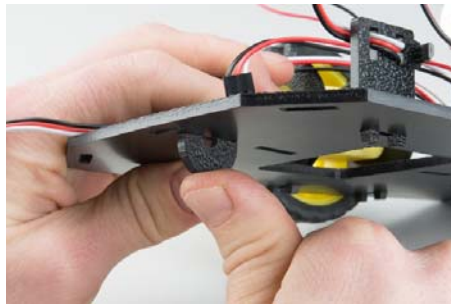
1x Nub Caster (M)



You will also need the **Top Chassis Plate** and **Bottom Chassis Plate** assemblies, which have any additional parts and sensors you attached in previous steps.

### Attach the Nub Caster

Snap the Nub Caster (M) into the slot on the back of the Bottom Chassis Plate assembly. Make sure the Nub Caster is on the side opposite the motors (the bottom side).



### Add the Side Struts

Snap the four Side Struts (E) into the diagonal slots on the four corners of the Bottom Chassis Plate assembly.



## Route the Cables

Position the Top Chassis Plate over the Bottom Chassis Plate – but do not snap the two plates together yet. Make sure that the front sides of each plate line up.

Route the wires and cables through the left and right oval slots in the Top Chassis Plate assembly as shown. For the center line follower sensor, route this cable through the right oval slot. Note that SIK-only cables are listed with an asterisk (\*).

**NOTE:** It might be a good idea to use some pieces of masking tape to mark which cables go to which component. It's not necessary, but it might help keep things organized.

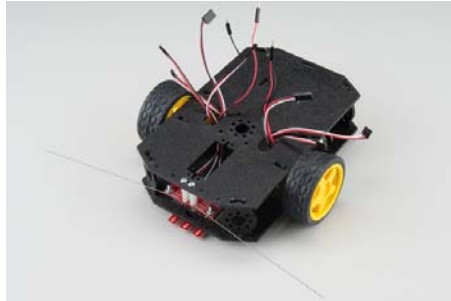
### Cable Routing:

Cable Connection	Oval Side
Left Bumper Sensor*	Left
Right Bumper Sensor*	Right
Left Line Follower	Left
Center Line Follower	Right
Right Line Follower	Right
Left Motor wires (red and black)	Left
Right Motor wires (red and black)	Right
Left Wheel Encoder*	Left
Right Wheel Encoder*	Right
* Indicates parts included in the SIK for RedBot	



## Attach Top Chassis Plate Assembly

Line up the Top Chassis Plate on top of all the struts, and carefully snap the Top Chassis Plate assembly onto the side struts and motor mounts. Press gently above each side strut individually until they each snap into place. If you have the Bumpers installed, make sure the boards are between the top and bottom plates.



If you need to remove the plate to change anything, gently pull upward on each side strut individually. Do not attempt to use pliers or hand tools, or you may end up snapping the plastic clip.

## 6. Mainboard

In this section, you will add brains of the robot: the RedBot Mainboard.

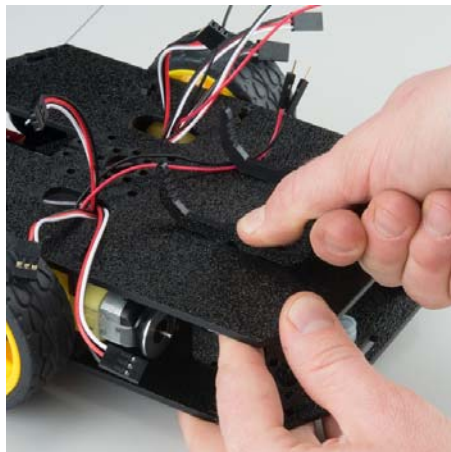
### Locate the Following:

2x Mainboard Mount (G)	1x RedBot Mainboard (P)

You will also need the full chassis assembly, which contains any additional parts and sensors you attached in previous steps.

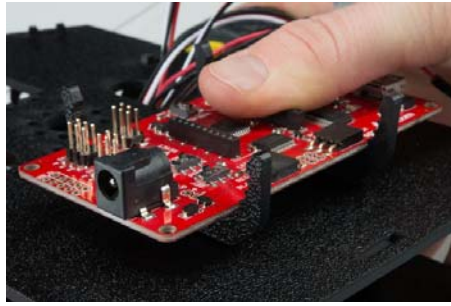
### Attach the Mainboard Mounts

Snap the two Mainboard Mounts (G) into the vertical slots in the back of the top chassis plate near the large rectangular opening.



### Add the Mainboard

The RedBot Mainboard (P) snaps into the lowest of the notches on the Mainboard Mounts (G). Make sure the power jack is facing the left side of the robot. Push gently and evenly until it snaps into place.



**NOTE:** The other slots in the mainboard mounts can be used to hold the Arduino UNO or the SparkFun RedBoard.

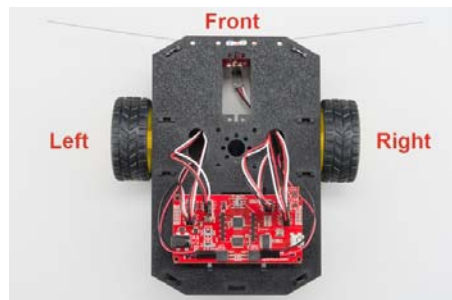
## Connecting the Cables

It is time to connect the jumper wires; it is really important that these connections are right.

You can follow along with the pin out tables or scroll down for a diagram. Trace each cable poking through the top chassis plate to make sure you know what it is connected to.

If you have the RedBot Basic Kit, disregard any extra sensors that are missing in your kit. These sensors will be marked with the label (SIK).

**Please note:** When you have the RedBot upright and the front of the chassis facing away from you, "left" sensors/motors will be on the left side and "right" sensors/motors will be on the right side. Also - the motor wires are intentionally switched for the right motor – see notes below.



### Line Followers

#### Left Line Follower:

RedBot Mainboard Pins	Jumper Wires	Left Line Follower Board
A3	3-Wire Jumper Cable - White	OUT
5V	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Red	VCC
GND	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Black	GND

#### Center Line Follower:

<b>RedBot Mainboard Pins</b>	<b>Jumper Wires</b>	<b>Middle Line Follower Board</b>
A6	3-Wire Jumper Cable - White	OUT
5V	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Red	VCC
GND	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Black	GND

**Right Line Follower:**

<b>RedBot Mainboard Pins</b>	<b>Jumper Wires</b>	<b>Right Line Follower Board</b>
A7	3-Wire Jumper Cable - White	OUT
5V	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Red	VCC
GND	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Black	GND

**Whisker Mechanical Bumpers****Left Mechanical Bumper (SIK):**

<b>RedBot Mainboard Pins</b>	<b>Jumper Wires</b>	<b>Left Bumper Board</b>
3	3-Wire Jumper Cable - White	OUT
POW	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Red	5V
GND	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Black	GND

**Right Mechanical Bumper (SIK):**

<b>RedBot Mainboard Pins</b>	<b>Jumper Wires</b>	<b>Right Bumper Board</b>
11	3-Wire Jumper Cable - White	OUT
POW	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Red	5V
GND	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Black	GND

## Motors

### Left Motor:

RedBot Mainboard Pins	Left Motor Jumper Wires
LEFT MOTOR - RED	Soldered on Motor Jumper Wire - RED
LEFT MOTOR - BLACK	Soldered on Motor Jumper Wire - BLACK

### \*Right Motor:

RedBot Mainboard Pins	Right Motor Jumper Wires
RIGHT MOTOR - RED	Soldered on Motor Jumper Wire - BLACK
RIGHT MOTOR - BLACK	Soldered on Motor Jumper Wire - RED
<p><b>Note that these are reversed!</b> We need to plug the red wire into the port marked "BLACK" and the black wire into "RED." This is because the new Shadow Chassis motors were wired backwards (not mirrored).</p>	

## Motor Encoders

### Left Wheel Encoder (SIK):

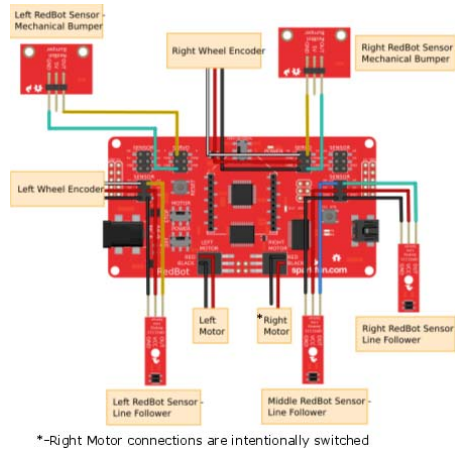
RedBot Mainboard Pins	Jumper Wires	Left Wheel Encoder
A2	3-Wire Jumper Cable - White	OUT
POW	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Red	5V
GND	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Black	GND

### Right Wheel Encoder (SIK):

RedBot Mainboard Pins	Jumper Wires	Right Wheel Encoder
10	3-Wire Jumper Cable - White	OUT
POW	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Red	5V
GND	3-Wire Jumper Cable - Black	GND

## Diagram





Note: The connections on the right motor are intentionally switched. See the note above.

*Having a hard time seeing the image? Click on the image to see a bigger diagram.*

## 7. Accelerometer

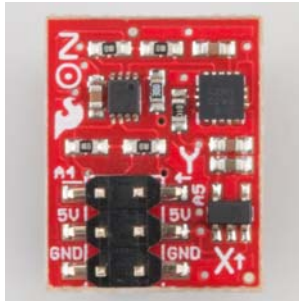
Time to add the RedBot accelerometer! The accelerometer is a special sensor that can be used to measure speed (through acceleration), tilt (orientation), and detect jolts or bumps. If you do not have headers on your accelerometer already (older revisions of the RedBot accelerometer did not have headers), we recommend soldering on female headers to your accelerometer to fit on top of the RedBot Mainboard's headers.

### Locate the Following:

---

**1x Accelerometer Board (R)**

---



### Add the RedBot Accelerometer

Locate the SENSOR port with "A4" and "A5" marked near the upper right corner of the RedBot Mainboard. Line up the "A4" pin on the accelerometer to the "A4" male header pin on the RedBot Mainboard, and attach the Accelerometer Board (R).



## 8. Buzzer (SIK)

**Read on if you have the SIK for RedBot or are using the RedBot Buzzer. If not, skip to the next section.**

Every robot should be able to make some sounds. Adding the buzzer will allow you to give your RedBot a little personality with its own beeps and bops. Adding the RedBot Buzzer is nice and easy!

### Locate the Following:

---

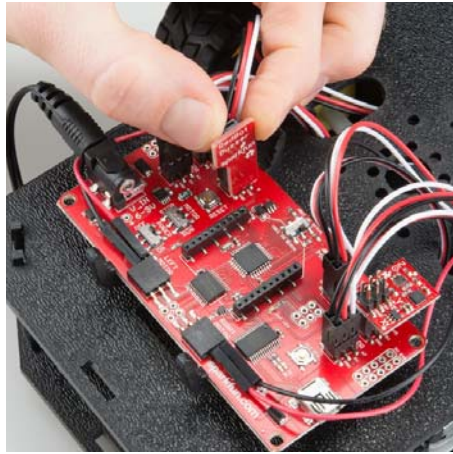
**1x Buzzer Board (S)**

---



### Add the RedBot Buzzer


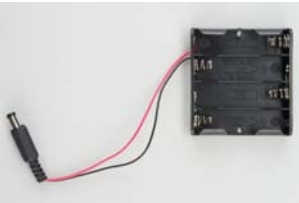

Locate the SERVO port with "9" marked on the RedBot Mainboard. With the buzzer and female header side of the Buzzer Board (S) facing to the left, place the Buzzer Board on top of the "9", "POW", and "GND" male header pins.



## 9. Batteries

The last step is to provide a power source for the RedBot. If you do not have the SIK for RedBot, you will need to provide your own AA batteries.

### Locate the Following:

1x Battery Pack Clip (H)	1x Battery Holder (Z)	4x AA Batteries* (AA)
		

\* Provided in the SIK for RedBot

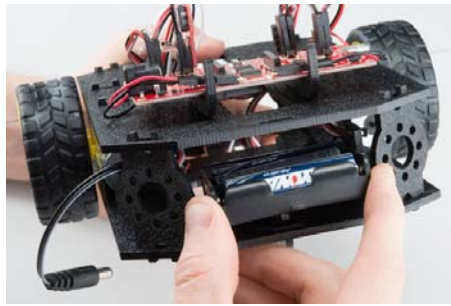
### Insert Batteries

Insert the AA batteries into the Battery Holder (Z). Make sure the batteries are facing the correct direction, as per the markings inside of the Battery Holder.



### Attach Battery Pack

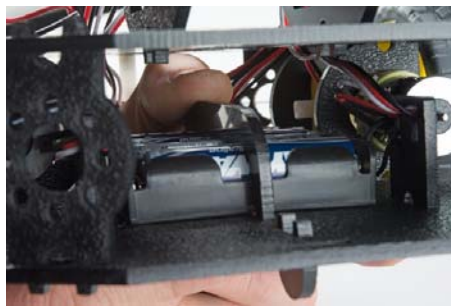
Insert the Battery Holder (Z) with batteries into the back cavity of the RedBot. Position the Battery Holder so that the barrel jack cable comes out on the left side of the robot.



Insert the Battery Pack Clip (H) on top of the battery pack.



Twist and position the clip so that it rests on top of the battery pack.

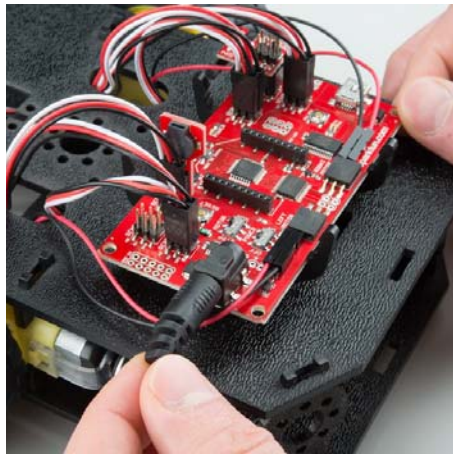


Push the clip down into the vertical slots in the Bottom Chassis Plate so it snaps in place.



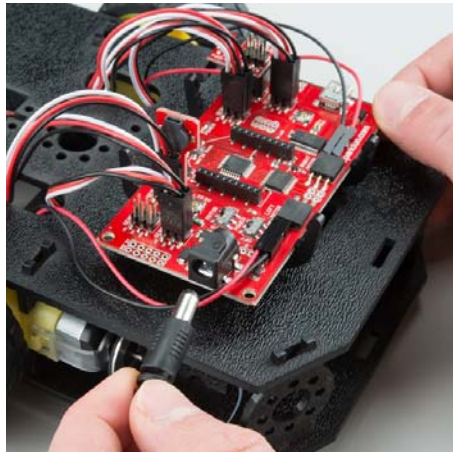
Route the barrel jack cable out of the left side of the RedBot and up to the Mainboard. If you have a motor encoder (SIK), make sure that the cable does not interfere with the magnet or the hall effect sensor.

Plug the barrel jack cable into the connector labeled **V\_IN**.



## Changing the Batteries

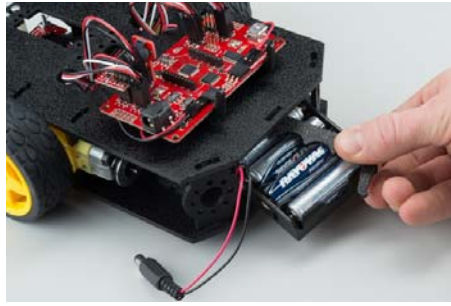
If you find that you need to replace the batteries in the RedBot, the process is simple. Unplug the battery pack from the Mainboard.



Turn the RedBot over and push on the Battery Holder through the hole in the Bottom Chassis Plate. This will cause the Battery Pack Clip to unsnap from the Bottom Chassis Plate.



Slide the Battery Pack and Clip out from the back of the RedBot.



Change the batteries, and follow the steps in *Attach Battery Pack* section above to put the Battery Pack back in the RedBot.

## 10. Run It!

Now that we have built the RedBot, we should verify that it works. If you would like a more in-depth explanation of how to program your robot, visit the Experiment Guide for RedBot with Shadow Chassis. This will work with the RedBot Basic Kit as well as the RedBot SIK.

### Install Drivers

To program your robot right from your browser, you will first need to install some FTDI drivers. Follow the steps in *How to Install FTDI Drivers* to do that.

### Install Codebender Plugin

You will need Google Chrome or Firefox as a browser for the plugin to work. If you do not have either of those and do not wish to install them, you should follow the steps in the Experiment Guide to program the RedBot from the Arduino software.

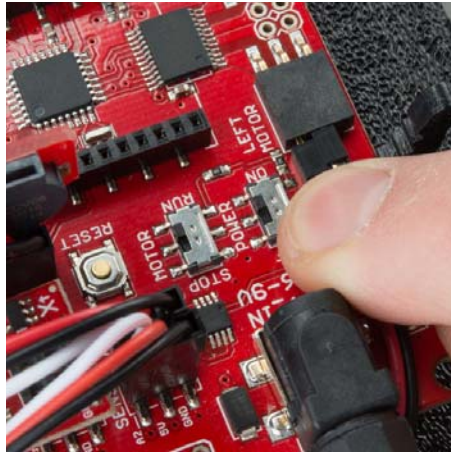
[Click here](#) to install the Codebender Plugin for your Chrome or Firefox.

### Power the RedBot

To program the RedBot from your browser, make sure you have the FTDI drivers and Codebender plugin) installed. Plug in the RedBot using a USB mini cable.



Turn the RedBot POWER switch to ON and the MOTOR switch to RUN.



## Test Some Code

Example Name
Edit
Clone & Edit
Download

☰

▼

▼

→ Run on Arduino

In the window above, select “Arduino UNO” for the board. Select COM port for the RedBoard (this will be the number or name that appears when you plug in the RedBoard).



Click the “Run on Arduino” button. The code should be pushed to the Arduino automatically.

**WARNING:** If the MOTOR switch is set to RUN, the RedBot will move forward (quite rapidly) for 2 seconds. You might want to pick the RedBot up so that it doesn’t run away from you!

The RedBot will drive forward for only 2 seconds and then stop. If you want to run the code again, you will need to press the RESET button on the RedBot Mainboard.

## Resources and Going Further

What a rock star! With all that building, we bet you are ready to start cruising. We recommend continuing to the Experiment Guide for RedBot with Shadow Chassis to learn how to program your new robot friend.

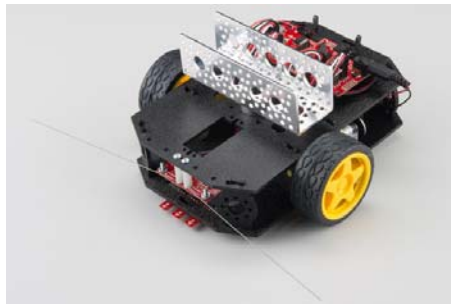


### Experiment Guide for RedBot with Shadow Chassis

This Experiment Guide offers nine experiments to get you started with the SparkFun RedBot. This guide is designed for those familiar with our SparkFun Inventors Kit and want to take their robotics knowledge to the next level.

## Upgrades

You might have noticed some odd-looking hole patterns in the top plate and side struts. The RedBot's chassis is manufactured to accept Actobotics parts. Feel free to add other mounts, gimbals, servos, and claws!



## Resources

GitHub repositories:

- RedBot
- RedBot with Optical Encodery
- RedBot Accelerometer
- RedBot Line\_Sensor
- RedBot Whisker Bumper
- RedBot Buzzer